

# HOLIDAY SEASON

# GREATEST OF ATLANTA'S DRY GOODS STORES J. M. HIGH & CO.

Hundreds of suitable gifts are here priced so that you can afford to

give freely. Useful articles of dress. Silks, Dress Goods, Hosiery,

Helfol Little Girll Meet Me at High's.

Colored Cheviots.

11 pieces 40-inch plain Black Si-

cilians, were 50c a yard 35c

Fancies, all black, so inches

wide, beautiful finish, and one of

the best of Black Dress Fabrics.

Black Vicuna

Novelty Dress Goods.

### Holiday Goods.

Rich black brocade Satins, beau-tiful lustre, a charming gift for rahs, with colored satin stripes, a lady relative, instead of \$1.19

#### Black Satins.

to pieces all silk black Rhadama, A lot of figured China Silks, usually 75c and 85c yard, 49c

#### Velvets.

tute, Atlanta, Ga.

Y TRUNKS.

ly Co.,

Nature.

our Work

Company

on time deposits.

TLANTA, GA

NG CO.

ne Sts.

### Ladies' Kid Gloves Ladies' Handkerchiefs.

Ladles' real Kid Gloves, heavy stitching and novelty seams, with the "Ideal" fastener, the up to date style for the up to date people, instead of \$2, they \$1.25

#### Pattern Suits.

Holiday gifts to wife, mother or sister. made in the shape of a fine Dress Pattern, would be very appropriate. A lot of imported Dress Patterns, were \$10.00 and \$15.00, can be bought \$7.00 now at only......

#### Umbrellas.

When you are at your wit's end for something to present, go back to the old reliable and ever appreciable gift of an Umbrella. A lot of Drummers' Samples of all styles Silk and Gloria Umbrellas big reduction. You buy them .....About Half

#### Gloves.

Nothing serves better to bind the friendship closer than a pair of nice Gloves.

PIQUE GLOVES-Ladies'2 clasp Pique Gloves, heavy stitching, all the most \$1.00 popular shades, only.....

Decidedly the correct thing to give him. We have all the finer ones, but don't think less of the value of our Gent's Dogskin 

### Ladies' Petticoats.

GENT'S GLOVES\_

Black Silk ones, double \$5.00 ruffle, usually \$7.50.... with outing flannel, in-\$1.25 Knit Skirts, all colors and black, all wool, at 790 \$1.00

Muslin Underwear.

A lot of Ladies' muslin and cambric Gowns, Skirts, Drawers, Chemise and Corset Covers, values of \$1.50 to \$2.50, all at \$1.19

#### Dressing Gowns.

Gent's Dressing Gowns, made of French Tricot, Quilted Satine Lined; worth usually \$7.50 Gent's Dressing Gowns of French Tricot, Quilted Satin Lined and Faced on Collar, Sleeves and

#### Silk Mufflers.

# Striped Surahs.

nice for waists, now

#### Figured Chinas.

values of 75c and \$1 are 39c

#### Black Henrietta.

A lot of Velvets in drab, gray, Get your mother or grandmother olue, green, etc. You can make a Black Henrietta dress for Xmas. some suitable thing for a present Nice lustre, silk finish, perfect out of them, and at a little 25c Black Henrietta, a suit \$3.90 cost. They are, per yd..... \$3.90

Ladies' pure Linen hemstitched Initial Handkerchiefs, for a presstrictly 25c value, and you 15c ent you can be assured of a pay for each only .....

Ladies' fine embroidered pure 

Ladies' Cambric and Linen Hand-Ladies' pure Silk Handkerchiefs,

hemstitched colored borders, usually 39c, here at... 25C Gents Handkerchiefs.

### Gents' pure Linen H. S. Hand-

kerchiefs, usually 25c, are 15C here at only.....

Gents' H. S. colored border and white cambric and linen Hand-

Gents' fine H. S. Silk Handker-

chiefs, worth 50c, are of- 25c fered this week at.......

Gents' fine H. S. Silk Initial Handkerch'fs, kind you pay 500

### Ladies' Capes. We are forcing them. Mild

weather excludes all possibility of profit getting. Prices now about 6oc on the dollar and even

29 Ladies' Silk Capes, \$3.00 worth \$5, at ......

37 Ladies' Silk and Velvet Capes, Chiffon Ribbon and Lace trim-

37 Ladies' all wool Cloth Capes, Fur trimmed, worth \$1.50

27 Ladies' fine Seal Plush Capes, were \$17.50, to go now

10 Ladies' Velvet Capes, Silk lined, Jet, Ribbon and Fur trimmed, were \$27.50 14 imported Velour Capes, Silk lined, latest style collar, Fur and

### Chiffon trimmed, were \$20 Portieres.

43 pairs fine Tapestry and Chenille Portieres, full width and length, were \$10.00 per \$6.75

### Canvas Suitings.

Pockets; worth \$15.00 \$10.00 Colored Dress Suitings, canvas weave, all the best shades, 

#### Handkerchiefs, Etc. Dainty articles for the toilet: Perfumes, Manicure Sets, Mirrors, Comb and Brush Sets, Glove Cases. A numberless variety of things here to fit the season, at prices that will spare your purse and make glad the hearts of the givers and receivers. Our Basement, now occupied by Forest High, is a veritable Santa

Claus Headquarters. Here you can find any and every style Toy made. Dolls of all sizes and description, China, Bric-a-Brac, Glassware, Silverware, and a thousand and one things to please the fancy of both old and young.....

### Ladies' Jackets.

If low prices will do the work, we will not have a Jacket in the store by January 1st.

39 Ladies' Boucle and heavy rough Cheviot Cloth Jackets, well made, a regular \$5,00 45 Ladies' fine Melton and Kersey Cloth Jackets, silk lined,

#### Beautiful Engraving.

Fancy Garters. A gross of Ladies' Garters, good to bing, plated buckles, in nice glass box, only...

Linen Table Sets.

Ladies' Knit Underwear.

Ladies' ribbed fleece-lined Jersey fitting Ostrich Boas.

Ostrich Boas.

Ostrich Feather Boas, full and fluffy, at. 25c only. 25c o Black Diagonal Dress Goods.

#### Laces.

A lot of Point de Gene Laces, beige colored, heavy, nice goods, were 50c and 75c a yard, 35c

### Embroideries.

A job lot of Hamburg Cambric and Mull Embroideries, worth from 15c to 25c yard, choice loc

#### Ladies' Hosiery. Ladies' Shoes.

Your own fault if you are not "Hang up your stocking," wearing our Shoes. You pay at least a third more elsewhere for Shoes not as good. SPECIAL\_A lot of Ladies' hand-

"Hang up your stocking," or, rather, hang on to some of these stockings. You get large values now for very small prices.

Ladies' Black Silk Hose at \$2 and \$2.50. But special sale of Ladies' black Silk Hose, worth \$1.75, on Monday, for... \$1.00 Ladies' extra good quality black Cotton Hose, regular 50c 33°C Ladies' extra good guality black Cotton Hose, regular 50c 33°C sewed and hand-turned Kid Button Boots, were \$2, \$2.50 and \$3.50, most all sizes, \$1,50 now to close per pair..... Ladies' Dongola Kid Button

Comb and brush Sets. Tea Cloths. Calicoes. Lace Curtains. 

Outings. Mink Boas. Gents' fine linen H. S. handkerchiefs, very sheer and 331
pretty, usual 50c kind, at 3330

Linen lable Sets.

35 handsome double Satin Damask Table Sets, with heads and Twenty-nine pieces dark stripe Outling tails, only.

River Mink Fur Boas, with heads and Twenty-nine pieces dark stripe Outling tails, only.

River Mink Fur Collarettes, worth \$7.50, A lot of light colored Outlings, with pin set, now

Collarettes.

Linen lable Sets.

35 handsome double Satin Damask Table tails, only.

Sets, cloth 3 yards long and 2 yards wide, present tails, only.

River Mink Fur Collarettes, worth \$7.50, A lot of light colored Outlings, with pin stripes, worth 12½c, at.

Holiday Neckwear.

Purses of all Kinds.

Cotton Flannel.

Silk Mittens.

#### Gent's Shirts. Men's Hosiery. Fine Laundried French Percale A lot of Men's pure spun Silk

Shirts, 3 Collars and 1 Pair Cuffs, Black Hose, worth \$2.25 \$1.50 Imported "Crown" Unlaundried dorf Black Half Hose, double

White Shirts; see it; a 500 heels and toes, worth \$1.00 strictly \$1.00 value at.... 500 A lot of Gent's Colored Bosom Men's Black Cashmere Half Hose Laundried Shirts; worth and with unbleached or natural col-

Woolen Plaids, for Children's Mixed Suitings and colored Scotch Dresses and Ladies' Waists; Cheviots, the ever reliable and 

Plaids.

#### Dress Goods in fine Granite Weaves, all wool, 48 inches wide; worth \$1.00 yd, at.... 690

Men's Shoes. No better wearing Shoe anywhere, even if you pay twice the price, than our Men's Calf Bals worth \$1.75 a yard, now \$1.00 and Congress, hand- \$3.00

#### Bath Robes

of heavy colored striped Turkish In good Black Brocaded Mohairs Terry, fast colors; in-stead of \$5.00, now.....\$3.98 and Bourettes, instead of 390

# Santa Claus' Headquarters

Granite Suitings. Black Sicilians.

# HIGH'S BASEMENT.

roys dolls, games. Every imaginable kind and price can be had here. We invite everybody to come "take a look." Let the children come so that they will know how to write to Santa Claus.

DOLLS, DOLLS.

10,000 Dolls are clamoring for recognition in this advertisement. Columns could be written about the pretty faces and costumes. Monday we will offer 200 13-inch Bisque Jointed Two hundred and fifty 13-inch Kid Dolls, worth 500 720 One thousand two hundred Dressed Dolls-choice of Five hundred Handsomely Dressed Dolls, worth 85

Real China Toy Tea Sets...... 10c Painted Tin Humming Tops...... 2c Harmonicas..... 3c Dolls' Bureaus..... 5c Doll Swings, for two dolls......25c Real China Dolls' Toilet Sets.......25c Dolls' Dressing Table Sets .......25c X-Ray Cameras ...... 5c One hundred different Parlor Games, each ...... 5c The New Game, Pillow Dex......25c Prisoner of Zenda......75c The Wide, Wide World......98c Waterloo......75c Boys' Velocipedes at.....\$1.50 Hobby Horses at......85c

Table Plates, were \$1.50 and \$2.00 each, your 690 choice .....

Fifty dozen Mustache Cups and Saucers, cheap at 25c, 1 go Monday, per Cup and Saucer, at..... Six English Decorated Porcelain Dinner Sets, 112 pieces, regular price \$16.00; Monday take them \$8.98

Nineteen 103-piece China Dinner Sets, pink and yellow decoration, a \$20 set; Monday, and as long \$12.98

Nine 100-piece Decorated Sets, regular \$8 goods; \$5.98 Thirty 10-piece Toilet Sets, worth \$3.50; Monday, per set, only \$1.98

Rogers Bros.' Best Triple-plated Knives and \$3.50 Forks, per set, only...... One hundred Lamps, worth \$1.25 and \$1.50 each, 980 all go, your choice, at.....

# DRESSMAKING.

Have your Reception and Evening Dresses made by our skilled artists. We furnish materials and make all style Suits complete—\$20.00 up. You get the best of work at no more than what ordinary people charge elsewhere.....





# MAIL ORDERS.

Our mail order list now covers several states. You can rest assured that if any article ordered from us is not satisfactory it can be returned and your money will be paid back. Write for samples, or order from this advertisement. We will please you..... GREAT JOY OVER MORE MONEY Increased Appropriation Means Much

to the Volunteers.

SUPPLIES TO BE ORDERED OUT AT ONCE

Begiments To Be Fitted Up With New Paraphernalia-What Will Be Done With the Funds.

The military men of the state are jubilant over the fact that the house of representatives has passed a bill which increases the military appropriation from \$15,000 to \$30,000. This means much to them. It means that the troops are to have overcoats, blankets and an encampment. It means that the hospital and ambulance and signal corps are to be supplied with the articles necessary for the maintenance of their organiza-

The militia of the state has worked hard and faithfully. Not only the officers, but also the privates have been untiring in their efforts to secure an increase of the appropriation and it now begins to look as their energy has not been spent in vain, Boon after the appropriation was made last year it became evident that it was not large as it should be,

It was then decided to make a strong fight before the finance committee of the present legislature and secure, if possible, an increase in the appropriation. With this end in view many of the candidates who announced for the legislature were who announced for the legislature were approached upon the matter, and in some instances the military vote was cast for only those men who gave promises that they would vote for an increase.

they would vote for an increase.

As soon as the legislature convened the fight began in earnest. The ligislators were besieged by the military men and an active canvass was made. It soon became evident to those who were working for the cause that the fight was won. The people of the state had awakened to the fact that the militia is an important factor.

the militia is an important factor.

A representative body of the military men of the state went before the finance committee of the legislature when it was in session and made so strong an appeal that the committee recommended in its report that the appropriation be increased to \$48,000. This was looked upon as a favorable sign by those who had the cause at heart, and they were in hopes that the legislature would accept the report of its committee.

When the appropriation was reached in the house, however, objections were made to it by some of the legislators. All of them, or nearly all, were of the opinion them, or nearly all, were of the opinion that the appropriation should be increased, but some of them thought that the amount nmended was far too much. After considering the matter fully a compro-mise was decided upon, which increased the appropriation to \$30,000.

the appropriation to \$30,000.
Colonel William G. Obear, in speaking of the action of the house, said: "It is highly gratifying to see that the legislature is taking an interest in the state militia. Of course the amount is not as large as it should be, but it will be of immense advantage to the troops as it is immense advantage to the troops as it is.

"It is a well-known fact that Georgia stands eighth in the number of her troops and fifth in efficiency, but notwithstanding these facts, she has in the past appropriated no more to their support than those states whose troops amount to only those states whose troops amount to only

why? Simply because there has never been a riot which amounted to anything in the state. There is no disputing the fact that those states which do the most for their troops are the ones tha have suffered most from riots. Pennsylvania is a good example. In 1877 a big riot started in that state and the militia was called on to suppress it.

"The troops marched out with their plumes and fancy dress to the place where that there would be no trouble. The that there would be no trouble. in capturing the militia, took their arms away from them and placed them under parole. The troops went back to their homes and reported the occurrence to the governor and he was forced to disgrace the state by calling on the United States troops to quell the disturbance. "Since that time the state has reorgan-

ized her troops and has appropriated large amounts to them and interest has been taken in them by the citizens until they have at the present time the finest body of state troops in the country. At the last encampment of the militia of Pennsylvania a number of army officers came o see them in camp. They came not to make suggestions, but to learn. Of course it would take many years for the troops of this state to reach that degree of perfection that has been attained by the troops of Pennsylvania, but if the necessary appropriation is given it can in time be done 'As it is, Georgia can congratulate her self that she has as good a body of militia as any state in the union, with the excep-

When consump tion gets a grip on a man, it is hard to shake it

ased to believe that consumption was incurable. Many doctors still believe it. Dr. R. V. Pierce of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute of Buffalo, N. Y., never believed this theory. The result was that over thirty years ago by dint of much concentrated study he discovered a remedy that will positively and unfailingly cure 98 per cent. of all cases of con-

Consumption is a germ disease, but the germs cannot exist in rich pure blood. Therefore it has been called a "blood Therefore it has been called a blood disease." People with weak lungs are likely to produce weak lunged children, and weak lungs are an invitation to consumption germs. Therefore consumption has been justly called a hereditary trouble. No matter what it is called or why it comes. Dr. Pierre's Golden Medwhy it comes, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will cure it. The "Golden Medical Discovery" is a powerful germicide. It searches out disease germs and icide. It searches out disease germs and kills them wherever they be in the body—whatever kind of germs they may be. It stimulates digestive action and supplies the blood with the properties it needs to make it pure and rich. It strengthens inherited weak lungs and makes them healthy and germ proof. It is sold by all good druggists. is sold by all good druggists.

Stagnation breeds impurity. Impurity breeds lisease. Constipation is stagnation of the bowels. Constipation breeds impurity of the blood, and all manner of maladies, triding and serious, are the result. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. They never gripe—money back if they do. Don't accept some violent purgative as "just as good," only to give the dealer bigger profit.

tion of Pennsylvania. But the credit of it should go not to the state: 't belongs to the militiamen themselves. Statistics show that last year the troops spent on themselves five times as much as a was given them by the state, and I know of one instance where one of the commanders, a colonel, spent as much as \$1,000 in maintaining his regiment."

CYCLES ARE BAGGAGE

Representative Bewdre Phinizy's Bill Popular with Wheelmen.

Lieutenant G. C. Beck, of the Gate City Guard, is one of the most thorough and best drilled officers in the state militia. Notwithstanding the fact that he has been in the service only about six years, he has risen to the position of first fleutenant in one of the best companies in the state, and he is today one of the most popular officers in the service.

officers in the service.

He received his military training in the Gate City Guard, which company he joined as a private in 1890. Six months afterwards npany, and in that capacity he went with company, and in that capacity he went with his company to the Columbian celebration in New York in 1892. Directly after the re-turn of the Guard from that famous trip he was elected as the first lieutenant, which position he has held with honor to himself and credit to his company ever

According to the by-laws of the Guard, its officers are elected for one year only and this necessitates the election of officers every year. Lieutenant Beck has been re-elected by his company for three consecu-tive years. Courteous at all times to all with whom, he comes in contact, whether he be an officer or a private, Lieutenant Beck is pronounced by his company the

OTHER STATES HAVE SAME LAW

Riders Think There Should Be a Law To Keep Pedestrians on Sidewalks.

MIDDLE OF PEACHTREE NO PLACE TO WALK

Roads Around Atlanta Are Crowded With Riders Nearly Every Morn ing—'97 Medals Arriving.

The bill introduced last week by Mr. Bowdre Phinizy, of Richmond county, requiring all railroads and common carriers the state of Georgia to haul bicycles and treat them as common baggage of passengers has met with the approval of almost every cyclist,

Heretofore the railroad companies have not been obliged to carry bicycles unless they saw fit to do so. In some instances this



LIEUT. C. G. BECK,

One of the Leading Officers of The Gate City Guard.

best officer of his rank now in the state has caused cyclists no little annovance and

There has been a grood deal of talk among the military men for the last few weeks as to whether the Fifth regiment should go to the inauguration of President McKinley. There seems to be a great dif-ference of opinion on the subject, although the majority of the local militia hold the opinion that it would be an unwise thing to do. They contend that a trip is needed, but they believe it should be to some other

A prominent military man, in speaking of the question a few days ago, said: "If there is any sense in the Fifth regiment attending the inauguration I fail to see just where it is. We would be unable to carry all of the regiment with us in the first place, and we would have a very dull time after we arrived. As everyone knows it is always raining on inauguration day. We would arrive in the rain with no one to greet us, would march through the rain with no one who would know where we were from, and we would come back home disgusted with ourselves and the world in

"Now, how much nicer it would be to attend the exposition at Nashville. There we would be received by the troops, and we would have a splendid time. The members of the Fifth regiment are personally acquainted with the Nashville boys, and would be assured of a splendid time if they went there. However, if the boys are de-termined to attend the presidential inauguration, it is time that preparations were made for the trip. It occurs on the 4th of next March, and nothing has as yet been done toward arranging the preliminary details of the trip. I hope, however, and I am of the opinion that the Nashville trip ington.'

The annual report of Colonel W. G. Obear has been submitted to the adjutant general. Colonel Obear is the inspector eneral of the rifle practice, Georgia voluneers, and his report shows that the proficiency of the militia with the rifle has been increased to a marked degree during the past year. The report in part was published last week, and was read with a good deal of interest by the militiamen In the report, and concerning the signal corps of the state, he had the following

"There are now two signal corps organized and attached to regiments, the Fifth and the Sixth, the latter having been mustered in since my last report. Since the authorities have permitted another corps to organize, contrary to my recommendation of last year, I must urge that a complete equipment be issued them at the earlie

ossible time.
"To disseninate a knowledge of signaling I would recommend that in regiments where corps have been organized a detail of at least four men and an officer from each company, where practicable, be made to take a course in signal work in addition to their other duties. To make this detail a success, a careful selection of the men should be made, accepting only those who are willing and competent to

"An act of the general assembly, passed at the session of 1895, provides for a first fleu-tenant of signal corps. Such an officer has been elected and commissioned in the Fifth regiment corps, and the examination of one elected for the Sixth regiment is now pending. It is the intent of the act that this officer shall be an assistant to the this officer shall be an assistant to the this officer shall be an assistant to the regimental inspector of rifie practice, who is ex-officio signal officer of his regiment, but the language of the act is not clear on this point. Regimental commanders should detail this officer as assistant inspector of rifle practice in addition to his other duties."

The Constitution is desirous of making this column of interest to all of the Georgia military, and all contributions from all parts of the state will be gladly published.

On the Anxious Bench.

From The Covington Enterprise. One of our most fascinating young ladies is expecting a visitor from another county.

Perhaps that wedding to which we referred Perhaps that wedding to which we referred will take place soon. Another young lady says that she has made her wedding suit and is only waiting for the young man to say yes. Still another is thinking of marrying, as a certain individual dreamed that she was dead, and that is a "sure labor" she will marry before the new year.

nconvenience. The bill, recently introduced, however does away with all this and compels the railroads to treat bicycles as common baggage of passenger. This means that they are to haul them free of charge and de liver them safely at the destination of the

In most of the northern states where great amount of cycling is done and there are a large number of cyclists, the state legislature has passed laws requiring the railroads to haul bleycles. The hauling of bicycles has not proved to be a great hardship on the railroads in the states where the law has been passed and there is no reason to expect that things will be different here.

The Georgia bill enacts:

"Bicycles shall be deemed baggage for the ourpose of transportation by railroad corporations and said corporations shall be subject to the same liabilities for the handing of bicycle baggage as is now provided in regard to trunks and separate baggage of passengers.

"No passenger will be required to crate, cover or otherwise protect any bicycle carried as baggage, provided that a railroad corporation shall not be required to transport, under the provisions of this act, more than one bicycle for any one person."

Georgia now has almost as many cyclists among her citizens as any of the other states and their rapid increase will eventually demand a law of the kind stated in the bill. It is believed that it will be better to pass the bill at present than to wait until after the wheelmen in Georgia have seen put to trouble and expense for the lack of it.

This is the only bill introduced at the

# The Same... Old Sarsaparilla.

That's Ayer's. The same old sarsaparilla as it was made and sold by Dr. J. C. Ayer 50 years ago. In the laboratory it is different. There modern appliances lend speed to skill and experience. But the sarsaparilla is the same old sarsaparilla that made the record-50 years of cures. Why don't we better it? Well, we're much in the condition of the Bishop and the raspberry: "Doubtless," he said, "God might have made a better berry. But doubtless, also, He never did." Why don't we better the sarsaparilla? We can't. We are using the same old plant that cured the Indians and the Spaniards. It has not been bettered. And since we make sarsaparilla compound out of sarsaparilla plant, we see no way of improvement. Of course, if we were making some secret chemical compound

we might.... But we're not.

We're making the same old sar-

saparilla to cure the same old

diseases. You can tell it's the

same old sarsaparilla be-

cause it works the same old cures. It's the sovereign blood purifier, and-tt's Ayers.

Is needed by poor, tired mothers, of worked and burdened with care, de tated and run down because of poor, this and impoverished blood. Help is needed by the nervous sufferer, the men and women tortured with rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, scrofula, catarrh. Help

Comes Quickly When Hood's Sarsaparilla begins to en-rich, purify and vitalize the blood, and sends it in a healing, nourishing, invig-

orating stream to the nerves, muscles and organs of the body. Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the weak and broken down sys-tem, and cures all blood diseases, because 000

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Hood's Pills with Hood's Barsaparille.

Sarsaparilla

present session of the legislature which will in any way effect the welfare of the cy-

Speaking of laws, the Atlanta wheelme are locking for the ordnance which will prevent persons from walking down the middle of Peachtree street instead of us-

trg the sidewalks, A large number of persons endanger their lives and the lives of wheelmen every day by walking on the asphalt. Especially at night is this the case. The cyclists object to this practice, not because they desire to be selfish and retain the street for their own use, but because they are afraid that they will either injure themselves or some

edestrian if the practice continues.

At night it is a difficult matter for wheelman to see any one who is walking down the struct. Not until he is within a few feet of the pedestrian does the cyclist see him, and then it is too late to avoid

An ordnance passed by the city council making it against the laws of Atlanta for making it against the laws of Atlanta for any one to walk in the street—Peachtree street—would have the desiring effect and keep the pedestrians in their proper place. It is surprising that the scorcher hasn't played havoc on Peachtree already. He has innumerable chances for running into and maining for life those who walk on the asphalt.

Something unusually pretty and artistic is looked for in the Christmas editions of the different bleycle papers. The more prominent ones are already full of bright breezy news, but it is expected that they will sparkle with Christmas cycle news

The Veldrome six-lap board track, which was recently opened in San Francisco, has proved to be a grand success. The opening of it was witnessed by about 4,000 people, all greatly interested in the success of the The track is one of the prettiest in this

country and gives promise of seeing many records broken. All riders who have tried highly elated over its success and be a drawing card to professionals all over this country.

The first race of the National Bloycle Club, which is colored cycle club, was held during the latter part of November in Washington city.

It was one of the first colored race meets held in some time and a fair crowd was present to witness a good programme. The five-mile United States colored champion-ship was won by H. W. Freeman, who made the distance in 15:30 8-5. The cycle papers give wheelmen no smal

amount of advice as regards the care of the wheel when it is stored away for the winter. They are cautioned against leaving the machine in a damp, dirty place where i will get dusty and be unfit for use whe taken out after the snows have disap peared.

The wheel which has served as a faith-

ful friend during the fine weather of the year deserves good treatment during the bed weather, and when put away should be well olled and placed in such a way that no harm can come to it.

The good care of the wheel while it is not in use has no little to do with the length of time it will last its owner. A wheel that is well kept when not in use will last several years, but one which receives little or no attention is sure to fail at a time

Some of the '97 models have been received In Atlanta and they are beauties in every sense of the word. They are very attractive and catch the eye of a cyclist at once.

As predicted, the changes in them are few, but their newness adds a charm which is lacking in an old wheel. No few of these will be bought and given as Christmas presents. The arrival of the new models means that the bicycle trade will at once increase. The business will from now on begin to grow in volume and it is expected t the spring trade will be unusually. Dealers will soon begin to get in all latest novelties in the cycle line for the '97 trade.

The roads around Atlanta have been crowded with bicycle riders early every morning. The crisp weather in the early hours of the day causes all cyclists to feel like taking a spin.

The weather during the past week has been ideal cycling weather and the Atlanta wheelmen have not failed to take advantage of it. The early morning spin is thought by all cyclists to be the healthiest, and for that reason large crowds of them.

and for that reason large crowds of them are out in the morning before most persons bave risen for the day.

The rides about Atlanta are over dirt roads, which, thought not the best in the world, are considerably better han the rough and uneven belgian blocks. It is quite a relief to ride on the smooth dirt pages after having hounged over the belgian roads after having bounced over the belgian

The petition asking that Peachtree and South Pryor streets be connected with some smooth pavement, which has been going the reunds for some time, will probably not be brought up for the consideratin of the council until early next year.

It was thought that this petition would be presented to the council some time ago, but for reasons known to those at the head of the matter the petition has never been presented.

All cyclists are heartly in favor of the

streets being connected by a smooth pave-ment and will do all in their power to have the petition acted favorably upon. The con-necting of the two important streets would benefit the vehicle owners of the city equal-ly as much as it would the cyclists and it is believed that it would do no small amount of good.

Another winter, says Bearings, and the south will be the stamping ground for the racing men of this and other countries, as all cities in that section are now either constructing tracks, building their plans or have tracks on the coliseum order completed. Cycle racing has taken that country by storm, and success has marked every venture.

The people get out at nights and the partially covered tracks are to their liking for a pleasant evening of excitement and good sport. These collseum tracks may be constructed very cheaply and yet be good tracks. A few good meets soon place a colliseum on a paying basis.

Jack Prince is responsible for the great

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CHILDREN'S LYNX HARE ETS, MUFF AND COLLAR THESE GOODS ARE REALLY WORTH 50c. . . . . . .

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BE SURE OF THE PLACE-NEXT TO NUNNALLY'S. Real Value Twenty Cents

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ng Canes, silver me

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ARE WORTH \$1.00

OVERSTOCKE

CHILDREN'S ALL WOOL LADIES' PURE LINEN HE

BEAUTIFUL ALL-OVER BEADED FASCINATORS ONLY 29 CENTS. + FOR 39 CENTS

◆KEEP IN MIND◆ + FOR 98 CENTS → THE BEAUTIFUL SOUVENIR Ladies' and Gents' Twilled → HANDKERCHIEF OR GLOVE CASE Silk 26-inch Umbrellas, with steel rod, paragon frame and WE GIVE WITH PURCHASES OF \$1.00 AND MORE

stylish natural handles..... CHENILLE FASCINATORS—ALL COLORS—TEN CENTS CHEAP AT \$1.25

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→ALL CHILDREN'S CLOAKS AND UNDERWEAR+ SEASON LATE ONE-THIRD OFF ORIGINAL VALUE.

FOR 69 CENTS Ladies' 4-button Kid Gloves, Ox Gents' Kid Gloves, or Fur top

For 39c-Gents' embroidered Silk Suspenders in glass boxes. Either makes an acceptable Xmas gift.

FOR 75 CENTS

blood and all colors, fitted and warranted, worth \$1.00. Ladies' Kid Gauntlets 45c.

AT \$1.19

lined Four-in-Hands, Tecks and Flowing Ends, the regular see grade.

FOR 35 CENTS

Gents' Silk Holiday Scarfs, 50k

TOYS A Complete Stock! Prices Lower Than Elsewhere!

Clames, all sorts. "Waterloo," \$1.00. "Prisoner of Zenda," \$1.00. "Wide World," \$1.25. Wheels for the youngster! Velocipedes, \$1.75, \$2.25 and \$2.75 per size. .....

DRESSED DOLLS 5c TO \$2.00. - KID BODY DOLLS 15c TO \$3.00. CHRISTMAS TREE FIXINGS

CANDLES—POUND BOXES.....TEN CENTS | FOR A STRING OF TEN FANCY GLASS BALLS.....FIVE CENTS DON'T FORGET THE PLACE

vising of the means for the paying invest-ments that are now being made. His dreutt of three cities stands good to be greatly enlarged upon before the winter is over.

WINANCIAL RECONSTRUCTION.

Letter From Edward Atkinson, Who Writes of Silver, Sugar and Wool Editor Constitution: The whole country ted to uncertainty, disaster, nas been subjected to uncertainty, disaster, paralysis of industry and to a long period of repressed energy, from which we have in part emerged. The struggle has been one of resistance to the demands of silver miners, sugar planters and wool growers, to be in part supported in their private un-dertakings at the public expense. The first struggle came in 1890 in the

effort to compensate sugar planters by means of a bounty for the removal of the national revenue tax on sugar, which for many years had yielded 90 cents per head, and which, if it had been maintained to the present day, would have yielded a revenue twice or three times the amount of the deficiency caused by the excessive expendi-tures incurred since 1890, by which the deiciency in revenue has been brought about.

The second struggle was over the re-peal of the duties on wool. The last and final struggle has been with the combined forces of disorder, sectional

the combined forces of disorder, sectional animosity and private greed.

The verdict of the country has been sternly rendered in the last contest, but we are now exposed to a repetition of the demand from the representatives and misrepresentatives, whichever they may be, of the wool-growers, which if yielded to, will again bring uncertainty, hesitation and possible disaster into the affairs of life. It therefore, becomes not only expedient but necessary to call public attention to the relative insignificance of fless three branches of domestic production, which have or may threaten the stability of all

The total farm value of all our product The total farm value of an our products has been approximately computed at \$4,000,000,000 to \$4,500,000,000. The product of sugar is but a fraction of 1 per cent of this product, but as it will probably be necessary to maintain and perhaps to increase the revenue duty on foreign sugar, which will give an incidental stimulus to the domestic production no further record will be refer to the conduction no further record will be refer to the conduction no further record will be refer to the conduction no further record will be refer to the conduction no further record will be refer to the conduction no further record will be refer to the conduction no further record will be refer to the conduction no further record will be refer to the conduction no further record will be refer to the conduction no further record will be refer to the conduction of th give an incidental stimulus to the domes-tic production, no further regard will herein be given to that factor in our finances. The product of silver at its bullion or ex-port value, according to the last mint re-port, was a little over \$30,000,000. How many persons were occupied in this production may not be ascertained, because a large part of the silver is a by-product of copper and lead. In mines of regular

How many persons were occupied in this production may not be ascertained, because a large part of the silver is a by-product of copper and lead. In mines of regular industry, according to census figures, the labor cost of silver builion is about one-half. Hence it follows that for purposes of comparison one may put the figures of silver against the figures of manufactures. Computed value of silver builion about \$30,000,000.

Number of persons occupied under the arduous and dangerous conditions of this work earning somewhat above the average rates of other arts 15,000 to \$5,000 men.

According to the census of manufactures the total value in 1890 was \$9,372,437,232.

Number of persons employed, 4,712,622.

Average earnings, \$484.

Yet the whole manufacturing industry of the country, as well as agricultural, has been subjected to paralysis and disaster on the impudent demands of a small body of men representing a silver product which bears a ratio of a third to a half of 1 per cent to this great branch of manufacturing industry in its ratio.

which bears a ratio of a third to a half of 1 per cent to this great branch of manufacturing industry in its ratio.

Let us deal with wool in the same way. It is a well-known aphorism that "figures never lie except when liars make figures." Yet none can be more deluded than perfectly honest men by figures which are absolutely correct or as nearly so as any statistics covering wide areas can ever be. One may find an example of the danger of statistics in some conclusions which have been derived from figures about wool which may be approximately correct and which have lately been presented on adequate authority. It has lately been affirmed.

"As showing the importance of your industry, it is only necessary to say that in 1892 there were 700,000 wool growers in the United States. Seven hundred thousand people whose chief (ccupation was that of wool growing. There was probably one-fourth as many who were owners of small flocks of sheep in the United States. This industry employed, besides those who owned the flocks, it is estimated, at least a half million laborers, representing, with those who were dependent upon them, nearly 2,500,000 people. There were 700,000 farms, averaging 160 acres each, devoted to this industry; and the mountainous regions and the vest plains of the great west, which averaging 180 acres each, devoted to this industry; and the mountainous regions and the vast plains of the great west, which are not adapted to other kinds of farming, have been utilized in this great industry and made valuable. Every one of these farms comprising 160 acres of land—112,000,-000 acres in all—has been seriously injured by placing wool upon the free list.

From the September bulletin of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers we derive additional information. Referring to legislation, Mr. North, the secretary, says:

"The wool clip was steadily increasing with the flocks, and had reached in 1833, 350,000 pounds, the largest clip evergrown in the United States. At an average value of 15 cents a pound on the farm, the wool clip of 1838 was worth to the farmers of the country \$52,200,000."

We are entitled to accept these figures as of authority. It then becomes a matter of interest to deal with them and to see what the necessary conclusions are from them.

cotton, if not worse, a large par American wool is hadly handled, but reasted and badly packed. With a weeptions of some selected qualities, can wool is not to be trusted unless of fleece is separately handled and graded, by the manufacturer or his agent. The wool of Australia is so uniforgraded, sampled and well packed, that specific kind can be bought by sample will out fear of much variation.

American wool also needs legislative rection. Without the enactment and forcement of laws for the protection wool, we shall lag behind every other covers. reemen.
ool, we shall
We have within
heart of the co apacity to produce apacity to produce apacity to produce wool with the exception carpet wools of the tropic only supply all our own we become large exporters a needed is protection. North with one bound.

become large experience of that is needed is protected and dogs. In Virginia, North Carolina, Godos, In Virginia, North Carolina, Galabama and Tennessee, the greatiachian chain, with its hish valles broad fullsides and its wide plateaus advantages for wood growing of even unequaled in the world. When the told the magnates of Georgia and Carolina assembled at Atlanta in that they had better ohange the contheir state seals from the paim the three columns typical of instances. on their state seals from the three columns typical of is substitute a yellow dog rampan motto "Cave Canem," he point true lines of protection to the sers of this country. Whence comes the demand so upon the whole people of this or repression of the woolen manufretarding exports of our excess by prohibitory duties on the weel in fact, procure in exchange by prohibitory duties on the we, in fact, procure in exchange grain? Has it not come mainly for biceders of merino rams in Ohio every turn and in the face of every for financial reform we are met to misrepresentatives of the arring of the property of the arring of the which are very familiar to the philic their threats of reprisal on every hindustry unless their claims for a lat the public expense shall be as Yet wool growing is itself and factor even in the state of Ohio. Ing fo the latest report of the common of agriculture in my possession, its of wool in Ohio came to a fraction of the product of agriculture, while four million dollars—about per of the product of agriculture, while sessed value of hems' eggs was as million dollars—in the light of these facts and faur demands of Ohio that something should one for wool by taxing the seone whole country may perhaps be met werdict corresponding to hat with the demand that something about for silver has already been country by magnifying their imperand by threatening the public well less their imperious demands are to ONE HONEST MAJ.

ONE HONEST MAN.

Partial Washington to extore money from was robbed and swindled by the quactat lost faith in mankind, but, thenk Heave well, vigorous and strang, and anxious certain means of cure known to all. Having nothing to seil or send C. dimoney. Address. Box 200 II.

SCHOOL BOOKS, New and Sec

GENERAL Story of t tl The combinat

ary record greatest wa in the moven ts, with forces refully studie n war from new light rings back t mys when the nquered natio The Cuban w ather than a feats and new ents of defen cut no figure, l these two general ared to the c sh rule and s in the balance. the meaning of battle, they w and raise add times innumera to see Cuba fre Both men ar fathers before the mantle has on through nequal contest ranced age the rowing all the into the war. It is not a numbers or a but they are co forms so long Cuba's flag flyin The lamented In Santiago de

parents, Marcos Jales, possessed ind nine brother tles which have out five mont Maceo. When the ten tonio Maceo w rorking on his the insurgents his way to the at Arrays Nara Juan. At the la less than sixty n ed a Spanish mander, Colonel great many offic In 1878, when t the "Pacto del the struggle for to sign it, as in the the traveled through that he came to

owned property, and spoke three It has been ch Spanish that Mar race war after f his countrymen. nothing but a pa strong physique. become tinged that makes the f little sterner that He was five dght. His sho arm brawny. Hi dicating great str was a splendid rider. He used one used by Maxi need the stirrup gracefully threw

West Foint as a ly he moved to

Maceo's hands sfigured with tight-fitting high o his leg with la a high temper, well, but when he terror to the hea One day while I surgent's camp, guerillas, Mace leaped from the v ess by a well-d of the Spaniard. the head of the n the third with the

remaining two fi Maceo returned to bathing. Many stortes the warrior, wh tiently watched tedious hours of suffering in hosp he interesting laceo and his w Maceo was no

army, but againment been carrying to leve he could with modern riff lery, with Cub armed with the We are fight money," Maced a recent interest the laying of tack and the tactics of Mac climbed hills th rush, where

ame of a fa attle and fair

and 'rushing t his pursuers, a thought to be

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inglish Congo Wall

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12 CENTS The Cuban war is a story of patriotism father than a story of brilliant military s' Hemstitched feats and new tactics. The modern imple ments of defense and attack are not used. NEN INITIAL The breastplates of steel and heavy armor cut no figure, but in their place is substituted the frenzy of conflict and the nerve DKERCHIEFS and during of the patriot.

The future of Cuba is in the keeping of these two generals who are conducting the fight for liberty and as long as they are spared to the cause of their country Spanish rule and supremacy on the island is in the balance. They have never realized the meaning of defeat. Conquered in one battle, they withdraw only to lay plans and raise additional forces for another attack. Both generals have been defeated times innumerable, but their defeat only increases their patriotism and their desire

greatest warriors.

conquered nations,

In the movements of these Cuban patri-

to see Cuba free. Both men are fighters by birth. Their fathers before them were warriors and the mantle has been handed from sire to son through generations. They have spent the better part of their lives in the unequal contest for liberty, and in advanced age they have renewed the fight, throwing all the intensity of their beings into the war.

It is not a question with them as to numbers or arms. They do not know whether or not Cuba's cause will triumph, but they are content to die in their uniforms so long as there is any hope of Cuba's flag flying from Havana's forts.

The lamented Antonio Maceo was born in Santiago de Cuba on July 14, 1848. His parents, Marcos Maceo and Mariana Gralales, possessed a cattle ranch. His father and nine brothers have been killed in battles which have been fought for Cuba's independence. The last brother killed, about five months ago, was General Jose

When the ten years' war broke out Antonio Maceo was a "pony expressman" working on his father's estate. He joined the insurgents army as private, fighting his way to the rank of a generalship. His most remarkable deeds in that war were at Arrays Naranjo and the Llanadas de Juan. At the latter place, with a force of less than sixty men, he completely destroyed a Spanish column, killing its commander, Colonel Ramon Calebras, and a great many officers.

In 1878, when the peace treaty known as the "Pacto del Zranjon" put an end to the struggle for freedom, Maceo refused to sign it, as he had sworn "death or He then left the island and traveled through Europe, some saying that he came to America and studied at West Foint as a servant or janitor. Finally he moved to Costa Rico, where he owned property, and earned his living by tilling the soil. Maceo was well educated

and spoke three or four languages. It has been charged repeatedly by the Spanish that Maceo was inclined to have a race war after freedom is secured for the Island. This charge is denied by Maceo and his countrymen, Cubans say Maceo was nothing but a patriot. That is all. He had future island government.

Maceo was a man of powerful build and strong physique. He was forty-six years of age, and his black hair was beginning to ome tinged with gray, that iron-gray that makes the facial expression perhaps a little sterner than before.

He was five feet and ten inches in height. His shoulders were broad and his arm brawny. His limbs graceful, but indicating great strength and endurance. He was a splendid horseman, and a fearless rider. He used a silver ornamented Mex-Ican saddle, which is very similar to the one used by Maximo Gomez. Maceo did not need the stirrup for the mount, as he gracefully threw himself into the saddle

Maceo's hands were small, except where disfigured with wounds. His foot was small, and was habitually incased in a tight-fitting high boot, which was strapped to his leg with large fastenings. In anger, Maceo was formidable. He had

a high temper, which he controlled fairly well, but when he lost his temper, he struck terror to the heart of the person who offended him.

One day while Maceo was in bathing in a pool several yards distant from the insurgent's camp, he was surprised by guerillas. Maceo was unarmed, but he leaped from the water and rushed upon the party. The first soldier was knocked senseess by a well-directed blow from the bather. Maceo quickly caught the machete of the Spaniard. With one blow he severed the head of the next man and leaped upon the third with the fury of vengeance. The remaining two fled into the bushes, and Maceo returned to the pool and finished his

Many stories are told of the daring of he warrior, whose career has been so pa tlently watched by the entire world. The tedious hours of camp life and the days of suffering in hospitals are made shorter by the interesting stories that are told of Maceo and his wars.

Maceo was not fighting against Spain's army, but against her treasury. He had been carrying the machete too long to believe he could fight the Spaniards, armed with modern rifles and carrying beavy artil lery, with Cubans, poorly organized and armed with the machete.

"We are fighting against Spain's time and oney," Maceo is reported to have said in recent interview. The guerilla warfare, the laying of ambuscades, the rushing attack and the lightning retreat were the factics of Maceo and his men. He easily limbed hills thickly overgrown with underbrush, where the Spanish cannot gain a foothold. He scaled the mountain sides, and rushing through the swamps, eluded his pursuers, and won battles when he was

thought to be somewhere else. Antonio Maceo was a born fighter. He ame of a family that is illustrious in battle and famous and renowned for its bravery and daring leadership. Maceo was not a politician. He did not possess po-

The combination of gentus, bravery and daring to be found in Maximo Gomez and deneral Antonio Maceo has furnished the military records of the world with two of with forces poorly armed and without organization, is a lesson that is being carefully studied by all nations. The Cu-

the Island for More Than Thirty Years.

GENERAL ANTONIO MACEO; HERO OF CUBA'S WAR | most on most on account of his devotion to Cuba and the cause of liberty. When Maceo gives the command to storm a fort his men need no urging. He mounted his famous war horse and his followers close in behind him. They needed no persuasion, for as long as Maceo was leading they followed Story of the Fearless Fight for Freedom He Waged On

meral Antonio Maceo has furnished the birth and a warrior from head to foot. excitement Maceo was greatest. The whis the nerve and determination that wins rifles were music to his ears. He dashed against numbers and heavy artillery, he madly into the most furious fray, and as led his men into the heat of the engage-ments, while bullets were falling thick and bullets increased the grizzled warrior would fast about him. He never asked his men | draw his machets and wield the blade with



GENERAL ANTONIO MACEO IN FIELD UNIFORM.

to go where he himself would not lead, and he was always to be found in the front columns and in the first trenches.

In personal appearance, Maceo was a warrior. He carried twenty-three scars, which tell of Spanish conflict and Spanish bullets, Thrice he fell in battle, but escaped capture. For weeks he lay between life and death, suffering from fearful wounds, while his devoted followers have tenderly nursed the thread of life and cared for the fallen hero. Death was something Maceo never thought of. Liberty was the one theme that was uppermost at all times with Maceo was a fighter from early child-

hood. At the age of ten he entered the uban war and has been an active fighter ever since. Through defeat and victory, e was the same. He retreated as gracefully as he led his forces in triumph against the enemy. He was a marvelous man, and as long as Maceo was upon Cuban soil the supremacy of Spain was in doubt. Heavy bribes were offered for him to leave the sland, all of which he declined with a vicious frown and a contraction of the strong right arm in which he carried his machete. He would not listen to any proposition made by the Spanish government. He was in the fight to the end, and for him t was death or victory. Although the fight has been waged in Cuba for many years in which defeat has been more proounced than there has been hopes of victory. Maceo's ambition was never dampen ed, and the day of his death he was even more determined than ever.

By his men Maceo was idolized. They oved him for his deeds of bravery and his daring spirit, but they probably loved him a frenzy and madness that carried with it panic and distress to the enemy. Maced was the Cuban mascot, and his presence inspired confidence and created enthusiasm wherever he went.

Maceo assumed the command of his mer at a time when there was no organization. The column was but a body of straggling men, poorly clad, without arms and no knowledge of discipline. They were ill fed. gloomy from constant defeat and bordering apon the brink of despair. The old warrior looked at the small handful of men, smiled as he did in triumph, and then assumed control. His personal magnetism, his daring spirit and famous war record gave encouragement to

Sylvester Scovel, the correspondent of The New York World, who was with the insurgent forces and knew Maceo intidescription of the warrior:

"A magnificently proportioned man, with the head and neck of a born fighter and the smile of a boy; a man who does not drink nor use Castilian oaths, even after twelve years of the roughest warfare; a man, who with twenty-three bullet holes in him, successfully leads a few thousand of corn cutters against five times the number of nodern rifles, and a man who persuades timid 'Pacificos' to plow and reap for his army-such a man is Antonio Maceo."

Maceo taught the Cubans the art of guerilla warfare. Maceo was defeated, but never conquered. His heart, soul and ambition were in the fight, and he did his duty by his country. ROYAL DANIEL.

MEBRASK SPEAK IN ATLANT DEC.23

WHERE MR. BRYAN'S TOUR IS PLANNED.

A Scene in the Rooms of Mr. Alex Comstock Who Is Managing the Tour of Hon. William Jennings Bryan.

PLANNING MR. BRYAN'S GREAT LECTURE TOUR Busy Scenes in the Office of Mr. Comstock Who Is Managing the Enterprise.

about where he puts the cards, hangers and posters. Everything must go on prominent streets in reputable positions. There is to be no circus business in this." This was addressed by Mr. Alex Comstock to his assistant who was to give the directions to the billposter. Turning to the newspaper man, Mr.

Comstock sald: 'Mr. Bryan's tour is being managed in a dignified way. No hurrah or circus about it. Of course I am advertising widely in the newspapers and by the usual posters, but that is perfectly legitimate, Some of the famous preachers are using the bill boards nowadays to announce the subjects of their sermons. Look at these hangers

and these three sheets. Could anything be more modest or dignified." A long table in the room was covered with advertising matter in big type announcing the appearance of the eloquent Nebraskan in Atlanta. Other smaller tables were covered with letters-answered and unanswered. The window ledges were heaped with stationery. A three-sheet poster was tacked on the wall. A hanger Photographs of Mr. Bryan and his family were on the mantel. The pretty type-

writer was copying a contract for Mr. Bryan's appearance in some western city

्र \$3,000 guarantee, It was Bryan every-

"No, sir, Mr. Bryan's friends need feel no uneasiness about as ing being done which would detract from his starty. the first place it would hurt business and in the second place he would not permit it even if it were contemplated. I never saw Mr. Bryan until I called on him at his home in Lincoln, but no one can meet him without ever after entertaining the highest respect for him. He impresses you at once with his manliness, his candor, his earnestness and his force of character. I never met a more charming gentleman or one more satisfactory to do business with. He is business, too, all through. The man who sets him down as a theorist and a visionary is badly mistaken, as he would oon learn if he were to make a serious business proposition to him."

How the Contract Was Made. The story of how Mr. Comstock obtained the contract with Mr. Bryan has never been told in print before. It came

about purely by chance. On the day before the election a New York man was in a telegraph office writing a message of instructions to a friend in Oregon, away out on the Pacific coast, authorizing him to bet \$1,000 on McKinley. The man who was sending the message onsulted a friend who was standing near. A tall, well-built gentleman with irongray hair an mustache and striking feaures was waiting to send a telegram. "How are you betting?" he asked of the

"You need not go so far away to bet on that side. I will take some of it," said the stranger.

They introduced themselves to each each other. One of them was Captain V. E. McBee, of Portsmouth, Va., general superintendent of the Laboard Air-Line, formerly general superintendent of the Central of Georgia. It matters not what the McKinley better's name was, but his companion was Mr. Alex Comstock, who used to manage the Academy of Music in New York when the "Old Homestead" was running there.

The party discussed the election, but did not bet anything on it. On election night Mr. Comstock and Captain McBee chanced to meet in the lobby of the Hoffman house. It was about 11 o'clock. All the news was for McKinley. Bryan's defeat spirits. They tried to guy him, but he de clared that Bryan was a great man and that the country did not understand his cause or appreciated him.

"I tell you, there never has been such wonderful orator in the world," said the southerner, "and he is a statesman, too." Then they by chance fell to talking about Mr. Bryan's future. "If I knew anything about the business I would engage him for a tour of the world," said Captain McBee

impetuously.
"Do you think the people would go to hear him?" asked Mr. Comstock.
"No doubt about it," replied Captain

The next morning the two gentlemen met in Captain McBee's room at the hotel and the railway man proposed to Mr. Comstock that they make an offer to Mr. Bryan for a series of addresses.

A telegram was sent to him asking him the would entertain a serious business.

if he would entertain a serious business

proposition from men with good references in a transaction involving \$50,000. No reply was received until the next day. It was favorable when it did come. For a week telegrams flew back and forth. In the meantime Captain McBee and Mr. Commeantime Captain McBee and Mr. Com-stock had come to Atlanta. Finally Mr. Comstock left for Lincoln with strong let-ters of introduction. Captain McBee had placed everything in his hands. Mr. Com-stock found three other men in Lincoln who had propositions to make to the de-feated candidate for lecture tours. One of them had been waiting a week to see Mr. Bryan, Mr. Comstock sent his letters around to the Bryan home and that eventhem had been waiting a week to see Mr. Bryan. Mr. Comstock sent his letters around to the Bryan home and that evening received a note asking him to call at 10 o'clock at night. Mr. Comstock says that he went out to a hall that night and heard Mr. Bryan speak and afterward went around to his house. They had a talk that night, and an appointment was made for the next afternoon. The interview was a long one, and Mr. Comstock was asked to stay for tea, which he did. Mr. Bryan was perfectly willing to deliver a series of addresses throughout the country for remuneration. He had to go to work, he said; and lecturing was perfectly honorable and dignified. He had many conditions, however. There was to be no hurrah business about announcing him. The management could not "circus" him. The whole business was talked over, and Mrs. Bryan was frequently consulted. The next day Mr. Comstock drew the contract and submitted it to Mr. Bryan, who suggested some changes and then signed it in duplicate comstock drew the contract and submitted it to Mr. Bryan, who suggested some changes and then signed it in duplicate. He was to get \$50,000 for fifty lectures, and he was not to speak more than five times a week. He wanted to save his voice. The next thing was to decide upon a date for starting. Mr. Bryan said that he was under a contract to complete his story of the der a contract to complete his story of the campaign by January 1st for a Chicago book publishing house. As soon as that was out of the way, he would be ready to

was out of the way, he would be ready to start on the tour.

At the request of friends here, he consented to run down to Atlanta before the holidays and make his opening address. It will not be political in its character, but there is no question about the fact that it will be instructive and entertaining, too. Mr. Bryan has a keen wit, and he can be entertaining without being undignified.

"Bryan day" promises to be a big one in Atlanta. Some of the leading merchants have stated that they will make special bargains for that day, and the railroads will give reduced rates to the city. Nearly every town within 100 miles of Atlanta has some announcement of the visit of the distinguished man. Letters received here say

"Caution him to be very particular about where he puts the cards, hangers and posters. Everything must go on have suffered no less in prestige, and, though defeated, he received more votes than any nominee ever received before who

"The White Crook" Coming.

Ed F. Rush's "White Crook" extravagenza company is the magnetic call for all rext week at the Imperial theater. This season Mr. Rush promises an entirely new departure, different from anything he has heretofore presented. The company consists of artists of the highest rank, vocal, instrumental and terpsichorean celebrities, and with the freshest features, the cost-liest costumes and the most elaborate scenery and stage effects, provide an entertainment that in brilliancy he has never surpassed. The extravaganza is divided into two acts, the first being a tropical island, and the second a royal palace. During the second act a number of high-class specialties will be introduced, among which are Mora Lynn, comedienne and dancer; Baker and Lynn, comedy duo; the late London sensation, Tommy Atkins; the Bowery boys and girls; Helene Russell, musical artist; the charming Sisters Arnold; the four chevallers; J. Edgar Johnston, character vocalist; march of the Broadway squad, concluding with the famous El Capitan march. Reserve seat sale at Harry Silverman's. "The White Crook" Coming.

The Latest Song.

Mr. Walter F. Grace, author of the two beautiful segs, "I Knew Her by the Rose," and "Sweet Love of Mine So True," has re-cently composed a new song, entitled "Tell Me That You Love Me Once Again." The Me That You Love Me Once Again." The song is on the programmes of some of the best theatrical companies, among them the Buckler Stock Company, which plays at the Columbia this week, and when rendered receives a warm encore. The music is in close sympathy with the words, very sweet and catchy. "Tell Me That You Love Me. Once Again" has been on sale just a week and several hundred copies have been sold.

THEY MAKE ONE FEEL as though life was worth living. Take one of Carter's Little Liver Pills after eating; it will re-lieve dyspepsia, aid digestion, give tone and vigor to the system.

Miss Perry, teacher of art needlework at the Washington seminary, has a collection of beautiful fancy articles for sale. Also has a supply of materials and makes a specialty of designing.

PARCHEEST The best home game, at department stores, dec 12 15 17 19 21

Gold Glasses For Christmas. A fine assortment at Kellam & Moore's, and they will allow you to select your present at any time, and will exchange after gift is presented if glasses fail to nt the eyes of wearer. They have been doing this for several holiday seasons past. Salesroom at 40 Marietta street, Atlanta.

It May Be You.

As the saying goes, it is better born lucky than rich. Read a few of these lines and then try your luck. Every lady in town knows the T. W. Gulley Company, at 84 Whitehall street. They have the most complete 10 cents store to be found in the south, and here is their proposition: Every purchaser who buys to the amount of 11 gets a chance on a most beautiful eight-piece silver service. The contest will close Tuesday afternoon, December 15th. This is an attractive proposition, for you get big values for your dollar, not to speak of the chance which goes gratis. Their line of holiday goods is in every way very select and remember when your patronize this house, you get the very best qualities and 10 cents is the price.

Christmas presents in new shapes and decorations at Lycett's, 83 1-2 Whitehall. Best goods, lowest prices.

# Books

Reviewed in The Constitution or any other paper, as well as all books, from the inexpensive juvenile and modest set of popular authors, to the most elegant editions of standard works, and the rarer copies of scarce and out-of-print editions, can be obtained from

American Baptist

Publication Society, 93 Whitehall Street - - - Atlanta F. J. PAXON, Manager.

In Buying Groceries. . .

The first thing you should decide upon is, "where would I be the most apt to get the best quality of goods?" When you have determined this point, the next question is, "where

In Point of Quality

> will tell you that Kamper keeps the best, freshest goods that it is possible to get. Every article is warranted to be exactly as represented and can be returned if it is not satis-factory.

The Lowest Prices.....

He will not allow anyone to undersell him on any article, and you are always sure that if you trade at his store you are getting your goods at the lowest possible prices.

It will pay you to see

his large line of Holiday

Necessities.



New York, Dec. 8, 1896.

To A. W. FARLINGER, Atlanta, Ga.:

Shipped you this day one carload Fireworks.

T. J. SHARFINGER.



# Got a Husband?

Well, what a question. Of course you have, or you'd not be reading this ad. What are you going to do to make his Christmas happy? Do you know that lots of men dread the coming of Christmas? Yes, indeed they do. And it's all because they're so often remembered with something that they don't want. Don't let anything of that kind mar your husband's Christmas. Here's a store full of things for men, bought to sell to men, bought to delight men, bought for men to wear. What a happy place to come to, if you've a husband or a brother on your Christmas list! All we've been learning these years about tickling men's fancies is at your service. All these things that we have bought to sell to 'him,' and that we know 'he' needs and wants are here and resiting for you. What a happy men he'll be, who discours his waiting for you. What a happy man he'll be, who discovers his wife trying to hide an Eiseman & Weil bundle from his sight! Not

isgivings can that lucky fellow have about his Chri Derbies and Alpine Hats, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 Stetsen Derbies \$3.50, no better hats made.

Mackintoshes, \$3.50, \$5.00, \$7.50 and \$10, waterproof, every one. Men's Handkerchiefs, 5c, 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c and 35c each. Silk Handkerchiefs, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00 each.

Jersey Coats, for office or house, single or double breasted, \$3.00

and \$3.50. Walking Canes, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50. Silk Umbrellas from \$2.00 up to \$5.00. Cuff Buttons, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.

Fetching Neckwear, 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Christmas day every one should be well dressed. We sell good Suits and Overcoats for Men from \$7.50 to \$25.00. Youth's Suits and Overcoats from \$5.00 to \$15.00. Boy's' Suits and Overcoats from \$1.50 to \$7.50. Make your selections now, and you can choose from larger assort

ments and with more satisfaction than later on.

# OUR RED LETTER SALE

Has stirred up smart buyers and they responded with a will. But we need more and more customers to help us reduce our overcrowded stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing to its normal condition. To do this and to do it quickly we offer

# 331 % Reduction!

\$3.00 Children's Suits and Overcoats at.......\$2.00 \$4.50 Children's Suits and Overcoats at......\$3.00 

Don't delay. The Choicest go first. No goods charged at these prices. Your money back if you want it.

# EISEMAN & WEIL, MEN'S AND BOYS' OUTFITTERS,

3 WHITEHALL ST.

THE FIRST CLOTHING HOUSE ON THE STREET.

TAKE THAT "AD." OUT.

Editor Atlanta Constitution: Please take out that advertisement of

WILLINGHAM & CO.

at once—the one you have been running for the past twenty days. We can't stand the rush any longer. Every man we have needs rest. When times get duller with us, if they ever should, we will get you to re-insert it. Yours truly,

Willingham & Co.,

No. 1 N. Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

Rev. F. W. McCleskey Writes a Pamphlet, Original and Unique.

SAYS HELL-FIRE IS REAL FIRE

Has Very Positive Views on the Character of the Burning Lake.

BE A MIXTURE OF SALT AND BRIMSTONE

The Author Insists That Those Who Believe Punishment After Death Are Blind to the

there is concerning the nature and character of "hell."

There are almost as many conceptions of this place of torture as there are ministers and scarcely any two ministers can be found whose opinion of the awful region, or state or condition can be found. It has been the subject of wide discus-

sion-of division even-in the church, some olding to the first idea of Hades, that it is literally a seething lake of fire and brimstone, where lost and damned souls eternally tortured, and others holding more moderate views of it. A vast number-pretty nearly all, in fact-of the carded the idea of a burning, seething hell of fire where human souls are tortured substituted some other belief. These newer beliefs are so varied and numerous a representative idea of them. But here a clash has come and there has been a constant warfare of opinion on the vital ques

"What is hell? What is it like? Where is it located? Is its punishment eternal?"\_\_\_ These questions have been hotly 1/s. cussed upon from a thousand publis and has been a subject of discussion and division in the church mestings and con-

It is rare now that a minister speaks out boldly in maintaining the existence of the hell of fire and brimstone, but a well-known Geografia minister has written a small book, in which he not only deawal descriptive details of the region of nunishment and torture.

church doctrine but the reality of hell. It is one of the boldest publications of its Rev. F. W. McCleskey, of the North Georeis conference. Methodist church.

Mr. McCleskey is well known through the state. His brother, Mr. L. L. Mc-Cleskey, is a resident of Atlanta and is connected with the Southern railway.

Rev. McCleskey wrote his pamphlet as a warning. He had it printed under a brilliantly-colored cover which shows Satan, pitckfork in hand, tormenting a crowd of damned souls in a lake of fire. The pamphlet is entitled "Life in Hell."

The author has no doubts about the existence of real fire in hell. In fact, he is not only positive about the fire, but l:as very distinct ideas about the character of the contents of the burning lake in which he says damned souls are made to suffer. He thinks that the lake is filled with a fluid "of thick, hot water, thicken

Mr. McCleskey thinks that sait will b mixed with eternal fire continually and that the salt fires will act as a preserving gent, preventing death, but intensifying

The publication of Mr. McClesky's book t is said, has had the very strongest in duence upon his ministerial fortunes, and within the past few days it his given rise o a very interesting rumor.

This rumor is nothing more or less than report to the effect that the higher officials of the church very strongly disamprove the radical stand which Mr. McClesky has taken in his vivid work, and while they have taken no open and expressed position upon it they have shown their disapprobation in more effective ways. The report which was discussed among some of the Methodists of the north Georgia conference his book Mr. McClesky had been given an bscure appointment.

strongly significant fact that Mr. McCleskey had declined the appointment which was given him at the Dalton conference two weeks ago. It was to the church at Blairsville, in Union county, and the yearly income from it amounts to only \$200. The appointment was one of the smallest parably smaller than any Mr. McCleskey has ever before filled.

Mr. McCleskey was very naturally displeased with his appointment. He respectthe work, saying that he could not possibly support his family on the income which he

He will return to railroad work, in which he is highly accomplished and which, previous to his entrance into the ministry, he made a fine income. He will not take the small appointment which was offered him

No young man ever entered the ministry under brighter prospects than Mr. McCleskey. The son of Dr. McCleskey, one of the pillars of the Methodistchurch in Georgia. a noble old pioneer, who stood for many years among the leaders of Methodism in the state; a graduate of the State university and a member of one of the best families in the state his future was exceedingly promising. For a number of years he was most profitably engaged in railroad work. He was agent of the Northwestern at Athens for a number of years and after that he was head clerk of the general freight agent of the Richmond and Danville, at Richmond. He drew a splendid ncome during the whole of his railroad career and accumulated a small compe-

He became impressed with the fact that his life work was in the service of the church and he left the railroad to join the Methodist conference. For a new man and a beginner he fared splendidly at the hands of the conference. He got a splendid appointment at Crawfordville and his pastorship at that place was highly successful. Young devoted and full of zeal he made a fine record and went up in the church. All and it is said that his ministry has been crowned with success.

Fully two years ago he wrote his work on "Hell," and since that time it is said that his standing with the higher officials of the church has been impaired.

This report seems to be borne out by the ton conference. He could not for a moment think of accepting it and he straightway wrote to the bishop setting forth the facts. He determined to return for the time to his former work. He will not, by any means, give up the ministry. He will continue his work in that line, having the standing with the conference of a local minister. He may at some later time rejoin the conference.

His withdrawal from the conference has been the subject of a vast amount of talk. most of it on the line indicated, that his higher dignitaries of the church.

This is denied by representatives of the church here in Atlanta. Drs. Glenn, Heldt, Hopkins and others, who were seen and asked concerning the rumor last week, stated that they did not know the first thing of such a story. One of these gentlemen had ; not read Dr. McCleskey's book. The others stated that they did not think that the book had anything to do with Mr. McCleskey's apparent relegation in the line of appoint-

In the meantime the story will not down that the book had much to do with the mat-

Two Real Incidents.

longer.
Then suddenly be exclaimed: "Oh, doctor, save me from the monster! Hold me out of the flames, please."
Then in a little while he said: "Doctor, you possibly think I am delirious, but I declare unto you I am not. I know there is



She was 'n full dress for the ballroom, ut the Spirit's voice troubled her Heriends tried to persuade her to decide for od and heaven. The crisis of her life was eached. Her voice was to mean either eaven or hell for her soul. She went to be plano, seated herself and talked thus the Lord: "When I strike the first note, want the Spirit to leave me." She struck the note, the Spirit retired from her, and prever.

CHAPTER 11. The Judgment.

Time has glided by like a night's dream. Tis the judgment, and Richard and Daisy, with all human beings and devils, stand

a heaven and there is a hell, and I am going straight to hell."

"Another:

A fashionable young woman was earnestly besought by her friends to forsake her gay companions and give her heart to God. Not knowing her name I will call her Daisy Dancer for a purpose. She loved the dance, but the spirit was pleading with her. laces."-14th verse. And Richard and Daisy now wall out

And the awful panorama of exploding

Looking Down at Hell.

CHAPTER IV.

I think hell is in the center of some distant, dark, stationary star, or world, in space, and the awful crimson conflagration

CHAPTER V.

Then gradually there begins to break as soft gray light. Daybreak in Hell—the first and the last—the light seemed to come from the roof 'of hell. Then it fell till all hell's objects, as far as their eyes could behold, were discernible. And then, horrors? The king of terrors? The devil was seen up the shore of hell: Forty feet high, wrapped in dark glistening robes from waist down; his cloven feet extending from beneath these dark robes. Above his robes his naked body of changeable lights shining, his tremendous muscles standing out and the body like an enormous man's, save his black pointed wings folded and hanging from his shoulder points. And oh! his fierce, fiendish face three feet broad, square forehead covered with black, bushy hair with fire dripping from it across his awful, fierce face, immense black oblique eyes are his, shooting forth hellish rage toward his subjects. And there he stood—Satan, the great devil. The prince of the power of darkness! They see the king of hell and quiveringly they listen again. "See," says he, "here is the lake of fire; here are your cells and look yonder, up yonder toward the head of hell, see those dark hills and mountains stretching away. As God has in the glory land His 'delectable hills,' so have I in my land damnation mountains. Yet there is only one volcano here. See it yonder, that lofty one shooting up far above the others, with that straight stream of black smoke going out of its crater and the scarlet jets of fire shooting through the column of fark smoke. And that volcane is here to punish any disobedient demon. If any devil ever falls to torture the children of men here in hell I torture him in that roaring volcano. And looke Maler; see those fierce, forked, crimson lightning shooting across the dark mountains, they are the lightnings of hell, expressions of my power. And now, last, and look good, for I will then shut the light out of hell. See yon great towering castle, with its thick parapets and frowning turrets, that is my mansion, and those dark empurple

CHAPTER VI. A Dream in Hell

CHAPTER VIII.



# THE - KEY - TO - THE - SITUATION.

WHITEHALL STREET

# Where You Will Solve the Problem for CHRISTMAS, EIGHTEEN NINETY-SIX,

Exquisite novelties of the Jewelers' art, combined with the practical in expenditure. A glance is sufficient to convince you that your desires can be realized. Promptness in selecting will save you serious disappointment.

# CHARLES W. CRANKSHAW

Jeweler, 22 Whitehall, Corner Alabama Street. Out-of-Town Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention.

# Religion: In the Pulpit®

And Around the Fireside.

m. J. W. Roberts, paster of Trinity are very hopeful. But meantime a substitute has had to be found to take his work for next year. Professor Drummond bears his long and trying illness with character will, no doubt, be welcomed to this

The Baptist Extension Society of Atlanta meets next Tuesday evening, December 19th, at First Baptist church. All members of the society are earnestly requested to

Rev. T. R. Kendall, formerly paster of Grace Boulevard church, will speak this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the Young Men's Christian Association.

The following programme will be rendered this morning at the First Baptist church under the direction of Mr. J. B. O'Donnelly, the organist:
Organ Prelude-Widor.
Cornet Solo-Donizetti.
Voluntary-Quartet-Buck.
Offertory-Bass solo, Mercadante-Mr.

illiam Jessop.

Organ Postlude-Guilment.

This evening at 7:30 o'clock the churches and congregations of the city will tender Res. Theron H. Rice a welcome service at the Central Presbyterian church. The pastors of the city churches, with their members and friends are cordially invited to be present on this occasion.

Dr. Gibson, the new pastor of Walker street Methodist church, will fill his pul-pit today. He is one of the brainlest men in the North Georgia conference. This is his twentieth year as a Methodist preacher and during this time he has served circuits, stations and districts. He is a hard student, a close, clear thinker, an eloquent preacher, a congental friend and a true follower of his Lord. Dr. Gibson prior to follower of his Lord. Dr. Gibson prior to the time when he began the ministry was an editor of one of the strohgest, brightest and most democratic of our weekly newspapers. By dint of hard work and diligence he won honors from his fellow citizens and a high place among newspaper men. Here, as nowhere else, a man comes in touch with the spirit of his times and translates the life of today into useful deeds and permanent good. It is me wonder that he the life of today into useful deeds and permanent good. It is no wonder that he has succeeded as a minister of the gospel, with such methods of work and such notions of life as these as a preparation.

His church gladly welcomes him and promises him their united energy and support.

The ladies of the Universalist congregation will open their annual bazaar on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock in the store at 61 Peachtree street. Elaborate plans have been made for this event. There will be a domestic booth, a paper booth, a fancy articles booth, a Japanese booth, a Gypsy booth, etc. Lunches will be served from 10 o'clock, a. m. to 10 p. m. of each day. There will be a musical programme each evening to which admission will be free. The young people of the church have issued a paper for the purpose of advertising the bazaar. They print 4,000 poples and give full particulars of the fair, which, beginning on the date named, will last through Thursday and Friday.

According to the last statistics the Wesleyan Methodist church in England decreased last year 2,275 members. The Methodists increased in north and south Wales, and have steadily increased in Scotland. But since 1831 the decrease in England in many places, has been steady, being quite evenly distributed in twenty out of the thirty-four districts. The causes do not appear.

The proposed plan for lay representation in the Evangelical Association has been everwhelmingly defeated in the vote of the conferences. The Evangelical Messenger in-dists that the vote was adverse, not to the principle of lay representation, but simply to the particular plan submitted.

Rev. Charles H. Kelly, book steward of the Wesleyan Methodist church, in London, president-elect of the Metropolitan Free church council for 1896-97, was inducted into his office by his predecessor, Dr. Clifford, November 23d.

Rev. Dr. Daniel, aged ninety years, the oldest Methodist minister in eastern Cana-da, died in St. John on November 8th, He was in the ministry sixty-three years.

The course of Methodist union in Australia has been advanced by a vote of 15,000 to 2,500 by the Victoria Methodists in favor

Philadelphia conference, the banner con ference of Methodism in missionary con-tributions, gave last year \$60,574.

FFALO, N.Y.

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A prominent Presbyterian, an ex-modeator, is quoted by The Mid-Continent as saying to a caller the other day in deep distress: "I do not know what has come over the Presbyterian church. Look at my desk. It is literally covered with letters from churches seeking new pastors and from pastors seeking new churches. There is a spirit of restlessness and dissatisfaction everywhere. I do not know what to make

His many American friends will regret to hear that Professor Henry Drummond is lying prostrate in the south of Europe wholly confined to his bed and unable to write. Happily, medical men begin to think there are signs of improvement and they

DANGER IN SODA. Serious Results Sometimes Follow Its Excessive Use.

ommon soda is all right in its place and indispensable in the kitchen and for cooking and washing purposes, but it was never intended for a medicine, and people who use it as such will some day regret it. We refer to the common use of soda to relieve heartburn or sour stomach, a habit which thousands of people practice almost daily, and one which is fraught with dan-ger; moreover the soda only gives tempo-rary relief and in the end the stomach

trouble gets worse and worse.

The soda acts as a mechanical irritant to the walls of the stomach and bowels and cases are on record where it accumulates in the intestines, causing death by in-

an the intestines, causing death by inflammation or peritonitis.

Dr. Harlandson recommends as the safest and surest cure for sour stomach (acid
dyspepsia) an excellent preparation sold by
druggists under the name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. These tablets are large
grain lozenges, very pleasant to taste
and contain the natural acids, peptones,
and digestive elements essential to good
digestion, and when taken after meals they
digest the food perfectly and promptly bedigestion, and when taken after meals they digest the food perfectly and promptly before it has time to ferment, sour and poison the blood and nervous system.

Dr. Wuerth states that he invariably uses stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in all cases of stomach derangements and finds them a certain cure not only for sour stomach, but by promptly digesting the food they create a healthy appetite, increase flesh and strengthen the action of the heart and liver. They are not a cathartic, but intended only for stomach diseases and weakness and will be found reliable in any stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach.

stomach.
All druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at 50cts per package.
A little book describing all forms of stomach weakness and their cure mailed free by addressing the Stuart Company, of larshall, Mich.

Capitol Avenue Baptist church, Dr. A. T. Spalding, pastor. Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., W. W. Orr, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

The Presbyterian synod of Alabams has closed its session at Anniston and will hold its next meeting at Tuscaloosa. The synod recommended the establishment by the church of a \$25,000 professorship at Stillman university for colored youth, to be known as the "Samuel N. Lapsley professorship," in memory of Rev. Samuel N. Lapsley, a young minister of Anniston, who died while a missionary to the Congo free state. The Presbyterian synod of Alaba

lleved the Presbyterians of an irritating difficulty by ceasing to try to expound his exceedingly liberal ideas from a Presbyte-

(Notices intended for this column must be handed in by 10 o'clock Saturday morning in order to secure classification.)

Methodist.

First Methodist church, corner of Peachtree and Houston strets, Rev. I. S. Hopkins, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. by the pastor and at 7:30 p. m. by Rev. Charles Lane, Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. Class meeting at 3 p. m.

Trinity church, corner Whitehall and Trinity avenue, Rev. J. W. Roberts, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. by the pastor and at 7:39 p. m. by Rev. W. F. Glenn, D. D., Sunday school 9:30 a. m., W. A. Hemphill superintendent.

The Boulevard Grace church, corner Boulevard and Houston street, Rev. A. C. Thomas pastor. Sunday school 9:30 a. m. Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Epworth League meets at 6:30 p. m.

St. Luke's Methodist church, Rev. E. M. Stanton pastor. Preaching Sunday 11 a. m. by the pastor. Prayer meeting Wednesday B p. m.

Enworth church, Edgewood, Rev. S. R. Ledbetter pastor, Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m. and prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m.

Peters street gospel mission, located at 154 Peters street. Meeting every Simday at 8 a. m. Breakfast for the poor at 9:30 a. m. Sunday school at 3 b. m., T. C. Mayson superintendent. Preaching at 7:30 p. m. Services every night in the week except Saturday.

Kirkwood Methodist church, Rev. W. L., Pierce pastor. Preaching every second and fourth Sunday by the pastor. Preaching every third Sunday by Rev. T. R. Cook. Sunday school 9.30 a. m.

Decatur street mission, 228 Decatur street, one block from the station house, Rev. E. M. Stanton pastor. Services Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday evenings. Breakfast served free every Sunday morning between the hours of 8:30 and 9:30 o'clock; also devotional exercises will be held. All Sunday school at 3:30 p. m., C. H. Burge

.West,End Methodist church. Preaching 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. by the pastor. Sunday school 9:30, W. A. Fincher superintendent. Epworth League at 7:30 p. m. Sunday, Prayer meeting Wednesday 7:30 p. m.

Wesley chapel, north Atlanta, Rev. J. M. Wolfe pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m., W. T. Southard superintendent.

West Atlanta church, West Hunter, near Ashby street. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 3 p. m., F. M. Aiken superintendent.

Trinity Home Mission. Preaching at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 5 p. m.

Asbury Methodist Episcopal church, corner Davis and Foundry streets, Rev. W. J. Cotter pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m. Epworth League meets at 3:30 p. m.

Park street church, West End, Rev John B. Robins D. D., pastor. Services 1 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a m. Epworth League 6:30 p. m.

Marietta street mission, 191 Marietta street. Sunday school 9:30. Temperance school 3 p. m. Gospel meeting 7:30 p. m. Young people's meeting Tuesday 7:30 p. m. Prayer and praise service Thursday 7:30 p. m. Mothers' meeting 3 p. m. Sunday, John F. Barclay superintendent.

West Side church, Rev. T. R. Kendall, Jr., pastor. Preaching at the usual hours, morning and evening, by the pastor. morning and evening, by the pastor.

St. Paul M. E. church, south, East Hunter street, Rev. S. H. Dimon, pastor. Sunday school 9:30 a. m. S. P. Marbut, J. V. Welborn and L. R. Mingr, superintendents. Preaching by the pastor II a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Epworth League prayer meeting 3:30 p. m., led by Mr. John Norvell. Prayer meeting Wednesday 7:30 p. m. Parsonage Aid Society meets Monday 3:30 p. m. at the residence of Mrs. Lula Baker. Mrs. Mai Minor, president.

Walker street M. E. church, junction Walker and Nelson streets, Rev. J. T. Gibson, D. D., pastor. Preaching II a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by pastor. Sabbath school 9:30 a. m. Dr. Gibson is anxious for the membership to be out at the morning service.

First Baptist church, corner Forsyth and Walton streets. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by Rev. W. W. Landrum. Sun-day school at 9:30 a. m., A. P. Stewart, su-perintendent.

perintendent.

Second Baptist church, corner Washington and Mitchell streets, Rev. Henry McDonald, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., A. C. Briscoe and A. E. Thornton, superintendents. Young men's prayer meeting every Monday night. Regular church prayer meeting every Wednesday night.

Wednesday evening.

Fifth Baptist church, corner Bell and Gilmer street, Rev. A. W. Bealer, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. F. A. Allen, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday 7:30 p. m. Baptist Young People's Union Tuesday night. Prayer and praise service Wednesday evening.

Jackson Hill Baptist church, corner Jackson Street and East avenue, Rev. A. A. Marshall, pastor. Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school 9:30 a. m., F. J. Cooledge, superintendent, Prayer meeting Wednesday 7:30 p. m. Young People's Union meets Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Central Baptist church, corner Walker and Stonewall street, Rev. R. L. Motley, pastor. Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday 1chool at 9:30 a. m. S. P. Moncrief, superintendent. Young People's Union 6:30 p. m. Ladies' Aid Society Monday 3 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening 7:30 p. m. Installation service of pastor Sunday evening at 3 p. m.

Mount Olive Baptist church, R. E. J. Fisher, pastor. Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:33 p. m. Sunday school 2:30 to 4:30 p. m. W. H. McGruder, superintendent.

North Atlanta Baptist church, Hemphill avenue and Emmett street. Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 3 p. m.

Seventh Baptist church, corner Bellwood avenue and Jackson street, Rev. J. M. Spinks, pastor. Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 9:30 o. m., R. W. Ben-nett, superintendent.

Presbyterian.

First Presbyterian church—Rev. E. H. Barnett, D.D., pastor. Divine services at I a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sunlay school at 9:30 a. m.; W. E. Newall, superintendent.

West End Presbyterian church, corner Gordon and Ashby streets—Rev. G. W. Bull, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school 9:30 a. m.; J. O. Chambers, superintendent; C. B. McGaughey, assistant, Young People's Society on Friday night.

Central Presbyterian church, Washington street—Rev. Theron H. Rice, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. by the pastor. Welcome service at 7:30 p. m. given by the churches of Atlanta to the pastor. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m. Services at 7:30 p. m. Sunday and Tuesday. Prayer meeting Wednesday night.

Wednesday night.

Fourth Presbyterian church—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday night. Young People's Society on Friday night.

Edgewood Presbyterian mission of Central Presbyterian church will meet at 3:30 p. m. at Inman Park. Services every Tuesday nigrht at 7:30 o'clock. Wallace (Fifth) Presbyterian church, West Fair street, opposite Walnut street— Rev. R. A. Bowman, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m.

Associate Reformed Presbyterian, corner Loyd and Garnett streets—Rev. H. B. Blakely, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Barnett church, corner Hampton and Marietta streets—Rev. J. B. H'llhouse, pas-tor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday 7 p. m.

Kirkwood Presbyterian church—Rev. R. O. Flinn, pastor. Services 11 a. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

Episcopalian. The cathedral, the very Rev. A. W. Knight, dean. Holy communion 7:30 a. m. and on first and third Sundays, 11:45 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon 11 a. m. Evoning prayer and sermon 4:30. Special advent sermon. Services daily at 7430 and 9 a. m. and 4:50 p. m. by Rev. T. N. Mc-Cormick. Sunday school 9:45 a. m.

St. Luke's church—The Rev. J. N. Mc-Cormick, rector. Holy communion 7:30 a. m., and on first Sunday at 11 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon 11 a. m. Evening prayer and sermon 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 9:45 p. m.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Plum street, near Corput—Holy communion 7:30 a. m. Sunday school 3 p. m., C. P. Wilcox, superintendent. Evening prayer and sermon 7:30 p. m. Choir practice Wednesday 7:30 p. m. Industrial school Saturday 10 a. m.

Chapel of the Holy Redeemer, Walker and Fair streets—The Rev. Allard Barnwell, priest in charge. Sunday school 3:30 p. m.,

A HOSPITAL

Mission of the Holy Innocents, North Atlanta-Walter E. Jervey, superintendent. Sunday school 4 p. m. Evening prayer and sermon 4:30 p. m. Industrial school Satur-day 3 p. m.

St. Paul's church, 241 Auburn avenue, near Fort street—Rev. W. A. Green, priest in charge. Holy communion 7:30 and 11 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon 11 a. m. Evening prayer and sermon 8 p. m. Sunday 3 p. m.

day 3 p. m.

Church of the Incarnation, West End, Lee street, near Gordon avenue—Rev. Wyllys Rede, D. D., rector. Third Sunday in Advent. Morning service and sermon at 11. Evening service and sermon at 7:30. The rector will preach at both services.

Congregational Congregational.

Central Congregational, West Ellis street, near Peachtree—Rev. R. V. Atkisson, pastor. Subject, "The Fiery Test." No evening services, as the pastor takes part in extending welcome to Rev. Mr. Rice at Central Presbyterian church. Sunday school 9:30 a. m.; Watson Fuller, superintendent. Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Ladies' Union Tuesday 3:30 p. m. Frayer meeting Wednesday at 7:45 p. m.

First Christian church, West End, mission chapel, on Ashby street, near Gordon-Rev. E. A. Seddon, pastor. Preaching II a. m. Sunday school 10 a. m. and 4 p.m.; J. L. Logue, superintendent. First Christian church, opposite courthouse, on East Hunter street—Dr. C. P. Williamson, pastor. Regular services will be held today. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school 9:30 a. m.; W. S. Bell, superintendent. Christian Endeavor meets Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

First English Lutheran.

Adventist. Services at the Seventh Day Adventist church, at 507 East Fair street, every Sat-urday at 10:45 a.m. Sundays and Wednes-days at 7 p. m.

Church of Our Father, Church and Forsyth streets—Rev. W. S. Vail, the pastor, will preach in the morning and lecture in the evening. Evening subject, "The Good We Find in Unexpected Places," illustrated from Charles Dickens, Morning service 11 a. m. Evening service 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m. Ladies meet with Mrs. Lederle, 159 Forrest avenue, Tuesday at 3 p. m.

Lutheran. St. John's German Lutheran church—Rev. F. H. Meuschke, pastor. Services 11 a. m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Christian Science. Christian Science—Services at 10:45 a. m. at the Grand building.

The Society of Spiritual Science will hold its regular Sunday service in the Knights of Pythias hall, corner Forsyth and Ala-bama streets, at 7:30 p. m.

Spiritualist.

Universalist. Universalist church—Services in Phillips & Crew's music hall, 37 Peachtree street. William Henry McGlaufin, D. D., pastor. Morning: 9:30, Sunday school; 11, public worship. Sermon "The Christian Life." Evening: 6:30, young people's meeting. Topic, "Helping Our Home Church." Leader Mrs. McCuthceon. 7:30, sermon.

Colored.

The First Congregational church.—Rev. H. H. Proctor, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Professor W. B. Matthews, superintendent. Preaching at 11 a. m. by the pastor. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor ot 6:30. Services under auspicies Young Men's League of this church.

St. Paul's African Methodist Episcopal church, corner Humphries and Wells streets—Rev. D. K. Knight, pastor. Big Bethel African Methodist Episcopal church, Auburn avenue and Butler streets— Rev. Dr. W. G. Alexander, pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 3 p. m.

Friendship Baptist church, corner Mitchell and Haynes streets—Rev. A. J. Cobb, A.B., pastor. Sunday school 9 a. m. Gate City Street Methodist Episcopal church—Services at 11 a. m. and 3 and 7:30

The disagreeable symptoms of catarrh, the tortures of dyspepsia and sick head-ache, the sufferings of scrofula, the agonizing itch and pain of sait rheum, are removed by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Delicacies and Where To Get Them.

Be careful in the preparation of a man's meal and you have him conquered, for if there is one thing that will put an irritable man in a good humor is to set before him an appetizing, well prepared meal. Of course, the meats are the most important dish you have, and too much care cannot be taken in the selection of them. Especially is this so in the case of buying oysters, fish and fowl.

It is a great relief to all housewives to know where they can buy and depend on getting what they order. Dapson's market, 128 Whitehall street, is just such a place. You can depend upon them, and when you do order you know that you will get the best the market affords. Baltimore, Norfolk and Mobile plants, pompano, Spanish mackerel, shad and all kinds of fresh and salt water fish. You can select no better place to leave your order than with Walter beauthern beautiful oral and other statum. Delicacies and Where To Get Them.

Counterfeiting Exposed by Geo. Dice The King of Counterfeiters, George Dice, who attracted so much attention in the south and west by passing half a million of bogus money, has written a book called "Counterfeiting Exposed. The book can be had by writing J. H. Lander, Stock Yards, Chicago, Ill. Price 50c.

Going West? For first-class emigrant and excurates write Fred D. Bush, district pas ger agent Louisville and Nashville road, 35½ Wall street, Atlanta.

PERSONAL C. J. Daniel, Handsome stock new wall paper. Beautiful designs; blended friezes, low prices. Send for samples.

Important Change of Schedule.

Central of Georgia railway announces important changes of schedule effective December 13th, as follows: Train No. 12 for Macon and Albany will leave Atlanta 4:05 p. m., instead of 4:10 p. m., as heretofore, arrive at Macon 7:20 p. m. Train No. 1 from Savannah and Macon will arrive 7:20 p. m. instead of 8:05 p. m., as heretofore. No change in other trains. Ticket office 15 Wall street, Kimball house, deci3-5t

Grip Here Again.

Dread Baccilli Which Came from Rus-

If You Have a Stubborn Cough and Sere Throat, You Are a Victim.

EPIDEMIC CHECKED BY "77."

Grip is here again, but it is here in a mucq milder form than it was in 1889 and 1890, when it counted its dead by the thousands on both sides of the Atlantic.

both sides of the Atlantic.

The malady has been prevalent for perhaps a month, but it is only within the last few days that it has been recognized as our dread visitor from Russia, who came in December, 1889. At first the doctors passed the cases off as colds, but they have found them so stubborn and unyielding to treatment that they now are taking the more serious view.

LIKE A COLD, ONLY STUBBORN. The symptoms as described by physicians in all parts of the city are first a slight fever with chills, followed by a catarrhal condition of the head, descending to the throat and even to the larynx and bronchial tubes. In most cases there is a most distressing and stubborn cough. The severer cases run for weeks unless checked by the way of Dr. Hymphens See these last of the severer cases. checked by the use of Dr. Humphreys' Spe

cific "77."

"77" meets the epidemic condition and is the cure for all its manifestations. Taken early, cuts it short promptly.

"77" breaks up a cold that hangs on. A small bottle of pleasant pellets—fit your vest pocket; sold by druggists or sen on receipt of 25c; or five for al. Humphreys Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Sts. New York.

OPIUM OR MORPHINE HABIT
DR. S. B. COLLINS. PAINLESS OPIUM ANTIDOTE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE REMEDY,
Discovered in 1868. "THERIAK!" Book Free.
Office 312, 78 Monroe Street, CHICAGO, ILL.
P. O. Drawer 653. Winter

Footwear.

- Special Sale This Week.

Men's \$6 Calf, Lined, Cork Sole Shoes, Men's \$6 heavy enamel Shoes reduced to \$4.08.Complete stock of Ladies' Winter Shoes and Slippers.

# M'KELDIN & CARLTON

23 Whitehall Street.

Order from A. FUGAZZI & CO.,

AND ALL FRUITS IN SEASON.

No. 2 N. BROAD ST., ATLANTA, GA. CHRISTMAS ORANGES, BANANAS, APPLES, NUTS

"Got There."

Warranted to cure. The unique remedy of the age for the certain, quick and permanent cure of Gonorrhæa and Gleet. If used in time it is a preventive. Dollar size bottle, 75c. If your druggist does not keep it, call for "Get There, Eli," or it will be sent by mail by.

HAMMAGK, LUCAS & GO., Pharmacists, Beachtree and Marietta Streets Norcross Building.

# EISEMAN BROS

Our regular and original prices are always from 20 to 33 per cent. under round-town competition. There's no getting away from the fact that we are manufacturers, and in a position to undersell dealers who have to pay a profit to the makers. THAT PROFIT WE ALWAYS SAVE YOU.

We Now Offer an Additional Discount of 25 Per Cent. on Men's and Boys' Suits, Overcoats

# MEN'S FINE WINTER SUITS.

and Underwear.

The sorts that the Young Fellows and the Old Fellows enthuse over. Stylish in Phillips and elegant in every way. We defy the professional clothing expert to sustain a single adverse criticism. Examine the material, the lining finish, the workmanship, the colors, the patterns, and look at the fit. Each one represents the highest tailoring skill and art.

A CUT OF 25 PER CENT.

Men's \$10.00 Suits are now...... \$ 7.50 Men's \$12.00 Suits are now.....\$ 9.00 Men's \$15.00 Suits are now...... \$11.50 Men's \$22.50 Suits are now .....

MEN'S FINE OVERCOATS.

There's our best and everybody else's best; a comparison between them would be convincing, for in the finest the difference is clearest. The fact is—no matter price—the same cut and fit give our Overcoats rich st fashionableness. We know how to put in style without adding to the c st. Meltons, Kerseys, Beavers, Friezes and lighter weights in Covert Cloth and Worsteds.

# A CUT OF 25 PER CENT.

Men's \$10.00 Overcoats are now...... \$7.50 Men's \$25.00 Overcoats are now...... \$18.75 Men's \$12.00 Overcoats are now ...... \$9.00 Men's \$30.00 Overcoats are now...... \$22.50 Men's \$15.00 Overcoats are now...... \$11.50 Men's \$18.00 Overcoats are now.......\$13.50 Men's \$35.00 Overcoats are now..... CHILDREN'S SUITS AND OVERCOATS.

# High Prices used to be the dismal bugaboo that haunted parents when they had to Suit or Overcoat the boy. We've changed all that. Snap prices keep this branch of our business on the hustle. The Clothes you buy of us today will be well thought of twelve months hence. ..... .....

A CUT OF 25 PER CENT. Boys' \$3.00 Suits and Overcoats are now.......\$2.25
Boys' \$4.00 Suits and Overcoats are now.......\$3.00
Boys' \$5.00 Suits and Overcoats are now......\$3.75
Boys' \$5.00 Suits and Overcoats are now......\$3.75

SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS.

Men's Smoking Jackets, Bath Robes, Neckwear, Umbrellas, Canes, Hats, Half Hose and Handkerchiefs. Many other things appropriate for Christmas

See our Tuxedo Coats and Full Dress Suits.

...EISEMAN BROS...

15-17 Whitehall St. Our Only Store in Atlanta-15-17 Whitehall St.

West Affanta Primitive Baptist church, on Kennedy street. Preaching 11 a. m. on the second and fourth Sundays. Take Chattahoochee river car line.

Merritts Avenue church, P. A. Heard pastor. Services 11 a. m. by the pastor; 7:30 by Rev. W. F. Cook. Sunday school 9:30 a. m., E. H. Frazer superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday 7:30 p. m. Epworth League meets Sunday 7:15 p. m.

"Cakland City." Preaching in the after-roon at 4 o'clock. Sunday school and song service 3 p. m., W. H. Holcomb superin-tendent. Bible reading and prayer meeting every Wednesday 7:30 p. m.

Edgewood Methodist church, Rev. H. J. Ellis pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m., Asa G. Candler superintendent.

Nellie Dodd Memorial and Washington Heights, Rev. F. S. Hudson pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 3 p. m.; A. J. Mayfield superintendent.

East Fair mission, J. S. Goodwin pastor, Sunday school 3 p. m. Preaching 7 p. m. Young People's Union Tuesday 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Frida 7:30 p. m.

DR.HATHAWAY & CO.,

Is more qualified to cure your private allments of the blood and skin than one who hasn't had that kind of training. Dr. Hathaway & Co. have been long in hospital practice and have kept pace with the modern treatment of all delicate diseases of the blood and skin. They will positively cure you without loss of time from your work.

Go to them at once and end your agony, whether it be a blood or skin disease, nervous weakness, stricture, bladder or kidney trouble, whether it be rheumatism, catarrh or private diseases of imen or women you can be cured.

vate diseases of men or women you can be cured.
YOUNG AND MIDDLE-AGED MANKIND—Remarkable results have followed our treatment. Years of varied and successful experience in the use of curative methods that we alone own and control for all disorders of mankind lead us to guarantee a cure to all patients.

REMEMBER—That there is hope for you. Consult no other, as you may waste valuable time. Obtain our treatment at once.

LADIES—Who are suffering from diseases peculiar to your sex should certainly try our new method of treatment, which surpasses the old methods. Try our treatment and you will be satisfied.

BLOOD POISON—This terrible disease is treated by us with the latest methods and our experience at Hot Springs and eastern hospitals enables us to entirely eradicate this terrible poison from the system. The most rapid, safe and effective remedy. A complete cure guaranteed.

Mail treatment given by sending for Symptom Blank—No. 1 for Men, No. 2 for Women, No. 3 for Skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh.

All correspondence answered promptly. Business strictly confidential. Medicine sent free from observation to all parts of the country. Address or call on

22½ South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga. Rooms 34 and 35, Inman Building. Office hours—9 to 12, 2 to 6, 7 to 8; Sundays, 10 to 1 o'clock.

# PARDONS ARE **ASKED BY HOUSE**

**Body Officially Requests Governor** To Release Hill and Beresford.

**COMMITTEE REPORT ADOPTED** 

Hall, of Coweta, Submits Penitentiary Committee's Recommendation.

ADOPTED WITHOUT A DISSENTING VOICE

Beresford and Hill Now Have One Branch of Legislature in Their Support for the Clemency They Have So Long Sought

The house of representatives of Georgia has officially requested Governor Atkinson to unconditionally pardon Harry Hill and

The action was taken yesterday morning and by a unanimous vote of the body the house adopted a report requesting the governor to extend executive clemency. This is the latest effort in behalf of the two noted convicts and it is regarded as the deciding points in their favor.

The matter came up in the house a few minutes after the session opened yesterday morning, on a report from the penitentiary committee.

Mr. Hewlett A. Hall, chairman of that committee, submitted a report recommending that the convicts be pardoned and without a dissenting voice that portion of the report was taken up and adopted by the

The report of the penitentlary committee in which the recommendation that the governor be requested to pardon Hill and Beresford is made, is as follows:

The Committee's Report. "Mr. Speaker: Your comm ttee on penitentiary have had under consideration the

following bills which they report back with recommendation that the same do pass, "A bill to place county chain gangs un-

der the supervision of the penitentiary department. "Also a bill to create the office of commissioner of pardons.

"Your committee has also had under consideration the recommendations made to it by sub-committees, asking that Harry Hill and Sidney Lascelles, alias Lord Beresford, be pardoned, which recommendation your committee unanimously adopted, and by resolution passed, respectfully request that the above named convicts be unconditionally pardoned by the governor. Respectfully submitted, H. A. HALL, "Chairman."

The report of the committee was taken up and acted on and on motion of Mr. Hall the report was unanimously adopted as the

MR. CHANDLER HAS

A LAST WORD. Editor Constitution-When I wrote for The Constitution of November 30th some reflections on the football situation in the south I wish it understood that I was actuated by no spirit of unkindness toward the University of Georgia, and, in paying this pet institution of Georgia a well deserved compliment on her athletic progress by saying she has "the best football team south of Virginia," I was guilty of no hypocrisy. I am a Georgian myself, and along with Mr. Calvin and Dr. Herty, I take no little pride in the high station the University of Georgia now meritoriously enjoys in the college athletic world. No enjoys in the college athletic world. No one who witnessed the two games she played in Atlanta this fall could fail to admire and applaud the skill and grit she exhibited on the gridiron, showing herself in each contest the master of her antagoin each contest the master of her antagonist. Especially is this a source of pleasure and satisfaction to him who knows, as Messrs. Calvin and Herty point out, that the results she has achieved have been accomplished the exceedingly poor and scanty athletic equipment. Nor was it my intention or desire to get into a war of words over the two propositions my article presented. I supposed they would be accepted without challenge. But inasmuch as Mr. Calvin and Dr. Herty have seen fit to differ from me with respect to some as Mr. Calvin and Dr. Herty have seen fit to differ from me with respect to some of the views I have taken as plaintiff in the case, I selze my right to close the discussion, having reference principally to the article of Dr. Herty in The Constitution of the 7th instant, as that article is now be-fore me and as both Mr. Calvin and Dr. Herty touch up my communication in very much the same manner. Dr. Herty says: "In the first place, then, I would say that the University of Georgia makes no claim to the championship of the

makes no claim to the championship of the south." I suppose the official organ of the University of Georgia and the adherents of the Georgia team in general will admit what Dr. Herty has to say on the subject. This statement by Dr. Herty admits unequivocally my first contention, namely, that the University of Georgia is not the champion of the south, and completes the principal object for which I were the content of the south of t object for which I wrote. as stated in the preface of my arti-to remove from the minds of the gen-public the false impression which I sure had been created in Georgia by felt sure had been created in Georgia by the character of the advertisement of the Georgia-Auburn game, the placards stat-ing it was "for the championship of the south." This, I think, is clear. The learned ctor and myself are not so far apart afdoctor and myself are not so far apart ar-ter all. We are, by his own admission, a unit on the main proposition.

The second proposition I laid down was

that "strictly speaking, I do not know that there is any such thing as any team's being champion of the south," and that "so far as there is any such title in existence, the University of Virginia holds it."

Now let us look for a moment into this imputation of ignorance on my part by Mr. Calvin and Dr. Herty to the contrary notwithstanding. I inform these gentlemen that I knew of the short-lived existence some five years ago of an association between the southern colleges, comprising most of the colleges foremost in athletics for the purpose, among others, of playing strictly speaking, I do not know that

annually championship games. And if my memory serves me correctly, Mr. J. Breckinridge Robertson, of the University of Virginia, was its first president. And when I said that "there is as yet no intercollegiate arrangement by which the confessedly best teams in the south meet each other every year," etc., I was aware also that there is at present an association of some of the southern colleges, but, as Dr. Herty and Mr. Calvin must know, this association does not comprise all the confessedly best athletic colleges, the University of Virginia and several colleges in addition of great merit and reputation for sity of Virginia and several colleges in addition of great merit and reputation for athletic prowess, not being included. And when I said "the best teams," of course I meant all the best teams. So that my observation along this line was not due to so great ignorance after all. The question of the feasibility of having such an association as I depicted I did not discuss, believing as I did, and do, that the time is hardly yet ripe for it. Yet I think, on account of greatly increased interest in athletics throughout the south, such an idea is much more practical now than it

idea is much more practical now than it was five years ago, when a somewhat similar association was formed. But all this diversion as to an association is unnecessary, so far as it bears on the first part of my second proposition, Dr. Herty not claiming the championship for Georgia. Now, if Georgia has not the coveted title and Virginia can't claim it, there is none, for these two teams lead this year. And if, as Dr. Herty maintains, the question as to which of these two teams should have

the technical title must remain undecided for this year at least, as the teams have not met, I may agree with him with per-fect consistency. In fact, this was practically my argument in the communication. But the portion of my article which seemed to cut deepest was the assertion that the University of Virginia team is easily the est team in the south this year. the gentlemen would ridicule the way I selected to prove it. In presenting this point Dr. Herty cites the Georgia-Sewanee

point Dr. Herty cites the Georgia-Sewanes and Auburn-Sewanee games to establish the fallacy of my statement that "football scores can be relied upon as a fair criterion in determining the respective merits and strength of two teams," and rests his case here with evident sat.sfaction that what the terms my "mathematical calculation" is worthless. But the very case he cites strengthens my cause. The scores were: Georgia, 24; Sewanee, 0; Auburn, 38; Sewanee, 8. I object to Dr. Herty's concluding for me from these scores that they arkue the relative strength of Georgia and Auburn to be, Auburn, 8; Georgia, 0.

As to the whys and wherefores of Virginia's not being in the association referred to by Dr. Herty and which Dr. Herty digresses to discuss, I have no information other than what that gentleman furnishes, and I do not purpose craticising his references to this matter. It was foreign to my original purpose and to the scope of my article, and I shall not discuss the attitude of either the University of Virginia or the University of Georgia toward athletics in the past, just as I have not been so uncharitable and evasive here as to interject into this, my final communication, extrinsic matter which in no way sheds light upon the controversy as inaugurated.

And now I b'd adieu to the foot ball arena for '96 and godspeed to old Georgia in her onward strides to athletic progress.

ALGERNON B. CHANDLER. and Auburn-Sewanee games to establish

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Concerning the Public Schools. Editor Constitution: My attention has been called to an article headed, "Mrs. Felton on the School Fund," which ap-peared in a recent issue of your paper. It is a pleasing article so far as words are concerned, but I really fear the Georgia teachers will be unable to recognize themselves in the role of "office holders" who receive the benefit of this enormous school 'und." Truly, the author has found some-

thing new under the sun. Following, she affirms that this modren education in common schools is a "Cheap John" sort. I have been unable reconarie these conflicting statements, but will

cile these conflicting statements, but will accept the latter as, in some instances, a fair criticism. However, it has become a maxim in educational circles that Georgia gets as good teachers as the pittance they receive merits.

Now, let us look at the facts in the case to see what becomes of this "enormous school fund," which is poured into the coffers of "eight thousand teachers, who stand walting and craving to get a pull on the state treasury."

Go with me, if you please, to the rural districts, and I will show you straight up and down schoolhouses, with shutterless apertures as a means of ventilation, where all day long eager children drink in roughapertures as a means of ventilation, where all day long eager children drink in rough-dried knowledge, it may be, but neverthe-less it forms a foundation for broader cult-ure, when Georgia provides for them teach-ers who will not work for \$15 per month. Shade of Peabody! has it come to pass that \$15 per month is considered "fat pay" for

the tireless workers who grade and smooth and pave each day the rough road to and pave each day the rough road to knowledge?

The writer is in error when she asserts that teachers are paid who have no pupils to teach. On the contrary, the law requires that an accurate account be kept of the number of days attended by each pupil, and the teachers paid accordingly.

Mrs. Felton would recommend the abolishment of the system on the plea that "it is not the common people who receive the benefit of this enormous school fund." This statement can be easily undermined by reference to statistics in the office of state school commissioner. However, if it were correct and established as a precedent it would be necessary to withdraw the appropriations from other worthy institutions, which, possibly, Mrs. Felton inadvertently omitted.

She has apparently overlooked the impor-

omitted.
She has apparently overlooked the important fact that the school fund is in a very small measure wrong from the defenseless taxpayer, wrestling with the problem of making both ends meet. It is derived largely from the liquor tax, rental of the state road, show tax, etc.

It is a deplorable fact that our public school system is yet an infant of stunted growth, dwarfed on account of the refusal of its parent, the state, to provide sufficient nourishment. of its parent, the state, to provide substantial nourishment.

All Georgia should be grateful to the present legislature for taking a step forward toward upiliting the educational interests of our great commonwealth.

MAMIE L. PITTS.

Vice President Georgia State Teachers, Association.

sociation. Atlanta, Ga., December 12, 1896.

From Randolph's Clerk.

Editor Constitution—In your issue of De-rember 5. 1896, we notice the following com-munication, headed, "May Never Get a Courthouse—Randolph County Will Have Courthouse—Randolph County Will Have No Temple of Justice Without State Help": "Opelika, Ala., December 4.—(Special.)—The courthouse at Wedowee, in Randolph county, north of here, was robbed and then burned by incendiaries Monday night. The county is therefore left in a very peculiar condition. It has no money to build a new temple of justice and were it to issue bonds they could not be sold on account of the poor financial condition of the county. Unless the legislature helps them there is no prospect of the people having a new courthouse. The building burned contained all the court records for fifty years. The courthouse was built in 1857 at a cost of about \$15,000 and was a handsome building."

The foregoing communication is calculated to do the county a very great injustice. The statements were made certainly by some one who knows nothing of the county.

They must have been made by some one not freindly toward the county. On December 1, 1896, about 1 o'clock a. m. the courthouse of this county was burned, together with the records therein (probably the work of an incendiary), but the safe in the probate office was not robbed; all moneys were saved. saved.

Now as to the financial condition of the

Now as to the financial condition of the county, we regard it as one among the best in the state. This county has in the last three years expended about \$10,000 on public improvement, viz, jail and iron bridge, which will be paid out of the tax now being collected with the exception of the last payment on jail of about \$17,000, which is not due until 1898. The only outstanding liabilities against the county after the present tax has been disbursed are 2 cents on the \$100 taxable property to pay an old railroad adjustment and the \$17,000 referred to above due in 1898. There have already been propositions made by citizens of this county to take all the bonds that the county may see fit to issue to the amount of \$20,000 or more if necessary for the erection of a first-class courthouse, and Randolph county will have a first-class "temple of justice" in a very short time.

J. D. WEATHERS, Clerk Probate Court, Randolph County, Alabama.

Alabama. Wedowee, Ala., December 9, 1896.

Herchants' Bank Wants Authority To Superintendent Williams Predicts Make Its First Payment.

Judge Lumpkin Will Probably Grant the Authority Monday.

RECEIVERS' CERTIFICATES WILL BE ISSUED

Provided the Order of Court Is Granted, the First Payment Will Be Made Tuesday.

Application was made yesterday before Judge Lumpkin, of the superior court, by the receivers of the Merchants' bank, for authority to make a payment of 30 per cent of its indebtedness to its depositors, and the privilege of issuing receivers' certificates for the remainder. The application was made in open court yesterlay morn ing, but Judge Lumpkin did not grant the order at the time, but took the matter un-

der advisement. Judge Lumpkin will probably sign the orler as asked for early Monday morning and the first payment to be made by the Merchants' bank will be made Tuesday. Since the receivers made the arrangement

to pay the indebtedness of the tank s slight change has been made, enabling payment of 30 per cent instead of 20 per cent, as was as first proposed. Provided the authority is granted, the receivers will make this payment in cash Tuesday, and will issue receivers' certificates for the remaining payments, bearing 4 per cent in-terest from the date the doors of the bank were closed until the certificates are paid.
The next payment, which has been placed at 20 per cent, will be only 10 per cent, as the first payment has been increased just one-half more than was at first expected. After the second payment is made the fol-

lowing payments will be made as stated at the time the arrangement was perfected. "We made application today in the supe-rior court," said Mr. J. G. Oglesby, one of the receivers of the bank, "for the author ity to make the first cash payment to the depositors of the Merchants' bank, and also for the authority to issue receivers' certificates, as has been our intention since we decided to liquidate the indebtedness of the bank in this manner. We have been more successful in our plan than we at firs thought we would be, and the first payment will be 30 per cent instead of 20 per cent, as has been stated.

"The receivers' certificates which we propose to issue will cover the remaining pay ments and will bear interest at the rate o per cent from the day the bank suspend ntil the certificates are paid. As soon as ment will be made and we will cash the claims of the depositors in that proportion

When the application for the order wa presented to Judge Lumpkin yesterday morning he was very busy and asked that time be granted him to look through the petition when he had more time to devote to the matter. He will doubtless hand down his order to this effect Monday morn ment will be made Tuesday.

# A Free Gift

THE GREATEST BOTANICAL DIS COVERY OF THE CENTURY.

Merit Supported by Indisputable Proc Justifies Us in Making This Generous Offer.

#### PERUVIANA.

Absolutely essential in the successful tree iment of Kidney, Liver, Bladder and Urinary Ailments, Bright's Disease, Rheu-matism, Gravel, Gout, Female Irregularities and all diseases caused by neglected Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Ailments.

ties and all diseases caused by neglected Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Ailments.

WHAT IS IT.—Its Ingredients are Peruvian herbs, (herbal remedies are Nature's remedies) whose virtues first became known to that distinguished explorer and traveler, Frofessor E. D. Mansfield, on a tour of investigation in the mountains of Peru, hence its name, Peruviana,

It has cured case after case of ten to thirty years standing, that has been given up by doctors as hopeless. This wonderful specific is founded on nature and supported by common sense.

DR. DIO LEWIS, an acknowledged authority said: "Nineteen diseases out of twenty originated from diseased kidneys." And those who have made pathology a study will agree with the eminent physician in the opinion that where the kidneys are mactive and sluggish or fail to perform their functions, the whole system becomes enervated and the body diseased.
PEBRUYIANA has proven itself to be a true specific for all diseases, the origin of which can be traced either directly or indirectly to the deranged action of the kidney and urinary organs.

The HON. WALTER CLEARY, of Kentucky, writes:
"It gives me unbounded pleasure, unsolicited, to say to you that your great Peruviana is undoubtedly the best kidney medicine the present century has ever seen. I can truthfully say that after months of suffering three bottles of your wonderful medicine entirely cured me.

SIDNEY HIGGINS, of Liberty, Wis., a premisent justice of the peace, describes his sufferings as though knives were beling him, and he asks for pamphlets that he may scatter the news.

MRS. MARCIA MORSE, Columbus, O., writes:

scatter the news.
MRS. MARCIA MORSE, Columbus, O., writes:
"May God bless you! I feel very grateful to you for the good the medicine has

to you for the good the medicine has done me"

MR. J. W. KING, a prominent farmer at Danville, Ill., writes that it cured him of Bright's disease which two doctors pronounced incurable. Mrs. Serene Standley, of Shelburn, Ind., writes that she had tried many doctors and remedies and was about to give up in despair when induced to try Peruviana, which promptly cured her. Mrs. S. W. Butler, Belle, Tenn.; Miss Alice Ramsey, Glanlock, Tenn., and many other ladies join in testifying to the wonderful restorative and curative effects in all forms of kidney and kindred ailments and all other serious troubles peculiar to women. Write to us for this free gift. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO TRY IT.

PERUVIANA HERBAL REMEDY CO., No. 222 East Fifth St. Cincinnati, O.

### Christmas Holiday Rates.

Christmas Holiday Rates.

The Central of Georgia railway will sell Christmas holiday excursion tickets to all points within a radius of 300 miles at rate of 4 cents per mile one way for the round trip. Tickets will be sold December 22d, 23d, 24th, 25th, also December 30th and 31st, 1896. Tickets will be sold to students, upon presentation of certificates signed by the superintendent, principal or president of the schools and colleges on December 36th to 25th, 1396, inclusive, limited for return to January 4, 1897. Ticket office 16 Wall street and Union depot.

#### NICE AND APPROPRIATE.

One of the nicest Christmas gifts that can possibly be given to mother, wife or sister is a light-runring, new, No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine. It is one of the most acceptable presents, and would gladden and adorn any home, mansion or cottage. The Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine is the equal of any in all respects, and is far superior in some respects to arry other sewing machine in the world. Examine its merits; it will pay you, Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Co., 71 Whitehall street, Atlanta.

# TO PAY 30 PER CENT | FORECAST OF CENSUS

Population of 83,700.

APPLIES FOR A COURT ORDER MAKES CAREFUL CALCULATION

Analyzes Figures Now In and Tells What More He Expects.

LAST DIRECTORY CONTAINS 114,000 NAMES

No Suburban Residents Can Be

son for the Difference Is That

Counted in the Census. MF. James Williams, who has charge of the work of taking Atlanta's special census, has made a careful study of the coun o far completed, with a view of forecasting

the city's total population for the benefit of the readers of The Constitution. Mr. Williams has been in city directory buisiness for many years and has made directories for Louisville, Indianapolis, Nashville, Memphis, Little Rock, Chattanooga

Birmingham, Augusta, Montgomery, Ma-con, Dayton, O., and Columbus, O. His forecast will, therefore, be of interest, as his experience makes him better qualified to estimate the population of Atlanta than any other man in the city. Forecast Places Population at 83,700. He bases his calculation upon a careful study of the figures already obtained in the several wards and the amount of territory

vet to be canvassed. Roughly speaking, the vote in the several wards up to date is as follows: 

Total already collected.. .. .. .. .. 64,500 The superintendent of the census has the city, which contains almost every house in Atlanta. From that map and the statistics he has in his possession at his office he estimates that the following additional

names will be collected besides those stated in above table: First ward.. .. .. .. .. .. Second ward. 4,000
Third ward. 100
Fourth ward. 100 

Clark university, the Atlanta university and other negro colleges, which have not yet been tabulated. This brings the amount as follows:

It is believed by Mr. Williams that this

is an accurate forecast of the city's population, calculated in round numbers. This number will be much smaller than the population of Atlanta as recorded in the city directory. On the directory basis there were in Atlanta tast year 114,000 peo-

The city census to comply with the laws of the United States government which regulates the matter must not include any residences in the suburbs of the city which are not properly in the corporate

There are many citizens who make up Atlanta's business population who spend every day of their lives in Atlanta, but they cannot be included in the census because their homes are not in the city

limits. Superintendent Williams is working industriously to collect every name that should properly belong in the directory, but he is meeting with some difficulties which might be remedied if all of the citizens would take an active interest in the census and would send their names to Mr. Williams's office, No. 66 Marietta street, promerator.

Mr. Williams is very anxious that the census should be absolutely correct, but he cannot see that every enumerator does his work faithfully and he is afraid that some names may be left out which deserve to be included.

Some complaints have come in from the wards said to be complete that the enu-merators have not called. Any of these complainants who will report the matter to Mayor King or to Superintendent Williams will find a remedy.

#### ORANGES AND ORANGES.

Six Hundred Boxes Ready for Delivery and More Coming.

McCullough Bros. have today received two cars of the finest oranges that ever left Florida, and all parties wishing to purchase sweet, sound fruit will find them supplied until Christmas, as they have in transit several more cars of the same rive several cars of fancy apples, and are well supplied with auts and fruits of all kinds that are usually wanted for the holiday trade. So, now is the time for all fruit. They also have in stock and to arholiday trade. So, now is the time for all handlers of this class of goods to supply their wants, by calling on or sending their orders direct to McCullough Bros., No. 10 North Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

#### MERIT AND MYSTERY.

Intrinsic Value and a Chance for at Least \$100 for 5 Cents.

Least \$100 for 5 Cents.

Mr. Richard Respess has adopted a very novel method of bringing to the attention of the public the gum manufactured by the Respess chewing Gum Co., and the success that has awarded his efforts is wonderful. The gum itself is a meritorious article, but its method of introduction is a winner. The gum, which sells for 5 cents, is made up in the usual size packages, neatly encased in a wrapper, printed in two colors, inside of which is either a blank or an amount of money ranging from 10 cents to \$100. This company already has ten salesmen on the road, whose sales in their first week have been large enough to encourage the Respess Chewing Gum Co. to guarantee in their first delivery \$60 in cash prizes. That they have fulfilled the promises they made is evidenced by the fact that many people, some prominently known in Atlanta, have been the lucky ones. The active manager of title company is Mr. Richard Respess, the advertising manager of Jacobs' pharmacy.

The Home Study of Optics. Our "Correspondence course" has reloped into such a finished system of tical instruction that we have a right be proud of it, and proud of the suce of our graduates. Our diploma insu thorough qualification as a scientific of

# FREE TO EVERY MAN.

THE METHOD OF A GREAT TREAT-

Which Cured Him After Everything Else Failed.

Painful diseases are bad enough, but when a man is slowly wasting away with nervous weakness, the mental forebodings are ten times worse than the most severe pain. There is no let up to the mental suffering day or night. Sleep is almost impossible and under such a strain men are scarcely responsible for what they do. For years the writer rolled and tossed on the troubled sea of sexual weakness until it was a question whether he had not better take a dose of poison and thus end all his troubles. But providential inspiration came to his aid in the shape of a combination of medicines that not only completely restored the general health, but enlarged his weak, emaciated parts to natural size and vigor, and he now declares that any man who will take the trouble to send his name and address may have the method of this wonderful treatment free. Now when I say free I mean absolutely without cost, because I want every weakened man to get the benefit of my experience.

I am not a philanthropist, nor do I pose as an enthusiast, but there are thousands of men suffering the mental tortures of weakened manhood who would be cured at once could they but get such a resmedy as the one that cured me. Do not try to study out how I can afford to pay the few postage stamps necessary to mail the information, but send for it, and learn that there are a few things on earth that although they cost nothing to get they are worth a fortune to some men and mean a lifetime of Write to Thomas Slater, Box 135, Kalamazoo. Mich., and the information will be mailed in a plain sealed envelope.

Write for the illustrated holiday novelty each of sterling sliver issued by Maier

Write for the illustrated holiday novelty catalogue of sterling silver issued by Maier & Berkele, the jowelers. nov. 22-sun.

SLEEP RESTORER

Sure oure for loss of sleep. (No stomach drugging). It is applied externally to the body. (No optates). Guaranteed harmless. Sent on receipt of \$1. Address Dr. Gale, Macon, Ga. Offices—1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Lowe building, 694 Whitehall. Telephone 530.

WE HAVE TOO MANY Overcoats and We Propose to Sell Them



There's no need of shivering these cold days, fostering neuralgia and rheumatism when new, fresh, up-to-date Overcoats can be had at prices now given here. If you are looking for the "Simon Pure" real thing bargain, don't fail to try here. Our offerings are of such an extraordinary character. It's the biggest bargain session ever held.

Clothing Men's and Boys' Outfitters. 38 Whitehall

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

FREE 209 PAGE BOOK sexes. How to become well and strong. No expense Dr. H. W. LOBB,329 N.15th St. Phila. Ph

DEAFNESS & HEAD NOISES CURED.

THE BOOK OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

# Elegancies for Christmas.

Novelties in Silk Suspenders with sterling silver buckles and decorations, exquisite creations in Neckwear, handsome Umbrellas and Canes, Handkerchiefs--and DunlapHats. Hat your friend on Christmas day. There's grace in such a gift. See our Dress Gloves, Dress Shirts and the like

The public is thoroughly familiar with the conditions that made this sacrifice of fashionable Clothing imperative. The withdrawal of Schloss Bros. & Co. from our firm, the necessity of raising \$25,000 cash to pay them for their interest in the business, and other contingencies, make our present immense price reductions necessary . . .

# Clothing at Wholesale Rates

Men's Fashionable Suits.

All Our \$10 \$7.33 Suits Reduced to All Our \$12 Suits Reduced to All Our \$15 Suits Reduced to \$11.37 Suits Reduced to \$13.88 All Our \$18

Men's Fine Overcoats.

All Our \$12 Coats Reduced to Coats Reduced to \$12.98

All Our \$18 Coats Reduced to \$13.98

All Our \$20 Coats Reduced to \$14.98

All Our \$25 Coats Reduced to \$19.98

We had to be peak your patience a little in selling Boys' Clothes Saturday. It's a sort of week's market day, and the crowd presses hardest where the things are best. We've got such a name for Boys' Clothes that are stylish and almost untearable that there's hardly enough room. 

Ghildren's Suits and Goats.

Cent . Discount Di

All Our \$20

There's no sham about this offering. The original prices are marked in plain figures. Make the calculation yourself. No trick . . .

Men's Separate Trousers.

Cent

Saved P

The variety is large enough to satisfy every poss taste. All the newest fabrics and patterns are conspicuous among them . . . . .

Democra Mess

SHOULD

The Senai

'Again has called—agai should com charges to reeficting on "Don't ba you; your d stance of th members of senator's dewho have bee of the superi people," and the bench to convicts who tentiary, and

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Will be furn lest I give the in his "reply" charges. If h There was the introduction of the introduction of the introduction of the introduction of the journal."

The sent to the "Whereas of the introduction of the introduct

the present system is perpetuated. The joint resolution was read and is pending.

Sample of Our Remedy Free.

Apply at Our Office, or Write to Us.

Christmas presents at

Lycett's, 83 1-2 White-

hall. Original designs---no

duplicates. Prices mod-

Almost every family wants

a plano. Of course, some want

better ones than they can afford.

Just at this time we are in a po-

sition to meet that demand by re-

during our prices for the holiday

Let us talk a little about them.

It is hardly necessary for us to

tell you that the Decker is in the

The Estey is not a low-priced

plane. It is the best class of me-

dium grade instruments. Not se

good as the Decker, but better

than many others which are sold

at the same price. Don't take our

word for it. Ask any one who

owns an Estey, or, better still,

This is, probably, the most pop-

ular plane in the south. Every-

body knows it. We've got them

You don't know the Ludwig so

well, but you will some time. It

is made to meet the demand for a

good plane at the lowest possible

price. You know what we mean-

for the man who wants his chil-

dren to have a musical education

but can't pay four or five hundred

Just a word about terms. We

can sell on installments, if you de-

sire. We want to talk cash to

you. Our prices will astonish you.

ESTEY ORGAN CO.,

No. 55 Peachtree St.

Come in.

in several styles and prices.

KRANICH & BACH.

very highest class.

PIANO TALK.

trade.

# Them

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AGE BOOK nd strong. No expension at the st. Phila. P D NOISES CURED

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2.98 13.98

4.98 19.98

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Saved ( on Every

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Democratic Senators Send That Message to Yancey Carter.

GIVE THE NAMES

The Senate's Position in the Matter Is Clearly Stated.

HOUSE IS THE PROSECUTING BODY

And if Senator Carter Will Bring Direct Charges, Naming Judges He Means, He Can Get the Investigation He Says He Desires.

Again has Senator "Yancey" Carter been called-again is it made plain to him that he should come to the front with definite charges to sustain his sensational charges reeficting on the judiciary.

"Don't back down; the way is open to you; your duty is plain"-that is the substance of the reply which the democratio members of the senate make to the populist enator's declination to furnish names. Senator Carter's Broad Charges.

He has declared that "some of the men who have been elected to the office of judges of the superior court are a disgrace to the people," and also that there are men on the bench today who are worse than the Wilkes county.

To amend the charter of the Commercial bank, of Albany. convicts whom they sentenced to the penitentiary, and let not the senators call on me for names lest I give them."

The senate, by formal resolution, requested Senator Carter to name the men t whom he referred and to furnish evidence to substantiate his charges. This the populist leader declined to do; but declared that if a committee of investigation were appointed, he would take the lead in prosecuting such investigation.

It was in reply to this declaration and refusal that the senate adopted a series of resolutions presented by Senator Battle yesterday morning. These resolutions recite the facts as they have developed at the different stages of the controversy, and conclude with a declaration that Senator Carter should have furnished the names and evidence to the senate "and should now do so," so that they "may be transmitted to the house of representatives whose special province it is to investigate charges of this character."

Which means in plain English that the other members of the senate do not propose to let Senator Carter escape from the

responsibility of his charges.
Will be furnish the names? His declaration "let not senators call on me for names lest I give them" has been called. He said, in his "reply" to the request which senators did make, that he stood by his or ginal charges. If he does, the way to present these charges is pointed out. Can he afford to still refuse to give the names? It Created a Sensation.

There was no skyrocket business about the introduction of Mr. Battle's resolution

It was toward the end of the morning session that Mr. Battle rose and made a formal motion that "the reply of the senator from the thirty-first be spread upon the journal." As soon as this was adopted be sent to the clerk's desk the following: "Whereas, On the 2d day of December, 1896, Senator Carter, of the thirty-first district, did, on the floor of the senate, at-

tack the integrity of the judiciary of the state and stated that he would furnish the names of such judges if demanded by the

state and stated that he would furnish the names of such judges if demanded by the senators; and,

"Whereas, On the 7th day of December, 1896, Senator Carter, of the thirty-first district, stated in open senate that he would furnish the names of the judges whose integrity he had attacked with evidence to sustain such charges if called upon in the proper manner; and,

"Whereas, The senate did on the 7th day of December, 1896, pass the following resolutions, to-wit:

"Whereas, Heretofore, to-wit: on the idd day of December, while the bill of Senator Hopkins seeking to so amend the constitution as to require the elections of judges and solicitors general by the people, was under discussion. Senator Carter, from the thirty-first district, in discussing the bill, said in substance as follows: "Some of the men who have been elected to the office of judges of the superior court are a disgrace to the people," and did also say in substance as follows: "There are men on the bench today who are worse than the convicts whom they entenced to the panitentiary, and let not the senators call on me for names lest I give them;" and

"Whereas, On the 7th day of December, Senator Carter, of the thirty-first district, in explaining what he said before the senator Carter, of the thirty-first district, in explaining what he said before the senator Carter, of the thirty-first district, in explaining what he said before the senator Carter, of the thirty-first district, in explaining what he said before the senator Carter, of the thirty-first district, in explaining what he said before the senator Carter, of the thirty-first district, in explaining what he said before the senator Carter, of the thirty-first district, in explaining what he said before the senator Carter, of the thirty-first district, in explaining what he said before the senator Carter, of the thirty-first district, in explaining what he said before the senator Carter, of the thirty-first district, in explaining what he said before the senator Carter, of the thirty-first

laws corrupt lutiges administering the laws of the state, but such judges should be intelligent and honest and free from suspicion of corruption; and,

"Whereas, It is the sense of this senate that the charges hereinbefore made should be fully investigated; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That Senator Carter be and is hereby requested to furnish to this body in writing the names of the judges whom he has charged with corruption, and such evidence as he may have to sustain such charges, so that the senate may take such action in the premises as it may, in its wisdom, deem proper and just."

"And, whereas, The senator from the thirty-first district, in response to the request made upon him, did, on the lith day of December, 1896, make a statement to the senate in writing in which he declined and refused to give the names of the guilty parties or to furnish the evidence of their guilt to the senate unless an investigation was inaugurated for that purpose; and "Whereas, it is not the province of or within the jurisdiction of the senate to investigate charges of this character in view of the fact that the senate may ultimately become the tribunal to pass upon and determine the truit of said charges; and "Whereas, the duty of inaugurating such an investigation is lodged by the constitution in the house of representatives; and "Whereas, the senate has exhausted all methods consistent with its power under the constitution with respect to said charges, in an effort to ascertain the names of the parties and the evidence of their suilt; should have furnished the sense of the senate to the resolution passed by this body on December 7, 1896, and herein

Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, overcomes that tired feeling, creates an appetite, and gives refreshing sleep.

What is more appropriate than a lovely gilt oval or circle picture frame for an X-mas present. See the handsomest line in the city at Sam Walker's, 10 Marietta St. dec3-tu.fri,sun

# WOULD SEND A NEGRO

"I more the adoption of those resolu-tions," said Senator Battle, as the derk finished reading them.

There was a moment's silence, Senator Carter was not present and all eyes were turned toward other populists. Would any oppose the resolution? None did, and it was unanimously adopted. Mr. Baggett, of Laurens County, Says

The general assembly has gone on record in behalf of the violators of the internal

Court Abolished Unconditionally,

Routine of the Senata

In the Routine.

The senate passed Mr. Blalock's bill

Up to Final Action.

Senate bills which were read the third time and passed were: To establish the city court of Baxter. To provide for a cierk for the supreme

To authorize the appointment of the com

To fix the bond of the treasurer of Rich-

To pay election managers and clerks in Wilkes county

ASKS \$25,000 FOR A LIFE.

OF HER HUSBAND.

Runaway Accident a Damage

Suit Has Been Filed.

ompany is liable to her for her husband's

death, claiming that his train was on schedule time and that the other train that

caused the collision was running wild. The

suit will be tried at the next term of the

MRS. FARMER WANTS DAMAGES.

Claims She Was Injured in the Sum

of \$5,000.

Yesterday Mrs. Fannie Farmer filed suit for damages in the city court against Mr.

for damages in the city court against ar.
Asa G. Candler on account of injuries she
alleges to have received by being run over
by a pair of horses and a carriage belonging to Mr. Candler on Thursday last.

ing to Mr. Candler on Thursday last.

Mrs. Farmer says she was crossing Decatur street, when the horses, without any driver, ran over her before she could get out of their way. She says the driver left them standing on Decatur street, and it

ARE AFTER COUNTY OFFICERS.

Many Candidates Are in the Field for

Election by the Commissioners.

The rac efor county offices is on in earnest, and many candidates are urging their appointment before the board of county

On the first of the year there will be a

number of county offices made vacant by the expiration of terms to which the pres-ent occupants were elected. Many candi-dates are in the field, and their friends

dates are in the field, and their friends are working in their behalf.

The office of county physician, which is now held by Dr. McDaniel, will be vacant after the first day of the new year, and several have asked that their names be considered as his successor.

The friends of Mr. John Corrigan are urging that he be reappointed to the position of janitor of the courthouse. Mr. Corrigan has filled the position satisfactorily for several terms, and he is making a hard race for reappointment. Mr. Corrigan has many opponents in the race, as about twenty have announced.

twenty have announced.
Since the discharge of Officers Bradley and Herrington from the county police force, quite a number of citizens have asked the commissioners for the places on the

force made vacant.

Chief Verner, of the force, who is a can

Chief Verner, of the force, who is a candidate for re-election, has formidable opposition in his race for the place, and a long list of names has been presented the board of commissioners, asking that their friends be selected to succeed Chief Verner.

Many terms expire on January 1st, and the commissioners are having a busy time with the candidates. The race for all the offices to become vacant is exceedingly

offices to become vacant is exceedingly warm and interesting, and is being closely watched by those who are interested.

was during his absence they bec frightened. The accident occurred only last

wounds.

city court.

Thursday.

in behalf of the violators of the internal revenue laws.

The house resolution, requesting the president to extend elemency to all violators of the internal revenue laws, was adopted by the senate yesterday.

The resolution was adopted on the motion of Senator J. Y. Walker, who represents the fortieth district—which includes the counties of Union, Towns and Rabun, three counties which furnish a fair proportion of the men who follow the the delusive "moonshipe." Abolishing Court and That House

In the house of representatives yesterday morning Mr. Baggett, of Laurens county, The senate passed Mr. Blalock's bill, creating a pension commission.

Senator Gray's bill, providing for the special study of horticulture by a branch of the state department of agriculture, was introduced in the senate yesterday.

The senate committee on appropriations will begin its consideration of the general appropriation on Monday. The bill was read the first time yesterday.

The Final Action. alled up his bill to abolish the city court of Laurens county, on which there was a lively discussion between Mr. Baggett and ago. Mr. Dodson's committee on county and county matters reported the bill advirsely, and Mr. Baggett wanted the house

innecessary, and that it is an imposition To provide for a dear for the supreme court reporter.

To repeal an act establishing the city court of Jackson county.

To create the city court of Jefferson,
To provide for uniform amendment of bank charters.

To amend an act fixing the compensation of the treasurer of Meriwother,
House bills which passed the senate

Mr. Baggett declared that on one occ To deached the appointment of the com-missioner of pensions.

To authorize solvent guaranty and fidel-ity companies to go on the bonds of state, county and city officials.

To deade what is a scholastic month.

To change the present corporation limits f Americus. To amend and act to regulate and control

mond county.

To incorporate the town of Baldwin in Banks and Habersham counties.

To incorporate the town of Mitchell in Stascock county.

To change the time of holding the fall term of the superior court in Henry sounty. Mr. Dodson Makes Reply.

ludge Hart had done likewise.

MRS. BASS SUES FOR THE DEATH rens county had commended the action of the grand jury in approving the city court, As the Result of Last Thursday's and had recommended the perpetuation of the court. Mr. Dodson presented a number of petitions from the people of Laurens

Yesterday a damage suit in the sum of \$25,000 was filed in the city court against the Western and Atlantic railroad by Mrs. Bayannah Bass. Nearly six years ago her husband, James H. Bass, was a locomotive engineer in the employ of the railroad and was so seri-ously injured from jumping from his en-gine in a collision that he died from the Wounds.

The petition, which is filed by Attorneys Maddox and Terreil, states that Bass was at his post in his engine on the morning of February 21, 1891, and his train had just passed Altoona when a south-bound train collided with his train.

"Engineer Bass" says the netition. "Saw

"Engineer Bass," says the petition, "saw the other train coming from the opposite direction. He at once blew the whistle for breaks, reversed his engine, used sand on Mr. Hall, of Coweta, said as a rule he fa-vored the practice of allowing each repre-sentative to direct the polloy of legislation for his county, but the question involved is the track and did everything else possible to stop his train. When the two engines were about to strike and were only twenwere about to strike and were only twenty or thirty steps apart, Engineer Bass
climbed down the steps of his engine and
sought safety by leaping to the ground."
Last September, nearly six years after
the accident occurred, Bass died, it is said,
of the wounds which he had received in the
collision. Mrs. Bass claims the railroad ment showing the condition of the busine

They Would Send a Negro.

collows-yeas, 20; nays, 78.

General Tax Act Is Passed. Consideration of the general tax bill was resumed at 10:40 o'clock yesterday morning. Paragraph 12 of section 2 was the next in order and it was read, as follows: "Upon all itinerant lightning rod dealer or agents, the sum of \$50 for each and ev or agents, the sum of sou for each and every county in which they operate."

Mr. Bussey, of Randolph, offered an amendment that the tax should not apply to indigent or confederate soldiers. The amendment was adopted.

ng of hogs and that it is unjust to require should be imposed.

The motion was lost. The paragraph was then adopted. The bill was then read as a whole and passed. It was ordered transmitted to the senate.

Kibbee Bond Bills Go Over.

# Muscopee, to appropriate 5,000 to meet a deficiency in the contingent fund, was read the third time and passed. Private Sale of Wards' Property. The bill by Mr. Webb, of Cherokee, to allow guardians to sell at private sale any fraction of mineral lands belonging to wards, when such sale would be for the best interests of the wards. The bill was reported adversely by the committee on general judiciary. Mr. Webb explained the purpose of the bill, stating that it effects the mining districts only. He said private sales often result in securing better prices for such lands as effected in his bill. Mr. Boynton, of Spalding; Mr. Copeland, of Walker, and others opposed the bill. They said it would put a dangerous power in the hands of executors, ordinaries and others and that the old law requiring public sales of ward property should stand. Mr. Webb's motion to disagree to the adverse report of the committee was lost the gave notice that he would move to reconsider the action on Monday. To Investigate Convict Question.

That of His Constituents.

PLEADS FOR HIS COURT BILL

Says His People Want Laurens City

CHARGES DEMOCRATS WITH UNFAIRNESS

Claims He Was Elected on Issue of Ought To Respect Verdict.

To Investigate Convict Question Mr. Hall, of Coweta, offered a joint resolution as a substitute for several other resolutions on the same question, providing for the appointment of a joint committee of three from the senate and five from the house, whose duty it shall be to meet during the secess of the general assembly and investigate the convict question, with instructions to report on the best means and plan of caring for and disposing of the state's convicts. The committee is authorized to view sections of this state and other states in investigating the question. The committee is also directed to ascertain what terms for the lease of convicts can be secured if the present system is perpetuated. The

to disagree to the report. Mr. Baggett declared that the court is the people to perpetuate it. He said the court had been imposed upon the county upon recommendation of the grand jury, which recommendation was secured by unfair means. He said the people had condemned the court, and that only the judge, clerk and solicitor wanted it retained. He said the court is a burden on the people, and that it costs more than the superior

the judge attempted to try cases without a jury, and that many hours' time has been lost by reason of the incompetency of the court. He said a democratic mass meeting was held composed of twenty-four men who pretended to represent all of the people of the county. He declared that the court was created by political manipu-lation, and that his people had condemnod It.

Mr. Docson said the matter had been fully considered by his committee. He said both sides had been heard. He said the facts show that the great accumulation of business in the superior court caused the grand jury to recommend the creation of

the court.

He said Mr. Baggett had introduced a bill to abolish the court before it had held its first term. Judge Jenkins had recommended the establishment of the court, and He said the grand jury of Laurens county had recommended the perpetuation of the

Mr. Dodson said the democrats of Lauounty asking that the court be not

Mr. Reid Helps Mr. Baggett. Mr. Reid, of Bibb, said if Mr. Baggett had been elected on the clear-cut issue of abol-ishing the city court he would vote to sbolish that court regardless of the politics of the gentleman from Laurens. He said the twenty-four democrats who assembled in mass meeting did not represent the democratic party of Laurens county. He said if the court had been forced on the people by the grand jury that action ought not to be sustained. He would not stand by the democratic party if it does wrong. He hoped the bill would be given a fair hear-

whether the court is necessary. In some sections the people would vote to abolish all courts. He wanted to know if the court is necessary for the proper conduct of the business of courts in Laurens county. Mr. Dodson read a letter from Judge Hart stating that the court is necessary to properly conduct the business of the county and that he hoped the city court would not be abolished. Mr. Dodson then read a state-

of the city court. Mr. Baggett said he would stand by his bill before his people and that they propose to get rid of the court. The people of Lau-rens would send a negro to the legislature on the issue if necessary, if the democrats made it a party question. Mr. Boynton, of Spalding, called for the

previous question and the question was put on the motion to disagree to the report of the committee. The motion was lost on a division vote and Mr. Baggett called for the yeas and nays. The call was sustained and the vote was again taken, resulting as The question was a party issue and the populists were out-voted. The defeat of the motion to disagree to the report of the ommittee killed the bill.

Paragraph 19 was the next in order, all others having been disposed of on Friday. The paragraph was read, as follows: "Upon all packing houses or Lealers do-ing business in this state, whether carried on by the owners thereof or by their agents, \$50 in each county where said business is

Mr. West, of Lowndes, moved to strike out the paragraph entirely. He said the tax ought not to be imposed. He said packing establishments encourage the raising of hogs and that it is unjust to require them to pay extra taxes. He said stock raising should be encouraged. Special taxes on pork packing establishments creates a monopoly and retards progress of the peo-ple of this section. He said ad valorem taxes are sufficient and no special taxes should be improsed.

On motion of Mr. Boifeuillet, of Bibb, the bills to authorize the payment of the Scott and Kibbee bonds were fixed as a special order for the first Wednesday of the session of 1898. The joint resolution of Mr. Little, of

# FORGERY IS CHARGED

Names of Pt. Gaines Citizens Signed To Begus Messages About Dispensary.

SCENE IN HOUSE YESTERDAY

son, of Hall, Creates a Sensation During Debate on a Bill.

#### ASKS WHO SIGNED THE FORGED TELEGRAMS

ages in Possession of Mr. Fogarty, of Richmond, Opposing the Bill, Are Pronounced Forgeries.

The bill to establish a dispensary in Fort Saines, Clay county, and to abolish barrooms in that city, was called up in the house yesterday morning on a motion to disagree to an adverse report of the combate was lively and during the discussion Mr. Johnson, of Hall, charged that the ames of T. L. Farmer and R. D. Willia had been forged to messages held by Mr. Fogarty, of Richmond.

Mr. Mozley, of Cobb, said the people of Fort Gaines want the barrooms abolished and he wanted them to have what they desire He said the great majority of the white people had put themselves on record against barrooms and in favor of the dis-

Mr. Niles, of Macon county, said the question involved is one of local self-government. He believed in local government and home rule, after state and national government. He said if the people of Fort To Convince Sufferers We Give Gaines want the dispensary they should have it, but the evidence in the case was so slight he could not vote on the question intelligently. Mr. Niles said the question s a purely local one to Fort Gaines and that it should be decided by ballot of the people of that town. He said Fort Gaines is an incorporated town and that there is no reason why the people could not settle the question for themselves. We are giving away trial samples of our remedy for catarrh, bronchitis, asthma, colds, etc., because those who use it are soon made to feel that a further use would cure them, and we sell them a month's treatment for \$1.

It is smoked in a pipe (the only way to reach every afflicted spot), contains no tobacco, kills the catarrhal germs, soothes the mucous membrane and restores it to a healthy condition, making a permanent cure, even in the worst cases.

DR. J. W. BLOSSER & SON,

12 and 13 Grant building, corner Broad and Marletta streets, Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. Pierce, of Houston, said the people of Clay county, had voted on the liquor question and the people had voted in favor of the existing system of selling liquor. He saw no reason why the question should be taken up by the assembly

Mr. Fogarty Opposes Motion, Mr. Fogarty, of Richmond, chairman of the special judiciary committee, which committee had reported the bill adversely, said the question had been considered fully by his committee, not once, but twice. His by his committee, not once, but twice. His committee had given every opportunity for a hearing on the matter. Prominent citizens of the town had come before his committee and asked that the bill be not

passed.

Mr. Fogarty said he held in his hand a telegram from W. A. McAllister, mayor of Fort Gaines, stating that he had been re-elected to the office, and that the people of Fort Gaines did not want the dispensary bill passed. He said the most distinguished Methodist minister of Fort Gainer opposes the bill and many other prominent citizens opposed it. He said that within less than a year the people of Clay county had voted on the question and decided against the abolition of barrooms. Why did they not wait until another year and vote on the question again under the local

Mr. Johnson Takes a Hand. Mr. Johnson, of Hall, said barrooms are the curse of the land. Mr. Fogarty asked Mr. Johnson if he is practically against barrooms.

Mr. Johnson said the question was per-sonal and impertinent and it made no onal and impertinent and it mad difference whether the members of the house imbibed or not, they should vote to improve the morals of the people. He said he is against filling the pockets of barroom men with blood money. Mr. Whitaker, of Heard, asked if there

is any better moral principle in putting blood money in the pockets of the corpor-ation of Fort Gaines than in the pockets of barkeepers.

Mr. Johnson said he had examined the

that two of them were forgeries. He declared that the names of two citizens of Fort Gaines, R. D. Williams and T. L Farmer, had been forged, and he read the following telegram in support of his state

"Fort Gaines, Ga., December 7th.-To John R. Irwin, Kimball House, Atlanta. Telegrams purporting to come from us as opposing dispensary are forgeries,
"R. D. WILLIAMS,
"T. L. FARMER."

Mr. Fogarty arose and asked Mr. John son if the latter impugned any complicity in the matter to him. Mr. Johnson said that he did not. Mr. Fogarty said he knew nothing of the matter. He said the tele grams had been presented to him by Mr. Clarence Wilson, ex-representative from Clay county, and that he had not even read them and knew not whom they were

The question was then taken on the motion to disagree to the report of the committee and the motion was carried by 89 to 81. The bill was then read the second time and placed on the calendar.

The house adjourned at this point until
3 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Clerks Counted a Quorum The afternoon session was devoted main-ly to the consideration of local bills and the introduction of new matters. When Speak-er Pro Tem. Dodson called the body to order there were forty-one members in the er Pro Tem. Dodson called the body to order there were forty-one members in the hall by actual count, but that fact was not officially ascertained, the roll call being dispensed with to avoid confronting the absence of a quorum. Eighty-eight is the lowest number of members which can legislate according to law, but with apparent ease the clerks managed to count more than a quorum on each bill put upon its passage. The few members present enjoyed the proceedings, and at each announcement that from eighty-eight to ninety-five members had voted there was an outburst of laughter in the hall.

But the business transacted at the afternoon session was purely local and of an unimportant nature, and there was no objection to any action taken. Quite a number of bills were read the third time and passed and some new bills were introduced.

As to Time of Adjournment. As to Time of Adjournment.

A message from the senate announced that the senate had passed a joint resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee to investigate and report as to the time of adjournment of the general assembly, in which the concurrence of the house was asked. On motion of Mr. Meldrim, of Chatham, the resolution was taken up and adopted. The speaker appointed Messra Meldrim, Slaton, Boynton of Chatham, Dodson and Mr. Charters as the committee. New Bills Introduced.

New Bills Introduced.

The following new bills were introduced:
By Mr. Berry of Whitfield—A bill to authorize and empower the railroad commission to require the railroads to construct
sidings, sidetracks and spur tracks whenever in the interest of the public or when
it shall appear to be just and reasonable.
By Mr. Rawins of Washington—A bill to
provide for the payment of the Washington
Rifies and Washington Dragoons and the
expenses incurred by Washington county
during an insurrection trial in Washington
county in August, 1872. The amount to be
paid to the county is \$1,361.53, and to the
mailtary companies \$1,561.64.

Is the time to order your Winter Suit. The prices are from \$15.00 up and every suit has been reduced just 1/3 of former price. We make them to order and guarantee perfect fit.

If you want a cheap Business Suit call and see those uncalled for

We've got 500 Suits and Pants.

SUITS \$8.00, \$10.00, \$12.00, \$15.00. PANTS \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00.



Tailors, 8 Whitehall Street.

It is the

Very Thing for

# Your Stomach.

Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy relieves Indigestion within five minutes, while a few doses will cure the worst form of Dyspepsia. For sale everywhere,

C. O. TYNER.

MANUFACTURING CHEMIST.

Atlanta, Ga.

# No!

"AT COST"

Less Than Cost," As Some Dealers Advertise. THAT IS NOT HONEST.

But we sell at as small margin of profit as will maintain a successful business. In all cases we give full value for your money. You don't ask

for more. Call and investigate for yourselves. It will pay you. All instruments fully guaranteed.

# PHILLIPS & CREW

37 PEACHTREE.

Holiday Novelties.

We've never before sold real nice goods as low as we are now selling them.

The Gay Co., Hatters and Haberdashers, 18 Whitehall.

JEWELRY,

55 Whitehall Street Reliable Goods. Fair Dealing. **Bottom Prices.** 

LANIER HOTEL THE LEADING HOTEL OF

MACON,GA Superior in its location, appointments, cuisine and service to any other in the city, and recognized

by the traveling public as one of the south's best hotels. Free bus. B. W. SPERRY, Prop. SCHOOL BOOKS, Mew and Secondhand,
And all kinds of school supplies. A useful presented with each purchase, it is not because the second of the

ISAAC LIEBMAN & SON.

Real Estate, Benting and Loans, 28

Peachtree Street.

\$750 buys 4-room house, lot 49x22, on Elm street. Assessed by the city at 2500.

\$750 buys 4-room house, lot 50x100, on May street; begian block down; rents for 110 per month.

\$4,200 buys modern two-story house, lot 50x200, on Capitol avenue. This is one of the cheapest homes offered.

\$1,050 buys 45½x200 on Magnolia street, near Mangum street; lies well.

\$2,850 buys 45½x200 on Magnolia street, near for \$35 to \$40 per month, cheap.

\$1,100 buys large house, lot 52x125, on Bradley street. Cheap. \$1,100 buys large house, lot \$2x125, on Bradley street. Cheap.

\$2,750 buys nice suburban place fronting \$62 feet on Bell street, near Kimball house dairy. This place can also be rented.

\$700 buys 3-room house, rents for \$6 per month, on Powers street.

\$3,500 buys 10-room house, lot \$5x200, on East Hunter street. Very cheap.

\$450 buys 10-room house, lot \$5x200, on East Hunter street. Very cheap.

\$450 buys 10-room house, lot \$5x200, on East Hunter street. Very cheap.

\$3,800 buys corner, 110x140 to alley, on Dodd street; sidewalk down.

\$3,800 buys corner, 110x140 to alley, on Dodd street; worth \$1,750.

Some pretty lots on Henderson avenue on easy terms.

\$255 buys 100x200 on Saliders avenue, near Soldiers Home line.

\$560 buys 50x116 to alley on Crumley street, near Windsor street. Very pretty lot.

\$1,000 buys 50x116 to alley on Crumley street, near Windsor street. Very pretty lot.

\$1,000 buys 40x160 on Pryor street, not far from Georgia avenue; easy terms.

Money on hand to loan on city real estate at reasonable rates; no delay; money forthcoming as soon as titles are found satisfactory.

\$18AAC LIEBMAN & SON, 28 Peachtree street.

\$2.500 buys 40x16.

G. W. ADAIR. FORREST ADAIR G. W. ADAIR.

Real Estate and Renting Agent 14 Wall St., Kimball House. I am now offering for sale a corner lot 73x178 in West End. This is unquestionably the prettiest building site on the south side, and can be bought during the next ten days at a great bargain.

I have two beautiful lots, each 50x200, is two hundred feet of Whitehall street, tha I can sell for \$000 apiece, brick sidewalk and curbing already down. They would make a nice home, or could be built upon for restling murpages.

\$2,000 in easy installments is all I ask for a charming six-room house in West End This house is now rented to a good tenant at \$200 a year.

I also have some nice truck and dairy farms in easy reach of Atlanta. G. W. ADAIR.

### ANSLEY BROS.

Real Estate Loan & Renting Agts, 22,700-Marietta street property, with dwelling; lot 50x160.

\$1,250-Georgia avenue lot between Pulliam ing; lot 50x150.

\$1,250—Georgia avenue lot, between Pulliam and Washington; a beauty; worth \$2,000.

\$2,500—Seven-room Woodward avenue house, corner lot, 50x250.

\$1,800—New 6-room cottage; water, gas, etc; renting now for \$18; near 8. Pryor street, 2x00—For South Pryor street lot, this side of Georgia avenue; cheap.

\$4,500—Whitehall street house and lot; very near in, and cheap.

\$17 per acre for \$00 acres on G., C. and N. R. R., 21 miles from Atlanta; fine land; a splendid investment.

\$2,000—Five-room house, close in, on north side; water, gas and bath.

Office 12 East Alabama street, 'Phone 263.

### A. J. WEST & CO.

Real Estate and Loans, 16 Kimball House, Pryor St.

A rare opportunity to secure a Peachtres street lot, the prettiest and most desirable one on that street, for \$2,000 less than its value. value.
Good residence, with large lot, on Cain street, near Peachtree, \$5,000.
Nice cottage home. north Atlanta, \$2,850.
200150 feet, well located, on North ave., at a great bargain.

watched by those who are interested.

"There are a number of candidates for every office that is appointive by the commissioners," said a member of the board of the commissioners, "but there are not near enough of the candidates are busily at work in their behalf, and are urging that their favorites be appointed to fill the places that are to become vacant."

30 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

# INTHE MINDS of THOUGHTFUL PEOPLE There's not the shadow of a doubt as to the

SUPERIORITY OF OUR SHOES

At other places they look.

At our place they buy. JOHN M. MOORE, tee Boyd.
From Memphis they are: Mrs. Kellar
Anderson, Mrs. James Coleman, Mrs. Sam
Carnes, Mrs. T. C. Lomey, Mrs. Carrington Mason, Mrs. A. S. Buchanan, Mrs.
J. W. Crawford, Mrs. Walter Farabee,
Mrs. Albert Miller, Misses Clara Conway,
Miss Jolanthe Semmes. From Chattanooga
they are: Mrs. William Cooke,
Mrs. E. D. Abernathy, Mrs. Adolph Ochs,
Mrs. M. H. Cleft, Mrs. Ismar Noa, Mrs.
Georgia E. Purvis.

Georgia E. Purvis.
Other representatives are: Mrs. J. W.
Bearden, Bearden; Mrs. Emma G. Folks,

Bearden, Bearden; Mrs. Emma G. Folks, Brownsville; Mrs. Elizabeth Glimer, Clarksville; Mrs. Robert Pillow, Columbia; Miss Sue F. Morney, Dresden; Miss Susie Gentry, Franklin; Mrs. J. M. Carter, Huntington; Mrs. Lila O. Stratton, Lebanon; Mrs. James R. Turner, Ashland City; Mrs. Chester Bond, Jackson; Mrs. Richard Beard, Murfreesboro; Mrs. W. D. Robinson, Murfreesboro; Mrs. Margaret I. Weber, Sewanee, Mrs. T. B. Yancey, Somery lile; Mrs.

wanee; Mrs. T. B. Yancey, Somerville; Mrs. Hugh G. Kyle, Rogersville; Mrs. William H. Graybill, Rogersville; Mrs. B. Z. Tay-

Women's Club To Meet.

The Atlanta Woman's Club will hold its regular general meeting at the clubrooms, on Monday, December 14th, at 3 p. m. The literature and art section will entertain the club upon this occasion, and the programme to be presented is an unusually attractive one. The feature of the afternoon will be a lecture by the Rev. Mr. Vall on the "Literature of the Golden Are."

Mr. Vail is a man of rare literary pe

Mr. Vall is a man of rare literary perception, and will be sure to illuminate his stubject. Some charming music will be among the features of the programme and Miss Romare will give a reading from "A Tale of Two Cities."

The modern fiction section of the club promises to be one of the most interesting departments, presided over as its bar.

promises to be one of the most interesting departments, presided over as it is by three very bright young women, Miss Harrison, Miss Gussle Grady and Miss Constance Reed.

At the first meeting held last week Miss Harrison outlined the course of study for the section in a very charming little talk. Among other things, she said:

"And now about this subject of novel reading. I fear that we are looked upon as the frivolous section of the club, an impression that must at one be corrected, for recause our work is pleasant, is no reason that we will not derive solid benefit from it.

"Fiction has had a hard struggle to at-

tein its rightful position. It has been look-ed upon as sinful, worldly and frivolous, and it is only beginning to be considered

worthy of serious study and recognized as having a legitimate place in any broad scheme of education. We see our colleges

inaugurating courses in novel reading, for

life, that has as its object the quickening of the intellect and the broadening of the sympathies, and what is the object of all this club work but to make the individual life freer and fuller? The reading of novels,

so its advocates maintain, accomplishes more in this direction than much study of

comes a vast repository of psychological and sociological facts.

"But the educational value of the novel

does not end here. It is the only text book

as a lovelist has no motive for introducing anything that is not of general and unicersal significance, and so his work is true for all time.

"Again, it has been said that 'the only real persons are the persons who never lived.' We all know what real folks some of these imaginary beings are Lymposher.

erature of the Golden Age."

f the bill making women eli-Messrs. Fogarty, of Richmond county; Calvin, of Richmond county; Thomas, of office of state librarian is the of the movement among women Clarke county; Copeland, of Walker county; Reed, of Bibb, and Pierce, of Houston, The bill passed almost unanimously and for several days those interested anxiously o their sex those avenues of emment which they may occupy with ce and ability and without the slighest waited the result in the senate. s of womanly dignity. awaited the result in the senate.

Miss Dortch was especially apprehensive
as she had been told a sharp contest might

Though women may prove their ability to enter with success many of the professions that custom formerly made exclusive to men, and may fill with satisfaction poitions that some years ago seemed far beyoud their reach, there are still so many offices and positions that men exclusively can hold it seems but a matter of justice to open to women those offices that are consistent with their womanliness. When the question of the bill was first

agitated, its cause met with universal interest on the part of the women throughout the state, and many of them were active in their determination to see it passed. Petitions were signed by thousands, who presented them to the various representatives individually, or to the house of representatives. Other women, unaccustomed to the ways of politics, and intimidated by that horror of being considered the "new woman," or the abhored "lobbyist," exerted their energies in qu'et ways. Perumed notes, containing appeals so prettily d were addressed to the members of the house and senate, and more than once at the club parties and other social functions the livellest discussions took functions the livellest discussions took place on the subject of the woman's bill. In fact, there have been few instances in the history of Georgia politics when we men have played a more conspicuous part than in the movement of the state librarianship. It might have been more evicent were it not that the extermists—those wo-men who, clamoring for notoriety—in their desire to usurp the privileges of men—have disgusted the retired and more capable so disgusted the retired and income to the of their sex as to intimidate them to the point where they fear to express them-

Maybe it is all for the best, however, since it keeps women in their proper place that is so well expressed in the hackneyed term "behind the throne." From that womanly standpoint they are

no means deprived of rights or influ ences. They may have their organizations, cultivate themselves, and progress to the highest degree in intellect or culture. They may in every way, make themselves wor-thy to be called the power and influence that has indirectly ruled nations, but there or reason on earth why they should en-ger the frills on their dainty skirts by gging them into the highways and byways of political strife. Their presence in the gallery of the senate or house may inspire eloquence from the men fully rapable of managing the affairs of state below. the lights thrown about the almost ing to women. Beyond the comforts ease afforded by the state library and dignity of office it holds out to women now, they can best direct the affairs of state from niches in their cosy parlors or the rear of an opera box while appeals made through the medium of sweet-scented notes will frequently make the sturdlest politician consider its contents. The new women, or those that have

those of men have been given full sway and an opportunity to manifest their pow-er. They have been dignified by pages of and newspaper criticism, and a allowed to drag their graceless skirts right up on the "throne," and yet there is not an instance where they hav accomplished anything toward the advantage of their sex, nor is there any question in the affairs of this nation or any other that has been effected, either by an individual of that type of woman, or by them en masse.

The history of nations repeating itself ances in every page, of women as powers in government, but always as women in their legitimate sphere. Georgia presents the example of the wo-man today, who has become prominent,

who has influenced statesmen and politiclans, excited the universal interest of the men and women of her state and with it all retained the dignity and womanly etness that is recognized and universal ly commended in that brave little woman-Miss Ellen Dortch. She has apparently been unconscious in her earnestness of purpose, that the eyes of the public were upon her, and never in the excitement that naturally came upon her in the contest which she anticipated in the passage of the bill, did she lose the modesty and re-threment that mark her very strong personality. Not even her voice arose alove the quick little tones always impressive in her. Yet she has been the means of accomplishing more for the women of her state than could the strong-minded ladies ring for the ballot or the feminin talking machines that at times threafen the nerves of the healthlest politicians.

In speaking of the library bill, Miss Dortch relates many interesting incidents of her experiences, and declares that she was confident of its success all along, relying as she did in the gallantry and bravery of the good men of the state, and encouraged by the sympathy given her by the women working with her.

"My first steps toward the bill," she said, "were taken when I was appointed assistant librarian. I determined to show the people by my steady devotion to duty and the responsibility entrusted to me that a woman was capable of filling the position. During the summer I secured letters from the officials of those states where women were sibrarians, and was convinced by the success, they related, that such a favor would be a just tribute to the women of my state. I addressed cir-cular letters concerning the bill to the prominent men and women throughout the

especially addressing myself to the of the senators and legislators. Miss Dortch referred here to file upon file of letters from the representative men and women of Georgia, many of whom forcibly and eloquently commended her move-ment. An amusing incident arose from the fact that many of the senators and mem-bers of the house were bachelors, and opening the letters to their supposed wives, that Miss Dortch had indiscriminately addressed, she would receive such replies as:

'My Dear Miss Dortch—Unfortunately for me, your recent favor addressed to Mrs. Bo and So had to be received and answered by myself, as this person is, as the lawyers say, 'non est inventus.' It is nevertheless a pleasure for me to answer as I know she would 'were she,' and to assure you that I shall take pleasure in seeing our senators and other representatives and to use my every influence to get them to strongly support the contemplated measure making ladies' eligible for state librarian. I think it is deserved, and the spiendid record and complete satisfaction ng the letters to their supposed wives,

Carver entertained her young lady friends at a most enjoyable card party. The bouse was decorated with a profusion of palms and flowers and each guest received as a souvenir a bunch of violets. The first prize was a hand-painted comb and brush tray, the second prize was a silver cold oream jar, and the consolation prize was a silver shoe horn.

The guests were Misses Nellie Phillips, Luia Kingsbery, Louise Todd, Maud Craig, Mary Burt Howard, Idoline Edwards, Miss Richardson, of Nashville; Elizabeth Powell,

Mary Burt Howard, Idoline Edwards, Miss Richardson, of Nashville; Elizabeth Powell, Julia Ridley, Hattle Mae Mitchell, Flurine Madden, of Brunswick; Alleen Embrey, of Winchester: Florida Clark, Bessie Spronel and Julia Bayard, of Rome; Ellen Hillyer, Julia Rankin, Lella Morris, May Connally, Mary Bridge, Mattie Boynton, Ruth Cun-ningham, Neille Howell, Nellie Earnest, Ja-nie Kingsbery, Estelle Stewart, Emma May Burden and Lula Belle Hemphill.

Mrs. W. J. Mallard and family and Miss Clara Mallard are at the Alhambra for the winter.

#### NASHVILLE WOMEN AND THEIR FAIR.

As the time draws near for the opening of the Nashville centennial the eyes of American women will naturally be turned to the woman's department of that exposition, which already exceeds in prospective size and success the most sanguine expectations.

The success of the women of Georgia in the enterprise they undertook and carried through in the Atlanta exposition seemed



MISS DAISIE LYLE. A Lovely Type of Georgia Womanhood, Whose Home Is In Jonesboro.

members of the senate would strongly op-pose the bill. Here, however, she was most agreeably disappointed. Senator Shropshire introduced the bill in the senate and with the exception of only four votes the result was in favor of the bill.

Miss Dortch in the gallery with her friend Miss Edna Cane, received the an-nouncement with that quiet enthusiasm that distinguishes her, and returning to the library, resumed her duties with her ac-customed zeal.

be expected, and that two very prominent

In regard to the congratulations pouring in from all sides, letters and telegrams, M'ss Dortch remarked the victory was not hers, but one for the working women of Georgia, whom she was proud to represent.
"The passage of the bill," she says, "is a tribute of appreciation paid the women world during the time of the Nashville of the state by chivalrous men represent-

"It would be impossible to enumerate those people to whom I am personally grateful for the interest they have taken. The press of the state accorded me enthusiast'e support. Besides the senators and legislators, I may claim the enthusiastically expressed support of the representative lawyers of the state, the almost unantmous favor of the Atlanta bar, expressed in various petitions, and the continuous en-couragement of men prominent and honored in every profession.
"For direction and advice, I have always

sought my loyal friend. Colonel John Shan-non," continued Miss Dortch. "He has left his home and business and spent weeks here working for the measure. It was he who led the fight for my appointment as sistant librarian two years ago, and he has been the strongest and most loyal friend to me a woman could have. He is the big-hearted Georgian and always the gallant hampion of women.
"Do I think the women of Georgia have

been instrumental in the success of the bill? Indeed, they have, and I could not accomplish anything did I not realize their sympathy and support. Not only have they expressed the'r encouragement to me, but I could relate innumerable incidents of their active influence in the matter. I have great faith in the influence of women. The first encouragement ever given me in my career of self-reliance was the recognit'on of my writing by my friend Maud Andrews Ohl. Six years ago, when I left school and was struggling to write in a little town of 250 inhabitants, ten miles from a railroad, my efforts attracted her and I received not only her encouragement then, ut subsequently her active support in my

"Since the question of the bill presented itself in Atlanta many prominent women have not only expressed their encourage-ment to me, but insipred an interest among men whom I might not have reached save through them. Among those to whom I am especially grateful I may mention Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Miss Elizabeth Venable, Mrs. W. B. Lowe and Mrs. John King Ott-

In speaking of Miss Dortch's bill Colonel Shannon said: "The fact that 500 Georgia lawyers, men eminent at the bar and on the bench-the men who use the state libra ry and have had all opportunities to pass upon the worth and capability of the young woman who has had charge of it for the past two years—signed a petition to the legislature asking that the bill be enacted making women eligible to this office, is sufficient commentary on the satisfaction she has given, and needs no comment from me. The fact that the most eminent law yers of the state have found it worth while be leave their homes and business and ome to Atlanta to work for the measure, and appear before legislative committees in its interest, is evidence that the hearts of the men who use the state library are in this movement. Miss Dortch has had to this movement. Miss Dortch has had to face the world under circumstances that would have tried the soul of a strong man. I am delighted over the passage of

Mr. Wharton Mitchell is visiting friends Mrs. T. B. Neal has as her guest at the

Aragon Mrs. Ben Smith, of Macon. Miss Lillian Clark will sing a solo, "Tan-tum Ergo," by Millard, at this morning's tum Ergo," by Millard service at Trinity.

Yesterday afternoon Miss Edith Royal

to awake in southern women the spirit of progress which is fast developing their interests. For beauty, wit and culture they have always stood foremost among the women of the country, but now they are advancing in every interest that pertains to the elevation, higher education and industrial pursuits of the sex, and the woman's building of the Nashville exposition will present a story of the progress of southern womanhood from the earliest times to those of the present day.

The woman's building will not only present illustrations of woman's interests in centennial. The president and women managers, selected for their pron bility and position, are a body of wo men who possess the necessary qualifica-

composed of either men or women, the success and harmony of its undertaking is due to the strength and ability of the leader, and the women of Tennessee, like those of Georgia, selected as their leader roman young, beautiful and brilliant Van Leer Kirkman.

The firm yet gentle power with which she has held together in harmony the capable women working with her has manifested her executive ability and inspired among the women of her state, as well as the women board of managers, an energy and zeal that at once declared the

success of their great undertaking.
Mrs. Kirkman was a Miss Thompson and represents a family for generations in Tennessee, remarkable for brilliancy, honor and popularity. She is the grand-daughter of Jacob Thompson, a renowned southern statesman, at one time United States treasurer. She has been reared in an atmosphere of aristocracy and luxury and since her girlhood has enjoyed the regulation of helps one attention of the proposed the regulation of helps one attentiation of helps one reputation of being one of the most uni-versally popular and beloved women of her

Mrs. Joseph Thompson, of Atlanta, with Mrs. Potter Palmer, was among the first to congratulate Mrs. Kirkman on her apnent, pays the president of the Nash-woman's department the highest tribute.

rribute.

"She was my scholmate for several years," said Mrs. Thompson, "and in her present position of honor and responsibility I recognize in the woman of strength and ability, those principles and characteristics that made her in school days the most beloved and popular girl among her associates. among her associates.
"She possesses aver-

possesses every essential quality of the woman leader, combining with un-usual executive ability, independence and firmness of conviction, a nature rarely sweet and womanly that brings her in touch with womankind and makes her an imposing figure in their midst."

She is beautiful, with all the charms

of the cultivated woman of the world, and in her palatial home will worthly represent as hostess the women of her clime at their coming exposition.

She was educated in France and after

extensive foreign travel she returned to Memphis, where she reigned an acknowledge belle until her marriage to Mr. Kirk-man ten years ago. Mrs. Kirkman bears man ten years ago. Mrs. Kirkman bears every trace of a "long descent" in her re-markable beauty, gracious dignity and charming personality. She is tall, very "la mode," is always perfectly gowned and her lewels are wellmode," is always perfectly gowned and her jewels are worth a king's ransom. Her home, Oak Hill, is one of the handsomest estates in the south. It is really superbin its artistic furnishings and it will be the scene of many notable entertainments during the centennial. She is the mother of, three boys, is much beloved by her friends and is one of Nashville's brilliant social queens. Among her distinguished

friends and is one of Nashville's brilliant social queens. Among her distinguished relatives are Mme. la Baronne de Charette and the beautiful Comtesse Bernard de Portales of France.

Mrs. Kirkman has met the demands of her high office with consummate tact, grace and ability, and the influence she is exerting for the great centennial's success, ending beyond the borders of America, are penetrating into most remote lands. All that youth, beauty, wealth, great social prestige and a charming per-

tennial will be due.

The other officers are: Vice president, Mrs. Florence K. Drouillard, Nashville; Miss Mary B. Temple, vice president for Tennessee; Mrs. Charles N. Grosvener, vice president for West Tennessee; Mrs. John W. Thomas, Nashville, vice president at large; Mrs. Robert F. Weakley, Nashville, treasurer; Miss Ida Scott Rice, Nashville, secretary. The state board managers from Nashville are:

Mrs. J. H. Ackien, Mrs. F. L. Blume, Mrs. John C. Brown, Mrs. Isabel Clarke, Mrs. M. B. Cockrell, Mrs. M. L. Craighead, Mrs. B. R. Cutler, Mrs. Mary I. Dupree, Mrs. George W. Fall, Mrs. M. M. Gardner, Mrs. James M. Head, Mrs. Thomas F. Kendrick, Mrs. M. B. Lebeck, Mrs. Frank McGavock Mrs. Georgia H. Mizel, Mrs. William M. Nichol, Mrs. W. H. Payne, Mrs. G. H. Ratterman, Mrs. Bessie Searight, Mrs. Robert G. Thorne, Mrs. Mary L. Baxter, Mrs. J. N. Brooks, Mrs. James Caldwell, Mrs. S. A. Champion, Mrs. Sara Ward Conley, Mrs. T. D. Craighead, Mrs. John R. Dorris, Mrs. John Hill Eakin, Mrs. Norman Farrel, Mrs. S. A. Grant, Mrs. Louisa Karsch, Mrs. J. H. Kirkland, Mrs. Isadore Lewenthal, Mrs. Mary Paul Maguire, Mrs. Robert L. Morris, Mrs. John Ruhm, Sr., Mrs. Anne S. Snyder, Mrs. John Ruhm, Sr., Mrs. Anne S. Snyder, Mrs. Leslie Warner, Misses Louise Baxter, Anna Brennan, Miss Lizzie Fort, Miss White May, Mrs. Mary Allen Thompson. From Knoxville the lady managers are: Mrs. John Allen, Mrs. Mailhen McClung, Mrs. Laurence Tyson, Mrs. John Williams, Mrs. J. W. S. Frierson, Mrs. Joseph Sneed, Mrs. R. M. Rhea, Miss Pattee Boyd.

From Memphis they are: Mrs. Kellar Advance Mrs. Laurence Coleman, Mrs. Sam

for books as gifts."

Her every taste must have been gratified in the agray of things placed before her, and her admiration of several little fisaks rather suggested she might tempt some gay Lothario by sending him one as a Christmas cheer. One particularly exciting her pleasure and mirth was of silver, showing in a raised design the picture of the naughty pair imbibing too freely in the cellar. Another of these intemperate little gifts was of glass entirely enveloped in a tracery of silver, leaving space for a monogram in silver on one side.

A shaving set, purchased on sight by this generous young woman, "for her brother," so she said, had in its white case the silver razor, silver-handled brush and comb. The tracery on these articles was exceedingly chaste and delicate and the gift will doubtless make some man happy Christmas morning. Silver shaving oups are in various unique designs, the most popular being one in the popular Renaissance chasing, leaving space for the monogram.

Military brushes, ciothes and hat brushes,

gram.

Military brushes, clothes and hat brushes, are shown in silver in the most attractive designs and silver penkinves and corkscrews are more dainty and attractive in their finish than ever before.

Although card cases and pocketbooks for gentlemen are still popular in leather with silver decorations, the very latest novelties are those in leather and severely plain in finish.

Everything gold is stylish now, and al-

deal of ante-bentum notations south.

Among the guests will be Misses Susle Lucas and Katherine Rutherford, of Athens; Messrs. Tom Stanley, Harry Charbonnier, Robert Patterson, Frank Hardeman, George Lucas and Charley Jarret, of Athens; Colomel and Mrs. Berner and Colonel Barnes, of Alabama; the Misses Scully, of New Orleans; Miss Adams, of Florida; Misses Foster and Herndon, of Elberton; Misses Rutherford, Williams, Flynn, Haynes, Laird and Brent Whitesides, of Atlanta; Messrs James N. Austin, Stuart Woodson, R. L. Stokes, Pelham, Wesley, Haynes, Holt, Laird and Dr. Blaicck, of Atlanta.

The Cotillion Club has purchased every ox at the Grand for next Friday evening and will attend the Boston Although card cases and pocketbooks for gentlemen are still popular in leather with silver decorations, the very latest novelties are those in leather and severely plain in finish.

Everything gold is stylish now, and al-

Barbour-Thompson, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. William Green Henry Hunter Smith, Mrs. Spalding, Mrs. Thaddeus E. Martin Amorous, Mrs. Geo Mrs. Julia McKinlock.

Mrs. Henry Tanner will Mrs. Virgil O. Hardon will give a coparty during the holidays.

Mr. Tom Cunningham will entered few friends at luncheon at the Kim few fo

Miss Lucile Achley, of South Carolin is the guest of Mrs. P. A. Erwin, 331 Spri

Mrs. Fannie Lamar Rankin will leave for a visit to Macon tomorrow.

Miss Callie Jackson is the guest of accousin, Miss May Hull, in Athena.

Mrs. J. G. Scrutchin will have as beguest next week Mrs. Hamilton Yancy, of Rome.

The next meeting of the Central Piedmont Chautauqua Circle will be in the office of Major Glenn, Decembr 15th.

The executive board of the Atlanta We-man's Club held an important meeting yesterday morning.

Cards are out formally amouncing the engagement of Miss Belle Witcher and Mr. Edward B. Meil, of Athens, the wedding to occur Wednesday, December 28d. They are both well known and popular young people and of distinguished and aristocratic lineage. Miss Witcher is the second daughter of Mr. W. T. Witcher, of the Athens Manufacturing Company, and a neice of ex-Governor Henry A. Wise, of Virginia. Sha is tall, with a graceful, willowy figure, and inherits that dark, rich beauty and mannetism so characteristic of her ancestors. Mr. Meil is a young man of rare ability and sterling qualities. He is the youngest son of the late Dr. P. H. Meil, so long chancellor of the State university, and has proven himself a worthy representative of his distinguished father.

Misses Jane and Fannie Kellors of

Misses Jane and Fannie Kellers, of Canton, Ga., will spend the next few day visiting Mrs. P. H. Long, at 67 Hirdan avenue, after which they will continue their trip to Hawthorn, Fla., where the will spend the winter.

The Masters' Club, a s of the music pupils of Miss Evelyn Jaconson, gave a delightful entertainment Friday evening at the residence of their teacher, on East Fair street. The session represided over gracefully by its president Miss Barbara Adair. It was a Mendel sohn evening, and the young lades are sohn evening, and the young lad sented a large number of selection this favorite composer, including Blas." G minor concerts Blas," G minor concerto, without words and the well

Miss Leontine Chisoim enter of her friends Friday avening did in her usually charming

Continued on Ninth Page.

# though articles in silver will always hold their own, the knives, match cases and watch fobs shown in gold are elegant and at the same time dainty. A pair of gold suspender buckles very much admired, were enameled in blue and mounted on the part of the members of the club, and all society anticipates the event with enthusiastic pleasure. Imperial Hair Regenerator Miss Dalsy Lyle, who is justly considered to most beautiful and charming young women of Georgia, lives at Jones



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# CHRISTMAS GIFTS

No. 1 Rose Tooth Powder. Bouquet Mouth Wash. Ruby Mouth Wash. Oraline Tooth Paste. Oriental Cologne. Pure Cologne Water.

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Ask your druggist for these

Reviewed in The Constitution or any other paper, as well as ail books, from the inexpensis popular authors, to the mo elegant editions of stand works, and the rarer copies scarce and out-of-print editions tions, can be obtained from

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# SUITABLE

All articles of the Toilet.

DENTAL MANUFACTURING 771/2 Whitehall St., Atlanta

cept no substitute.

Gold corkscrews and gold pinknives are being examined by sentimental young women, who shake their heads in examining the knives and generally reflecting: "It isn't good luck to give knives to anybody as gifts," though practical people appreciate their appropriateness and can present them without hesitancy.

Watch fobs are in duil gold and have the place for the coronet or seal of the charm. Some of them are touched with enamel, though all gold seemed to be favored. what is education but a preparation for though all gold seemed to be havored.

The pins in gold, some of them jeweled, make lovely gifts, and scarf pins in every conceivable design, so they be dainty, are always appropriate gifts for gentlemen.

ISMA DOOLEY. more in this direction than much study of history and sciences.

"Long ago Pope told us that 'the proper study of mankind is man.' The novelist deals with man—with man subjective and man objective. When he deals with man subjectively he enters upon the domain of the science of psychology and when he deals with man objectively he enters upon the domain of the science of sociology, and so a novel from the hand of a master becomes a vast repository of psychological COMING SOCIAL EVENTS

white elastic.

Gold corkscrews and gold pinknives are

Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock Mrs. Alexander Wylie Smith will entertain a party of young people at a "Ruth McEnery Stuart evening" in honor of Miss Mary Brown Connolly.

At the last meeting of the executive board of the Atlanta Woman's Club Mrs. Joseph Thompson was unanimously elected an honorary member.

A very delightful house party to be given during the Christmas holidays will be that given to a large party of her friends by Miss Mary Elizabeth Jarret at her lovely country home, Tuguio Valley. The large, old-fashioned colonial house is one that was an old homestead even in the ante-bellum days and in its spacious hellways and beta days, and in its spacious hallways and bal-

# real persons are the persons who never lived.' We all know what real folks some of these imaginary beings are. I remember whem the 'Little Women,' Meg, Joe, Beth and Amy were much nearer and dearer companions to me than any live girls. The boy or girl of today,' Mr. Saintsbury says, 'learns manners less from life than from books and reproduces these manners in his or her own fresh generation.' If this be true, it shows what an important, if hitherto unencouraged, part the reading of fiction plays in education. "Indeed, if you would lay claim today to being well read you must read novels, for the novel in the chosen literary form of the nineteenth century. It seems that it alone can give adequate expression to our complex modern life. So exclusive is its possession of the field that writers who would gain the public ear must throw their message into the form of the novel. I saw it stated the other day as an instance of the tyranny of the novel form in modern literature that Mrs. Humphrey Ward adopted it as her mode of expression. The writer of the article went on to say that Mrs. Ward was not a novelist by mature—scarcely by grace; that she was interested in problems, not jeople, and that in any other age she would have written not novels, but tracts for the time. "But the very fact that Mrs. Ward does put problems in her novels shows that the modern novel is not intended as the diversion of an idle hour. Every journalist is now a philosopher. We find Hardy putting into his novels the tragedy of humanity and George Mer-dith writing with such intensity and concentration that to read him understandingly we must devote to him the hours of our own greatest mental activity." Before Making

Dressing Gowns, Smoking Jackets, Fine Silk Umbrellas, Sterling Silver Trimmed Canes, Beautiful Black and Tan Slippers,

Silk Suspenders,

"What are really the appropriate things for girls to give men for Christmas pres-ents?" said a well-known young woman, gazing at a case of lovely things at a popular fewelry store. I have brothers, lov-ars and friends to whom I am determined 10 Whitehall St.

OF THE HOUR. The week socially promises to be a very gay one, for besides a number of dinner parties, there will be several large functions. Then there will be the usual card "meets" and several card parties.

Monday night Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Brailsford Felder will give a german at the Capital City Club in honor of Miss Clara Louise Doughty, of Columbus, Ga. Louise Doughty, of Columbus, Ga. Tuesday evening Miss Mary Howard will entertain her friends delight-

does not end here. It is the only text book in the school of experience. It is only by reading novels that we can gain experience without paying its bitter cost. As some one has said: 'Fiction cultivates the mind by the principle of vicarious experience.'
"But when all this is conceded there are those who still object to fiction on the ground that it is 'made up.' In a very real sense 'fiction is truer than fact.' Do you know Mr. Moulton's little book 'Four Years in Novel Reading?' Therein he ably defends this seeming paradox. For instance a biographer, he says, is limited to fact, and must needs introduce into his novels much that is accidental and trivial, whereas a novelist has no motive for introducing anything that is not of general and uni-

Thusday at 3 o'clock Mrs. Jack Spalding will entertain a large party of ladies at

Friday evening occurs the cotilion at the Capital City Club that will doubtless prove one of the most elegant entertainments of

Your Purchase of an Xmas Present see what we can show you in

with Silver Buckles.

BROS.,

boro, where she is a prime favorite with both young and old. Miss Lyle is a splen-did type of fair womanhood, and, with her many charming attributes, represents her many charuing action woman of fine the ideal young southern woman of fine ancestry. Her face is a perfect oval and its acceptry. Its expulsitely moulded. The every feature is exquisitely moulded. The sparkling brown eyes, well-cut lips and low, smooth brow suggest the incomparably smooth brow suggest the incomparably creole beauty. She is a daughter of Rev. L. M. Lyle, a well-known and influential Methodist divine, and her mother was a Miss Young, of Virginia, a descendant of one of the most highly-cultured and aristocratic families of the old dominion. Miss Lyle's personality is marked not only by her perfect beauty and grace, and a most engaging manner, but by the sincerity and gentleness of her nature and a brilliant intellectuality.

MRS. VAN LEER KIRKMAN.

The Brilliant President of the Woman's Dep't., of the Nashville Exposition

Mr. Frank Hawkins, Jr., has returned from an extended trip through the west.

Mr. Will P. Rutland, of the firm of Cooley & Rutland, prominent insurance men of Nashville, Tehn., is spending Sun-day with his mother, Mrs. T. B. Neal, at the Aragon hotel.

On the 26th of November the Atlanta South Side Woman's Christian Temper-ance Union celebrated its ninth birthday and elected the following officers for the coming year:
Mrs. M. L. McLendon—President.
Mrs. J. M. Skinner—Corresponding secre-

Mrs. E. P. O'Connor-Treasurer.

Mrs. D. O. Dougherty-First vice presi-Mrs. J. M. Osborn-Second vice or Mrs. W. A. Dodge-Third vice president

Fourteen superintendents of departments were also elected, who will be expected to make monthly reports of work accomplished. Every woman in Atlanta is cordially invited to attend the meeting held in the stewards' room of Trinity church every Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Dr. Charles Dunbar Roy leaves the city tomorrow for Richmond, where he will be married on the evening of December 17th to Miss Ellet, of that city. During Dr. Roy's absence of two weeks his office will be occupied by his assistant, who will strength of the contract of t

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Glenn announce the engagement of their daughter, Flora Bell, to Mr. J. M. Kiser, the wedding to occur Wednesday afternoon, December 16th, at 3 o'clook at the residence of the bride's The Monday Night Card Club of the north side will meet the Monday before Christmas at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. William Dickson will en-tertain the Friday Euchre Club at a de-lightful party Christmas night.

Mrs. John M. Moore will give a card

Testerday morning Mrs. Farley gave an elegant card party in honor of Mrs. Jack Johnson, of Birmingham, the guest of Mrs. Henry Porter. Mrs. Farley's benutiful home with its adornment of luxurious palms, is one of the most attractive in the city and was rendered unusually so yesterday by additional decorateons of various colored crimson roses. At 1 o'clock a delicious luncheon was served and the very handsome prizes awarded. The first prize, an elegant piece of bric-a-brac in old ivory, was won by Mrs. Swift; the second, a silver powder box, by Mrs. Halley Thomas, and the consolation prize was drawn by Mrs. Hugh Hagan. Among the guests invited to meet Mrs. Johnson were: Mrs. Robert J. Lowry, Mrs. Albert Thornton, Mrs. Henry, Porter, Mrs. Charles Sciple, Mrs. Clarence Knowles, Mrs.

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And for ONE SOLID WEEK you will get the GREATEST BAR-GAINS in this whole country. THOUSANDS OF HUNDREDS OF THINGS AT HALF COST. CONVERT GOODS

# AT 8 O'CLOCK MONDAY.

One case yard-wide Fruit of the Loom Bleaching ..... One case yard-wide Lonsdale Cambrics .....

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Paste.

One case good twenty-seven inch Outing Flannels .....

# AT 9 O'CLOCK MONDAY.

Twenty-five bolts 40-inch Lace Scrim, good quality-----130 bolts excellent grade 40-inch White Victoria Lawn ..... One case good value yard-wide Bleaching .....

# AT 10 O'CLOCK MONDAY.

One case of Children's heavy fleeced

5 cases best grade standard Prints, indigos, reds, blacks and fancies ....... Thirty pieces full bleached Cotton

\$2.00 Ladies' best grade Kld 98C Capes, fur trimmed...... Gloves, black and colors...... 98C \$6.50 Ladies' French Ladies' and Misses' Seamless 60 Fast Black Hose Ladies' 50c Silk Finished Fast Black Hose...... 190

Boys' 39c Heavy Bicycle Hose, all sizes...... 150 Ladies' Heavy Fleeced Balbriggan Vests and Pants..... 150

Large Spools Knitting Silks,

shade made ...... 3c S8.00 California All-wool \$3.98

Boucle Capes, beaver \$2.48 \$5 Misses' Fine All-wool \$1.98
Jackets, new styles..... \$10 Misses' Fine French \$4,98 Boucle Jackets, beauties \$15.00 Ladies' French Broadcloth Jackets, silk \$4.98

Ladies' \$9.50 Broadcloth \$2.98 Capes, well made...... Ladies' \$1.25 Lamb's Wool 49c \$10 Ladies' Very Fine \$3.98 Vests and Pants...... \$3.98 \$1.00 All-wool Breakfast 39C Ladies' White and Bordered Hemstitched Handkerchiefs.. 30 St. 50 Very Fine All-wool 690

44-inch Very Fine Covert 29C \$1.00 50-inch Melton Cloth, 39C \$1.00 French Boucles in a 390 Fancy Mixtures...... 190 39c Black and Navy Diag-\$1 black Brocaded all Wool Dress Goods. ..... \$1.50 very fine Novelty Boucle Dress Goods ..... \$1 changeable Glace Taffeta 59C \$1 all Silk, Satin Duchesse 590 \$1 25 black Brocaded Duchesse and Gros Grain. ... 690

\$1 Satins in white, cream, pink and canary. ..... \$1 high grade all wool Eiderdowns..... 75c very handsome all wool Eiderdowns.....

# AT II O'CLOCK MONDAY.

Sio Australian All-wool \$4.98 One case Good Quality Yard-wide Sheeting..... One case High Grade 10-4 Bleached 123C 500 Tam-o'-Shanter Caps, in cloth, worth 50c, for-----

# AT 12 O'CLOCK MONDAY.

\$1 all Wool Imperial Serges 39c 1,000 yds. 40-inch Curtain Swisses, and Henriettas. 10c lace effects..... One hundred full 8-4 Chenille Table Two cases Staple and Fancy Dress Ginghams .....

## AT I O'CLOCK MONDAY.

15 bolts Toweling Crash, ten yards to a customer ..... 490 Ten bolts fifty-four inch Camel's Hair Suitings..... Ten bolts fifty-four inch heavy Black 9

# \$1.00 24-inch fine China Silks, every shade ...... Wanted: Five Salesmen, Four Salesladies and Five Cash Girls.

Best 40-inch Moried Rustle Taffeta.....9c Gilbert's best Silesias and Percalines..... 9c We save you 40 per Cent on Linings and Findings.

wars convulsed Europe for thirty years. When the Corsican had been finally overwhelmed by numbers and England, to her whelmed by numbers and England, to her lasting disgrace, had imprisoned and humilasting disgrace discrete distribution and the distribution of the Golden Pathway," by Anna Duryea, is a beautifully written missing the way to the heart of the Golden Pathway," by Anna Duryea, is a beautifully written missing the way to the heart of the Golden Pathway," by Anna Duryea, is a beautifully written missing the way to on a new era. The French revolution, enforced by the reconstructive genius of Napoleon, had scattered broadcast new ideas and new impulses. The battle of Waterloo was the death knell of the first empire. ellington and his sturdy Anglo-Saxon soldiery triumphed over the ambition of a man, but the impulse of freedom, on the crest of which Bonaparte rode to power, had taken firm hold in the minds of the people, and no army or battle could extinguish it. When the great succession of wars came to an end and Wellington escorted the Bourbons back to their hereditary throne, Europe had felt the thrill of a new impulse and started on a new caree of progress, which no commander or army could check.

Professor Charles M. Andrews, in his work, "The Historical Development of Modern Europe," purposes to trace the sucnations have developed from the chaos of the Napoleonic wars. It is a theme worthy of the genius of a master.

Professor Andrews has divided his work into two epochs, to each of which he will devote a volume. The first volume, just issued by the Putnam's, begins with a brief resume of the influence of Napoleon on the history of Europe and carries the story to the conclusion of the revolution in France in 1848. The next volume will deal with the second empire, the great Franco-Prussian war, of which the end has not yet been told, and the rise of the great German empire, with other stages of progress in the formation of modern Europe.

Professor Andrews gives evidence in his His style is concise and lucid. He assembles a wide range of facts in a cogent and intelligible form, and undertaking that might well tax a genius, as he attempts to array in logical and historical equence all the important movements in the history of Europe for the past hundred years. The work, when finished, bids fair to be a dis-(For sale at Lester's.)

"A Man's Value to Society," by Newell Dwight Hills, is the somewhat ambiguous title of a book on self-culture and character. It is a book somewhat on the order of "Self Help," Sir John Lubbock's well known work, dealing with aspirations, ideals and success. When read by a boy in his junior year at college such books inspire ambitions too lofty to be ach eved by anything more modest than the aspirations of a junior. The book is excellent in its way, but has been excelled by some of it's predecessors. The best book of the kind ever written is "Self Help," by Mathews. This, with Sir John Lubbock's, covers the ground so theroughly that there is little need of any ad-

ditional book on this line.

(For sale by F. J. Paxon.)

Crane, who gets more into the heart of a soldler's emotions, in an imaginative way, that most writers, makes one statement which goes somewhat against the grain. After telling in a mastern which goes somewhat against the grain about a fictitious nation in eastern Europe, which is seeking a king. "The Prisoner of Zonda" quite filled the bill in this line. Such stories are interesting according to the ability of the writer to make his facts plausible and to lull the critical faculty in the reader's mind while playing upon the meader's mind while playing upon the imagination. This last work follows the usual routine. A love story, of course, runs through it, and there is an abundance of strapping and final catalissm, which sends

Crane, who gets more into the heart of a soldler's emotions, in an imaginative way, the soldler's emotions, in an imaginative way, the soldler's emotions, in an imaginative way, about a factification in a mastern Europe, which is seeking a king. "The Prisoner of the soldler's emotions, in an imaginative way, about a factificus nation in eastern Europe, which goes somewhat against the grain. After telling in a mastern way the enforted cannot be seen generally outside of the candy stores of New York.

The "Out of Door Library" of the Scrib-ners has had another book added to its list. It is for sportsmen, and all who lilis. It is for sportsmen and all who lilis. It is for sportsmen, and all who lilis. It is for sportsmen and all

a year in advance, skips out. The head lunatic, who imagines that he is the exiled king of Thracia, easily recognizes his court and when the stranger, who is a bicycle tourist, wanders in, he is led to believe that he has struck up with an exile1 king daughter, who happens to be sane, and things drift serenely along in spite of manifest symptoms of insanty in the conduct of everybody about the premises until Count Hugo, who is a little crazier than anybody else, evolves a fine scheme to burn up the premises and send all thereon to the bow-wows. The tourist and the maiden escape in the midst of a general pandemonium and lived happily ever af-terwards. "An Uncrowned King" is a little more reasonable and a little less interesting than "A Court Intrigue." Both might have slumbered peacefully in the imagina-tions of their authors without the world A work on football by two such standard

interest by the jong haired fraternity. It was Mr. Deland, I believe, who inaugurated mass plays in footbail. The story is told that he had never played a game of football, but was persuaded by a friend to witness the big Thanksgiving game in New York. Mr. Deland, being an enthusiastic admirer of Napoieon, had studied up on the tactics of the great commander. Among other things, he was a strong believer in Napoleon's plans of breaking the enemy's line by mass movements on a certain point. General Forrest, in his way as great a general as Bonaparte, used to say that the secret of success in battle was to get there first w't; the most men. Anyhow, as the story goes, Mr. Deland went home from that game a change! man. He applied his Napoleonic tactics to the fcotball field and evolved the flying wedge, which was a great success, inasmuch as it broke up anything that got in front of it, includ-ing legs, arms and heads. In fact, it broke up so many of the latter items that the authorities had to break it up. But Mr. Leland did not let this break him up, and he is still a great football authority.

As for Mr. Walter Camp, anybody who knows anything about football or other college sports knows all about Walter Camp. He has so long been considered an authority on such matters that it would

be superfluous to say anything about who he is. When he and Mr. Flyingwedge Deland get together and write a book on football it may go without doubt as a good book. The football season is now over, but next year when the college youth begin to cultivate hirsute appendages, it will doubtless have a wide sale.
(Published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co. In "The Red Badge of Courage" Stephen Crane, who gets more into the heart of a

an officer in the southern army beating a private with the flat of his sword! Mr. Crane must have had in mind some Dutch recruit in the northern army. The story is very fine, or rather the way in which it

stand it, if read aloud. There is nothing so dren are the best critics. A story that once pleases a child will last. A man may write to please his contemporaries, and his work will be forgotten with his generation. The apostles of modern realism forget this fact when they insist that realism is the faithful portrayal of the life of their day. The depths of the human heart, that lie beneath all contemporary chatoms, never change. Once let a writer touch the cherds that vibrate in the breast of all humanity, and he has a lasting hold on fame. Once let a writer please a child, and he will please all children for all time. This is the secret of the survival of folk lore tales, for

saveges are grown up children.
All this is somewhat far afield of the lit-tle book about which I started to write. It is a common mistake for authors to write a book for children, and end oy writ-ing a story for grown folk. Mrs. Burnett has written some beautiful children's stories for grown people. But at last her sto-ries are stories for grown people, and are A work on football by two such standard ries are stories for grown people, and a characteristic as Walter Camp and L. F. Deland, better known as Flyingwedge Deland, will doubtless be received with great interest by the long-haired fraternity. It the little folk, but all it's best parts appeal without comparing more to grown people. Without comparing "Sir Knight of the Golden Pathway" with the "Little Lord," it comes under the same criticism. It would please a precoclous child, maybe, but not an ordinary one.

> A book that will please a child, or rather a book is "The Lost Gold Mine," by Frank Converse, an author who always writes good stories for boys. The story is somewhat on the order of Horatio Alger's stories, and while a little sensational, is a clean, wholesome story, that will do no harm, and is quite interesting.

Mr. Elbert Hubbard has been occupyin himself during the past year by writing a series of sketches, entitled "Journeys to the series of sketches, entitled "Journeys to the Homes of Good Men and Great." The sketches were interesting, though at times there was very apparent a forced effort in his work. As a companion piece the Putnams have published "Little Journeys to the Homes of American Authors." Mr. Hubbard has one or two chapters in this volume, but most of the sketches are selected from the writings of greater, if not better, men. There are twelve chapters in all, with portraits of the authors and their homes, etched on Japanese paper, making a very beautiful and interesting little volume.

(For sale at Lester's.)

About three years ago there appeared a book entitled "An Englishman in Paris," under a fictitious name, which was for a while the puzzle of the literary world. The book was brilliant in style and it's statebook was brillant in style and it's statements were startling. At length it transpired that the author was Albert D. Vandam. The book had a phenomenal sale, which was stimulated by the doubt as to it's authorship. "Undercurrents of the Second Emp.re," by the same author, is just out, of which more at a future time. (G. P. Putnam's Sons, publishers. For sale at Lester's.) The "Out of Door Library" of the Scrib-

# Continued From Eighth Page.

preparations on the part of the little ones, is very fine, or rather the way in which it is written is very fine, which makes this little flaw in h's realism stand out all the more conspicuously.

To whom it all means the most delightful of afternoons. Miss Morris is, by the way, one of the prettiest girls I know—herself a dainty and exquisite little creature, and one

> of the new year will occur on January 20th at Cartersville, Ga. On that occasion two of the best known young people of Georgia will be united in the holy bonds of wedlock, the contracting parties being Mr. A. Gordon Cassels, of Savannah, and Miss Frank Gilreath, of Cartersville.

> Miss Gilreath has long been recognized as one of the social queens of the state. Possessed of rare personal beauty, she has added to this endowment the graces of a added to this endowment the graces of a cultured mind and the charms of a most exquisite character. To those who have known her from girlhood she is specially attractive, and it will be a very hard matter for them to give her up, even to the man of her choice.
>
> Mr. Cassels is one of the leading young business men of south Georgia. Graduating from the State university several years ago,

he has steadily mounted the ladder of suc

cess and usefulness, and no young man in that section of the state enjoys a wider

popularity than Mr. Cassels, and his friend congratulate him on the happy event in his life which is soon to occur. Dr. J. P. Huntley, the popular dentist, who has his offices at 25 Washington street, will remove to 209 Peachtree, corner of Cain. He can be found at the location after Thursday, where he will be pleased to serve his many patrons. Dr. Huntley is well known in the profession and in the realms of local society. His patrons are among the most prominent people of the city, and his many friends wish him much success in his new location.

Don't fall to read Souvenir Spoon adver-tisement. Great reduction. Within reach of all. Maier & Berkele. nov. 22-sun.

Visitors to the world's fair at Chicago, the San Francisco midwinter fair, the Atlanta exposition, will remember the exhibition of the Libbey Glass Co. To enable every one to be sure that they are buying the genuine article the Libbey Glass Co. cut their name with a sword under it on every piece of glass they make.

#### EXQUISITE TASTE. The Artistic Arrangement of Artificial

Flowers and Beautiful Ribbons. The reputation of the French people for refined and elegant taste was never more thoroughly demonstrated than in the nice display of bonbon baskets at Nunnally's two stores. All the new and delicate tints are represented in this collection of baskets and the combination of the different most beautiful events. When kets and the combination of the different tints produces most beautiful effects. When filled with Nunnally's delicious bonbons what could be more appropriate for a handsome Christmas present than one of these French novelties. In addition to the baskets the Nunnally Company has brought out for the holiday shoppers a variety of pretty boxes, German favors and paper mottoes of both English and French designs. The enterprise of this firm should be appreciated by the people of Atlanta and vicinity, as the candy they manufacture and the beautiful things imported cannot be seen generally outside of the candy stores of New York.

### This Contest Closes December 24.

the third; \$10 for the fourth; \$10 for the fifth, and \$5 for each of the next eight lists.

Rules of contest—In making words, you can use the letters over as often as you desire provided you do not use in the construction of any single word a letter oftener than it is found in the two words, Sunny South. Here is the way to make words: Sun, sun, you, thou, nun, not and so on. Prefixes and suffixes will not be allowed. Proper nouns and foreign words will not be counted. Use any standard dictionary. You can also use plurals. A word which has two meanings can be counted but once. Contest closes December 24th.

In order to enter contest it is necessary to send 50 cents for three months' subscription to The Sunny South, the south's great family story paper. Even if you make only ten words you will get a prize, as you will receive in addition to The Sunny South, your choice of one of the four following offers: First, 10 complete novels by Miss Mulock; second, 12 complete novels by the Duchess; fourth, 12 complete novels by the Duchess; fourth, 12 complete novels by Sylvagus Cobb, Jr. Let us know which offer you want. For \$2 we will send The Sunny South one year, allow you to enter the contest, and send two of above offers. Perhaps you would like a complete set of Dickens' works in 12 volumes. If so, we will send you the set and allow you to enter contest and also send The Sunny South three months for \$1, or for \$2.50 you can enter contest, get the complete set, with The Sunny South one year. Address THE SUNNY SOUTH, Bunny South one year. Address

#### THE SHERIFF GOT IT.

THE STOCK OF GOODS OF L. SNIDER TO BE SOLD AT ONCE.

One of the Largest Variety Stores in the South Will Sell All Its Goods at Once.

The store of L. Snider, at 82 Whitehall street, which was closed last Thursday by the sheriff, under a mortgage fl. fa. in favor of J. J. McLean, mortgagor, will be opened Monday morning, and the stock will be disposed of immediately. The goods ecnsist of crockery, diamonds,

The goods consist of crockery, diamonds, watches and, in fact, everything usually found in a large and up-to-date variety store. Perhaps no concern of its character in Georgia enjoyed at one time a more extensive trade. Now that the store is in the hands of the sheriff, and the goods are to be sold regardless of cost, in order to satisfy the existing mortgags, it is quite likely that the stock will be disposed of in a rapid way.

likely that the stock will be disposed of in a rapid way.

The foreclosure, coming just before the holidays, when everybody is anxious for the class of goods kept by such an establishment, it is more than probable that the stock will be disposed of at once. There are several brands of the finest china, both plain and decorated; lamps, glassware, jewelry, watches and diamonds, and in fact, the place is a perfect salmagundi.

The authorities, it is understood, have till; January 1st in which to satisfy the mortgage, and this being the case, the goods—entire stock—will be forced. Now is the opportunity for holiday buyers.

# LILIENTHAL'S STORE?

1. Only new goods are offered.

2. No seconds or thirds are for sale. 3. Only cater for nice trade.

. Every article warranted as represented. 5. Polite treatment and prompt service.

6. Last, but not least, the prices are more reasonable, taking the quality of goods into consideration, than anywhere else in the city. New shipments for the holiday trade received daily.

B. L. LILIENTHAL.

57 Peachtree Street.

# Guns and Pistols.



Double Barrel Shotguns, \$9 up. Double Barrel Hammerless Guns, \$22.50. H. & R. Pistols, 32 or 38 Caliber, Only \$2.48.

# ITTEN-THOMPSON HARDWARE 60

# CORNER BROAD AND MARIETTA STREETS.

#### GOING TO TRAVEL.

Write to Ed. E. KIRBY, General Railroad and European Steamship Ticket Agent, No. 12 Kimball House, successor to R. D. Mann & Co., Atlanta, Ga. Tickets Sold to AliParts of the Werld Prompt and full replies to all letters of inquiry.

#### A MAP OF GUBA

# HOTEL GRANT

# Glenn Grocery Co. 90 Whitehall St.

50c Bottle Olives .....25c Bottle 25c Bottle Tomato Catsup...... 15c Finsst Citron, Orange and Lemon Peel ......15c pound New Crop Mixed Nuts....12c pound to pounds pure Leaf Lard .......650

### New South Georgia Syrup...... Special on Fireworks.

Lettering and monograms on Christmas Gifts Located in the business center, only three blocks from union depot; electric cars pass the door to all parts of the city.

Cuisine and dining service unexcelled. A favorite with tourists and commercial men. Rates, 22 per day.

Charge.

# **WORDS BY PATTERSON**

He Tells of a Heart-to-Heart Talk with His Patron Saint.

GROVER AND JOSIAH AGREE

Latter Strikes the Keynote of the Present Situation.

### PUTS OUT PLATITUDINOUS PROGNOSTICATIONS

Says That if the Country Prospers as the Gold Men Prophesy, the Silver Question Will Die.

Washington, Depember 10.-(Special.)-Among the members of congress from the who are famed for one thing or another, the waving palm and the aromatic wreath of victory must generously be given to Colonel Josiah Patterson, of the tenth ssional district of Tennessee, as the fond and faithful friend of Cleveland. A few men may equal Colonel Patterson in brilliant intellect, and some may rival him in magnificent stature, but none, no, not one, can rival him as the southern favorite of the present administration.

When Colone Patterson arrived in town the other day, he drove to the Ebbitt and scarcely lingered long enough to wash the cinders from his ears, before he took up his march to the white house. It goes without saying that he was quickly admitted and warmly received. The "open sesame" of the captain of the forty thieves was no more potent in its influence upon the solid rock, than is Colonel Patterson's aggressive knock and commanding voice upon the portals of the president's private chamber. Before Colonel Patterson's approach all the doors of the white house swing open, and he enters to find a smiling

What Mr. Cleveland will not do for Colonel Patterson is only limited by what he cannot do. The proverbial pull of "all the king's horses and all the king's men" was but a pigmy of a pull compared to Patterson's pull on the president. The presdent likes Colonel Patterson and Colonel Patterson certainly likes the president. When Mr. Patterson talks to the people on the men and issue of the day, he never falls to elevate the president on a pedestal of dizzy eminence in an apostrophe of eloence that would flatter the gods.

Knowing all these things, I said to him recently: "By the way, how does Mr. Cleveland feel toward those members of his party who supported Bryan and therefore practically opposed and censured him?" "I have never discussed that question with Mr. Cleveland." said Colonel Patterson, "and I am not, therefore, authorized to speak for him. I have no doubt, however, that he feels as I do on that subject, and that he very earnestly desires demo-crats to get together and to agree on

urse." continued Colonel Patterson. "If the free silver propaganda is to continue in the future, as it has in the past, I do not see any common ground on which democrats like myself and our free silver friends can stand. We would all be very glad—by 'we all' I mean the sound money men—to see our free silver friends accept the verdict of November 3d last as final on the proposition that this government should adopt the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, with out reference to the balance of the world Patterson Indulges in Prognostications

"My judgment is that the situation is now one that should be let alone and that it will, in the near future, adjust itself."
"How do you think the great mass of the ocrats over the country feel on the sub-

nel Patterson deliberated and then replied: "A large body of demograts throughout the United States, who felt it to be their duty to vote for McKinley in the emergency presented by the Chicago platform and the nomination of Mr. Bryan and still another large number who sup-ported Mr. Bryan merely for the sake of regularity and party organization, believe that the country, having been relieved of apprehension in respect to the stability of the currency, will now enter on an era of prosperity. If this should be the case, free silver propaganda would certainly fail. It is a cause that cannot stand pros perity. On the contrary, if we should have adverse times, and dissatisfaction should follow and prevail throughout the country, I have no doubt it would become much more formidable as an issue in 1900 than

But my belief is that prosperity will be the death of the free silver movement and that we only have to wait for a short time in order for the passions which were aroused during the late canvass to subside, and for the country to assume its normal condition of prosperity, to enable the democrats to get together. We have much to live for and to work for outside of the silver question. So far as I am individually concerned, I have never seen the hour when I wished to proscribe any democrat, but I have always been more than willing to harmonize on democratic lines—lines that have been regarded as democratic through all the years that are

As Colonel Patterson spoke of the "years that are past," his voice died away in a sad cadenza, as if he grieved for the ninety and nine democratic sheep which had strayed from the fold, to leave him lonely. Believes Democracy Will Reform.

"However," he said, brightening up and in a more cheerful tone, "I believe democracy will reform its lines and get together, but this cannot be brought about by agreement or by passing resolutions. It must be the result of time, forbearance and a returning sense of justice among democrats. to form an accurate opinion in regard this matter. It will take care of itself, in my judgment, as events develop."

It was suggested that it was impossible to see how reconciliation could ever be ef-

to see how reconciliation could ever be effected between the two factions of the party, so bitter had been the parting, "unless," your correspondent said in mock seriousyour correspondent said in mock serious-ness, "some great sorrow should reunite them as sometimes the death of a child reunites husband and wife."

"Well," said Colonel Patterson, in a melancholy tone, "a great sorrow is upon us now. The south is once more a section.

us now. The south is once more a section. It stands alone. The platform of the Chicago convention was an obstacle to progress. It was reversing the engines of civilization. And the south has lost in six months what it required a quarter of a cen-tury to gain. Isn't that a sorrow come

In the intensity of his feeling Colonel Patterson let the fire in his pipe go out, forgot that he held it in his hand and half arose from his chair. Then he made this remarkable statement: "When the historians of the future come to write the political history of the nineteenth century there will be two blots upon the page which will go down in history as the two great and monstrous blunders, if not crimes, of e age. And one of those was when the republican party, shortly after the war, sought to obtain control of the south by universal negro suffrage and the other was iversal negro sunrage and the other was nen the democratic party at the Chicago avention declared for the free and unone was as great a crime as

believe that prosperity will come under the existing financial system?"
"It certainly ought to."
"And you think the present system can be maintained without another bond issue?"
"Oh, I don't say that. But what if another bond is such and the system can be maintained without another bond is such and the system." ther bond issue is necessary?"
"There are \$262,000,000 out now," your cor-

nt interrupted to suggest. "Two hundred and sixty-two millions?
Why, what of that? It's not a pocket full
of change for 75,000,000 people," said Colonel
Patterson with a magnificent disdain of

Patterson Is in Hot Water. Just at present Colonel Patterson is in hot water all around. He has two bitter fights on his hands. One of them is his contest for a seat in the next congress against E. W. Carmack, of Memphis, and crmerly editor of The Memphis Comm cial-Appeal. The other is the contest over the appointment of a new postmaster at Memphis to succeed R. B. Armour, who

week or two ago.

The postoffice fight is between Colonel son and Senator Harris. The latter ecommended William Farrington, of Memphis, for the place, and the former Hugh Pettitt. Colonel Patterson wants hir.

Palatial Home with a Theater in It

TAMPA A SCENE OF BEAUTY

Mr. Plant's Money Has Transformed the Place Into a Dreamland.

THEATRICAL COMPANIES BOOKED FOR WINTER

Cold Winds of the North Send the Rich South, Where Life Is More Pleasant and Happy. was found to be \$12,800 short in his accounts

> Tampa, Fla., December 10 .- (Special Cors to Florida.

NEW "BELLEVIEW" HOTEL NEAR CLEARWATER, FLA.



Pettitt because he is one of the leading gold standard men of the district. Senator Har-ris wants Mr. Farrington because, although not a rampant silver man, he is acceptable to the silver sentiment, while Mr. Pettitt is not. The two recommendations stand at the postoffice department Mr. Pettiti is not. The two recommentations stand at the postoffice department amaiting Postmaster General Wilson's action, which will probably be taken this week. Unless a compromise is reached between Colonel Patterson and Senator Hartris, the postmaster general will undoubt-edly appoint Mr. Pettitt, as Colonel Pat-terson has the pull on the president. But Mr. Pettitt's nomination would certainly be defeated in the senate by Senator Harris, backed up by his friends. The matter is, therefore, in a very complicated condition, with no chances of being speadily settled. As to Colonel Patterson's contest with Mr. Carmack, who has been given a cer-tificate of election upon the basis of 300 odd majority, Colonel Patterson said that he had no doubt in the world that he could conclusively show fraud and unseat Mr. Carmack.

"Do you expect the support of the republicans?" was asked. Colonel Patterson started to say several things before finally saying, evasively: "I expect the support of every intelligent man."

G. E. H.

#### ENORMOUS APPLE CROP.

Experts Estimate It at From 120, 000,000 to 200,000,000 Barrels.

rom The Chicago Times-Herald.
South Water street merchants have figured out several interesting facts about this year's apple crop. Their minimum estimate of its volume is 120,000,000 barrels, and their maximum 200,000,000 barrels. Every patriotic American, therefore, ought to eat at least two barrels of this "healthlest fruit on earth." Chicago's receipts to date are 5,000,000 barrels, and stor-1,000,000 barrels. From 4 to 10 per cent will be made into cider.

Notwithstanding our own crop, Canadian apples find a sale, because some people must have whatever costs most, especially if it is imported. Nearly all of our enormous crop was raised in the northern states. Michigan, New York, New Eng-land and parts of New Jersey, Ohio and Pennsylvania have broken all records this

Patriots who set themselves to the pleasant task of helping to consume this home product will kill two birds with one stone. The "other bird" in this case is the doctor. The apple has remarkable medicinal liver, purifies the blood, obviates indigestion, helps the kidney secretions, and is a preventive of throat diseases. It is an excellent brain food, abounding in phosphoric acid in easily digestible shape. Next to the lemon and orange it is the best anti-dote for the thirst and craving of persons addicted to alcohol and opium. It should be eaten just before going to bed, as it prenotes sound and healthy sleep.

#### A COLD SNAP,

Like an Invading Army, Brings Suffering and Death and a Host of Ills. Few people realize what a calamity the ordinary blizzard is. The sudden lowering of the temperature finds many people unprepared to meet the change. Here and there a victim is singled out who succumbs quickly to some acute malady, the direct result of cold. An unnumbered multitude, however, survive, who have acquired some catarrhal affection more or less severe. A common cold is acute catarrh, which quicky becomes chronic catarrh if allowed to remain. Every cold snap leaves in its trail thousands of cases of catarrh, many of whom for want of an effective remedy, will suffer from this disease the rest of their lives. Is there anything that can be done

to prevent all this? In the first place, Pe-ru-na used at the proper time will prevent taking cold. In the second place, Pe-ru-na will cure a cold in from two to five days. Again, Pe-ru-na will cure catarrh quickly in the first stages, and finally Pe-ru-na will cure also chronic catarrh, if used properly and persistent Pe-ru-na kept in the house and properly used will therefore not only act as a safe-guard against the ailments which result from sudden cold waves, but will prove a sure remedy for this class of ail-ments.

Any one desiring an instructive, 64-page illustrated book on catarrh and catarrhal diseases can obtain one free by sending name and address to the Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Company, Columbus, O. This book was recently written by Dr. Hartman, the well-known author and specialist on catarrhal diseases.

#### Life in Lumpkin.

From The Lumpkin Independent,
While floods and snowstorms and cyclones and blizzards and ice gorges are
playing a role of destruction to life and property in the northwestern states, the people of this section of the country are delightful winter weather and smiling at the fine season for saving pork

To get relief from indigestion, billiousness, constination or torpid liver without disconstipation or torpid liver without dis-turbing the stomach or purging the bowels, take a few doses of Carter's Little Liver Pills; they will please you.

It has been erected on the eastern side of the great hotel and fronts westward on the broad paved walk or plasa that stretches alongside the hotel on the east front through a world of gay flowers, tropical shrubbery, ferns, palms, etc.

The theater has been fitted with all the scenery necessary and of a high order. A stage of spacious dimensions is easily arranged and a proscenium arch will be provided. A large number of first-class theatrical companies have been engaged to play in the theater during the season. The theater has a floor space of 157x8 feet, sloping gradually toward the stage, and this will be fitted with handsome opera chairs for the performances that are to be chairs for the performances that are to be Opened for Tourists.

this will be fitted with handsome operachairs for the performances that are to be given. There will also be a gallery around the walls of the theater, which will give more accommodation to the amusement loving guests of the hotel. The seating capacity will be 2,000.

The general appearance of the seating capacity will be 2,000.

The general appearance of the entire building is ornamental to a high degree, the roof being of massive cornice work, surrounded with parapet walls and pedi-ments. The front is decorated with heavy moldings and cluster columns of rare The rear of the Casino is directly beside the waters of the neck of Tampa bay and

sboro river. Improvements at Clearwater. Enchanting as a veritable glimpse of fairyland is the spot browing the beautiful blue waters of Clearwater harbor, where Mr. H. B. Plant has located his new hotel, the Belleview, which is the latest addition to the splendid chain of hotels of the Plant system adorning the west coast of Florida. system adorning the west coast of Florida

to be opened January 15th. new hotel and its environment will greatly add to the fascinations and charms of the entrancing region of the gulf coast, the entrancing region several years been transforming into a most tempting land of beauty, comfort and rest for the tourist seeking refuge from the icy blasts of winter in more northerly climes. The 300-acre tract whereon Mr. Plant is directing his latest work for the development of his latest work for the development of western Florida is about a mile and a half water, which has for many years been a favorite resort, in a modest way, among



SCENE AT OPENING OF "CASINO THEATER," TAMPA BAY

the flight of the winter birds to the south. And, to judge from present indications, the gayest of gay winter seasons is now on in the Land of Flowers. The unusually large tide of tourist travel, which has already set in, gives evidence that the winter resorts of the Peninsular State will be crowded to their capacity during the forth-

coming season. The people who have never visited the Peninsular State in winter time can have but faint idea of the marked awakening the evidences of new life and activity as compared with the general conditions during the summer months. When the first frost falls on the pumpkin in the north, then does Florida look up in the promise of winter's business. The railroads, which have had more to do with the state's prosthan all other factors co gin to put on their magnificently equipped vestibuled trains; the great winter resorts fling open their palatial gates; the countless hotels from coast to coast open wide their doors, and the northern tourist, fleeing from the chilly blast of severer climes. is welcomed with a hearty zest by every body and everywhere. And when he come he brings with him that which infuses life and light the world over-money! And with him comes such transformation in the state of Florida as no state in the union ever experiences in the change of seasons so pronounced is the energy, life and action on all sides.

The annual transformation on the west coast is heralded by the opening of the Tampa Bay hotel, which is the leading hostelry of the Plant system. This hotel, which stands for all that magnificence and splendor signify in the modern world of American hostelry, has lately been opened for the season; and with it the new Tampa Bay casino and theatrical auditorium. This is something new under the sun. There is nowhere to be found another winter hotel with a regular theater opened each season, with regular bookings of plays, and operated in connection with the hotel. It is certainly a step in advance of all other American hotels.

The opening at Tampa meant a great deal more, therefore, this season than hitherto. The attraction at the casino on the night of the opening was the Minnie Maddern Fiske company. The audience was large and euthusiasm and pride in the

new casino ruled the hour Unless one is familiar with the wondrous scope, the colossal proportions and the elaborate finish of such hotels as those which adorn the Florida resort regions it is difficult to imagine the full significance of opening night at these giant palaces each year. The Tampa Bay hotel and casino, and the Florida exposition building, in which Mr. H. B. Plant, president of the Plant system, has stored the completes collection of Florida products ever brough together, are surrounded by a vast park. In front of the hotel, which extends over 1,000 feet north and south, through the center of the park, stretches a broad lawn center of the park, stretches a broad lawn decked with gayest of flowers blooming all the winter long. Around the northern end of the hotel is a flourishing orange grove, each tree burdened with the ripening fruit. The waters of Hillsboro bay and river meet immediately in front of the hotel park, which borders the placid surfarce a great distance. The commanding towers and Moorish minarets crowning the owers and Moorish minarets crowning the great palace give an air of picturesque beauty to the general scene, smacking of all that is charming in the oriental.

all that is charming in the oriental.

When opening night is at hand and the great engine in the distant power house begins to turn; when the electric current flashes myriads of glittering lights about the place from the gleaming crescent on the highest flaspole to the cellars far below; when the liveried footmen stand with folded bands haside the shiring decrease. low; when the liveried rootmen stand with folded hands beside the shining doorways; when the musicians send the thrill of sweetest concord through the place, and the brilliant ballroom echoes with the merry laughter of the gay throng of revelers—when all this life and light is turned on at the Tampa Bay hotel, then does the reign of pleasure, comfort and luxury begin in Florida for the season.

The Splendid Casino. A word or two about the new Casino will probably be of interest. It is a combine-

the throngs of winter tourists seeking health and pleasure on the west coast of the Peninsular State. It is a quaint and the Peninsular State. It is a quaint and pretty little townsite, with many charming drives through one of the most attractive corners of "the land of flowers," and has the advantage of a glorious frontage on one of the prettiest bays to be found on the Gulf of Mexico, with an elevation of about fifty for above the same of the pretties.

about fifty feet above tide-water. It is on the outskirts of this quaint little town Mr. Plant has made his purchase of many acres of land on rising hills and sunny slopes, laid out streets and squares for a beautiful town site and is pullding one of the prettiest and most attractive hotels in all this land of perennial

the picturesque keys that serve as a breakwater in protection of the calmer waters of the interior of the harbor. The hotel is located in a way that enables the eve to survey the harbor from every room in the building extending as it does length wise eastward from the brow of the bay. waters lies the long slender strip of land known as Sand Key, which is a natural garden of rare beauty, verdant with the uense foliage of undergrowth and crowned with bristling, picturesque and towsled heads of large palm trees. On the western edge of this strip of land there extends edge of this strip of land there extends long beach of whitest sands, where das Mr. Plant has purchased the greater por tion of this island and will carry the work of improvement there, transforming its natural beauty into a land of incomparable enchantment. The island is just far enough away from the hotel to lend its fascination with increased measure to the genral view and the incessant roar of the billows against its western borders can be heard in soothing murmur all the day. With its tangle of natural growth it stands out in pleasing harmony with the azure of the blending colors of sea and sky, hazy, reposeful, dreamy and inviting. This will afford the guests of the new hotel a splendid place for daily outings pleasure

The new hotel stands four stories high

prettiest sections of Florida. It is reached by the Sanford and St. Petersburg railroad,

which is a part of the great Plant system, and is accessible to the tourist either by way of the famous West Coast line or by way of the famous West Coast line or by the Sanford line. It may also be reached by way of Tampa, Port Tampa and St. Petersburg, the route being over the waters of Tampa bay from Port Tampa to St. Petersburg. Steamers of the Plant Steamship line ply back and forth nearly every hour during the day.

neys, Blacder, Nervous Diseases, Dizzi ness, Vertigo, Costiveness, Piles.

The hotel is to have a majestic and com manding site, being built upon a lofty elevation about 300 feet from the brink of the waters of the harbor and overlooking the About a mile and a half out across the breakers of the restless, turbulent gulf. parties, moonlight boating

The new hotel stands four stories high on the highest spot in all the tract near the waters of the harbor. It extends 300 feet east and west and ninety-six feet north and south, including the broad verandas. The general style of architecture is Swiss, with broad, awning-like roofs extending over the windows sufficiently to shield them from the sun, and yet allowing liberal ventilation and airing. The general shape of the hotel is similar to a colossal capital I. capital I.

will be located the lavatories, saloons, poolrooms, etc.

The new hotel is located in one of the

# Radway's Pills

Always Reliable, Purely Vegetable.

strengthen. Radway's Pills for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Kid-

DURING THE YEARS 1895 AND 1896.

NAMR.	RESIDENCE.	Original Insurance,	Claim Paid by Company,	Net Premiums.	Profit Over Cost
Henry Jackson	Atlanta	\$ 20,000 00	N. W. C.	\$ 8,037 30	\$ 11,962 7
Charles Beerman		10,000 00	10,000 00	5,456 00	
W. F. Prioleau		5,000 00	5,514 00	2,113 35 1,856 00	7,866 6
Alf Wellhouse		3,000 00	4,000 00 3,000 00	1,026 88	3,658 or 2,973 I
E. T. Boggs		2,000 00	2,000 00	64 50 56 20	2,935 50
Thomas H. Brown		1,500 00	1,500 00	587 13	1,943 & 912 8
Charles M. Gibbs		1,000 00	I,000 00	260 96	739 Q
W. M. Crim		1,000 00	1,000 00	629 76 402 84	370 24
Victor Phillip		800 00 484 00	800 00	265 00	597 16 535 00
A. F. Coolege		404 00	484 00	211 00	273 oc
Davis Lipfield	Augusta	15,000 00	15.000 00	4,365 00	10,635 00
J. O. Mathewson		780 00	15,664 oo 942 oo	4,902 00	10,762 00
J. W. Wallace		,000	942 00	313 40	628 60
M. L. Wollner	Columbus	10,00 000	10,000 00	411 00	9,589 00
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Arthur T. Dudley		3,000 00	3,000 00	202 60	4,819 90 2,797 40
	B	5,000 00	5,000 00		
S. J. Dent	Brunswick	2,500 00	2,500 00	163 oo	4,837 00
			22 164 00	Con and a	2,365 00
Sol Waxelbaum	Macon	27,500 00	2,000 00	14,997 60 126 56	18,166 40
Ella Cameriero		1,000 00	1,000 00	201 96	1,873 44 798 04
Michael Bolev	Savannah	15,000 00	15,000 00		70000000000000000000000000000000000000
W. W. Bussey, Jr.	Savannan	10,000 00	10,000 00	4,595 95 482 00	9,518 00
. R. Wilson		1,000 00	1,000 00	104 40	895 60
George R. Brown	Canton	2,000 00	2,000 00	1,043 00	3,957 00
Benjamin H. Wiley	East Point	200 00	200 00	281 80 70 00	1,718 20
R. Murphy	Hamilton	2,000 00	2,023 00	731 54	1,291 46
R. Stephens	Gainesville	2,000 00	2,470 00	974 00 476 00	376 00
E. Mims	Surrency	2,000 00	2,000 00	449 60	2,000 to
	Stevens	2,500 00	2,500 00	1,598 00	902 00
	Forsyth	2,000 00	2,000 00	754 32 920 08	1,245 68
William G. Sosebee	Nelson	1,000 00	1,000 00	340 80	1,079 92 659 20
ames E. Thigpen	Valdosta	1,000 00	1,231 84	2,540 00	7,460 00
ames A. Brandon	Thomasville	5,000 00	5,870 45	231 84 1,740 90	4,129 55
ames T. Hester	Salem	1,000 00	1,000 00	58 70	941 30
F. Auld.	Elberton	1,500 00	1,500 00	29 98 684 40	970 02 815 60
ames B. Fraser.	Flemington	5,000 00	5,000 00	1,677 50	3,322 50
Villiam D. Moore	Decatur County	1,500 00	1,500 00	209 57	1,790 43
V. M. Grier	Valdosta	1,000 00	1,080 00	143 10	1,356 90 - 522 00
	Geneva	2,000 00	2,000 00	450 72	1,549 28
	Sandersville	1,000 00	1,000 00	48 50	951 50
	Woodbury	2,000 00	2,000 00	423 00 270 00	577 od 1,730 oo
	Near Pembroke	5,000 00	5,000 00	921 90	4,078 10
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H. T. Ethridge	Cordele	1,000 00	1,000 00	197 40	774 40 802 60
. A. Burney	Hiawassee	1,200 00	1,000 00	20 00	980 00
). E. Houser	Grovania	2,000 00	2,000 00	442 27	757 73 1,533 80
	Americus	5,000 00	5,042 00	3,360 67	1,681 33
rank D. Black	Lumpkin	282 00	282 00	61 00	164 00
	Chastain	230 00	230 00		123 00
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# R. F. SHEDDEN, General Agent,

Fitten Bulding

With the Holidays

Come Many Pleasures.

Entertainments, receptions and many social gatherings to which you will want to wear faultlessly laundered linen. Do not delay this important matter until the season is upon us. Send us your laundry work at once and have the beautiful and popular linen finish, the only real swell

# TrioSteam Laundry

79-81 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga. Liberal commission to agents in other

### FOR RENT OR LEASE.

The three-story building with basement, corner Alabama and Loyd Sts., formerly occupied by Jack's Steam Bakery. It has a front of 50 feet on Alabama street, and will make a splendid wholesale house. Has railroad trackage. W. A. Hemphill.

For the Next Thirty Days OFFICIAL SOUVENIR SPOONS

At 33 1/4 Per Cent Discount.

# MAIER & BERKELE

JEWELERS.

31 Whitehall Street.

# ONE NIGHT ONLY

Thursday, December 17. SECOND OF THE

METROPOLITAN SERIES.

MISS MAUD

SIEVEKING, MISS MARTHA G.

MINER, Brilliant Soprano.

XANTEN. Tenor Damrosch Opera Co. CHEVALIER

DI BOSSINI, Barytone, Imperial Opera, Milan.

**JACQUES** Friedberger,

sack of first three rows of balcony. clock.
Holders of season tickets must bring them
the box office and exchange the coupons
lereof for reserved seat tickets on Tuesay, December 15th. Sale opens at 9 o'clock,
Ladies are requested to remove their

Carriages approach the opera house from the north, and may be ordered to return the same (way at 10:15 o'clock.

No one (will be seated during the rendering of a number, and every one is requested to be seated at 8:15 o'clock.

EXCURSION RATES ON ALL RAIL-ROADS ENTERING ATLANTA WITHIN A RADIUS OF 100 MILES.

or telegrams for seats to E. M. HORINE, Treasurer Grand Opera House SCHOOL BOOKS

New and Secondhand, kinds of school supplies. A useful presented with each purchase, at JOHN M. MILLER'S, Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

# THE

Atlanta, Georgia.

"A Good Thing, Push It Along."

# JOHN E, HENSHAW

Henshaw-Ten Broeck Co "The (New) Nabobs."

Revised and brought up to date, brist-ful of fun, containing all the latest musical successes from New York. Sale at Grand box office, Phone 1079.



ONE WHOLE WEEK Beginning Monday evening, December 14th Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saint-

Buckler's Big Stock Co.
With Brass Band and Orchestra in Choice Repertoire of Successful Plays
MONDAY NIGHT.

" WAGES OF SIN." Prices: 10, 20 and 30 cents.
Ladies free Monday night if accompanied
by an escort with paid 30c ticket.
Sale at Miller's, Under Columbia The

At Every Performance IMPERIAL THEATER.

THE GREAT BIOGRAPH

The Entire Week. Commencing Monday, December 14th. special Matinees Wednesday and Saturday. Matinees at 2:15; nights, 8:18.

THE MAMMOTH SPECTACULAR White Crook Co.

Direct from Broadway, New York.
Special scenery, gorgeous costumes
mechanical effects.
Clever comedians, sweet singers
graceful dancers.
The twentieth century production,
dream of fair women and merry men.
Grand ballet of all nations.
Popular prices

NO ACT Charges Agai

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Ask for Insist a Carter's

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# NO ACTION IS TAKEN BIG

Not Investigated Yesterday.

FULL BOARD NOT PRESENT SHE DESERTED HER HUSBAND

Thompson Could Not Attend the Meeting.

The charges of bribery which were pre-ferred by County Chief of Police Verner against Officers Bradley and Herrington were not investigated yesterday by the

were not investigated yesterday by the board of county commissioners and the investigation and hearing will not be taken up by the commissioners until the next regular session of the board on the first Wednesday in January.

Yesterday morning at 11 o'clock the board met in the offices of Clerk Konts, but the absence of Chairman Collier and Commissioner Thompson caused the investigation to be postponed.

Commissioner Forrest Adair was elected

issioner Forrest Adair was elected "Chairman Collier has been quite ill," said Commissioner Adair, "and it is quite probable he will not be able to attend another meeting of the board before the expiration of his term. Commissioner Thompstelland, ill and on a count of the about the commissioner of the about the commissioner of the about the commissioner of the about the colling in th son is also iii, and on account of the ab-sence of these two commissioners we have not a full board."

Mr. Lewis W. Thomas, who has been re-tained by Officers Bradley and Herring-ton as legal counsel, was present and stated that when he had asked for an investiga-tion on behalf of his clients he had asked that the investigation be made by a full

"It was not until last night," said Mr. "It was not until last night," said Mr. Thomas, "that I was informed that the investigation would be held today, and as my clients live out of the city, I had no opportunity to confer with them until this morning, but a short time before coming to the meeting. We have a number of witnesses in the case, but not thinking the investigation would be held today these investigation would be held today, these witnesses have not been subpoeuaed and are consequently not present. We would respectfully ask that we be given further time to prepare our case, as we have been taken rather by surprise this time." Commissioner Spalding agreed with Mr. Thomas, stating that he thought the mat-

ter could easily go over to the next ses-The motion made by Commissioner Spalding to this effect was seconded by Com-missioner Brown, after which the board adjourned until the first Wednesday in

#### TWO ARE MADE HAPPY.

January.

Governor Pardoned Two Yesterday. Will Pardon More in a Few Days. Yesterday Governor Atkinson gave two men the best Christman present he could possibly have given them. They were both convicts and he pardoned them, giving them their liberty.

The first one pardoned was Freddie Moore, who was convicted at the April term 1894, of Emanuel superior court, of the crime of manslaughter, and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. The joint committee of the senate and house recom-mended his parden and say that there are grave doubts as to the credibility of the only witness who testified against him. This witness made statements to various parties that the shooting was accidental and when placed on the stand testified otherwise.

placed on the stand testified otherwise.

The judge and solicitor general made no objection to his pardon. The father of the deceased and the prosecutor say that there are grave doubts as to his guilt, and he was, therefore, pardoned.

The next man pardoned was Henry Owens, who was convicted at Bibb county superfor court in 1834 and sentenced to terms aggregating forty-one years. The joint committee of the senate and house recom-

#### Let Us Know the Truth

From The Augusta News.
"Only the unceasing exertions of the
British ambassador at Constantinople,"
says The Westminster Gazette, "have enabled the American missionaries in the ottoman empire to pursue their labors of mercy unmolested," and Dr. Cyrus Ham-lin, the eminent American missionary, says that American property has been ruthlessly destroyed in spite of the stars and stripes. We would like to know how much truth there is in the statement. The United States is the greatest nation on this mundane sphere. Its people are active, progressive and patriotic to the core. They are to a certain extent indifferent to trivial matters, but their attention once attracted to things of importance prompt and decisive measures are apt to follow. Is it true that nothing save the efforts of the British ambassador at Constantinople enables American subjects in Turkey to follow their legitimate pursuits?

American vessels plying Cuban waters have for two years been running up the English colors at the approach of Spanish vessels because of the annoyance exparienced if they should fly the American flag. This should not be. We are strong enough to make our flag respected in all parts of the globe, and yet if these accounts are circlible the administration has failed to do anything of the sort. States is the greatest nation on this



# Positively cured by these

Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowslness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue-Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Substitution

the fraud of the day.

See you get Carter's,

Ask for Carter's, Insist and demand

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

charges Against County Police Officers | First Woman on Tennessee Soil Had an Eventful Carer.

ecompanying a Band of Hunters, She Sailed Into the Mississippi, Where the Men Were Killed.

Nashville, Tenn., December 10 .- (Special Correspondence.)-More than half a century ago there was a book published at Knoxville that raised, as "The Post" of that city stated, "quite a stir among the people"not because of any sensational features, but because the statements made had hitherto been unwritten history, and now that they had been placed on record they occasioned more or less criticism.

The book was entitled "Life As It Is; or, Matters and Things in General," and, as the title page announced, "containing amongst other things historical sketches of the exploration and first settlement of the state of Tennessee; manners and custom of the inhabitants; their wars with the Indians, etc., by J. W. M. Breazeale, Knoxbille. Printed by James Williams, at the office of The Post-1842."

Breazeale had carefully collected his data from the old settlers, many of whom were the children of the first men who explored the forests of that territory now called Tennessee. Even with such excellent authority, some of his statements were con-tradicted, but on the whole they were sub-stantially correct and will be handed down to posterity as the true history of the exploration of the territory now constituting the state of Tennessee.

Breazeale says that as early as 1690, or very soon after, some stranging nunters and traders traveled through the Cherokee country and on their return gave glowing descriptions of the country generally; the minerals, the game, the healing waters, etc., which tempted others to visit the territory, and many of them made large profits

by trading for furs.

A year or two afterwards regular hunting and exploring parties were formed and they traversed the territory now consti-tuting East Tennessee, Judge Haywood, in his history of Tennessee, mentions a man named Vaughn, who resided in Amelia county, Virginia, as late as 1801, who was employed in 1740 as a pack man by Indian traders and who gave a good description of the traders' trail, the river fords, trad-ing points and other valuable information. At that time there was not a hunter's cabin southwest of Otter river, a branch of the Staunton, in Bedford county, Virginia. Vaughn was trading with the Indians at the breaking out of the war between the ing expeditions continued until the Indians

joined in the fight.

After Braddook was defeated in 1755,
Governor Dobbs, of North Carolina, deputed Captain Waddle to treat with the Indians, and the next year, 1756, he concluded a treaty with the Cherokees and also with the Catawbas. The Indians required that a fort should be erected in their country as a place of refuge for their women and children in the event of their warriors being called out against the French. In consequence of this arrangement Fort Lou-don was built and garrisoned in 1757 on the north, or rather the eastern, side of Little Tennessee river, about one mile above the mouth of the Tellico river. In Little Tennessee river, about one the following year Colonel Byrd, of Vir-ginia, built Fort Chisel and also a fort on the north bank of the Holston, nearly opposite the Long island, and took up his

winter quarters there. A number of valuable relies of that old fort are in existence, and each and every one tells a distinct and separate story. As aggregating forty-one years. The joint committee of the senate and house recommended that he be parloned because the grand jury of Walker county, after an investigation, recommended the pardon. He was only about fifteen years old when sentenced and has served thirteen; "tors The application of C. O. Smith for pardon was refused, but he was given fifteen days within which to raise money for the payment of his fine.

The governor has the names of eleven prisoners sent him by Judge Turner, principal keeper of the penifentiary. Their terms expire during the early part of January and they will be pardoned Christmas as a present from the state, the years have rolled by other relics have been discovered till the entire collection opens simultaneously with the centennial exposition. It is possible; nay it is probable, that many Tennessee and Virginia or Carolina families have in their possession relics of this early age of the state's history of which no previous mention has been made, and, therefore, by communicat-ing with Mr. Herman Justi, chief of the bureau of publicity and promotion of the exposition association, on the subject, a favor will be conferred on the public generally and especially upon the Tennes-seans of the future.

seans of the future.

Breazeale gives a brief but interesting account of the Indians being induced in 1760 to take up arms against the colonists; of the surrender of Fort Loudon, and of the massacre of the brave little band as they marched away from the fort. It is stated that only nine men escaped with their lives, six of whom were in the advance guard and three others named, Stewart, Thomas and Jack, who were saved by the interposition of the chief, Little Carpenter. Breazeale says further that in 1761 Colonel Grant, with some friendly Indians and some South Carolina soldiers, fought the Cherokees and destroyed a number of their Cherokees and destroyed a number of their towns. This made them sue for peace and when matters had quieted down a party of Virginia hunters entered their territory about the headwarters of the Hoiston, Clinch and Cumberland rivers, and remained in the country about eighteen months.

A man by the name of Wellen was in the company and he, in company with Scaggs,

Cox. Blevins and several others, forced cox, Bievins and Several others, forced his way into the district now known as Carter's valley and thence through Mocca-sin gap in Clinch mountain and established a camp on a branch of Powell's creek; giving the same name to the valley and also

to the river.

Now comes a story of the origin of the name Clinch, which is novel at least. In crossing the river, then unfamed, Fitzgerald, an Irishman, being unable to swim yelled out, "Clinch me! clinch me!" That episode, says Breazeale, gave the name "Clinch" not only to the Fiver, but to the discent meeting wellen's or Walden's adjacent mountain. Wallen's or Walden's ridge was named after Walden, and Newman's ridge, Scaggs's ridge and others were named after members of that famous party. Wallen or Walden (the name is spelled both ways) came from Cumberland county, Virginia, and he it was who named the Cumberland river, and after its headwaters had been visited the same name was given to the piateau, without mention of which no history of Tennessee could be correctly written. Probably the name was given carelessly to designate the spot where Walden had noticed some natural peculiar-Walden had noticed some natural peculiarity or had killed some game, or something of that sort, so they called it Cumberland number of cabins on the banks of the north fork of the Holston and that was the beginning of the settlement of that sicks all the same. And here more than 130 years afterwards the eyes of the world are directed to that Cumberland tables and, a land teeming with milk and honey and where nature has stored treasures till the very bowels of the earth are full of richness. Here are the coal and the timber, the iron and the oil, and thousands upon thousands of broad acres waiting to give footh their increase. It were better to have given the lands of the Cumberland to the world than to have founded an empire.

This company of hunters made several visits to this territory, penetrating further and further ever year, and the glowing descriptions they gave of all they saw induced others to follow them, and in the summer of 1765, "the middle section of Tennessee, first called Cumberland," began to be explored. Among those who entered this territory in the year named were

# JACOBS' PHARMACY, Holiday Presents

#### Leather Goods.

GREAT HOLIDAY OFFER. A GREAT HOLIDAY OFFER.

We offer 1,000 Combination Pocketbooks, with assorted sterling silver corners, in German Alligator, Monkey, Pigekin, Calf. Alligator, Morocco, Genuine Seal and Turkish Grain, in black and colors; sold in many places at \$1; our special holiday price 50c.

Over 500 exclusive styles to Fine Pocketbooks; in all leathers, trimmed in sterling silver and porcelain, 75 to \$5.

Card Cases, with sterling silver mountings, 50c to \$2.50.

#### Toilet Water.

Roger & Gallet Violet de Parme Toilet Water 750. Ed Pinaud Violet Toilet Water, 85c. Colgate's Violet Toilet Water, small size 35c; large size 71c. Lith'n's Violet and Heliotrope Toilet Water 11 50 Water, \$1.50.
Roger & Gallet Tollet Water; White
Rose, Jockey Club, Hellotrope, Musk,
Opoponax, Violet, etc., 50c.

Cut Glass Bottles. Filled or empty; prices to suit 'he most economical, from 25c to \$10.

# Handkerchief Extracts.

Ed Pinaud's Roman Violet, Roman Rose, Roman Heliotrope, Roman Lilac, etc., in handsome cut glass bottles, beau-tifully packed, 3 bottles in box. Price per box \$3.50. Price single bottle \$1.25.

### Roger & Gallet's Extracts

We have a complete line of three elegant perfumes beautifully pack-ed in box containing one, two or three odors, assorted to suit buyer. If you want the best and at prices as low as the cheap-

### Lundborg's Extracts.

purses 25c.
Cut glass Smelling Salts in leather purgents. See our stock. Prices from 25c to \$2.50.

# Dressing Combs.

Horn, from 100 to \$1. Lather Brushes.

### Bone, rubber, metal or wood handles, hos bristle, badger and camel's hair. Prices from 10c to \$1.50. Shoe Brushes.

# Hair Brushes.

We only sell Loonen's Hair Brushes. We give a personal guarantee with each brush, guaranteed to be solld back and English bristle. Prices from 50c to \$7.50.

# Colgate's Extracts.

Smelling Salts.

Photograph Frames. A useful and sensible present. Aluminium, from 35c to 75c. Rubber, from 10c to 75c. Shell, from \$2.50 to \$5. Colluloid, from 25c to \$1. 

# Bath Brushes.

Men's, Women's and Children's Bath Robes.

Cloth Brushes.

ter the Holidays.

Sachet Powders.

With each bottle of Cologne and entract amounting to \$1 or more we give free one package of Jacobs' Sachet powder, usual retail price 25c.

No more complete line is shown any-where. Elderdown Robes, Imported and domestic. Most exclusive designs. Prices hitherto unheard of in connection with such high grade goods. Medium Elderdown and Turkish Robes, a large variety of colors and designs, from \$2.68 to \$3. Men's very heavy all wool Robes, loop

# finish, made with large cuffs and collar, cable-stayed seams, a very large assortment of new designs; worth \$3, at \$4.99.

The Cut Price People.

FOR EVERYBODY!

With the approach of the Holidays the same perplexing question arises, "What would be the most economical and

most appropriate presents?" We have a large variety of

new and sensible Holiday Presents. Select your presents

now. Don't wait till the last hour. Prices to suit all purses.

Bath Slippers. SPECIAL OFFER till af Flannel Covered

# Hot Water Bottles.

Jacobs' Violet

Toilet Water. The finest and most popular perfume ever introduced. A toilet luxury of rare sweetness and worth. Its odor is distinctive, fresh and springy; its fragrance refreshing and its permanence a puzzle to perfumers—how we secure the perfume and keep it in its identity so long. It is charmingly natural and constantly suggests the presence of the flower itself by its refined and refreshing odor, 35c, 75c, \$1.25 and upward.

# Jacobs' Florida Water.

An elegant grade of goods; a little heavier in odor than Violet Water, but rich and delightful, refreshing as an odor or for use in the bath, and especially agreeable for perfuming the sleeping apartments or boudoir. Two sizes—25c, and extra large bottle 50c.

# Jacobs' Lavender Water. Made from the very finest Mitcham Lavender and a true and distinctive perfume. How it recalls the favorite Thavender bags' of our grand-parents and brings up sweet remembrances of clean caps and frills, of old songs and dear faces, and all that memory holds fear. A rich clean, and to many, a delightful perfume is Lavender, and in this preparation we present it in its perfection. Two sizes—35c, and extra large 75c.

When made properly and scien-tifically is a blend of rich essential oils, sums and perfumery extracts in pure neutral spirits, and "aged" by keeped to produce a first-class product of Cologne Water, for the various require-ments are such that while delicate the odor must be durable; while pleasant it must be refreshing; while with character, it must be bland and not exhibit a pre-dominant odor. We have accomplished

#### these results in our various colognes, as their great and increasing sales attest. Jacobs' Fragrant Cologne.

A charming perfume, reminding one of a field of sweetly-scented wild flowers in the "tone" and freshness of its perfume. An exceedingly popular odor. Various sizes, from 25c to \$5.

#### Jacobs' Golden Belle Cologne.

A choice and elegant perfume, suggestive of the richness and sweetness of a conservatory. There is nothing crude, loud or heavy in the odor of this spleudid cologne, but a lightness, a tone and freshness that makes one think of crange flowers, rose and jasmine buds. The rich neroll, while not predominant, binds all the other oils and flowery odors in a blend which suggests the very perfection of which suggests the very perfection of perfume. This cologne is the pre-eminent preference of all lovers of a rich and fragrant, yet delicate and delightful per fume. Trial size 25c, large bottles 50c, and upward.

## Special Sale of Wines, Whiskies, Brandies.

From today till after the Holidays

# SPECIAL SATURDAY PRICES

Will rule in this department, as well as every other department in our store. We have long since established the fact that we sell purer and older Whiskies at prices less than half you pay elsewhere. MAIL ORDERS SOLICITED.

### Ales and Porters.

ere named after members of that famous Walden had noticed some natural peculiarity or had killed some game, or something of that sort, so they called it Cumberland

Champagnes. Mumm's Extra Dry, quarts .......\$3 25 Pommery, Extra Dry, quarts ......\$3 25 P. H. S., American Champagne, plnts 60c P. H. S., American Champagne, plnts 60c

# Rums, Etc.

Gins. Etc.

Sauternes.

Burgundies.

Ligueurs or Cordials.

Geneva Gin, imported, full quarts... \$1 50 Old Tom Gin, full quarts... 75c Old Holland Gin, full quarts... 60c Old Crown Gin, full quarts... 50c Mulasses Rum, full quarts... 50c

Chambertia, 1875, per pint bottle, 83c
Beaune, 1878, per pint bottle. 85c
Chamblis, per pint bottle. 90c
Beaujoinis, 1878, per pint bottle. 85c
Pomard, per pint bottle. 85c
Chambertin, per quart bottle. 31 50
Chamblis, per quart bottle. 41 50

Whiskies. Finch Golden Wedding Rye Whisky, full quarts.

Overholt Rye Whisky, full quarts stoold Hunter Rye Wine, full quarts stoold Hunter

Benedictine, per bottle .. .. ..

# Quarts... Cherry Brandy, full quarts.... Ginger Brandy, full quarts.....

# Port Wines.

Twany, quarts.....

### ACOBS' PHARMACY, The Cut Price People, 6 and 8 Marietta Street.

William Anderson, and John Sawyer (Colonel Sawyer, afterwards of Knox) came to the head of the Holston from Augusta country. Virginia. This party found a number of cabins on the banks of the north fork of the Holston and that was the beginning of the settlement of that

Colonel James Smith, Uriah Stone, Joshua Horton and William Baker; they entered at the headwaters of the Holston and traveled westward, "exploring the land south of Kentucky." Not a sign of the habitation of a white man was to be seen in the territory that they explored, which reached from the head of Stone's (Uriah) river to the mouth of the Tennesseea Little more is known of the explorations of this company, except that they eventually reached Illinois.

In the winter of 1763, Gilbert Christian, William Anderson, and John Sawyer (Colonel Sawyer, afterwards of Knox) came to the head of the Holston from Augusta pounty, Virginia. This party found a number of cabins on the banks of the north fork of the Holston and that was the headwaters of the stone and in the action for the columbia river and Spencer and general of the section for three years. Braezesie tells a very interesting at the leady named, came again into Tennessee and made a camp on a creek that they called Russell's creek, after one of their number who was lost for three weeks on its banks.

When the time arrived for them to leave this territory five agreed to remain till the others returned with more ammunition. They were Isaac Bledsoe, William Lynch, William Allen, Christopher Stoph and David Hughes Lymch became ill and Bledsoe went out to the settlements with him, and in their absence the Indians attacked the other and took two of them prisoners. In 1776 Casper Mansco, Thomas Sharp Spencer and several others built cabins on the Columbia river and Spencer and general into Tennessee and made a camp on a creek that they called Russell's creek, after one of their number who was lost for three weeks on its banks.

Colonel James Smith, Uriah Stone, Joshua Horton and William Baker; they entered at the headwaters of the Holston and traveled westward, "exploring the land south of Kentucky." Not a sign of the habitation of a white man was to be seen in the territory that they explored, which reached from the head of Stone's (Uriah) river is known of the explorations of this company, except that they eventually reached Illinois.

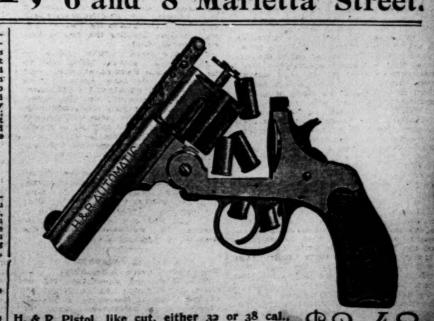
In the winter of 1763, Gilbert Christian, William Anderson, and John Sawyer (Colonic Capetal Colonic Capetal Capetal

# SCHOOL OF OPTICS.

When you enter our school to study optics you are entitled to stay until you have become a scientific optician in fact, not merely in value. We will make you skilful in your profession—able to do the most difficult class of optical work. You can learn all about our school by writing to us. Kellam & Moore, 40 Marietta street, Atlants.

Bemoval.

In the twenty-five years from 1855 to 1830 the number of men killed in battle or who died of wounds and diseases was 1,883,00, while the cost of wars in the same period was estimated at 313,265,000,000, which it is stated, would allow \$10 for every hishabitant of the globe, and, at a cost of \$250,000 a mile, would make a double railway all round the earth. The Peace Society, of London, has made-an estimate that since the beginning of history nearly one-fifth of the human race has perished in battle.



H. & R. Pistol, like cut, either 32 or 38 cal., \$2.48

# FOR THE FIRST TIME

#### Foreign Nations Compelled To Berrow from the United States.

#### RESERVE SHOWS A DECREASE

Money Flowing to New York Faster Than It Can Be Used—Railway Earnings Unsatisfactory.

New York, December 12.-The New York Financier says this week: The surplus reserve of the New York clearing house banks, after having increased from \$3,283,650 on September 5th last to \$32,464,400 December 5th, shows signs of halting, the decrease for the week ending December 12th being \$588.000. This contraction was brought ing \$858.060. This contraction was brought about mainly through the enormous expan-sion of \$11,061,700 in loans. The banks gained in cash during the week according to the statement, \$2,781,700, of which \$971,200 was specie and \$1,810,500 legal tenders. The se in loans is the largest reported since election, and is of itself a striking evidence of the present low money market. On November 7th the total loans of the New York banks were \$442,179,700. The total for the week just ended was \$483,503,500, showing an expansion of \$41,323,800 in about one month. The growth for the past week therefore was almost 30 per cent of the whole. But it is probably true that part of this unparalleled increase comes from ces other than those arising from comoperations, by which local capital is being used abroad, figures heavily in the loan column, although it would be idle to dis-pute the fact that the needs of trade have aided in bringing about the unprecedented upward movement which seemingly has not yet culminated. The peculiar position which the New York banks occupy today toward foreign commercial centers is illustrated in this statement. The crop movement havvirtually closed, money is flowing into the New York banks faster than it can be the result is a remarkably easy How much was received from abroad during the late season of stringency cannot be estimated with accuracy, but our enormous exports have made foreign nations debtor to the United States, and in-stead of getting their money back in the form of balances they are compelled to porrow on this side to relieve stringent conons there. This has never happened be-The rest of the statement is in keeping with the loan estimate. Deposits increased \$14,559,000, making a total increase since election of \$78,168,000, which represents largely release of funds hoarded by individuals and released by interior banks 1896. 1895. 1894.

Loans....\$488.508,500 \$492,990,900 \$506,871,370

Specie.....76,649,100 67,495,800 65,545,900
Legaltenders 84,100 500 \$1,850,400

Legaitenders 84,109,500	81,659,400	109.000.0
Net deposits 516,605,000	523.055.500	564.893.9
Circulation 19,841,300	13,990,100	11,155,20
a'otal reserve 160,757,600	149,155,200	174,545,80
Res've req'd 129,151,250	130,763,875	141,200,9
Excess res've 81,606,350	18,891,325	33,345,8
New York, December statement of the assorthe following changes:	r 12.—The	week!
Reserve, decrease		\$ 858 05
Loans, increase		. 11.061.70
Specie, increase		971.50
Legal tenders, increase		. 1.810.50
Deposits, increase		. 14.559.00
Circulation		. 156,40
The banks now hold \$		
the legal requirements		

#### THE STOCK MARKET. Unsatisfactory Trade and Poor Rail-

way Earnings Weakened the List. ew York, December 12.+Less than fif-thousand shares of stocks were traded n at the stock exchange today, and the fuotuations in prices were on a parity with the transactions. There was little news affoat to influence the market, but in a general way the unsatisfactory condition of trade and poor railway earnings had a tendency to weaken the list. There was little pressure to sell, however, and the decline the first hour, which was the weak-est, renged from % to 1% per cent. Manhattan scored the greatest loss, falling to 95%. selling of this specialty was attributed to liquidating sales by an operator re-cently on the bull side of the stock. Read-ing sold down to 26%, the lowest point of the week. The proposed examination of the company's charter by the attorney general of Pennsylvania accounts for the decline. The losses in the Grangers, industrials, trunk lines and Western Union were confined to exceedingly narrow limits. The bank statement was again favorable, but it had no effect. The banks are still maintaining their policy of expanding loans, the increase being over \$11,000,000, the largest for any one week since the election. The increase in the deposit item was \$14,559,000 and the gain in cash \$2,781,700. The surplus traders started in to even up contracts. and the market in consequence displayed a firmer tone. A recovery of \\@\% per cent was noted at this time, Manhattan, Western Union, Sugar and the gas stocks all being prominent. Speculation closed dull and firm.

The transactions footed upon only \$615,000. Treasury balances: Coin, \$121,587,497; cur-rency, \$45,583,158. Money on call offered at 2 per cent; prime

mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 41.83½@44.83% for 60 days and 44.864.63% for demand; posted rates \$4.84@\$4.8716; commercial

\$4.82%@\$4.83\4.

Bar silver 65%c.

Government bonds steady.

State bonds dull.

Railroad bonds irregular.
London, December 12.—Bar silver 20d.
Consols 111 13-16 for money and 112 1-16 for the account. Paris advices quote 3 per cent rentes 103 francs 20 centimes for the ac Following are the closing bids:

American Cotton oil.	12	Mobile & Ohio	21
do Preferred	51	Nash., Chat. & St. L.	6734
Am'n Sugar Refin'g.	116%	U. S. Cordage	54
do Preferred	1024	do Preferred	11
American Tobacco	74%	N. J. Central	1023
		N. Y. Central	
Atch. T. & Santa Fe	14%	N. Y & N. E	45
Baltimore & Ohio	14%	Norfolk & Western	
Canada Pacific	55%	Northern Pacific	13%
Chesapcake & Ohlo	17	do Preferred	23
Chicago & Alton	160	Northwestern	103
C., B. & Q	7.7%	do Preferred	147
Chicago Gas	74%		25
	156	Reading	26%
Dis. & Cat. Feed	-	Rock Island	
Erie	15	St. Paul	7434
do Preferred	34	do Preferre !	130
Ed. Gen. Electric	32	Sliver Certificates	65%
Illinois Central	£3	T. C. I	27%
Lake Erie & West	18%	do Preferred	80
do Preferred	70	Texas Pacific	936
	15412	Union Pacific	9%
Louisville & Nash	49%	Wabash, St. L. & P	6%
Lous., N. A. & Chic.	34	do Preferred	16%
Manhattan Consul	95%	Western Union	863
Memphis & Char	16	Wheeling & L. Erie.	8
Michigan Central	92	do Preferred	30
Missouri Pacific	21		
	PON	ma	

Memphis & Char Michigan Central Missouri Pacific	16 92 21	do Preferred	3
	BOI	NDS.	
North Carolina 48 1 North Carolina 68 1	03 96 96 02	Va. funded debt	10 11 9 9 1

Paine-Murphy Co.'s Stock Letter. Atlanta, December 12.—Extreme dullness was almost the only feature of the stock market today. The dealings were narrow and professional, but although prices gen-erally were lower there was no liquidating

pressure at the declines.

Reading was weak on the examination of the new company's charter by the legal authorities of Pennsylvania. The railway list showed only fractional

net changes, but shey were in favor of the bear account in most instances. Western Union showed late strength, but Menhettan was lower.

The market closed irregular, but fairly Government bonds were a shade firmer

	STOCK.				Bida.	ng Bids
i	Atchison	14%	1414	14%	14%	14%
3	Am'n Sugar Refining.	116%	116%	116%	116%	116%
3	C., C., C. & St. Louis	971	777	77%	2736	
8	Burlington & Quincy- Chicago Gas	1179	7414	783	77%	77%
9	Canada Southern	1938	14.00	1074	4834	1000
8	D. L. & Western		********	*********	156	158
2	Erie				15	13
g	Edison Gen. Elec	3214	32%	32	82	32
9	American Tobacco	74%	75	74%	74%	7536
8	Jersey Central				102%	
8	Lake Shore				154%	15436
	National Lead				24%	25
2	Louisville & Nashville	80	50	49%	49%	49%
	Missouri Pacific	2134	213	21	21	2114
	Baltimore & Ohio				1414	14%
	Tenn. Coal & Iron		*******	*******	27%	28
	Northwestern	103%	1031/4		103%	103
	Southern Rallway		10	9%	10	10
1	do Preferred		29	28%	28%	28%
1	Northern Pac. Pref New York Central		231/2	23	951/2	23% 95%
- 1	New England.	********	*******	******	45	45
1	Omaha.		*** ****		48%	48%
н	Pacific Mall		********	** *****	25	25
1	Reading	2714	273	26%	26%	2734
-1	Rock Island	69	65	6834	65%	6854
1	St. Panl	744	74%	7414	7434	74%
1	Union Pacific.	974	10	9%	9%	9%
1	American Cotton Oil				12	12
1	Western Union	8614	8636	8634	86%	86
1	American Spirits Co	13	13	12%	12%	12%
1	U. S. Leather Pret	61%	61%	615	61%	6114
1	Manhattan	9636	96%	95%	9536	96

#### LOCAL BONDS AND STOCKS. Local Review.

North Georgia and Southwestern railroad stocks have stiffened under active inquiry and light offerings, and my prediction is that the former will sell at better than 170 and the latter up to par within the

month of January.

A quiet inquiry for Atlanta and West Point stock continues, but it is believed that about as many shares as are necessary a decline is not improbable.

The bond market has lost none of its vigor, and all desirable issues are ready of sale. State bonds, as well as Atlanta city, are difficult to obtain at top figures, but there is a class of buyers which will take nothing else, and the offerings which appear from time to time are quickly dis-

posed of.

The week has brought out nothing of especial interest in Wall street, except an increasing quantity of loanable money and lower interest. Usually preparation for in-terest and dividend disbursements January the present time is an exception to the

New York stocks have in most cases declined, but this is accounted for largely the approaching holiday season, wh traders lie on their oars, so to speak, and give little attention to business. The following are bid and asked quotations: STATE AND COUNTY BONDS.

(	Georgia 3%s, 27	Atlanta 481014	10
'	to 30 years 102	Augusta7s,L.D.110	
,	Georgia 31/48, 25	Macon 68,116	
5	to 40 years102	Columbus 581014	
5	Ga. 43/8,19151143/	Waterworks 6s 107	
	Bavannah 5s108 116		10
9	Atlanta 8s, 1902.117	So. Car. 41/28107	10
,	Atlanta 7s, 1904.116 111	Newnan 6s, L D 102	
	Atlanta 7s, 1999.106%	Chat'ga 5s,1911100	
)	Atlanta Ss, L D.115	Col., S. C., gr'd	
)	Atlanta 5s, L D.103	25 & 48, 1910 78	
	Atlanta 41/28103	Ala., Class A104	10
1	RAILE	OAD BONDS.	
	Ga. 6s, 1897101 103	C., C. & A. 1st	
	Ga. 6s, 1910110 111		10
	Ga. 6s, 1922111	Atlanta & Char	
	Ga. Pac. 1st114 118	1st 7s. 1907100	
	8. A. & M. c'tfs 84 86	do income 6s,	
	RAILE	DAD STOCKS.	
9	Georgia165 166	Aug. & Sav 94	8
57	Southwestern 94 96		11

Atlanta Clearing House Statement. Darwin G. Jones, Manager. Clearings for the week.

#### PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC. CONSTITUTION, OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., December 12, 1896.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, December 12—Flour, first patent \$5.90; second patent 5.40; straight 4.85; fancy 4.75; extra family 4.50. Corn, white 42c; mixed 41c. Oats, white 34c; mixed 80c; Texas rustproof 45c. Rye, Georgia 90c. Barley, Georgia raised 90c. Hay, No. 1 timothy large bales 90c; small bales 80c; No. 2 timothy small bales 75c. Meal, plain 43c; boited 38c, Wheat bran, large sacks 72c; small sacks 70. Shorts 85c. Stock meal \$1.00. Cotton seed meal 95c per

Grits \$2.50.

New York, December 12—Southern flour dull and easy; good to choice \$3.46@3.60; common to fair extra \$2.86@3.45. Wheat, appd dull but firmer roptions dull but firm at \$4.60 a devance: No. 2 red December \$7\frac{1}{2}\$; lanuary \$7\frac{1}{2}\$; May \$8\frac{1}{2}\$; Corn, spot dull but firm: No. 2 in elevator 29; affoct \$0: options dull but firm: No. 2 in elevator 29; affoct \$0: options dull but firm: December 29; January 29\frac{1}{2}\$; May \$3.4\frac{1}{2}\$, Oats, spot dull but steady; options dull and nominal: December 22\frac{1}{2}\$; January 22\frac{1}{2}\$; May 23\frac{1}{2}\$; No. 2 spot \$22\frac{1}{2}\$; No. 2 white \$25\frac{1}{2}\$; mixed western \$2.6024\$. St. Louis. December 12—Flour dull, veey firm; patents \$4.60@4.75; fancy \$3.40@3.50; choice \$3.00@3.50.3.10. Wheat higher; December 90; asked; \$3.00@5 bid. Corn easier; December 21 bid; May 23% bid. Oats lower; No. 2 December 20; May 21% bid. Cincinnati December 12—Flour quiet; winter patents \$4.75@4.95; fancy \$4.10@4.35.2pring patents \$4.50@4.95. Wheat steady: No. 2 red \$2\fo2622\f Chicago, December 12—Flour quiet and steady: No. 2 spring wheat 76 1/27; No. 3 spring —; No. 2 red 89 1/4 (89 2/4). No. 2 corn 22 1/4 (23 1/4). No. 2 coats 17 1/2 (618.

#### Groceries.

Atlanta, December 12—Roasted coffee \$17.10 per 100 b cases. Green coffee choice 16%; fair 15%; prime 14%. Sugar standard granulated 4.62c; New Orleans white 4½c; do yellow 4½c. Sirup, New Orleans open kettle 25%40c; mixed 12½%20c; sugar house 24% 35c. Teas, black 30@65c; green 20%50c. Rice, head 6½c; choice 6½c. Salt; dairy sacks 1.25; do bbis. 2.25; lee-cream 90c; common 65c. Cheese, Full cream 0½61.1½c. Matches, 65s 50c; 200s 1.30/61.75; 300s 2.75. Soda, boxes 6c. Crackers, soda 5½c; cream 7c; gingersnaps 7c. Candy, common stick 5½c; fancy 1½61.3c. Oysters, F. W. 1.75; L. W. 1.25.

New York, December 12—Coffee, options; closed dull 10½15 points down: December 9.25; January March 9.30/9.35; May—spot Rio dull and nominal; No. 710. Sugar, raw dullbut steady; fair refining 2½; retined dull, unchanged; off A 4/6/4; standard A 4½; cutlosf and crushed 5; powdered 4½; granulated 4½; cutlosf and crushed 5; powdered 4½; granulated 4½; cutlosf and moderate demand; open kettle good to choice 25@34. Rice firm and in fair demand; domes. tic, fair to extra 3½/26; Japan 44/6/44.

#### Provisions.

Atlanta, December 12—Cear ribs boxed sides 4½; clear sides 4½c; clear coured bellies 7½c. Sugar-cured hams 11@12½c; California 7½c; breakfast bacon 10 @11c. Lard, best guality 5½; second quality 5½; compound 4½c.

St. Louis, December 12—Pork, standard mess \$7.75. Lard prime steam 3.80. Dry salt meats, shoulders 4.00; short clear ribs 4.00; short clear 4.5%; New York, December 12—Pork in moderate demand and steady; new mess \$8.25@8.75. Middles nominal; short clear — Lard quiet and steady; western steam 4.15; city steam 3.62½@3.75; options, December 4.10. Chicaro. December 12—Cash cuotations were as fol.

Chicago, December 12—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork \$6.85@6.90. Lard 3.80@3.82%. Short ribs, loose 3.80@4.10. Dry salt shoulders boxed 4.25@4.50; short rib sides boxed 4.00@4.12%. Cincinnati. December 12—Pork steady; family \$8.25. Lard quiet; kettlel-4.00; prime steam 3.75. Bacon, shoulders 4.12%; short ribs 4.25; short clear sides 4.62%.

Savannah, December 12—Turpentine steadyiat 25 for regulars; sales 100 casks; receipts 776. Rosin firm; sales 1.50 bbls; receipts 3.474; A. B. C. D. E. F \$1.45; 6 \$1.50; H \$1.90; 131.65; K \$1.70; M \$1.90; N:\$2.10; window glass \$2.30; waterwhite \$2.60. Charleston, December 12—Turpentine firm at 24½; sales none casks. Rosin firm; sales none bbls; A. B\$1.40; C. D. E. \$1.45; F\$1.47½; G\$1.50; H\\$1.55; I \$1.60; K \$1.65; M \$1.80; N \$2.00; windowglass \$2.20; waterwhite \$2.50. Wilmington. December 12—Rosin firm; stained \$1.45; good strained \$1.50; spirits turpentine steady; machine 25½; irregulars 24%; tar stasdy at \$1.10; crude turpentine quiet; hard \$1.40; soft \$1.90; virgin \$1.80.

Live Stock. Chicago. December 12—Cattle easy: receipts 500: common to extra steers \$1.40%5.70; stockers and feeders \$2.70%3.90; cowsand buils \$1.60%5.70; atockers \$3.00%5.25; Texans \$2.80%4.25; western an extra strong to be higher; receipts 15.00% heavy packing and shipping-lots \$3.15%4.45; common to holder mixed \$3.40%3.50; choice assorted \$3.30%, 3.45; light \$3.25%3.60; choice assorted \$3.30%, 3.45; light \$3.25%3.60; high \$4.80%3.40. Sheen steady; receipts 1.000; inferior to choice \$2.00%4.10; lambs \$3.00%5.25.

Atlanta, December | 1 - Bagging 14-1b 6c; 2-lb 6%; 24-b 6%;

Week Just Ended Brought Another Serious Break to Cotton.

DECLINED ABOUT 25 POINTS

Some Say March Will Sell Below Cents—Wheat for the Week Lost About 1 3-8 Cents.

The following were the quotations of spot cotton yesterday at the places named: Atlanta-Quiet: middling 61/4c Liverpool-Quiet; middling 4%d. New York-Quiet; middling 7%c. New Orleans-Steady; middling 6 15-16c. Galveston—Easy: middling 7 1-16c. Norfolk—Nominal; middling 7c. Savannah—Dull; middling 6%c. Mobile—Quiet; middling 6%c. Memphis—Irregular; middling 6%c. Augusta—Steady; middling 6%c. Charleston—Quiet; midding 6%c. Houston-Steady; middling 7c. Columbus-Quiet; middling 6%c. The following is the statement of the rece

Can Kind Harrist	RECE	IPTS	SHIP	M'TS	BTO	CKS
	1896	1895	1896	1895	1898	1898
Saturday	1284	750	1403	100	9757	20702
Monday		*****		******	*****	******
Tuesday		*****	******	*****		
Wednesday		****	******	******	*****	
Thursday		*****		*****	#	-
Friday			****	******		
Total	1284	750	1403	106		

Paine-Murphy Co.'s Cotton Letter.

Atlanta, December 12.—The trading was quiet and featureless today with fluctuations in prices confined within a narrow range. The Liverpool news was better than had been expected, but the indications pointing to an increased movement at the ports this week induced weak longs to liquidate and prices slowly declined, closing 3 points lower on the active months. The sales were 79,190 bales. New Orleans declined 3 points, but recovered part of the loss. Liverpool declined 1-222 on the spot with sales of 10,000 bales, Futures there advanced 1 to 1½ points. Augusta received today 3,102 bales, against 647 last week and 786 last year; Memphis 2,270, against 2.85 last week and 6,886 last year. Houston 7,867, against 7,212 last week and 6,886 last year. The receipts at the ports his week are estimated at 270,000 to 275 300, against 767,-000 last week.

The Chroficle states that the weather Paine-Murphy Co.'s Cotton Letter.

The receipts at the ports his week are estimated at 270,000 to 275,000, against 267,000 last week.

The Chrohacle states that the weather in the south lias, on the whole, been favorable the past week; that there has been rain in most localities, but in general the precipitation has been light and that the marketing of the crop has, therefore, suffered no interruption; that in Texas cotton is about all picked except in the southwestern portion of the state, and that plowing is progressing well; that a Columbus, Miss., correspondent states that 20 percent of the crop of that vicinity is yet on plantations. Northern spinners have taken thus far this season, 792,812 bales, against 814,901 thus far last season. There came into sight during the week 342,522 bales, against 322,827 in the same week last year, making the total in sight 5,291,756, against 4,183,427 at this time last season. The exports from the ponts thus far his season aggregate 2,468,348 bales, against 1,811,252 at this time last season. The total world's visible supply 4s now 3,898,716 bales, including 3,589,516 American, against 3,906,690 at this time last season and 4,389,902 in 1894. The following is the range of cotton futures in New York yesterlay: The following is the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTH	18.	pening	lighest.	owest	oday's	Close.
December		7 01	7 02	6 99	6 99-7c	7 02-04
January			7 07	7 02	7 03-04	7 07-06
February			7 13	7 10	7 11-12 7 19-20	7 14-16
April		7 21 7 26	7 23	7 18	7 19-20	7 28-2
May		7 32	7 35	7 30	7 31-32	7 34-3
June		7 38	7 36	7 35	7 35-37	7 39-40
July		7 41	7 41	7 39	7 38-40	7 42-43
August		7 43	7 43	7 41	7 40-42	7 43-43
September		*			*********	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter. New York, December 12.-A quiet market loses the week of liquidation, and the closes the week of liquidation, and the trade continues to feel the effects of the disappointment at the action of the market in the face of the smaller movement of the crop. The bureau was ambiguous as usual and difficult of comprehension. A report, based on the crop last season of 7,161,000 bales, is difficult to construe, as it is well known that 150,000 to 200,000 bales of this season's growth appeared and was is well known that 150,000 to 200,000 bales of this season's growth appeared and \*mas counted in the August movement, but the effect has been to destroy confidence and bring about the decline in the face of a movement not justifying the conclusion of a larger crop than our estimate, 8,500,000 bales. We are about 126,000 bales behind the movement of the 9,000,000 bales' crop and 85,000 ahead of the 7,500,000 bale crop. Both comparisons may prove of interest. Estimates of the receipts this week are larger than last week for the ports and smaller at the interior towns. The Atlantic towns are expected to increase on account of the better weather. Still the southeastern towns are expected to decrease.

#### The Sun's Cotton Review.

New York, December 12.—Spot cotton here was unchanged with sales of 65 bales for pinning. Middling uplands 7%c, against 8 13-16c act year. 9-16c; Orleans and Gulf, 7%c, against 8 18-16c last year.

The speculation today was a small affair. The trading was dull and featureless and almost entirely local. The Liverpool news was better than had been expected, cables from that market reporting an advance in futures and a good demand on the spot, but the indications pointed to an increased movement to the ports this week, which led weak longs to zell, and before the close there was a slight rally, some months closing unchanged from last night's final quotations. The port receipts for the week are estimated at 270,000 to 275,000, against 167,000 last week. Many contend that the interior movement this week will show a decided falling off, but in view of the increased movement to the ports there is litcreased movement to the ports there is lit-tle disposition to support prices. The worst feature of the situation at present is the absence of an outside demand.

#### Visible Supply of Wheat.

New York, December 12.—The total supply of cotton for the world is 3,898,716 bales, of which 3,589,516 bales are American, against 3,906,690 bales and 3,540,490 bales respectively last year. Receipts of cotton this week at all interior towns 215,717 bales. Receipts from the plantations 380,719 bales. Crop in sight 5,291,756 bales.

Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, December 12.—The week just ended has brought another serious break in cotton. Few believed when cotton a short time ago was selling above 8 cents that January deliveries would go below 7c, yet this very thing has happened. Many of the speculators whose holdings made the narket top heavy have grown tired or forced to unload. On Thursday they all tried to get out at once and the result has been what we feared. Prices broke and a new level value for cotton has been established, about a quarter of a cent lower than that existing a week ago. There has since been a reaction of a few points from the lowest, 7.18 for March, but candor compels us to say that the outlook is not encouraging. Today the market has been quiet. March opened 7.21, rallying to 7.23, declining to 7.18 and closing at 7.1967.29. The receipts so far show no material decrease. The buils are hoping that a decrease will soon come, but that is only a hope. Meantime the trouble with the market continues the same as we have heretufore described it. There is no short interest and there is enormous long interest in January, which must be liquidated within the next fortnight. The buying power is small, nearly overy speculator having already bought as much as Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

Liverpool and Port Markets.

delivery 4; futures opened steady with demand moderais.

Liverpool. December 12—1:00 p. m—Uplands low middling clause December delivery 4 2-64, 43-64; December and January delivery 8 63-64, 4; January and February delivery 3 63-64, 4; January and February delivery 3 63-64, buyers; February and March delivery 3 63-64, buyers; March and April delivery 3 63-64, 4; April and May delivery 4, buyers; May and June delivery 4 1-64, buyers; July and Angust delivery 4 1-64, 42-64; and September delivery 4, sellers; futures closed steady.

New York. December 12—Cotton quiet; sales 65 bales; middlinguplands 75; middling guif 75; mst receipts 87 bales; gress 1,688; stock 248,800.

Salveston, December 12—Cotton casy; middling 71-16; net receipts 9,614 bales; gress 10,714; sales 238; stock 179,670; exports to Great Britain 18,942. Norfolk, December 12—Cotton nominal; middling 7; net receipts 5,780 bales; gress 5,780; sales 1,088; stock 50,009; exports coastwise 2,957.

Baitimore, December 12—Cotton quiet; middling 75; net receipts none bales; gress none; sales none; stock 20,976.

Boston. December 12—Cotton quiet; middling 75; net receipts none bales; gress none; sales none; stock 20,976.

Boston. December 12—Cotton quiet; middling 75; net receipts none bales; gress none; sales none; stock 20,976.

8,383.
Savannah, December 12—Cotten dull; middling 6%; net receipts 8,091 bales; gross 8,091; sales 79; stock 121,451; exports coastwise 3,300.

New Orleans, December 12—Cotten steady; middling 6 15-16; set receipts 16,614 bales; gross 17,968; sales 3,000; stock 429,624; exports to Great Britain 6,000; to continent 19,527; coastwise 1,025.

Mebile, December 12—Cotten quiet; middling 6%; net receipts 3,249 bales; gross 3,247; sales 400; steck 48,516; exports to continent 2,300; coastwise 1,457.

Memphis December 12—Cotten irregular; middling 6%; ne receipts 2,270 bales; ahipments 3,760; sales 800; stock 166,323.

Augusta, December 12—Cotten steady; middling 6%; Augusta, December 12—Cottonsteady: middling 6%; ac receipts 3.102 bales; shipments 1,790; sales 453; took 53.623.

Charleston, December 12 — Cotten quiet; midding 64; net roceipts 2,341 bales; gress 2,361; sales none; steck 71,041; exports coastwise 858.

Mouston, December 12—Cotten steady; midding 7 net roceipts 7,867 bales; shipments 10,513; sales 3 steck 51,304.

THE CHICAGO MARKET. The Week Closed With Wheat Firm

and Higher.

and Higher.

Chicago, December 12.—The week came to a conclusion in the wheat market with prices firm and higher and with the talent inclined to favor the buil side. May wheat opened from 80½ to 80½c, advanced to 80½c, closing at 80½@80%c—le higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was firm and ic per bushel higher.

Corn—Prices of corn did not change much, but the tone of the market was in keeping with that exhibited by wheat. May corn opened at 26c, sold between 26½ and 2½@25%c, closing at 25%c—a shade under yesterday. Cash corn was steady.

Oats—The oats trade was quiet, and was confined entirely to small local dealings. The half holiday had its natural effect on this as on the other grain markets, tending to restrict business. May oats closed ½c lower. Cash oats were steady to ½c per bushel lower.

Provisions—A fair business was transacted in product, with values displaying some firmness in response to an advance in hog prices. The grain markets likewise extended assistance. At the close May pork and ribs were each 5c higher and

extended assistance, At the close May pork and ribs were each 5c higher and May lard 2½465c higher.

Hides—Hides were quieter with steady prices still quoted. The demand was, however, slow. Prices were as follows: Natives, heavy, 3c; light ar, native dows; heavy, 84c; light, 84c; but brands, heavy, 7½6

The leading futures WHEAT-	Open		High		Low	Clos
December	76%		78%		76%	
May	804		80%		80%	763 803
July	74		7434		783	743
CORN-	200	8	3000		107	197
December	2274	8	22%	6 4	2215	224
January	231		235		23	23
May	26	B 35	26 %		25%	2 25%
OATS-	- 7.33	20	1100		/-	
December	17%		1734		17	17
PORK-	20%	E7.	20%		20%	203
December 6	85	. 8	8714		85	6 875
	60		65		60	7 624
May 7			95		8734	7 923
December 3	75		75		75	8 75
January 3			90		85	
May 4	05		10		05	8 874 4 07 V
SIDES-	00		10		00	4 01 4
December 3	90		90		90	2 90
January 3	85		8714		85	8 87 %
May 4	0244		0236		Ou	4 023

Paine-Murphy Co.'s Grain Letter.

Atlanta, December 12.—During the forepart of the week there was considerable selling pressure in the wheat market, which carried the price down 3½c per bushel from last Saturday's closing. Traders were bearish on the fine weather, prospects of a bearish government report, which was foreshadowed by Thoman's and the Orange-Judd Farmer's larger deliveries on December contracts by elevator people, an increase in receipts, a number of small land liquidation and on the increased short interest. During the past two days prices have been much firmer, some of the large professionals having cleared up offerines on the incline, which steadled the tone and advanced the market with shorts moderate buyers at the advance. The large weekly exports, 4,200,000 bushels, although representing largely wheat previously sold, had a favorable effect on prices today, as did also the light Argentine shipments—24,000 bushels, against 72,000 bushels last year. Exports of wheat and flour since July ist have amounted to about \$5,000,000 bushels, against 60,000,000 lust year. Northwest receipts for the week were 4,119 cars, against 2,355 last week and 6,733 the week previous. Thoman takes rather a bearish view of the amount of wheat we can export during the next seven months. He figures the crop of 1896 at \$20,000,000 and the invisible supply on July 1, 1896, at 540,000,000 bushels, the home requirements for bread, seed, etc., 347,000,000 bushels, thus leaving 103,000,000 bushels. These estimates, according to Thoman, are too small by about \$5,000,000 bushels. The Liverpool Corn Trade News figures that our surplus will amount to only 55,000,000 bushels. These estimates, according to Thoman, are too small by about \$5,000,000 bushels. These estimates, according to Thoman, are too small by about \$5,000,000 bushels. These estimates according to Thoman, are too small by about \$5,000,000 bushels. These estimated at 190,000. There has been no speculative feature. The advance in wheat and lighter receipts for hext w

McCullough Bros. Fruit and Produce

Letter.

Atlanta, Ga., December 12.—Business in the fruit line is now assuming the holiday agitation, as is usual for the season. The country merchants are already buying and shipping their oranges, apples and everything in the fruit line with which to tide them over Xmas rush. Should the very favorable weather now prevailing, continue for the mext ten days we look for business in this line to assume an enormous proportion, and in fact, we think it will be the heaviest for many years past. While oranges are a little scarce and high, on the other hand, apples are very plentiful and cheap, as are also bananas, and when you stike a balance on the three you will find the prices to average up as usual. The feeling in the better grades of apples, however, is much stronger, and it is hard to state exactly what the next ten days will bring forth as to prices, but, judging from all indications, we look for no material change A great many of the banana ships used for importing have been taken off for the winter, which, if for no other reason, will advance the price for bananas considerably, and no doubt within the next ten days there will be a big fail off in arrivals of this fruit, with an active market and higher prices.

The new crop of lemons is arriving and being disposed of rapidly at a good margin for those by whom handled. We have never seen them arriving in a finer condition, and the extra choice stock in nearly every instance is grading fancy.

The orange stuation still remains in a Letter.



of dainty decorative things that all will be wanting to intensify Christmas joy. We simplify the gift problem. Dress Goods, Here are scores of artistic and exquisite novelties just right for remembrancers and charmingly cheap; Vases, Dresden Lamps and Clocks, Bohemian and Venetian Dress Silks, Glassware, Art Pottery, Celluloid Toilet Articles, Purses, Fancy Baskets, a brilliant miscellany of Juvenile Books Hosiery and Gloves, and whole villages of Dolls. Come and see them. Laces and Fans, Wraps and Furs, Linens and Blankets, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas, Neckwear,

Smoking Jackets, Skirts, Suits, Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Curtains, Draperies.

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very unsettled state, but we feel assured of the fact that there will not be over one-half to two-thirds shipped into this market, as was thought would be ten days ago. In fact, a great many people who have bargained, or thought they had bargained, for fruit in this line, which should have been here before now, find it has falled to materialize, and partles not having bona fide contracts will find themselves in possession of various mail and telegraphic communications giving various reasons for non shipment of oranges. The real reason is that they have been offered more money by other buyers. None of the California oranges which were supposed to have been billed for this market have as yet arrived: We suppose they will be in, however, but the chances are against them getting in on time.

ward tendency, especially for the fancy grades.
Coccanuts are very active, and prices
continue to advance as the holidays approach.

Malega grapes are arriving in fine condition and are in very active demand, owing to the scarcity of other varieties of ing to the scarcity of other varieties of grapes.

Produce is rather lagging, and the market is thoroughly overstocked on potatoes, both Irish and sweet, butter, live and dressed poultry. We have never seen poultry as slow sale as it has been during the last week.

Eggs are also on the decline. The receipts are heavy, and we look for another decline, say of 2 to 3c per dozen during the next few days.

The price of cabbage is up, and good merchantable stock is somewhat scarce, while onions are very scarce and hard to get at any price.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

Atlanta, December 12—Apples \$1.75@2.25. Lemons, Messina \$3.75@4.00. Oranges, Jamaica 4.00@4.25. Bananas, straight 1.00@1.25; culls \$0@75c. Figs 11@11½c. Raisins, new California 1.65@1.75; ½ boxes 50@00. Currants 6½@7c. Leghorn citron 11@11½c. Nuts. aimonds 11c; pecans 9@10c. Brazil 7½@8c; filberts 11½c; walants 10@11c; mixed nuts \$6:10c. Peanuts, Virginia electric light 5@0c; fancy hand-picked 4@4½c; Georgia 3@34cd. Country Produce.

Atlanta, December 12—Ezgs 164g@17. Butter, western creamery 16@18c; fancy Tennessee 12@15c; choice 12½c; Georgia 12@15c. Live poultry, turkeys 8@10c; hens 22½c; gering chickens 12¾c[18c] ducks 20@22½c. irish potatoes, Burbank \$1.76@2.00 per bbl; 55@90c bu; Tennessee 45@50c per bu. Sweet potatoes, new 50@60c per bu. Honey, strained 7@8c; in the comb 8@6c. Onions 85@41.00 per bu; 2.00@2.50 per bbl. Cabbage 1@1½c.

BUTTER AND CHEESE Davison S. Smith. No. 1 S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. Wholesale Dealer in Tennessee and New York State Creamery Butter, Minnesota Cheese.

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The cotton situation, both from the standpoint of supply and of demand, seems to be stronger than for several years past. The improving trade, both in America and Europe, promises to more than absorb a supply that seems now unlikely to be as large as had been earlier anticipated by many, and widely proclaimed by the bears. Despite this, cotton has declined. The reason for the decline is that speculative holders of contracts for the future delivery of cotton, being unable to margin their transactions, have been forced to sell in New York. The question is thus raised as to whether producers of cotton are likely most substantially to profit by purchases of contracts, or by holding spot cotton. We invite correspondence upon the subject, and meantime solicit consignments of cotton to New York or to Liverpool to be held as long as the owners may desire. We are willing to pay sight drafts against the bills of lading for such consignments within a reasonable limitation of their value, and will charge not over 6 per cent interest on such advances. Special terms as to commissions, etc., on large consignments will be made on application. Correspondence is solicited. Address.

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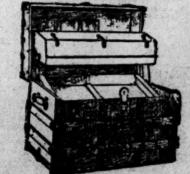
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WHAT I LIVE FOR.

I live to learn their story, Who've suffered for my sake, To emulate their glory, And follow in their wake. Bards, patriots, martyrs, sages, The noble of all ages,
Whose deeds crown history's pages
And Time's great volume make.

I live to hold communion With all that is divine, To feel there is a union,
'Twixt nature's heart and mine;
To profit by affection,
Reap truth from fields of fiction,
Grow wiser from conviction,
And fulfill each grand design.

A correspondent sent these verses and wishes to know their author. The poem, she says, is incomplete and the woman's department will be glad to receive the lines in full from any reader who knows them and their author.

#### BARTERED FOR A BAUBLE.

Do you know what I'd do if I were a ma we know? Well, I'd buy the next girl who became engaged to me a diamond watch. I'd take it with me when I asked her the fatal question and when she said "yes," I'd pull it forth from its hiding in my hip pocket and fasten it firmly on the lape or the laces of whatever frock she hap-

And why would I do this?

Simply because this particular man has twice to my certain knowledge been bartered by sweethearts for that silly bauble of a jewel encrusted timepiece.

Both girls had rich parents but everything failed to persuade them to give up their beloved matrimonial object until the watch question was sprung upon them, of until they introduced it to their dotting

The first girl wanted a beautiful little Geneva timepiece enameled in emerald green and glittering with diamonds in dainty design. She declared that no other lewel would lessen in the least the pains of her thwarted affection, so a watch she and forthwith; and little did her lover dream as she entered the drawing room to break off her engagement with him that she was wearing upon the laces of her bodice the sign of his bartered self.

This girl married another man and is "living happily forever afterwards," as the story books say.

Then the second girl-she even cared more for the fascinating man than the first one, and she has sold him for a larger watch with more diamonds-in fact, a watch completely incrusted with these precious

What charm is there would you suppos n a watch to lure a maiden's love from man? Is it because it is of pure gold and there is a jewel woman its inmost ma thinery as well as its outer case? Is it be cause it keeps account of time-a thing husbands now and then fall to do when they visit their clubs? Is it because it can always run on tick without being run to earth in consequence; or because, to sum it up, it is a safer and more lasting an investment than a husband? These ques tions will have to be answered by the young nan who made a choice so unflatterin to the man. In doing so they certainly gave him a very poor chance for any kind of dramatic parting. Of course, it was better than exchanging him for a fuzzy dog or a bicycle, but then a man needs aggravation of a rival to help him out of a love affair with dignity and pictursqueness. He can do such a fine lot of stage pacing in the parlor when his inamorata confesses that her interest has turned toward a new man. He can look so well and say such strings of words with the Bible, you know, or in the tracts distributed by the Salvation Army; but to be faced with a miserable, double-faced, dia mond-decked watch-why that's just too silly for anything. It makes him want to ask if she wouldn't swap her mother off for a tiara, or if, when in the future she uld marry and have children, she wouldn't take husband, children and all as a job-lot and auction them off for scent

I put all of these theories to one of th girls and she looked at me with supreme disgust as if to say, "You poor, ignoran woman." And then she remarked:

"Pshaw! you know it was sensible. T he could keep him? Why, the watch has a chain around it and I can wear it al ways next my heart and it can't get away.' And with that she gave it an affectionate little pat that proved her completely con tent with her bargain.

#### THE CRAZE THAT'S

ON FOR AMETHYSTS. Speaking of watches reminds me of jew-els in general and the way stones have of falling in and out of favor. At an afternoon card party one has an opportunity of ob-serving not only the handsome and unique rings women wear, but of seeing all those little jeweled accessories in the shape of purses, scent bottles and bonbon boxes that the fair sex is so fond of displaying with their dressy toilets.

In many of these the latest favorite, the ethyst, is seen, and it recalls the prevalence of that stone many years ago when every girl wore an amethyst ring or pin The beautiful stone about which so many legends have circled comes to us now not inlaid with diamonds or pearls, as it was then, but cut as a cabochon or with diamond facets. It is used in scent bottles and forms the tops of many pretty link purses in gold or silver. It is not an expensive stone and there are many places in the state where one may find amethyst quartz for the looking, though a flawless and brilliant stone is rather rare.

sleeves were of dark green velvet.

Mrs. Will Inman wore a strikingly elegant and becoming toilet in soft fawn colored cloth with a full vest of cream net Many women in old days had necklaces of amethyst beads, and these heirlooms will loubtless be brought forth for the decking embroidered in gold. The bodice and toque to match was trimmed with sable and a new shade of velvet on the pinked lilac order that looks so well at night and that at all of their daughters

The stone is said to fade with the wan ing health of its wearer or to deepen in brilliancy with her good fortune. It is the jewel above all others for blonde and red-haired women.

A COLLAPSE THAT JUST NOW IS FASHIONABLE. I don't mean that fashion has gone off on her nerves or that all the intellectual pursuits to which her followers are devoting mselves these days has given that haughty dame a spell of nervous prostration. Not a bit of it. She is entirely reble for the collapse referred to, for at | lead one to think it an excellent matrimo is that flat and curious appearance postaking in of our sleeves. I looked are published are not the kind who would ugh a room full of women recently and my word they looked like pressed disue paper dolls, or folded accordions, or as if they had all got caught ignominby in folding beds and come forth in folding beds and come forth stance, a pretty girl from a neighboring than they really ought to be. The city, has had tetters and all sorts of things

men looked bulky of body and the omen looked all drawn up and little women looked all drawn up as shrinky, and the whole of them, with the strangely contracted shoulders seemed as if they were shivering and a bit bent with cold. This was the general notion they conveyed, irrespective of the feeling that all of us women should have to the effect that fashion, like the king, can do no

We had all got so accustomed to the nice, big, comfortable sleeves. They gave us such a dressed-up and yet such an easy feeling, we could burrow our chins arou in their laces and move our arms as free-ly in their stry puffs as Greek goddessel were supposed to do when they didn't wear any sleeves at all. Now, with these cases that fit our that fit our arms as a sheathe does its sword, we can't get at our back hair or reach the rope in the car or do anything requiring the use of our poor, cribbed, cab-ined and confined arms; and, of course, too, we will break out presently with another hump somewhere, and every woman who has studied humps in feminine attire knows very well none other is as comfortable



ant her on account of the Munsey picture -vinalgrettes, candy, flowers and per-fumes; and as these things have come fumes; and as these things have come anonymously, it has been impossible for her to return them. Another girl, and this one is from Atlanta, has received several offers of marriage provoked by the sight of her pretty face in the magasine. Among the funniest of these is the letter from a Texas cowboy, talling her of his millions in ranches and cattle and laying it all at her feet. All of this may cause the address. the big sleeve. If we run to chignons, for instance, we will have all to buy braids and have headaches from them when they are wound up and pinned on. If we wear bustles or tilters, we will have long trains. They always go with long trains, you know, and then we sweep the streets up with our skirts for several years. If we had the bustles or tilters without the trains, that would be almost as bad. They are the worse humps of all, Every woman knows it. They get twisted when you walk and make you feel like a seal flapping about

ART WINS THE HEART.

on a wet rock. When you sit down you

have the startling notion that you have suddenly landed on bolsprings without any

mattress to smoothe over their harsh phy-

mattress to smoothe over their harsh physical impressions. They are cold in winter, and their skeletons are often revealed through the transparency of summer attire, and they are, in fact, altogether unlovely. But all this talk may

seem premature. As yet, we have tight

sleeves without any humps at all, yet we may look with certainty to breaking out

help it, despite all the talks and lectures and publications on reform dress. We wo-

men want to hump and fluff by nature,

and we are going to do it so long as there are other women to watch us and men

left to pay the bills. Eve's first impulse when she bound a few fig leaves together was to fashion a few of them as different

from her own shape as possible. It was

part of the physical deception that went along with the mental ways that are dark

FOR GLISTENING ORNAMENTS.

In lieu of the dearth of humps this sea-

on, the feminine taste in fashion are

bound to make a sensation, has gone over

to all sorts of glistening ornaments and fabrics than which, I am sure, nothing

could be prettier or more becoming. This

notion of gilding refined gold, like that of

painting the lily, hails to us direct from

France, and some beautiful costumes, show-

ing gold and jeweled effects, have been

imported this season, and are being worn

by Atlanta women of fashion. Among the

most charming of these is a tollet of Mrs. James English. The skirt is of dark blue and the bodice of cream mousseline de sole, has blue velvet sleeves and a very high ceinture of black satin. The mousseline de sole over cream satin is merely the foundation of a front of cream net exquis-

roundation or a front of cream net exquisitely embroidered in pale pink and cream silk about the lower part in a design of roses, while the whole is studded richly with pearls and brilliants, and caught at the high satin collar with a diamond ornament. A touch of darker color is given to bodies by a small rousey effect in blue yel.

bodice by a small zouave effect in blue vel-vet embroidered in gold. The hat worn with this gown was a broad-brimmed one trimmed with a frill of cream lace around

the brim and covered with plaited ame-thyst ribbon, which also formed the high

showing a warp of gold threads, and the bodice was covered with green net studded with emerald-green cabohon, while the

times brings out the perfection of a skir faultlessly fair and transparent.

of petunia colored velvet.

PRETTY FACES AND

Mrs. Albert Thornton wore an extremely handsome and stylish gown of black bro-caded satin, the bodice trimmed with Flor-entine lace and sable and a becoming bit

THEIR MATRIMONIAL EFFECT.

The amusing experiences recorded by

number of pretty southern girls who have

had their pictures in Munsey of late would

nial magazine, but unfortunately, or for tunately, perhaps, the girls whose pictures

seek such means to marry, nor would a

high class publication like Munsey feel par-

ticularly flattered over bringing about a

romance in this way. One girl, for in-

aigrette-like effect on the left side. other lovely costume carrying out the jew-eled effect was worn by Mrs. Henry Grady, Jr. The skirt was of dark green cloth

and tricks that are vain of woman.

WOMEN NOW GO IN

We simply can't

oon somewhere else

guessing, please. She didn't live in Atlan

ta. She was a widow lady, in a neighbor-

ing county, and she said she was young and wealthy and also that she was beauti-

ful; and to disprove it she sent her picture

which was ugly-well, ugly as unveiled sin

She sent twenty dollars with the photo

Already the streets are thronged with

men, women and children bent on Christ

mas buying, at least with women and children, because, although men may now

and then lag along after them, they really

never buy presents they intend giving

until the very last minute. One often

reads of the difficulties women meet in

finding presents to please their husbands,

sweethearts, fathers or brothers, but the

truth is really that there is no one in the world so wild, so bewildered, so utterly

ignorant as a man hunting for Christmas gifts for the women he wants to remember. Now, of course, if he has a wife or a

sweetheart and she tells him she wants

a diamond pin or a ring he goes and gets it, if he can afford it, and his selection is pretty apt to be something very beautiful

and just the thing to suit the woman he loves, but suppose she doesn't want him to buy anything expensive—then comes

the rub. It's when she herself doesn't

really know what she wants, when the want column in her mind is as indefinite as a sick man's desire for food. She says

to him: "Oh, I don't know; I can't think. You know I've everything expensive I ought to have this year; just some little thing to make the day remembered—that's

CHRISTMAS GIVING.

graph and both were returned to her.

SOME THOUGHTS ON

a matter of course. From this shop he wanders to a furriers and looks at toques, capes and boas. He remembers she said once she wanted a handsome fur, and again it occurs to him that something to once she wanted a handsome fur, and again it occurs to him that something to wear isn't anything more than he ought to give her at any time, and so his vexation grows as the hours go by and Christmas eve he comes home late with a worn and unedsy look and a brown paper parcel in his arm and he tells her rather anxiously that he doesn't know whether or not she will like it. And Christmas morning she proves pleased with whatever his selection is and his anxiety is swept away until that time next year.

But if he is a poor hand at the selection of little things he generally has a ridiculously pretty way or presenting presents, great or small, when he finally secures them. He covers them with flowers or bon-bons and makes abourd surprises in every way out of them. For instance, a man I know put a big bandbox in his wife's chair by the fireplace and when she saw it the next morning she was appalled by the notion of his having selected a Louise hat that might suit either her face or her complexion. She opened the box and pulled out layer after layer of tissue paper and then she came to enother smaller box that looked

She opened the box and pulled out layer after layer of tissue paper and then she came to another smaller box that looked like it might contain a silver powder box. Opening this she found nothing whatever but several layers of pink and white cotton. Then, almost ready to believe the whole business a hoax, she again turned to the bandbox, and pulled out more paper till she discovered way down in the corner a little roll of pink tissue and cotton. Her excitement made ther hands tremble so she could scarcely pull it to pieces, but when she did do so she found, oh! joy of joys, a tiny ring case of purple velvet, and in it the ring upon which her eyes had rested for long months with eager covetousness as its light shone before men in a jeweler's window.

window.

The way for a girl's true lover to send her a jewel at Christmas is in a bunch of violets, whose ribbon ties securely the little box tucked down among the fragrant blossoms. A card with a pretty verse about the hidden treasure in the flowers is a dainty accompaniment to such a gift and this card should simply be the engraved one of the sender, with the lines written in ink on the back. The bouquet lanterns will figure extensively as Christmas gifts to girls of fashion. Their novelty makes them the most desirable possession at present and a girl considers them the most precious trophies she can possibly possess. These little lanterns are sold oy the florists with the big bouquets wanch go to the boudoirs of beauty, but jewelers in the north are making a specialty of them in a way that of beauty, but jewelers in the north are making a specialty of them in a way that will put them on the line of favor with scent bottles, bonbonniers and jeweled purses. A pretty girl here is to get one of these lanterns in a bouquet of palma violets. The fairy affair looks something like the little bird cages hung in doll houses. Its glass is rose-colored and overwrought with gold wire and the tops and sides are studded with amethysts.

The question of Christmas presents for children is always a puzzling one and it becomes particularly puzzling when they becomes particularly puzzling when they outgrow their baby days. A girl child always wants a dell, but a great many of them don't care for them after they get them. The wife of a prominent Atlanta banker who ought to and does know more about the caprices of girl children than almost any other woman here, tells of come interesting discoveries in regard to ome interesting discoveries in regard to this very subject.
"The mother girls and the book girls,"

she says, "begin to evince their charac



TOWARD THE BETTER LAND,

teristics at a very early age, and you might as well ablds by the decisions of their own natures, for you can't force them to the interests that you think children ought to have. Give the student and the athletic girls books and swings and let the mother girls begin their training for the life they will surely choose by a complete miniature establishment in the way of a dollhouse, with inmates and beautifully furnished rooms."

This is a good idea in the main, I know, but now and then one comes across a all."

He goes out in a perfect state of chaos. He wanders like one demented from place to place. He starts to buy her something in silver and then remembers that she has every accessory on earth that the silver fad requires. Then he looks up something in china or furniture for the house and while examining all the dishes, brio-abrac, tea tables, lamps and stools that the smiling shopman has to show, he begins to think that it's a rather queer sort of thing to make a Christmas present

SOME DAINTY CHRISTMAS FROCKS

girl who is more sorts of a girl than most of her sisters, and then the perplexity lies in finding what not to give her. I know, for instance, a little girl who once loved dolls and doll houses with passionate ardor, who also was a tom-boy and a reader of sufficient ambition to have mastered many of the sollioquies of Shakespeare at ten years old. She was never a student, it's true, but she liked all sorts of things grave and gay just so they were not poked at ther by a teacher, and when Christmas came her poor little brain was an evershifting kaleidoscope filled with visions of dolls, jumping ropes, hoops, swings and dolls, jumping ropes, hoops, swings and wonderful books of poems and fairy tales. Did the child ever live, I wonder, who re-ceived quite all the things she had dreamed MAUDE ANDREWS.

THE WOMAN'S EXCHANGE. Don't forget the woman's exchange while

ney in her purse, must see that St.
esph is always tucked away into one
ner of it. What a canny body, or disemit, is this genial human saint, who helps
to get a husband, and then to keep
ty providing the wherewithal to buy
dinner and thus keep the reature amia-

But there is yet another saint who seems to be working out satisfactorily one of the most puzzling and disheartening of the problems of modern sociology. St. Anthony, he is, the "wonder worker of Padua," even that same "St. Anthony to whom the fishes pray"—vide your Thack-

eray.

A wonderfully successful charity known as "St. Anthony's Loaf" has been inaugurated in New Orleans under the auspices of the St. Vincent de Paul societies of the parish churches. St. Anthony's Loaf comprises not only food, but also clothing and medical attendance—everything necessary medical attendance everything neces for the relief of the poor, without re to race, sex, condition or creed. Men and women out of work are aided in securing employment, children are cared for, the aged and afflicted are specially ministered unto, while upon all who are assisted is impressed the duty of mutual help and sympathy. impressed

This great charity, which had an humble



IUDITH.

you are doing your Christmas shopping. It is a bright place full of beautiful and useful things. A few dollars spent there in the selection of Christmas cakes and puddings will save both money and time in one's own home. There are all sorts of dainty candies, and orders are taken for the cornucopias and all sorts of pretty recep-tacles for bonbons. Lovely embroidered linens and bits of dainty china are on sale and nothing could be prettier for gifts to any woman, young or old, who has a pretty bome and loves all its charming

#### Two Important Homely Saints.

New Orleans, December 10.-Among the omankind of old Orleans town, the most opular saint in the calendar is dear Joseph, whose special mission it is to provide husbands for maids and widows. It s supposed that he superintends those matches, which long ago somebody declared were made in heaven. No matter how depressingly high may be the annual spinster statistics of the country, St. Jo. seph, if properly entreated, may be relied upon to make marriage easy. Tiny images of him are offered for sale in almost every shop, and without disrespect, it may be said he goes off like hot cakes. Every girl carries his silver likeness in her pocketbook, but to be effective, she herself must not have purchased his image. No, indeed! Some friend must have given it to her, and if it be a friend who has married under the auspices of St. Joseph, tant Mieux pour elle!

Making Novenas. But many a girl, fearful lest St. Joseph

may sometimes forget to keep her in mind, remembering, too, that heaven—and why not saints—helps those who help themselves, thinks it wiser to bestir herself and

selves, thinks it wiser to bestir herself and do the saint special honor by making Novenas for a husband under difficult and disagreeable circumstances.

A Novena for a husband consists in trudging three miles to the shrine of St. Roch, and three miles back, in the torrid heat of summer, for nine consecutive mornings, clad, too, in one's oldest and most unbecoming frock. It ought to awake the ngs, clad, too, in one's oldest and most inbecoming frock. It ought to awake the

beginning three years ago in an . obscure street of Paris, and which has grown to great proportions in France and some of the other continental countries, was introduced one year ago into New Orleans by one parish church. It was so successful that almost all the other parishes have adopted it, and the women of the churches are the principal workers in its practical

St. Anthony's Loaf is one of the most practical and far-reaching means of aiding the poor that was ever devised. It is based upon the divine principle of that charity which seeks to care for the poor without distinction of creed or deserving-ness. Churches of every creed in every country might well hasten to organize St.
Anthony Loaf societies. They would perhaps do more toward bringing about a solution of the social problem than all the ses that have ever convened with that end in view.

LYLIE O. HARRIS.

THE BEARD IN HISTORY. the Flowing Appendage Has Figured in Times Past.

Figured in Times Past.

From The New York Sun.

The decadence of the beard among civilized races, and the reason for its disappearance are interesting things to trace. Long ago a luxuriant beard was thought to betoken a high degree of holiness or wisdom. Even now the believers of the Koran reverence the beard, and swear by that of their prophet. But it would seem that in this very idolatry of the beard lay the cause of its downfall, for the possessor of a handsome beard was prone to vanity, and was likely to spend so much time in decorating it that he ran the risk of neglecting more important matters. So the church and state, then closely joined, declared against if. The French swells of less than two hundred years age used to crimp their beards, twine them with threads of rold and hang them with pearls. Philip of Valots, who was one of the leaders of fashion of his day, used to the golden accorns in his beard. The result was that popes and monarchs began to issue bulls and edicts against hirsute appendages, sometimes with temporary effect, and sometimes with none at all. Popes Leo IX and Gregory VII anathematized the beard, and this means that they cursed it root and branch, for a papal amathems in those days was something sweeping and terrible.

In the army the first reason for abolishing the beard was that of cleanliness. Up to the time of Alexander the Great the Greeks were a bearded people, but that ruler made every one of his Greckan soldiers shave. The Romans, too, made shaving obligatory in the army, and there were few beards or none among the civilians. The beard was then considered to be the characteristic reature of the beardarian. The first Roman whom history records as having shaved every day was Scipio, the conqueror of Africa. In later times Peter the Great, of Russia, made an attempt to barries throne by the maintenance of his decree. William the Conquetor was another great commander who would have no beards about this court or among his soldiers. In France in 153 all the lawyers were forced to

no one would ever think of making the odern barber a hero of romance, like the urbers who flit through the pages of the trabian Nights" or "Gil Blas." It would hard to fancy that the incestor of the an who shaves you today and tries to ree on strangers all sorts of tonics for bair and other costly and impossible ings, was perhaps he who inspired the case that subdued Sameter.

SOME POPULAR PI

They are mostly made in t's the pictures that are populareatest number of people you out," said the co Fifteen years ago the French and America an artists rather controlled the ings to one class of art lovers ored plates, produced by vari processes were the most ext sed. One of the leading eng that time was Delaroche's trypti Prodigal Son."

No bride thought it worth w No bride thought it worth while setting housekeeping unless she had that see picture to hang over her parfor may write to hang over her parfor may write have been as the set of the set of

and English originals.

Now, however, it is only in the verof the way country places such his ever find purchasers and admirers, for lic taste has swung far away from crude color and cheap childish sentimity. Eight out of ten persons who something to hang on their walls that thing shall be in black and whit the selection usually represents the selection usually represents cable and healthy taste.

Women Adore Sentiment

Women Adore Sentiment.

Good expensive photographic process and the enormous reduction of late in the price of etohings has done they of educating the public's art instinct, will confess is usually found at its among the women. They are very apt incide what is to be used in decorating house walls, and it is only natural preferences should run toward what somed refined, graceful and spicel strong romantic feeling.

But, feminine like, no picture can counted on these days to sell steadily after year. The women are always to for something new, and dealers who their public well have found that their tures, like the shape of sleeves, are ject to fickle fancy. There is one phowever, that all women are firm on won't buy nudes. Only about one out seventy-five ventures on such a pure and then the boldest lady is apt to something boasting considerable draifike Paul Thouman's "Fates," one of most popular pictures ever on the mas It is by no means though so valual stock plate as "Dreamy Thoughts," "Springtime," by the same artist, while the past two or three years almost sands of his famous "Art Wins the He have found buyers. That is distinct woman's picture and it is sold in every in large expensive photogravure and woman's picture and it is sold in evident in large expensive photogravure bon prints and cheap effective au It belongs in what an art deal call his album of family pictures in that class of clean commendable art which hour arther cut under in that class of clean commendable of art, which has rather cut under suc ly Frenchmen as Bisson, whose gradies and sender nudes are very be found in bachelor apartments. It time these last had a great vogue, but the comment of the clean seeing what is need busy producing such discreetly drapures as Kaultach's "Bpring," a plat takes admirably. Nowadays in ple Strane's heads we keep, for their in ing qualities, Sichel low-browed, fullstrane's heads we keep, for ing qualities, Sichel low-browe heavy-headed Caucassian beat is a type of fair woman the tires of buying and admiring. Without ever varying his n tist only changes the pose and a bit and his last success is "is also a writer family favorite."

is also a prime family favorite, is any picture that can be sai hold today the place once occu Cenci, it is Richter's "Queen I Conci, it is Richter's "Queen Is not, as you perhaps know, a that famous lady at all, but the ter's ideal of her, still we sell it both in the black and white "Queen Louise's" nearest rival lic heart is the Countess Potoc

Precedence of all the Madom riably taken by the famous S along about Christmas and Eas men alike prefer her to any and child, just as Nanjok's has completely usurped the pla by the Mater Doloroso, and, a way of popular pictures, the G the lead. Of all pictures of the the lead. Of all pictures of the save-man's "Christ Praying in the Gard Gethermane" is most admired. A expressed sweet sentiment is what is line catches the popular affection, corical treatments no longer please French artist, Falero, who for year been painting rather coarse nudes, finds his best profits in work of this a French artist, Falero, who in been painting rather coarse nudes, finds his best profits in work of this as "Toward the Better Land" is a hacker subject with no new treatment; an abearing a dead child heavenward the moonlight has been done before the women approve and admire as just as they do Nonnenbruch's "Chia Girl."

Cheerful Tastes.

Cheerful Tastes. It is next to an impossibility, hor coax them to the purchase of a

melancinory subject. This is said or consider anything they think is said or ical. A shipwreck, or battle view. "Princess in the Tower," or Mary Schearing her sentence read, make no a to the popular heart, while any sew on a pair of lovers always catches the cy. But in all this wide field of pimaking not a single American's nampears. Of the classic masters Lonary Vinci is the leader and "Mona Lisa, picture most frequently asked for, among Englishmen Sir Frederic Loss is by far the most popular.

Oh, I can't tell you how to acount that, only the big public itself in No more can I discover the cause of favor etchings find among all classes, that etchings are cheap and they certained as the control of the are always highly refined.
etching can be had for a doll
these days, while five years
proof easily brought \$25. To
cause of the new inexpensive
reproducing thousands instacause of the flew independent of the format of the format

As a Matter of Coun From The Savannah News The state of Georgia will have hibit at the Tennessee Centennasition, as a matter of course. It will not afford to do otherwise. It will not afford to get the state of the state o quire a great outlay to get the place at Nashville. The specia at the Atlanta exposition can be Georgia has so much to offer to and homeseekers that she came

m The Covington Ent

It Beautifies

hey have impres elves upon the he ble yourg women to confess. The il nies this article or who handle th ve ample reason as taken possessi There is Captain vanias. Old Pen els this season ally. Cupid has he latter victories at the head of Vrightington, of H

College A

nfatuati

football play

ntly for the crims of Yale, will not ad nen have made hi ves, but the blue Then, again, it is a who attend the foo lar attention to rains of the team, has not fared badly Quarterback Smith suld be termed a off the field. L ylvania has a

on, while H every way. There are all sorts show the popular ridiron. One of th layers on this yes writer the other eve

his apartments, a c

nd a face that has

FRANK R. STO Before a bright fir ing, sat David ey were a middle pirit, prosperous their home was brig "David," said Mr to be the quiet ever spent together; none of my nieces;

nd after it. It se cely worth wa me Christmas. Ourch, but as to-" "No, no, no, Marti upted David. ive up any of the j

MRS. ROWLE VAS SITTING

ABY IN HER

ck, or battle view, to Tower," or Mary Stance read, make no appeart, while any new liss always catches the tabis wide field of pictures.

Beautifies.

# HOW YOUNG WOMEN RUN AFTER HEROES OF THE GRIDIRON

College Athletes Tell of the Foibles of the Average

Girl, and of Harmless Infatuations That are Thoroughly Amusing most prot And Truly Feminine.

lvanias. Old Pennsylvania has won many rels this season, collectively and indidually. Cupid has had a hand in some of

Glamour of the Game is

Alluring to the Easily-Affected

Hearts of the Maidens.

Write Billet Doux, Seek Introductions and Actually Worship Them.

of chamois skin and a case for the brush years, and he said several of his friends had been presented with pairs by him. The of a feminine admirer. All these, he said,

At a little recital at New Haven, Conn., the other evening, one of the most prominent football men of the year was present, the big halfback in great demand. He atroduced to a pretty girl of nineteen or twenty, who had asked a natural friend to make the two acquainted. He was not out of hearing before the young woman re-

the evening is half over the athletes are

as enthusiastic as the undergraduates them.

greatest favorite in college among the so-Houghton, the good natured tackle. Cabot's fame is due to his great athletic abilhis good looks as much as his prowess in fcotball. Johnny Dunlap, who appears i handsomest man on the Harvard team, That is what the Boston girls say, and, of course, they are supposed to know.

nificent play. Directly you stepped on the field I felt my heart was strangely agitated, look at me, I felt for the moment as though I could never breathe again.

The Harvard football man who

But the letters. They are worth preserv a Pennsylvania player, which is entitled to at least special mention. It was from a was a student there. Read what she says:

The girls at this college do. They say un-"I don't think I ever really liked anyhad met your fate, for when points were in dispute and the game was stopped, you

the letters over the wall of the college

"Tell me all about yourself:

do you think a girl just sixteen can ever

all a joke. Naturally I made no reply any Tuesday or Friday, when I shall be threw it in the drawer of my dresser. A ource, and others followed it. The letters were imploring, pathetic and two warned

me of the danger of the writer's suicide I the girl away. He is now on I sent an answer. Finally I was forced to concerning it: "At first I thought it was an investigation. I discovered the identity with a note saying I was very sorry that as this to occur. The father being a sensible man, accepted the situation and sent



# Christmas Jane:

A Holiday Sketch. FRANK R. STOCKTON.

Rening, sat David and Martha Rowley.

They were a middle-aged couple, genial in ways kept it."

They were a middle-aged couple, genial in ways kept it." spirit, prosperous in circumstances, and their home was bright, warm and cheerful. David," said Mrs. Rowley, "this is golng to be the quietest Christmas we have
ever spent together; none of your nephews,
none of my nieces; just us two for the
Christmas dinner and all that comes before
and after it. It seems to me that it is
carcely worth while for us to have a
home Christmas. Of course we can go to
thurch but on the course we can go to
have a love before have been stockings at arm's length; it was a stocking, made
hung up in it on Christmas Eve, and they
shall be hung up this year just the same."
"And you think Santa Claus will fill them,
do you?" asked his wife.
"Think!" said David. "I am sure of it.
Any way we will ry him."

That ne might examine it. He raised and
raised—there seemed to be no
end to it. At last he held the gaudy thing
at arm's length; it was a stocking, made
and yellow: It was not finished, for a
great part of the foot was wanting.
"Heavens!" thought David Rowley, "what
can that ne might examine it. He raised and
raised—there seemed to be no
end to it. At last he held the gaudy thing
at arm's length; it was not finished, for a
great part of the foot was wanting.
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great part of the foot was wanting.

"Heavens!" thought part of the foot was wanting.
"Heavens!" thought part of the foot was wanting.
"Heavens!" the part of the foot was and yellow: It was not finished, for a
great part of the foot was and yellow: It was not finished, for a
great part of the foot was and yellow: It was not finished, for a
great part of the foot was and yellow: It was not finished, for a
great part of the foot was and yellow: It was not finished, for a
great part of the f

"No, no, no, Martha, that will never do," terrupted David. "We are not going to tive up any of the joys of our lives simply

MRS. ROWLEY, WHO

WAS SITTING IN A CHAIR WITH THE

Before a bright fire, on a cold December , because there are no young people, or any

ways kept it."
"And hang up our stockings, I suppose?"
remarked Martha.
David turned quickly toward her, his

Any way we will try him." Day after day, when David Rowley came home from his business early in the afternoon, he found his wife sitting before the

.3

tered the room he saw Martha hastily stuff something under the pile of stockings in her basket. This appeared odd to him, for Martha very seldom did anything hastily. One afternoon, soon after David came home, his wife was summoned down stairs to see a caller, and, hurriedly rising, she put down her work basket and left the room. The basket was so near the edge of the table that Mr. Rowley, noticing that it was in danger of falling on the floor, rose to set it back. As he did so, his eyes fell upon something extremely bright and gay which lay within it. Impelled by and gay which lay within it. Impelled by curiosity and having no conscientious scruples about looking at his wife's work, he took hold of the gay object and raised it, that he might examine it. He raised and raised and raised—there seemed to be no end to it. At last he held the gaudy thing

wear socks; and not for herself! Oh, no that could never be!" With both hands he held the stocking by the two upper corners and gazed it.
"Ten inches wide!" said he. "It is all of

As he stood staring at the exaggerated hose, an idea struck him. He was on the point of bursting out into a laugh, but he pulled it back into a chuckle.

"It's like her!" he said: "It's just like her! I have told her she is as young as any of them. I believe she is younger. She is going to hang up this stocking for me to fill! That is what she has been trying to hide from me! I thought she had a to hide from me! I thought she had an unusual number of stockings to darn! Lord! What a stocking!" he said, as he held it

up once more.
"All right, Mrs. Rowley," said he. "Santa Claus will attend to you!"

And, as properly as he knew how, he rolled up the stocking and put it carefully inder the other articles in the work basket. It was early on Christmas morning; ev-erything was quiet indoors and out, everything dark outdoors and in, except for the dim light given out by a night lamp in the chamber of Mr. and Mrs. Rowley. The

the chamber of Mr. and Mrs. Rowley. The good lady was sleeping soundly; the more soundly, perhaps, because she had sat up the previous evening until ner husband was in bed and asleep.

Mr. Rowley was not asleep; he was very wide awake—awake with his eyes and awake with his ears. There was light enough for him to see his stocking, which hung on the left-hand side of the mantelpiece, and he perceived that it looked very full and bulged out in many places. A lively curiosity burned within him, but he did not get up to examine his stocking. On the other side of the mantelpiece he saw an enormous stocking, gay even in the an enormous stocking, gay even in the duskiness of the room and hanging flaccid and empty. His wife had had faith that Santa Claus would come around again early in the morning.

Presently he heard a clock strike 6, and Presently he heard a clock strike 6, and at the sound he quietly slipped out of bed and dressed himself, with the exception of his shoes. Then, with his slippers in his hand, he stole down the softly carpeted stairs. In the hall he put on his slippers, struck a wax match and made his way to the hitchen where he lighted a lantern. the kitchen, where he lighted a lantern. Very careful to make no noise with bolt or key, he went down into the cellar and or key, he went down into the cellar and opened the draughts of the furnace an hour at least before the time at which this office was generally performed by the servant. When he came upstairs again Mr. Rowley went into the library with his lantern; then went into the library with his lantern; then he walked noiselessly into the parlor. There he stood by the register a few minutes and then went back to the library. He sat down and listened. Several times he took his lantern and looked at the clock. It seemed to him it took a long time for the hands to move to a quarter of 7. Before the minute hand touched 9 Mr. Rowley rose and went into the hall. Very quietly he drew back the bolt to the frent door; he unfastened the chain and unlocked the door, ready to be opened. Then he

Very soon he heard feet ascending the stone steps. He gently opened the door and admitted two noiseless figures. They were women. Without a word Mr. Rowley conlucted them into the library and shut the

After some minutes of whispered conver-sation the three came out into the hall. One woman held the lantern, so as to light the stairs, and the other, with Mr. Re wiey, quietly ascended. She carried a bundle and when they reached the chamber door they stopped and listened. Finding that Mrs. Rewley was still asleep, they entered and approached the tigh hand side of the fire-place. The woman said at the great BABY IN HER ARMS, TOLD HER HUSBAND THAT HE MIGHT ASK THEM TO COME UP. stocking which hung there, and as she did

earth could wear a stocking as big as turned to Mr. Rowley and shook her head as if she said: "This will not do." He gazAs he stood staring at the exaggerated hose, an idea struck him. He was on the is the matter with it?" She shook her head again and stood for a moment think-ing. She looked about her and seeing a cushion on a lounge she motioned to Mr. Rowley to put it on the floor. When this had been done, she gently laid her bundle on the cushion. Now she approached Mr. Rowley and whispered in his ear the word "scissors." He looked at her in surprise but soon produced a pair from a work table. Then she took down the great stocking, and, before the amazed eyes of Mr. Rowley, she ruthlessly out it from the top

all the way to the heel, so that it could be In reply to Mr. Rowley's look of horror "Can't be helped; no other way. It can

be sewed up again. Kneeling down by the side of the sofa cushion she opened the stocking to its ut-most width. She laid it over the bundle, entirely covering it and tucking it in around the sides, so that it looked as if it were a stocking filled to its greatest ca-pacity. Then she rose, gazed at her ar-rangements with a smile, and left the room. Mr. Rowley slipped off his coat and drew his feet out of his slippers; then, as gently as was possible to him he got into bed and covered himself up to his chin. He was trembling with pleasurable excitement.
"If it squeals," he said to himself, "it will

be the same as the alarm clock at 7, but I must not wait for either of them."

Turning toward his wife he gave her a "Martha," said he, "it's time to get up,"

She opened her eyes and looked at him sleeply.
"Is it 7 o'clock?" she asked.
"Not quite," said he, "but it is Christmas
morning. Merry Christmas, my dear. You
ought to get up and see what is in your

In a moment she was wide awake. "Oh, yes, let us look at our stockings!" she cried, and with this she bounced out of bed. Almost in the same second David was on the floor and had touched the button of the

At first Mrs. Rowley stopped, astonished, not seeing her stocking hanging where she not seeing her stocking hanging where she had put it. Then perceiving it on the cushion apparently stuffed very full, she immediately imagined that it was so heavy it had dropped and stooped to pick it up. As she did so, however, she drew back with a

cry. "It moves!" she exclaimed. "It is some-

"It moves!" she exclaimed. "It is something alive!"

"I hope so," said Mr. Rowley, who was now crouching by her. "I should have been terribly shocked if it had died."

Mrs. Rowley looked at him in stupefaction. Before she could speak, however, there was a convulsive movement of the stocking, a very little fist was thrust from it and the upper part of one of its severed sides fell back. Mrs. Rowley restrained a scream. "It is a baby!" she cried.

"Yes," said her husband, "that's what it is. Santa Claus must have thought it would be useful, especially in holiday times, and then again (he mentioned this to me in confidence) he could not think of anything else which would so well fill that stocking."

stocking?"
Mrs. Rowley did not answer. She stooped and gently took up the baby. She sat on the floor and held it in her lap. It fixed its round eyes upon her and feebly smiled.
"David Rowley." said she, "where did this come from?"
"You must ask Santa Claus about that"

# Hercules of Shinnecock

::: CLINTON ROSS :; :

'We that are true lovers run into strange | pale twilight, had turned the dying light capers, but as all is mortal in nature, so is all nature in love, mortal in folly."-Touch-

The last miles fell sandy and Dalton had wondered, rather wearlly, how much farther was his inn, when suddenly he saw the Hercules of Shinnecock and knew that he had reached the goal of that day's spin. The Hercules looking down from his re-pose doubtless farcied—if that carved wood indeed holds the gods heart-that this was but one more of the modern centaurs whose legs and hoofs evolution had made to wheels—if in very truth the Hercules of Shinnecock holds some of the personality of the hero, as became a god in the true days of fable.
You know how this Hercules stands fac-

ing the inn, over against the meadow and the shimmering bay. All day and all night he looks down in mighty repose-summer days of sketching artists who dream of canvases at the next exhibition which shall tell of the changing colors of the little sketch of hill country of Shinnethe little sketch of hill country of Shinnecock; autumn days of golfers, and less athletic folk; winter days and nights when rage
possesses the sea and this image dreams
perhaps of the gone time when it stood,
buffeting the waves, defying them—bearing proudly the Ohio and its flag of the
republic. Do inanimate things, then sometimes fall a-dreaming? Do they indeed
scmetimes hold the nature of the creature
the artist has striven to produce? So this
great block carved by a forgotten sculptor the artist has striven to produce? So this great block, carved by a forgotten sculptor into the semblance of the hero as he was conceived in the Farnesian Hercules—reminiscent not only of its own past, but of all that Hercules knew and saw and did. A tree overshadows the figure at some hours of the flitting day. "A perfect rural statue," philosophized Dalton in his uncritical mood, sitting there on the inn steps while the host mildly chattered. Of another day might have decried this opinion, but now the low moon had taken up the

assistants, who are down stairs. Good women both—and they will assure you that everything is all right."

The two women were kept waiting a long time, down stairs, but at last Mrs. Rowley, who was now sitting in a chair with the baby in her arms, told her husband that he might go down and ask them to come up. "But before I go," said he, "I want you

to know that I have named it. I have named it Jane Rowley, after my mother." "Why didn't you name it after me?" she asked, hastily.
"No, indeed, madam," said he. "There's

"No, indeed, madam," said he. "There's never to be but one Martha Rowley in this world for me. That is the reason. I was so quick about it."

Now, Mrs. Rowley greatly disliked the name of Jane, but, of course, under the circumstances; she could not say so.

"Would you mind," she asked, "if we call it Christmas Jane?"
"I wouldn't mind it a bit," said he.

Chrissy is growing up to be a fine girl, and, considering the manner of her introduction into the Rowley family, it is not likely that she will ever fail to hang up her stocking on Christmas Eve.

of day into a suffused yellowishness.

The dinner was long over, the last guest had gone, and still Dalton sat there, and it was as if he were back in Andover reading Mr. Bohn's aid to English students of the Greek poets. It was to him as if there might appear suddenly out of the half moonlight spaces the priests and the maintenance. dens; as if a prayer might go up to the god; as of many a twilight Hercules was be-sought in the old days on an isle of Greece. "Twe refused \$500 for it," said the host.

"Eh," said Dalton, taking a meditative pull of his pipe.
"The roads were sandy—weren't they," said the host. "You'd had to gone to Southampton before you found another tavern. You like to know that this was

an inn in 1745 on the king's highway."

But Dalton was not listening. He had left the gossiping host, and had strolled across the road and on under the shadow of the Hercules—where he paused for a musing moment—and, then, on toward the musing moment—and, then, on toward the bay. How still it all was, after the town! How all the world seemed to be in retrospect and all the mythology again true. Would it happen in the course of the cycle of Time, the father,—and the ever aging, yet eternal possessor of us, and our moods,—that men would come back to the mythology, the folk lore, that peopled the seas and the forests and the stretches of meadows with personalities that were of meadows with personalities that were not so improbable under this moon, by this lonely reach of bay, and the hilltops ranged against a darkish blue which the moon permitted but an occasional star to pierce.

For a full hour this sentimental fellownot long out of his office-paced up and down the beach with his fancies; and then rather regretfully turned back toward the shadowy Hercules.

As he neared it suddenly wakeful he let

his imagination go tripping. Again he saw that part of the vanished Greeks, vaguely true in his memory of those schoolboy's fancies between the studious moments of digging out explanations of the aerist. The inn stood quiet, the lights the aerist. The inn stood quiet, the lights out, the door ajar for the laggard guest, who hesitated looking up at the Horcules who seemed to express the verity the unknown carver had felt, even were this a copy. Now the moon omitted flaws; and this was the god looking down at his worshipers. Out of the past Dalton's wandering fancy brought these old Greeka. wandering fancy brought these old Greeks, prayerful of Hercules, and then— "Oh, dear." He started. Had he fainted, this expres-

sive sigh which had come out of the figure; and then he heard, but not the gruff and awful voice of the hero raised to the gods; instead, a low feminine tone-possibly that of dryad who still was in the trunk out of which the carver had wrought trunk out of which the carver had wrought this invincible figure-head of the good ship of another day. Yet there was that note promiseful of a human cause in the exclamation, which set all at once Dalton's fancies at rest. Quickly he stepped back of the Hercules, where, clinging as if for protection to his superhuman re-

# HOW WE SHALL

Langley's Steam Flying Machine Which Runs Through the Air.

FASTER THAN A HORSE TROTS

Its Wonderful Speed and Ifs Practical Possibilities.

HOW IT IS MADE AND HOW IT WORKS

A Visit to the Island in the Potomac River Where the Experiments Occur.

Washington, December 11-(Copyright-Special Correspondence.)-Within the past few months an invention has been made here at Washington which promises to revolutionize the travel of the world. It may transfer the vessels of the ocean to the air and carry the locomotives among the clouds. The development of it will, in all probability, change the warfare of the world, and it may make war so terrible that the national troubles of the future will be settled by arbitration. I refer to Mr. Langley's aerodrome. The word means air-runner, and the machine is such that it runs faster upon the surface of the eir then a horse can trot.

For sixteen years Mr. Langley has steadily pursued his work upon it. Engrossed as he has been, first in astronomical investi-gation and later in administering the greatst of our scientific institutions, he has had only his leisure moments to devote to it, and now, after thousands of experiments and hundreds upon hundreds of failures, he has accomplished what scientists once his work was done almost at the risk of scientific reputation being questioned object of his investigations to himself. day the world knows practically nothing of them, and it was only last May, after persistent urging on the part of his friend, Professor Alexander Graham Bell, that llowed him to state the fact that he

The Aerodrome in Flight. Since then additional improvements have en made. A new and better machine than

that which flew half a mile in May last has been tested. It has made a more sucvessful flight, and today Mr. Langley perfull description of his success to the pub-. I have spent several days with him upon the island in the Potomac river, about thirty miles below Washington, where his nts have been conducted, and en made. I saw this machine, made hiefly of steel, weighing as much as a four-year-old boy, yet so large that it would just about fill the average parlor, moved by a steam engine which was a part of it, dart forth from the launching and fly in an almost straight the air a distance more than 1,500 yards, or over e-quarters of a mile. It flew almost as far as the length of Pennsylvania avenue n the treasury and the capitol. The was horizontal. There was not a flight was horizontal. There was not a quiver of the wings, and the great bird-like ne swam, as it were, upon the ds, and, as Mr. Langley and myself watched it, our hearts for the moment came into our throats, for it seemed as though it would dash itself against the trees. As it neared them, however, it racefully swept around and downward, an arrow flew across the bay, where we were standing, on toward Washington. It ontinued to fly in this straight furnishes the steam was when it slowly but graceof its machinery was injured, and had it not been that the evening shades were fallnever seen any inanimate thing look so like

It was as graceful as any bird, and as it swam through the air, its propellers, which were going about at the rate of over a thousand revolutions a minute, made a whirring noise like the wings of a bird in rapid flight. The feathery smoke of the engine could be seen wreathing its way out of the smokestack, and, as the setting sun caught its silken wings, and the white, silvery substance which bound the body containing its machienry, it seemed like a wonderful new species of bird. The great danger of losing the machine in the trees danger of losing the machine in the trees led Mr. Langley to put only enough water in it to allow it to fly about one and onehalf minutes. It could have carried water for about five minutes, but as it was, it flew by two independent stop watches, one minute and forty five seconds, being the only flight of any aerial machine except it-self which has ever lasted for more than a very few seconds. In this minute and three-quarters it flew at the rate of over

thirty miles an bour, and showing that if it had been fully supplied with water, it would have flown for more than two miles. As it was, its flight was only limited by the exwas, its flight was only limited by the ex-haustion of its steam, and there seemed no reason that with more steam to run it, it might not have gone on indefi-nitely. With a machine ten times its weight, Mr. Langley told me, a condensing apparatus could be carried upon it which could use the water over and over again, and the same amount of water would carry if for hundreds of times its present flight. The machine flew against the wind. There was nothing of the bailoon nature about was nothing of the balloon nature abou it. There were no gas bags to uphold it Its wings were immovable, and they merely steadled it as it flew like a bird throug the air. The for

Some Wonders of the Aerodrome. As I look at it I could hardly realiz the remarkable thing which Mr. Langley

The aerodrome is a machine made almos altogether of steel. A balloon floats be cause it is lighter than the air. This ma times as much as the air through which the ery are of steel, and it carries a peculi steam engine which forces it along in the tion of weight was an all important on and everything had to be reduced to the minimum. The aerodrome, weighing less than thirty pounds, carries about four pounds of water. This is about two quarts, and the little engine is so westeful of it that its flight must be proportionately short, for when the water has been once converted into steam the aerodrome mus stop flying, as there is no more water to furnish steam to run it. The machinery of the air runner is very light, indeed, but it requires a considerable force to move it in proportion to its weight. Its engine is equal to more than one-horse power, and the moveable parts of the machinery weigh twenty six ounces. You could put its machinery into a peck measure. a horse weighs a thousand pounds. of reducing the size of a horse to a peck measure, and its weight to that of a kit ten, and you have some idea of Mr. Lang ley's aerial machine,

I have described it in flight. I examined tat rest and I have gone carefully over its different parts. It is about fifteen feet one and about fourteen feet wide from chine moves through the air on much th same principle as that by which the twinwas through the water. On each side of the aerodro there is a sort of screw propeller or pair of blades in the shape of one cutting of a screw so hung upon a pivot that when steam is on they fly around at the rate of electric fan when in action. They cut the air so rapidly that you cannot see the blades, and they are, in fact, a pair of wheels about four feet in diameter flying at this wonderful speed around through the air. As they move they screw the air ship onward, and this advancing motion keeps it up in somewhat the same way

What does the aerodrome look like?

The machinery is in a metal receptacl which ends in a smokestack. This is hun to a framework of steel. The wings, which are stationary, are fastened to the uppe part of the frame work, and they extend ut above the body holding the machinery The machinery is wonderfully delicate but it is as strong and at the same time as light as scientific investigation can make into gas before it is used, and which fur nishes such an intense heat that it would melt the boiler in a second if there were not a special pump by which the water is kept flowing rapidly through the boiler, the intense heat converting some of the water into steam as it flows. Every part of the machinery is of the most practical natural and it has been constructed at an enormous expense of patience and experiment. may be said that nearly every atom of the aerodrome as it is now put together is the result of experiment. The making of the boiler alone consumed months of work. Every bit of the machinery had to be con be tested again and again. The difficulty of getting the machine light enough was such that every part of it had to be remade many times. It would be in full working order when something would give way, and this part would have to be strengthened. tated the cutting of from some other part of the machinery. At times the difficulty seemed almost heart-breaking, but Mr. Langley went on piece by piece and atom by atom, until he at last succeeded in getting all the parts of the right strength and proportions. Even after he had completed his model and had it ready for flight, he was confronted with an unexpected difficulty, which was, it seemed at the time, almost impossible to surmount.

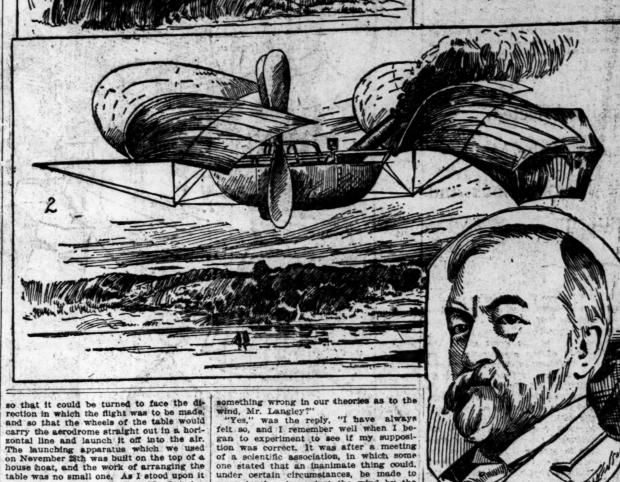
Launching the Air Runner. This was launching the machine into the air. One of the most difficult things that large, soaring birds have to contend with in flying is in getting a start. You know how difficult it is to launch a ship into the water. It is far more difficult to launch an air ship. Mr. Langley found that his machine had to be clamped down on the launching stage and to be arranged in such a way that the machinery could be started, so that it should receive a slight initial velocity and then be released with a spring. This looks easy. It was hard. But Mr. Langley at last succeeded in launching his machine by hanging it to a movable table.

Inventor Cangley Tells of His Flying Machine



The Principles of Flight and How He Discovered Them.

A Gen Years' Search for New Facts.



and examined its enstruction, Mr. Langley

"It doesn't seem to be much, but it is the result of five years' of experiments." Studies of Flying Birds.

There asked Mr. Langley what first attracted his attention to aerial navigation. in it," he replied. "I used to watch the birds flying when I was a boy and to won-der what kept them up. I afterwards heard the theory that they possessed great mus-cular power. You know some scientific men have stated their belief that the muscular strength of birds must be enormously great not believe what some French mathemati-cians calculated, namely, that an eagle must be nearly as strong as a man. It finally occurred to me that there must be some-thing in the condition of the air which the soaring birds instinctively understood, but which we do not. This idea I held for a long time, the flight of birds continuing to be a wonder to me. It is curious how an idea of that kind sticks to you. I seldom hours, trying to understand how they could ing, soaring up and sailing down without any motion of the wings. "But, Mr. Langley, I thought that birds used a great deal of strength to fly. They

Langley, and they do fly long distances with apparently very little exertion. Dar-win once watched the South American condors, which, you know, are immense birds, for hours. He says they ascended and descended, soared and circled about, with scarcely the movement of a feather He could not detect a single flap of their

can't fly without moving their wings, can

the aqueduct bridge that crosses the Po-tomac river above Georgetown and watched a turkey buzzard which was lazily soaring round and round watching something in the river below. The wind was blowing a gale. It was going at the rate of at least thirty-five miles an hour. Still the bird moved about with the greatest ease, ing a little as it went round and round. It was not more than sixty feet above me. I could see it perfectly and could not note the flapping of a wing, though I watched it I stayed, in fact, until I

Mr. Langley's First Experiment. "Then you early saw that there was

under certain circumstances, be made to move in the air against the wind by the power of the opposing wind itself. He claimed that he had made experiments proving this fact, and he stated as an evi-dence of the truth of his theory that he had seen birds not only come close to the earth and hang stationary in the air, but even advance against the wind and ascend in the air without flapping their wings. He was laughed at, but it is now conceded that what he claimed is not theoretically impos-sible. I, myself, did not believe he was right at the time, but it set me thinking. My old interest in the subject revived and I began at once to make experiments. I wanted to know the actual facts as to the power needed for flight, and how it was possible that bodies heavier than the air they displaced could keep themselves in the air without failing. I did discover that there was no doubt that a machine could be made which could support bodies in the air, and which would carry them forward. I have shown you here today a machine which will do this. I have pro

Making Brass Plates Fly.

Mr. Langley." said I. "My first experiments were made when servatory in Pitsburg. It is now more than fifteen years ago that I built my first laboratory for aerial investigation there. A friend of mine, Mr. William Thaw, a wealthy citizen of Pittsburg, supplied the of tests to ascertain the power used in agrial motion. One device which I had was a whirling table. This was an arm about It was moved by a ten-horse power steam engine, and it went flying around, moving at all speeds up to seventy miles an hour. Now, on the end of the arm I put instruments which would measure the lifting power of the wind upon any inclined surface hung to them. I had, for instance, spring scale hung there, and to this brass plates were attached. When the arm was put in motion I found that the faster it went the less weight the plates registered on the scales, until at great speed they almost floated in the air. I found, in fact, that the higher the speed the less was the force required to keep the plates from falling. This seems at first a contradiction of known principles, but I have no time now to explain it. I found that not onetwentieth of the force supposed to be re-quired to support bodies under such con-

ditions was needed, and what before had

"This means that I found," cor

This means that I round, continued Mr. Langley, "that an entirely wrong estimate had been made as to the force needed to sustain moving bodies in the air. Some mathematicians, reasoning from false data, had concluded that if it took a certain amount of power to keep a thing from fall-ing, it would take much additional power to make it advance. My experiments showed just the reverse, I found that it took much ess force to push a body rapidly through he air than was needed to simply sustain t there. I found, in short, that the co ditions of air travel with my planes and of land and sea, travel were in one important respect the opposites of one another. An as is required to run it at the rate of ten knots an hour. The limited express uses a great deal more coal than the slow freight for the same weight and distance. This is not so in aerial flight with planes. Actual experiment shows, I repeat, that the faster he speed the less the force required to suso transport such planes through the air at high rate of speed than at a low one. I cound, further, that one horse-power could carry brass plates weighing 200 pounds at in horizontal flight. Everything, however,

izontal. I found that if it were the least ir-

regular the power must me increased in proportion to the irregularity."
"It must have been interesting, Mr. Lang-"but so far it had been conducive to no practical results. I had been working now for years, seeking to learn the principles involved in flight. I thought I discovered some of them. The question was how to apply them. The field, you know, was en-tirely new. I had to make, and to a large extent invent, the machinery I used. My experiments showed me that I must have a very light engine, but they did not tell me how to get it. They did not show me how to keep the flight horizontal, nor did they give me any idea how such a machine as I might construct could be made to start and allegt in section. be made to start and alight in safety. There be made to start and alight in safety. There were a number of other things which I should have liked to know, and some of which I still hope to learn, which were entirely in the dark. As the result of my work I had some extremely important and

the future become a mechanical fact. I could see, at any rate, from what I had learned, that the subject was worth a new and scientific investigation."

His Experiment With Rubber Motors.

"How did you so about the work of applying your facts?" I asked.
"I next began a very different kind of experiments," replied Mr. Langley. "The average man might have looked upon my next work as somewhat childish. I spent many hours in experimenting upon little toys, which I tried to make actually fly. I had my facts, you know, and I wanted to had made a flying toy by twisting strand of rubber, which in untwisting turned a whine, and France ought to have the dit of it. I tried the same thing again d again on a larger scale, my object be-

'I did not find out a great deal. The rubber models flew so irregularly and for so short a time that I could not learn much them. I soon saw that I must have from them. I soon saw that I have some a better motive power. I must have something that would make a machine fly long that would make a machine fly long that would make a machine fly long to observe how it flew. In small the make the learn how to make er words, in order to learn how to make

How the Steam Engine Was Built. "I examined and experimented on every kind of a motor," Mr. Langley went on. "I tried compressed air, carbonic acid gas, the storage battery, the primary battery and many other things, including the gas engine. The last was the most promising, and it may some day prove to be the best; but, like everything else, I found it too heavy, for you see the engine had to be exceedingly light in proportion to the powheavy, for you see the engine had to be exceedingly light in proportion to the power. After much experiment of this kind I concluded that the only immediate hope was in the steam engine, and that it could only be used provided it could be built to a degree of lightness which had hitherto never been strained. I had to have nearly one-horse power to give me a good chance for any practical experiment. Now, it is only a few years since an engine developing this amount of power weighed as much as a horse himself. In other words, it weighed together would weigh less than ten pounds, or one one-hundredth the weight of a horse, and I at once went to work to make it. It

the best of mechanics to help me. I reed the weight atem by atom, building rebuilding, until now I have what believe to be the smallest one-horse power engine in the world. Its moving parts, as I told you, weigh just twenty-six ounces, or less than two pounds. As it was with the to be made over and over again, until, as the result of the greater part of my leisure for the past fifteen years, I have acplished what you have seen today.' The Flying Machine of the Future.

"Yes, Mr. Langley," said I, "that is true; "Yes," replied Mr. Langley, "I have succeeded. I have proved both theoretically and practically that machines can be made question of the development of the fact is one of the future. My motive and interest in the work up to this time have been purely scientific ones, but if I had the time and money to spend upon the construction of a large machine, I believe I could make ing flying machine can be a com well as a scientific success. There are many things yet to be learned concerning discovered in the future. The moment that men see that such machines are not only practicable, but that they may be made commercially profitable, there will be a thousand inventors working upon the probever, that the flying machine will first come war, by means by an aerial machine the armies of one nation will be able to know exactly what those of the enemy are doing, thus radically changing present military strategy and tactics, to say nothing of their power of dropping down bombs out of the sky. I believe, however, that such inventions will finally be of even greater advantage in the arts of peace. I have faith that the swiftest and perhaps the most luxurious, if not the safest, traveling in the future may be through the air." war, by means by an aerial mach the future may be through the air."
"But will it not be impossible to induce people to risk their lives in the first experi-

ments on such machines? "I think not," replied Mr. Langley. "If I had a large aerodrome constructed on the had a large aerodrome constructed on the principles of the one you have seen today, though the danger of the initial experiment would undoubtedly be great, I am sure I should have to turn away any number of men who would be anxious to risk a flight upon it." FRANK G. CARPENTER.

great Greenland ice cap, from which de-scend, northward and northeastward, gla-ciers of various degrees of magnitude. A portion of it is, at least during the summer portion of it is, at least during the summer months, entirely devoid of snow—despite its high latitude—and musk oxen find sufficient nourishment in the scattered vegetation which there still exists. North of the region lie the tracts of land which have already been named Hazen Land, Heilprin Land and Melville Land, the exact composition and extent of which have not yet been clearly defined and await further exploration.

The suggestion of the name Peary Land originated with the Geographical Club of Philadelphia, the youngest of the active geographical societies of the world, and its recommendation was almost immediately seconded and adopted by the presidents of the American Geological and National Societies of this country, the president of the Royal Geographical Society of London, and the editors of Petermann's Mittellungen of Gotha, Germany. Sir Clement R. Markham, president of the Royal Geographical Society, writing to the presidents of the Philadelphia Geographical Club, pays the following tribute to the work of the American explorer: "Peary's discoveries and his gallant march over the glaciers of Greenland which enabled him to discover its morthern termination, ought undoubtedly to be commemorated parmanently on the map of the world. I do not think that this could be more suitably done than by giving the name of Peary Land to the region you have indicated in your letter. The proposal has my hearty approval and support ever." It is generally understood, despite the statements that have been made to the contrary, that Mr. Peary has still in mind a further exploration of the great north, and with little doubt the land that bears his name will be the base of his future operations.

Frratic Geography and the Progress

Among the anomalous results that geo-graphical exploration is constantly calling to the front is the annihilation of land-marks," which have been considered to be firmly established. Less than three years ago it was discovered that Mount Iseran, a peak of the Gracian Alps, which figured on all detailed maps of the Alpine regions

Remarkable Exhibition Which is To Be Held in New York.

WILL ILLUSTRATE PROGRESS

Multi-Colored Tower Which WI Blaze Gloriously.

A remarkable exposition will be held Madison Square garden, in New Io opening on January 27th, an exposition een held on the other side of the otably in Berlin, for several years, the will be the first of its kind ever ns in New York city last spring did for

doing to extend its useful every branch of manufacture

engines and appliances for its use; in ing paper molds after type h work; drying and pressing felt hing leather in glove factories; beicycle factories; heating tar in h on locomotives and other wit

end of similar things. Considered merely as a New York, the creator of the cel Tiffany chapel, shown at the work when church art constituted the h may be more easily imagined scribed. To still farther acc

water prisms on their sides.

The cost of the tower will probably a ceed \$35,000, and it is designed not mentally for exhibition at this time, but as the cost ribution of the American gas interests the Paris world's fair of 1900. It will not be a contribution of the American gas interests the paris world's fair of 1900. the Paris world's fair of 1900. It will misself constitute a powerful attraction and coming as it does from almost the data artistic genius who, in the world of extemporary art, has made a distinct number of place for America, it will possess a unique and exceptional interest.

Aside from the tower it is expected that a number of individual displays will be dealingly artistic nature, so that the expection will be very far from a dryly misterial display of inventions and machiner.

a highly artistic nature, so that the sessition will be very far from a dryly siterial display of inventions and machiner, but a thing of light and color.

This, however, is the show side. Chart the exposition will tell the story of process in gas as it could not be told in a ures and type. A few years ago, whe electricity seemed likely to sweep every thing before it in its rapid and victors advance, there was many a prediction at at a not distant day gas would cease to made. It is a rather remarkable commentry that in just this period gas making at using has undergone almost as great a resolution as electricity itself.

At the present time something like 75 secent of all the gas made in the country water gas. In 1880 the new process had hardly made greater progress than accurline has now. Furthermore, the consumption of gas has steadily increased, and in his late address before the St. Louis convention President Humphreys of the Gill Light Association estimated this increase at something like 30 per cent in the last fire years.

But even now we are far behind, popular

years.
But even now we are far behind, point tion considered, the countries of Eur London alone, with a population of million, consumes more than half as a gas as the whole United States. Compared to the consumption in Britain is the everyon consumption in Britain is the everyone consumer than the e ference in price is not so great as count for the difference in consumption.

But it is in the use of gas for power But it is in the use of gas for poses that the most striking contratween Europe and America is seen, here the gas engine is almost a sit is looked upon with suspicion and times with contempt. There are mongines in London alone than in a country. The total number in use in Britain is above 55,000. In Germany, shows within recent years perass greatest mechanical and industrial and now ranks as probably the first trial nation in the world, there are gas engines in use.

and now raises in use.

It is difficult to understand just why the country should have been so indiffered to the new motive power since in German at least, the price of gas, varying from a cents to \$1.30 per thousand feet, is not make the country was not a success an inficant that the chief reason set down a America's extravagance. It is also to said that the first gas engine introducinto the country was not a success, as further that the Otto patents and other that the very largely expired, likewise his back the industry.

Now, however, there are something in baif a hundred gas engine makers in the United States, and their product is being rapidly introduced. The engines are maker all the way from one-third to shorter power, and special types are being the states of the special types are being the states of the states of the special types are being the states of the stat

# Latest Achievements in - EXPLORATION -Science and Industry.

# eient of the Earth's Inhabitants.

The universality of bacteria is at the present time so generally recognized, and the significant part which they play in the nomy of nature so well understood, that, spite their lowly organization and ex-edingly minute form, they are considered bers of the organic chain. Putrefaction and the destruction of tissues are mainly, if not almost entirely, dependent upon the presence and action of these micro-organisms, and to their life labor and development are now generally attributed many of those malaria of the human structure, such as the various tubercular diseases, whose germs lie in the progressive annihi-lation of tissue. Following the law of na-ture, that the simplest organisms are, as a rule, those which have had the longest existence in time, it is but natural to assume that the bacteria are among the most ancient of the earth's inhabitants; that such is the case has, however, only recently been demonstrated. Dr. Bernard Renault announces the very interesting discoveries: announces the very interesting discoveries:

1. That the bones, shells and teeth of animals in primary times—1. e., millions of years ago, even according to a most conservative estimate of time—were infested and destroyed by bacteria, analagous in their form and size to those which, at the present time, produce caries. 2. That formerly, as today, the remains of plants were invaded by hosts of bacteria, some

Bacteria, the Most An- of them attacking the membranous cellular tissues, and others the wood and generally thicker portions. & That unless arrested in their progress, the bacteria would successfully cause the disappearance of every part of every plant. 4. That coal contains considerable quantities of bacteria. In the course of his interesting re-searches Dr. Renault actually determined the presence of bacteria in French and Belgian coals, in the coal of Transylvania, and in various other carbon rocks. The determination in coal of organisms of so low a grade of organization was hardly to be expected, and is testimony to the highly advanced condition of microsc

A New Market for American Grain. In consequence of the failure of the Australian, Indian and Russian grain crops there is at present an unprecedented demand in south Africa for America cereals which is likely to result in a permanent increase of American trade of all kinds with the south African colonies. These colonies have heretofore depended upon the thre countries named for wheat and corn, which, with the native crops, have been sufficient for their needs, but they are now obliged to call upon the United States, and a fleet of ten steamships bearing large cargoes of grain is now on its way from New York to Cape Town, Port Natal and Dela-goa Bay. Besides cereals, these vessels.cargoa Bay. Besides cereals, these vessels.car-ry miscellaneous assortments of machinery and manufactured goods for the south African market. Other ships will follow, and the coming year promises to be notable for the development of American trade in that section of the globe. So active has this trade suddenly become that New York

shipping houses are unable to charter enough vessels to carry the cargoes con-signed to south African ports, and those that are sent are loaded to their fullest capacity. Among those now on their way to south Africa are several that have been regularly employed in the South American regionary employed in the South American trade. The only vessels that ply between New York and south Africa are English boats operated by American agents of English companies, and they do not run regularly. The few American firms doing business with south Africa have no vessels of their own, but charter them as they require them; but if the greater demand in south Africa for American goods continues and grows at the rate anticipated it may result in the establishing of one regular American steamship line between New York and

south African ports.

Whether America will ever seriously compete with England in the south African trade is an open question. The principal colonies there are British, and naturally British trade is in the lead, but if American business men are enterprising and take business men are enterprising and take advantage of the opportunities that arise they may very soon make a respectable market there for Uncle Sam.

The superiority of American machinery is recognized in south Africa, and several of the vessels now on their way there from New York are carrying machinery for the diamond mines, and locomotives for the new railroad between Port Natal and Johannesburg, They are also taking trolley cars for operation in Capetown, where that cars for operation in Capetown, where that system of street transportation has been introduced. In the farming regions American reapers and all kinds of agricultural implements manufactured in the United States find a ready sale, and as the farm lands are developed and settled, the demand for them will grow. A vast quantity of barb wire fencing has lately been sent from New York to south Artica Kanting and the state of the state o

New York to south Africa. Kaffirs share the dislike of more civilized marauders for barb wire, which recommends it to the Boers and English families.

As towns have sprung up in south Africa, there has been a demand for building materials. (South Africa is deficient in woods and the new settlers have to twoand the new settlers have to import most of their material for their homes. A great deal of wood has been sent from the United States and this branch of the trade is growing.

A Fine New Fabrie.

positive success of the new Gomess process for the extraction of a textile fiber from the celebrated rhea plant, which marks the commercial beginning of a valuable and commercial beginning of a valuable and likely to be very extensive industry. The rhea plant is a species of the nettle family, which grows with almost the same luxuriance in India as does the Canada, thistle in this country, and from its bark has come a fiber better known perhaps to the ancient than to the modern world. Its use in Exyrt India and China antedates him. in Egypt, India and China antedates his-tory. Rhea cloth has been unrolled from the mummies of the Nile and unearthed from the burial grounds of Assam. In some portions of the world where labor is exceedingly cheap it has been manufactured for nets and lines chiefly, and is probably for nets and lines chiefly, and is probably better known under the name of "China grass." It's peculiarity is its exceeding lightness and strength. But the difficulty heretofore has been to separate the strong sliky fibers of the bark from the outer cuticle and tenacious gums in which they lie imbedded. Nearly thirty years ago the India government offered a prize of \$25,000 for the invention of a machine or process which would do this work, hitherto done by hand. English, French and German experimenters have tried various processes. perimenters have tried various processes and produced a fiber which was worked up into a variety of forms, all the way from ropes and sail canvas to plushes and dress goods. They failed, however, to produce a clean, cheap fiber and this is just what the Englishman. Englishman, Gomess, has succeeded in doing. In the latter, zincate of soda is employed for the elimination of the resins, and it effects this without the slightest injury to the fiber. After the "ribbons," or jury to the fiber. After the "fibbons," or strips of bark, have been freed from dirt they are placed in weak acid baths over night. The next morning they are passed through a mild alkaline bath, and then boiled in a weak solution of caustic soda, to which zinc has been added. When washed and dried by the usual mechanical means, the fibers emerge as a long effic. washed and dried by the usual mechanical means, the fibers emerge as a long, silky flasse, entirely free from the cuticle and resinous gum, in which they are imbedded; clean, white and ready for the cone of the spinner. They take the most beautiful dyes and can be worked into every variety of fabric, from gorgeous velvets and delicate laces to cheap drills. The combined lightness and toughness of the fiber render it peculiarly suitable for tents and ship canvas. Ten yards of rhea canvas weight only as much as six of linen, while its durability and resisting power to strain is very much greater. In consequence of the

tion as to the best modes of stripping, dry-ing and baling the bark. The profit from the cultivation of rhea is very much greater than that from any other crop, and it is probable that in a very short time rhea cloth will come into widespread use. Its fiber are exceeded by none in fineness, excel all others in strength and has been compared to the trunk of an elephant which can pick up a needle or root up a tree. The final success of the Indian government in securing a commercially profitable process offers an instructive lesson. If that far-away country can find means to utilize the rhea plant, it would seem as if an equal degree of enterprise and persistence would find a way for the utilization of the Canada thistle in this country. The latter, which is now the arch enemy of the agriculturist, might, with a little careful study and investigation be converted into a valuable and remunerative staple. the cultivation of rhea is very m

success of the Gomess process, a large demand has sprung up for rhea bark and the Indian government is taking steps to assist the farmers in adding to their areas of rhea, and also in disseminating informa-

England Sanctions "Peary Cand." President Markham's Tribute to the American Explorer.

Under this name of Peary Land, the geographical societies of Europe and America have determined shall in future associated with the explorations of Civil

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ATE PROGRESS

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ecial types

# HERE IS AN ORIGINAL. **BRAND NEW**

# SENSATIONAL SCHEME FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF TRAVELERS.



# Passengers Transferred Over a Vestibuled Bridge on Trains Running a Mile a Minute--Suracuse Man Designs a Novel Time Saver

de of accomplishment, He has designed a wonderful travrailroad station in the form of a car with a vestibuled

Mr. Dosser's business takes him about the country at great al. In fact, he makes his home largely on railroad trains. me and long waits have often been his lot, and it was trying to endure these discomforts of the traveler's life that the remarkable plan he proposes to have executed arose his brain. If only some invention could be conceived by mich unfortunate passengers who long for an express train, but are fated to miss it because they were at way stations,

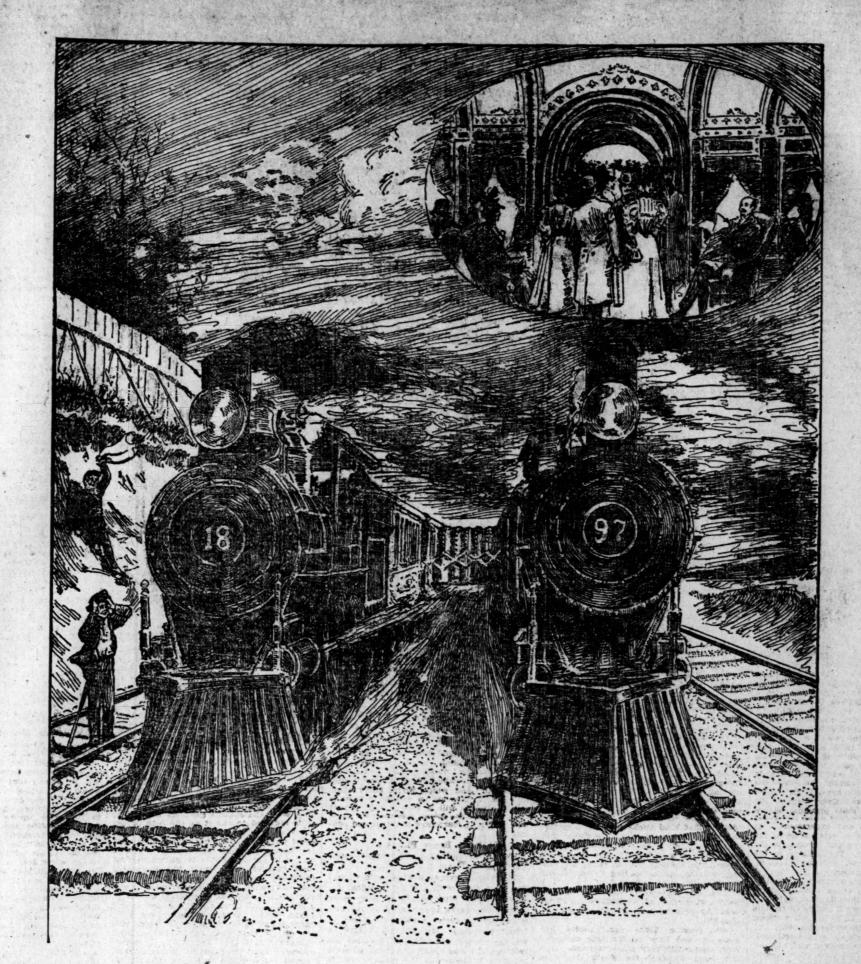
without delaying the express train; that is, a change from a local to the limited. After studying the subject for more than a year, Mr. Dosser has just evolved an inwhich he hopes to see tried. It provides for a limited train or an express that is unfimited, rithout making a single stop, traveling steadily at the rate of sixty miles an hour. To bring this about he would have suxiliary trains, each of which should pick up passengers one hundred miles of territory. Every train would be heduled to be at a certain station at the time the express was By an arrangement with the telegraph operator at the station beyond which the auxiliary train was waiting, the conauctor thereof would receive notice from the telegraph operator out five minutes before the express arrived.

Then the auxiliary would pull out on the track next to the me used by the express and proceed to make time. The time that it would try to make would be sixty miles an hour, which ould not be a difficult task, because the engine of each auxliary train would be of the very best class and capable of iliary train, the latter would be making close to the desired speed, and then both engineers would regulate the time they were making so as to run neck and neck, Now

The transfer car of the auxiliary has on its side a door which opend in ward. Folded close to the side of the car, just oupling of a vestibuled train. There is, however, this difference: It has no platform on which the passengers are to walk. The vestibule coupling is not directly on a line with the owerful arms of steel which move up and down,

The express train that stops for nothing but accidents, also has a transfer car in its make-up. There is a door in the dition, outside the vestibule and fastened to the side of the ear, the lower end resting upon a stout arrangment of steel, what resembles the gangway of a big passenger steamer, minus the railing.

Looking again at the transfer car of the auxiliary, it will two more sockets, and on the transfer car of the express is a similar arrangement. Presently, when the cars are runom apertures in the side of each of the transfer cars, steel hers appear: that is, a steel bar emerges from the right socket of the express car, and from the left socket of the auxiliary, These bars are pushed at an angle, flatwise, so that when fitted in the sockets on the two cars, they are in the form of a letter X, and form a most substantial basis for a bridge. This til its outer edge fits firmly into the socket just below the threshold of the door of the auxiliary car. Then the vestibule



This is done in far less time than it takes to relate the thod of the invention, and now the transfer of passengers from the auxiliary to the express occurs. Both trains are gers walk across from the auxiliary to the express just as easi-

buled train. pparatus as it was before the transfer took place. Of course it goes without saying that persons desirous of stopping at the stations along the line which the through train traverses would transfer from the express to the auxiliary just as the engers go from the auxiliary to the express

ly as if they were passing from one car to another in a vesti-

other necessary proceeding which Mr. Dosser's invention provides for is the transfer of baggage, and this takes place in a manner similar to the transfer of passengers. The vestibule is not quite so elegant, but it is constructed from the standpoint of strength rather than appearance. The baggage is wheeled from one train to another in the same manner in which it is hustled about a railroad station, and as the time for the transfer of passengers and baggage is limited in each case to

The equipment of the trains under these circum be the very best, and it will be an absolute necessity that the roadbed be almost faultless, for any unusual variation in motion an ugly jump would be apt to have a bad effect on the

The feat of running a train 960 miles without a change ( angine has rarely ever been accomplished. Add to this the fact that no stoppage is to be made for either coal or water, and it can readily be seen that Mr. Dosser's invention verges on the marvalous. He proposes to have an engine built with a tender that is like nothing ever constructed of its sort in the matter of size. Of course the fact that there will be no stop, and hardly any slackening of speed, would in a measure reduce the usual quired to pull a train the distance mentioned. It is proposed, however, that this new tender shall be of sufficient size and caeacity to contain all the coal necessary for the mammoth run. Water will be taken from tanks beside the track, stretching along some distance, after the fashion of the Pennsylvania fast

anced by will of necessity have improvements that genius has still to conceive. For instance, the engine must have espe constructed journals, on which provision is made to avoid heating. Mr. Dosser proposes that they shall be heavier and prosupply of oil. By a system of pipes, it is proposed to have these oil cups constantly replenished from the cab of the engine, an ordinary stop cock regulating the flow.

Mr. Dosser is very enthusiastic over his invention, and be-He was asked by the writer: "Do you really believe that your invention is practical, and do you not realize that railroad men will say it is chimerical? Do you believe that what you propose can be carried out and developed into facts?"

'Why," said Mr. Dosser, "I don't see any reason why one should doubt the practicability of my invention. There's nothing impossible about it at all. All great improvements were scoffed at when first suggested, and I suppose mine will meet

"How will you manage about running through cities where there is a speed limit, getting over switches, and all that sort of thing at sixty miles an hour?" he was asked.

I mean just the two tracks over which the auxiliary and the express trains would run. Then it wouldn't be necessary to pay and attention to speed limits or switches. Of course, I don't

Mr. Dosser's plan certainly possesses the merit of ingenuity and novelty. Railroad men will undoubtedly consider his idea

# AN INTERESTING OBJECT LESSON IN THE EVOLUTION

# Reminiscences of Railroading in the Days Long Gone the wood passers to throw some up on the tender and to hurry up about it. The furnace was not and she was making steam very fast. I was on the ground steeling very fast. I was on the ground steeling very fast. I was on the the cell I saw tho

on a side track at Vinings on the Western and Atlantic under the shadow of Kenne-86W mountain, furnish a strinking object esson in the wonderful evolution that has been taking place in this generation in stesm transportation. Men talk of electricity succeeding steam as something vague and remote, but when we look upon these old relics and then behold the modern locomotive with its ten wheels and great power and speed, the thought comes that even it may soon be superceded by

Five years ago, when the state leased the Western and Atlantic to the Tennessee ompany for thirty years at a rental of \$35,000 a month, the old rolling stock, a survival of the war period, was discarded and modern equipment was substituted. A score of almost worn out engines were sent up to Vinings, like so many old horses turned off to die. They were not wholly nglorious, however. Some of them live in history. A number of them played important roles in the war, carrying troops and provisions to and fro, hurrying reinforceents forward to some defense, transferring commands from one part of the field to another, bringing up delayed stores to a hungry army, moving the wounded from the field of battle to distant hospitals, transporting ammunition as the armies

to the modern engines. The General was a type of the locomotive of that day. Referring to his records, Mr. Collier found that the General was built by Rogers, at Paterson, N. J., in January, 1856, nearly forty-one years ago. It was a 15x24 engine and cost originally about \$10,000. Others of this class were the Nickerjack, L. J. Gartrell, Senator, Chieftain, Enterprise, Commerce, Chickasaw, Stonewall and Ajax, though some of these came in after the war. Eight loaded freight cars made a good train for those engines. Ten loaded cars caused them to slip and strain going up grades. Freight

Three diminutive locomotives standing the elements will be objects of increasing freight and a locomotive will haul twenty a can of tallow to lubricate the outside of them as easily as the General or the Gartrell used to pull eight cars forty years ago. All the older engines were robuilt after ten or fifteen years' service and the boilers, wheels, tenders and cabs were replaced by new material. But the frames and many of the original parts remain.

The Gartrell, which was originally called the Governor, was built by Powers in 185. Interest to generations yet unborn.

These two historic engines were not relegated to the cemetery, but were kept about ago. All the older engines were robuilt the shops and the General stands today in the Western and Atlantic roundhouse here. after ten or fifteen years' service and the boilers, wheels, tenders and cabs were re-placed by new material. But the frames Every year or so it is fired up and sent off to some Grand Army reunion or to a off to some Grand Army reunion or to a world's fair, where it remains on dress parade for a brief time and then steams back to its stall to rest until the next the Governor, was built by Rogers in 1855, and was not rebuilt until 1874. It was a exposition or assemblage of veterans. freight engine at first, but later was put

One by one, the other engines have been sold to lumber roads or mines to end their days in pack-horse traffic, and now only Not only are the modern locomotives much larger than the old type, but they three remain in the cemetery. A few days ago I was talking to Master Mechanic Lahave appliances which were not known forty years ago. The steam gauge, in-jector, sand box, metallic packing, mar Collier, of the state road, about railjector, sand box, metallic packing, automatic lubricator, electric headlight and air brakes are some of the new things. In the old days the freight engines had a roading in the old days. He has been with the road for forty years as boy and man. He entered the shops when he was in his teens before the war. In those days the locomotives were but mere toys compared small platform in front on which a few lightwood knots were thrown. These served as a sort of headlight, not to enable the engineer to see ahead on the track, but to enable other people to see the train approaching. Passenger locomotives carried oil lanterns, small affairs at best, with very little illuminating power. Those old engines had a rude contrivance for a foot-rail, which extended along the side of the locomotive outside the wheels. The engineer or woodpasser went out on that rail with his life and a can of hot tallow in his hands. His life was in the hand with which he clung to a rail above. In winter, when the footrail became covered with ice, cars in those days only carried from ten it was perilous business to attempt to oil

ler added regretfully.

"There was one part which could not be reached except by letting the body drop down and kicking a tap off with the foot. This required great care as the machinery was playing all about. Frank Dornan, now a stationery engineer in Atlanta, was trying to do that once and his foot was badly crushed. He is lame to this day from it. "There were no steam gauges in the fif-ties and early sixties. It was all guess work. The working pressure was proba-bly 185 pounds, but whether it was 110 or 160, there was no way to tell, except by guessing. There was a contrivance known as the sceles which were supposed to vin as the scales which were supposed to run up with the pressure of steam and blow off at a certain point. But often these scales would get stuck, and just when they ought to work they would not budge.

"One day Mr. Collier was pulling a passenger train with the general up to Chattanooga. On the Tunnel Hill grade the ladies coach left the track.

"I did not have much trouble, and got it on the rails again at the third pull. Tunnel

on the rails again at the third pull. Tunnel Hill was our eating house. The road fur-nished the men with meal tickets at that time. We had been delayed a little, and were in a hurry to get to the station, for we did not want to miss our dinner. We were standing by a wood rack and I told

the men. Glancing up in the cab I saw tho needle jumping forwad. We worked at about 135 pounds, and the needle was then 185, and I could see it moving right up. My

first impulse was to run, for the boiler was old and hardly calculated to stand what we had to give it. I knew though, that if I ran the bolier would blow up sure and maybe kill a number. I had just seen But-ler, one of our officers, go under a car to fix something. If the train moved while he was under there he was a dead man. But It was a queston between one man and sev-It was a queston between one man and several. I sprang up in the cab, pulled the throttle open, jerked the lever, shouted to the boys to jump on and with the needle pointing to 187 pounds pressure, the engine leaped forward with a bound. I kept the throttle open wide, the pressure went down and we were safe, but I could not help thinking of poor Butler. As soon as we stopped at the station I jumped off to run back and see if there was any sign of him. back and see if there was any sign of him. I had barely touched the ground when he came out of one of the coaches. I was so glad that I could hardly stand up. He said that he had been under the coach for only a moment, and that he had started out as I jumped up on the engine. He had aped by a hair's breadth. I was as

"Some years ago we rent the General up to Columbus, O., to a reunion of veterans. When the engine came back, it cost us \$250 to replace what had been carried off as souvenirs. At another reunion at 'Chattanooga, the old soldiers stripped it. When we sent it to Chicago, we roped it off and

happy as he was.

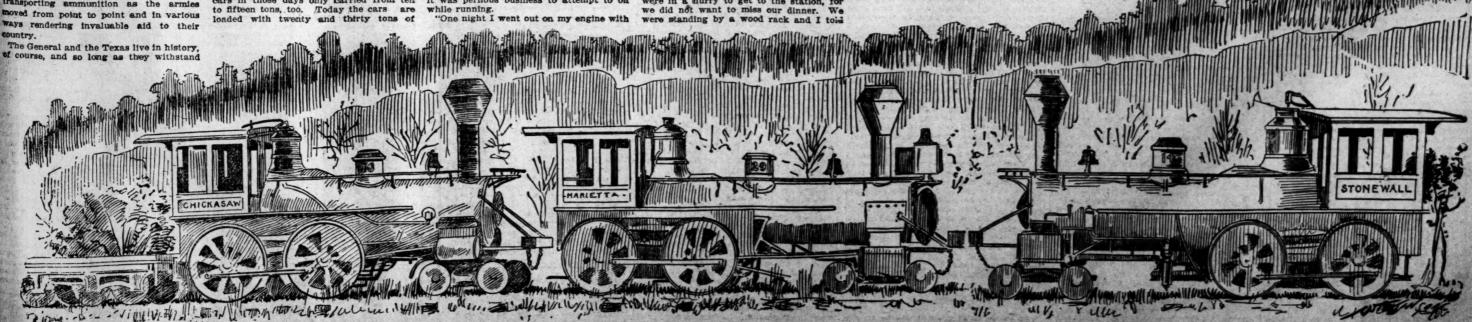
notives are known now by numbers,

kept a guard there all the time. I was standing beside the engine one day up there at Chicago. A party of people came along, and when they began to read some of the storick which had been published about its capture, they took out their books and proceeded to write down notes. The women wore eye glasses, and I think they were all from Boston, or thereabouts. They asked many questions, and one fellow who was standing there told them that he was with Andrews, and pointed out a hole in the tender which he said has the builtst wint by his head. I had knocked that hole in the tender myself with a punch to get out a bolt. That fellow's description of what he had done, heard and seen, wearied me, and I didn't have the heart to tell the group the truth about the hole."

Every season tourists who are passing through Atlanta go down to the shops to get a look at the General, pay the expense of having it fired up and run out on a side of track in the yard. Then they get around and have a picture taken.

The Chickasaw and Stonewall shown in the government. The others were the Schuyler Colfax, Kingston, Atlanta, U. S. Grant, Cartersville, Dalton and Resaca, These were rebuilt, and some were used in passenger business and others were put at hauling freight.

Locomotives are known now by numbers, the names having been done away with.



On a Side Track at Vining's Station, the Western and Atlantic's Cemetery for Rolling Stock, Are Three Old Engines, Survivals of the War Times, Which Are Now Unique

# SARGE PLUNKETT.

The Old Man Receives Some Harsh Letters.

WOMEN OF THE WAR PERIOD

They Should Live in the Hearts of the Young and Pensioned Generously.

I had written another letter, but unkind tters received provoke me to again

I was particular to state that Brown perded me into writing our letter of last week. I felt certain that I would be harshcriticised for my position in that letter and I was thoughtful enough to be in the position to state that whatever was in that letter that the girls did not like would be put to his credit. We have received some scorchers from some of the "strong-minded" and they do give it to us for whining against the competition of women. Brown says he willingly bears all the blame and wants me to give them some more, but I refuse and shall dismiss their unpleasant epistles when I have stated that nothing said in that letter was meant to apply to those women who of necessity must go out and work. I know there are good widows and orphan girls who must do whatsoever their hands findeth to do. God ess these! I would never throw a block in their way, but the trend of the times carries us far beyond these emergencies Rich girls and girls who could find splendid places as housekeepers in good families are work that their brothers should perform. I have in mind a family of three girls and one boy. For a long time this young man had received \$15 per week for his services. The firm now employs all his services. The firm now employs an three of the girls for this sum and the young man is loafing. Not a cent more money goes into the family on pay day, but three girls are exposed to the contact of a public business and the brother is turned into a dependent and a loafer. These girls are unfitted to ever make wives and the prother is cut. and housekeepers and the brother is cut out of all his opportunities, and not one cent more goes to the household than if that brother had been left in his place and the girls stayed at home to make pickles, raise chickens, tend the garden and learn to be fit in the future for mothers and

he does at others. In talking over this mat-ter he swears that the girls are fools for wanting to be boys, for more than apt (he says) there will be a war about Cuba pretty soon and that then their gender could be traded at a great premium, especially if

congress was to get up a conscript law.
This brings to mind a story in Brown's
own experience. Our readers are already
familiar with the fact that Brown's offspring consisted of twelve girls and one boy. The boy was the youngest and the spoilt pet of the family. For a long time there was a great desire to have a boy in the family and when at last they did have you may imagine how they all re-joiced. The old lady was plum carried away over her boy and Brown stepped high 'set 'em up' at the crossroads to the

But the war came, and the conscript law passed in the confederate congress. At first this caused no consternation among nly the conscript act jumped up to take every one from sixteen to sixty. This slipped up on the Browns, and they had no knowledge of it till a conscript officer sud-denly paid the family a visit. When the gathered the old man and the boy was a general walling and weeping e Brown household. The old lady sted till all the fields resounded, and one of the girls could be comforted.
"I wish he had been a girl, too," wailed

wailed each of the girls.
"Yes, and I wish I had been a girl my-

self," wailed Brown as the officer led him

away to join the army.

But, in justice, I would say that the state of things among the Browns was not a fair sample of the south during those derate women meet all the trials with a fortitude beyond example. With a heroism which almost pales the Spartan women of old, they met the sacrifices of the war. With hearts almost bursting, they gave up their sons, their husbands, their brothers and their sweethearts.

Excuse me for dwelling upon the women of this war period, for they were old-time women, and just now is a time when they should be remembered by our legislators in the coming pension roll. God bless them; they deserve all the pension they can get, and they deserve more praise than they can ever receive in the short time they have stay among us. It is strange to me that they have not received more attention than they have. I know many of them, and I knew their sufferings and their devotion during the war.

When a great battle was raging, these women not only gave their sympathy to soothe, but they gave substantial aid in soothe, but they gave substantial aid in every way that they could. They were at the stations along every railroad, and when the trains of box cars rolled in loaded with the wounded and dying, these women were there watching anxiously for their own loved ones, but lending aid to all they could. Anxious over the fatte of their own, and in these women passed water own such such ears, these women passed water and such food as they had from box to box, never tiring, never stingy, and all the time watching for those nearest their hearts.

watching for those hearest their hearts.

There were many scenes in those days, and the most pathetic were those when some poor mother would come upon a dying some, or some poor wife a husband bathed to hard our some sweet states a helpless. od, or some sweet sister a helples brother lying in these cheerless and bloody old box cars Not a day passed during that long struggle but what the old-time woman luster to the southern cause, and when the truth shall prevail, and the young generation awakes to her true worth, there will start an acclaim down through the corridors of time that will roll on and on till nations yet unborn will sing her praise and bless the memory of the old-time south-

Brown persuades me to state, and I am not hard to persuade under the fire of the "strong-minded," that through these letters was the first agitation in point of the penning of the women of the confederacy I stand on this as a fact, and now it would be my greatest pleasure to extend and in-crease that pension, and to at last rear the ory. Legislators may have no fear about the popularity of helping these women. I know cases in my own county where the old soldier and his old wife have nothing to keep them from the poorhouse save the pension received by the husband. In cases where both are so feeble, both should be pensioned. Not a word of complaint will be heard, no natter how generous a pension law should be made, and all hearts will go out to the young legislators. but to the young legislators who thus re-member the women of the confederacy and put them upon the same plane with man in such a matter. SARGE PLUNKETT.

plantation are terror stricken over plantation are terror stricken over cearance of some strange animal in icinity. As a result many additions church have been made, while the



### GAS EXPOSITION NEXT.

Continued from Twenty-Eighth Page.

as high as six hundred horse power. They have been so rapidly perfected that where an average of twenty-three cubic feet per horse power per hour was required in 1882, this has now fallen to an average of thirteen and a half feet. Meanwhile gas has generally fallen in price; in some of the smaller cities, at least, from 25 to 35 per

Compared with steam engines it is estimated than not more than 30 per cent of the heat energy put into a steam engine can be converted into work where the gas type of steam engine in practice converts about 10 per cent of its theoretical effi-ciency into work, while many of the best types of gas engines attain nearly 30 per cent efficiency. An elaborate series of ta-bles recently published in Germany show

The points of advantage claimed for the gas engine as compared with steam are:
1. No fire, no smoke, no ashes, no engineer. 2. A gas engine can be installed in a dwelling, in a barn, in a store, in a base-ment or on a topmost floor. 3. Boilers and their endless repairs, annoying cleanings and high insurance, are unknown. But beyond all this—no danger from explosions. The record of steam boiler explosions is a long one, and the killed and injured from a long one, and the killed and injured from this source are said to outnumber those killed and injured on our railroads each year. 4. No waiting to get up steam, no waste of coal when noon hour arrives or no power is needed, no fires to bank at night, no insurance, no water tax. 5. Econ-omy of operation. Roughly stated, a gas engine will cost to run on the average 1 to engine will cost to run on the average 1 to 1½ cents per horse payer per hour, at which price gas is generally supplied to large consumers in this country.

No doubt to most engineers this is a rosy picture, but it seems justified by the experience of England and Germany.

Within ten years practically all of the date.

Within ten years practically all of the diffi-culties which seemed insurmountable then have been met. The consumption of heat have been met. The consumption of heat from the water jacket is now about 35 per cent as against 50 or 60 per cent then. Some small engines even dispense with it altogether. "Missed ignitions," too, are now practically a thing of the past, and the old slide valve has entirely disappeared. Finally, the problem of starting has been disposed of with admirable inventive skill. Almost all engines of over twenty-five horse power are now equipped with self-starters, and many of these are simple

With this advance special types have begun to appear-those adapted for electric lighting, the portable and the marine. The gas traction engine and gas street car are already here. In Germany there are several surface roads propelled by inde-pendent compressed gas motors, exactly like the compressed air cars now being introduced into this country. Just lately a successful gas traction line has been open-ed in the suburbs of London. They are economical and efficient.

Hardly second to its possibilities as a power producer is the future of gas power fransmission. Everyone acquainted with pransmission. Everyone acquainted with machinery understands that belting and shafts and pulleys use up an immense amount of power in transmitting it. Latterly compressed air, as well as electricity, has come rapidly into use in large manufactories, to supplant these. But it seems probable that gas will be cheaper and more facile than either of the new agents. facile than either of the new agents. Our western natural gas systems are admirable illustrations of long-distance transmissions distances such as electricity has not yet been able to compass. There seems little doubt that this use of gas will have a

large extension in the future. Yet another remarkable modification in gas usage, which has had but little de-velopment in this country as yet, is the penny-in-the-slot system. This has had a larger vogue in London, perhaps, than in any other point, where it is estimated that one company has as many as 50,000 of these meters in use. Various attempts have been made to introduce them into this country, but the companies here found that the meters were systematically smashed and robbed, and the plan has been partially given up. The curious in-ference to be drawn seems to be that the poorer classes of London, who mainly use these machines, slipping a penny into the slot and receiving enough gas to cook a meal, are more honest than the poorer classes of this country. At any event the system has been an unqualified success on the other side of the market and her next he other side of the water, and has not

Gas driven barges are no novelties in France, nor gas cranes, and a gas engine yacht has been built in this country. Many lesser appliances, many of them of exceeding ingenuity, will be seen at the exposition, and will fill in the details of the very interesting chapter of mechanical progress which the latter will tell. The exceptions are conceived and it will be directed by E. C. Brown, editor of The Progressive Age, the chief journal of American gas interests. Professor Charles F. Chandler, the well-known chemist, of Columbia college, is president of the undertaking, and associated with him are some thirty of the leading gas makers of the country.



SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

fact, and the assumed mountain has since been consigned to oblivion. A somewhat less complete effacement was announced in the early part of the past year in the removal of 7,000 feet from the height of Mount Brown, in British America, generally credited with an altitude of 16,000 feet in place of the 9,000 feet which is now given to it by Professor Coleman, a condition somewhat similar to the experience of Mount Hood in Organ which of Mount Hood, in Oregon, which, being gradually reduced from its ass being gradually reduced from its assumed height of 16,000 feet to 11,000 feet, brought out the facetious remark that with a few years more of grace the mountain would be a hole in the ground. It is not alone the a hole in the ground. It is not alone the minor explorer, however, who is responsible for the perpetutation of great exrors of observation. Sir. Samual Baker, the discoverer of the Albert Nyanza, the second great basin of the Nile, stated that from his position on the lake no soundaries to it could be traced southward to the limits of vision; whereas Stanley and others have since shown that not only did the lake terminate within a few miles of where Baker stood, but that its southern shore was actually

shown that not only did the lake terminate within a few miles of where Baker stood, but that its southern shore was actually bounded by high mountains.

Mr. G. Scott Elliot, in his recently published work, "A Naturalist in Mid-Africa," in turn corrects Stanley's errors with the no insignificant statement that "Mount Gordon Bennett, Mackinnow peak, and Mount Lamson are not mountains, but quite insignificant hills, if they had any existence at all." He also adds: "I spent much time and trouble in trying to discover where on earth the enormous fresh water sea, discovered and christened the Alexandra Nyanza by Mr. Stanley, could possibly be. This, of course, it is now clear, has no existence whatever." And finally, as the latest negative contribution to geographical knowledge, we have in the Jackson-Harmsworth reports from Francis-Joseph Land—recently brought to London by the vessel of the expedition, the Windward—the assurance that not a trace of the so-called Petermann Land of Lieutenant Bayer could be discovered, and that even Lichy Land was merely a disjointed archipelagic mass of entirely inconsiderable extent.

Drawing an Electric Current from

A. Eddy, the kite-flying expert, to prove that an electric current can be trawn from the atmosphere at any time and under any conditions whatever. Mr. Eddy has succeeded in converting this electric energy into mechanical motion and he has also been able to measure the relation between humidity and electricity, in the atmosphere.

energy into mechanical motion and he has also been able to measure the relation between humidity and electricity, in the atmosphere.

Mr. Eddy attracts the electricity, which is, of gourse, greatly diffused in the air, by means of what he calls an electric collector. This is simply a piece of mosquito netting, some three feet by five, mounted on a light wooden frame, and covered with tinfoil. The pollector is attached to a kite string and by means of the kites is suspended at any desired height. From it a very light copper wire is looped along the kite string to the ground, where it terminates in an electric box. Mr. Eddy uses the principle of attraction and repulsion in taking off the electric spark. The box contains a magnet and a pair of rubber balls covered with tinfoil and pivoted so that they can move backward and forward. The electric current, collected in midair travels down the copper wire to the electric box, where the magnet draws it off in the form of a spark, and another wire, running into the earth, grounds it.

It did not take Mr. Eddy long after beginning his experiments to find that he could obtain an electric spark in this manner in clear weather as well as when clouds charged with electricity were hovering about. The only difference was that in a dry atmosphere the collector had to be sent to a greater height before the first spark was obtained. In cloudy weather and when there was considerable humidity the spark flashed off the wire when the collector was only 155 to 150 feet in the air, while in clear, dry air it was sometimes necessary to go to a height of 700 or 800 feet to obtain a similar manipulation. This satisfied Mr. Eddy of two things; first, that electricity is present at all times, in considerable quantities, though in a cliffused form, in the upper air; second, that humidity acts as an absorbent or holder of this particular line of experiments have been embodied in a report prepared by Mr. Eddy for the weather bureau.

Mr. Eddy has discovered many interesting facts and some that

DAWN OF NEW YEAR

Fleeting Time Causes Philosopher Arp To Grow Reminiscent.

REVIEWS BELIEF OF ANCIENTS

Himself Up to Date.

Now that the nation and the state have been saved, and the year is drawing to a close, it becomes us all to present to a

close, it becomes us all to prepare for the dawn of a new year. January was very fitly named for the first month, for it seems that away back in the centuries before Christ, Numa named it in honor of Jana, the double-faced janitor who kept the put of heaven and delivered the crailes of the of heaven and delivered the oracles of the gods to men. With one face Janus looked back at the year that had passed and enjoined all people to be grateful for the good of it, and to lament the bad of it and he looked forward to the coming year with hope and expectation, and encouraged to people with promises of prosperity, that they believed did really come from the gods. Priests and preachers give us the same oracles today, and it is to be lamental same oracles today, and it is to be lamental that our people do not observe them with as much faith as did the ancient Romans. What a wonderful hold did the religious superstition of prehistorio nations have upon their subjects; how it inspired them in war and subdued them in peaca. This superstition, that for centuries absorbed to faith and preserved the patriotism of the Greeks and Romans and the Scandinavians of Iceland, Norway and Sweden, has long since passed away. It could not last, for it was false, and was founded on a mythology that had nothing real to support it. It was all fancy—the work of cultured, poets minds—dreamy, visionery minds like those of Coleredge and Edgar Poe and the author of "The Arabian Nights." It is wonderful, indeed, that much of its nomenciature has come down to us, and is still in use by the Christian and civilized nations. Mythology gave us the names of the months and the days of the week. The farcy of the ancient Egyptians divided the starry heavens into constellations, and the zollas into signs that still remain—modern astronomy has not sought to change of improve them. It is curious that the Northmen gave us Wednesday and Thursday and Friday from Woden, their grastest god, and Thor, the next in power, and Friga, his wife, and gave us the word "hell" from Hela, their godless of the infernal regions. What a shame that they put a woman there. The ancient Romans 2,600 years ago gave us the names of the planets, and yet they had no conception of their size or their orbits, or their distance from the earth or the sun. They believed that the sun, moon and stars revolved around it every day. But I reckon my young readers have found all this in their school books, and will smile at my presumption; but I know that such historical facts were hard to find when I was young. They were a grand people in the olden time, and we have not improved much upon their philosophy, their mathematics, mechanics, architecture, sculpture or painting; but they knew nothing hardly of the solar system. The that our people do not observe them with as much faith as did the ancient Romans.

"Twinkle twinkle, little star,
How I wonder what you are."
They believed them to be the lamps of the
gods, and were not so yery far away. Ive
the Roman Catholic presthood as late at
the fifteenth century would not permit be
Christians to believe in a plurality of Christians to believe in a plurality worlds. It was the most atrodous here for they said it was a reflection upon it Creator that He would make worlds large than ours and not people them, and if H peopled them, why should He give His on begotten Son to die for the people on the little world of ours.

minds that this little world was chosen to the wonderful display of the Alujahy power and goodness and mercy. This little world that, as science progresses, is on the unity shrinking in comparative con-quence, and is now but a tiny speck in the boundless universe. Sir Robert Ball, while is one of the greatest living astronomer says that the electric current goes over the telegraphic wires at the rate of 180,000 mile in a second—seven times around the world in a second, or to the moon and back is three seconds, or to the sun and back is sixteen minutes; but if there was a wire the nearest star, it would take four days treach it, and if a wire to the remotest star reach it, and if a wire to the re the naked eye can see, it would the naked eye can see, it would take eld four years to send a message there; as when Columbus discovered America he sent the news by wire to one of the sthat the largest telescope brings to it the news would yet be on the way; now, since the photographic plates he recently come to the aid of the telescope stars are discovered so infinitely remains that, if the glad tidings of the Savie birth at Bethlehem had been transmit to one of these stars, the message would be the stars and the stars, the message would be the stars and the stars, the message would be the stars and the stars are the stars, the message would be the stars and the stars are the stars, the message would be the stars and the stars are the st birth at Bethlehem had been transmitted to one of these stars, the message word not yet have reached there. Think of is for a moment—or try to think of it—independent of the state of the

but here are stars and suns and continumerable that man has never seen never will see until he shuffles off importal coil and his unfettered spirit to at will in these celestral regions.

And now that Christmes is near at had,

of the approach of a local cloud, aith he could not see it. Another fact that make the electric collector an importasistant in the work of the weather is that the gathering of a storm, especies of course, an electrical storm, can be known to an observer by the increased trical disturbances of the upper appears to the fact that the roofs of our very high buildings act at tric collectors. This electricity is abid by the bricks or carried off by the work beneath the roof so that it manifests itself. Given a wooden of sufficient height, however, with or metal roof, and no gatter pipes conductors except a copper wire in the ground, and Mr. Eddy is perfect than that he can draw off electricity of the production of the can draw off electricity and that wire at the earth's

Story fie

House

VICIO

for twenty year each faction us lies were power ings, the McCop the Hatfields it gan county. Whatfield soon it the loss of the sought to obta Staten, who wa perjurer. Staten, who was perjurer.
Some time at Farmer McCoy fishing in Tug rithem and severe McCoy attempts Ellison Hatfield caused both him he and Staten This, of course, the hard feeling growing more by A day or two passing Staten ran out him from his him.

him.

A few weeks his brother, (a river in a flatto John Staten, wh back. A shoot! Simultaneously began firing at landed their bo nists sought or McCoy received shoulder. The the McCoys exithen ceased, that their fire we surmise the reas charge. After a ently satisfied Thus a series were continued

In May, 1880. Sam and Parris West Virginia. Firing began at broke out the tresting his pistol firing as the Mc Parris McCoy win return shot S tan and Parris Parris on the ch boy Sam McCoy brains out with pistol. While the going on for seven was the first Parris McCoy quitted in his enguires Valentine Sam fled to old I county, but was the West Virgin the killing, whice of the tragedy arrest was made or of "Devil Ansom McCoy was tried at Logan court countied. In August, 1832, were extending the string the string of the tragedy arrest was made or of "Devil Ansom McCoy was tried at Logan court countied. In August, 1832, were extending the string of the tragedy arrest was made or of "Devil Ansom McCoy was tried at Logan court acquitted.

and mercy. This little ce progresses, is con-a comparative conse-ut a tiny speck in the Sir Robert Ball, who ould take four days to
to the remotest star
it would take eightymessege there; and it
vered America he had
re to one of the stars
scope brings to view,
be on the way; and
orgraphic plates have
aid of the telescope,
I so infinitely remote
dings of the Savior
had been transmitted

a local cloud, although Another fact that may liector an important asof the weather bureau of a storm, especially, cal storm, can be made of the upper atmosfeats itself in any other rious rather than prace fact that the metal sh buildings act as electricity is absorbed arried off by the iron roof so that it seldom iven a wooden building, however, with a tin on gutter pipes or other copper wire leading to Eddy is perfectly care.

# SCORES OF MENSLAIN

Story of the Merciless Feud That the Hat- B. W. HATFIELD. "CAP" HATFIELD. J. E. G. HATFIELD. fields and McCoys Waged for Years in West Virginia and Kentucky.

House Burned at Night and an Innocent Woman Shot Down as She Ran from Flames in Vain Attempt To Escape.

### VICIOUS VENDETTA IS WITHOUT PARALLEL

The killing of Hense Chambers, John and Elliot Rutherford at Matewan by "Cap" Hatfield and his fourteen-year-old stepson Joe Glenn, on last election day, brings vividly to mind the thrilling story of the Hatthe border counties of western West Virginia and eastern Kentucky in a state of fully twenty people lost their lives. Though near a decade has elapsed since the reign terrible scenes and fearful crimes dwell as freshly in the memory of the people of this section as though they happened but yes-

called histories of the feud which have would-be historians has made it a story edy. The utter disregard for the truth members of either faction are enough to

of the whole feud from first to last, given

small matter, and the very pettiness of the cause of so much trouble only proves how

In the early seventies Floyd Hatfield, afterwards known as "Hog" Floyd, penned which he claimed as his own. Randolph McCoy, a neighbor, passed Hatfield's house and seeing the hogs in the pen, claimed them and demanded that they be turned

row in which two mountain rifles played a very prominent part. Friends interposed and separated the now enraged men before any injury was done. McCoy sued Hatfield for the possession of the hogs, but owing to the testimony of William Staten, Hatfield beat him and retained possession of the hogs. From this the trouble began, and for twenty years a bitter war was waged by each faction upon the other. Both families were powerful and had strong followings, the McCoys living in Pike county, and the Hatfields just across Tug river in Logan county, West Virginia, where Floyd Hatfield soon moved. McCoy, angered at the loss of the hogs, wanted revenge and sought to obtain it by publicly branding Staten, who was Hatfield's chief witness, a perfurer.

perjurer.
Some time after this, Randolph McCoy, Some time after this, Randolph McCoy, Farmer McCoy and Ellison Hatfield were fishing in Tug river, when Staten stole upon them and severely stoned Randolph McCoy. McCoy attempted to defend himself, when Ellison Hatfield threw a pistol on him and caused both him and Farmer to stand until he and Staten could make their escape. This, of course, made matters worse, and the hard feeling then existing was daily growing more bitter.

A day or two after this Floyd McCoy was passing Staten's house on horseback when

passing Staten's house on horseback when Staten ran out and with stones knocked

A few weeks later, Floyd McCoy and his brother, Calvin, were descending the fiver in a flatboat when they met Will and river in a flatboat when they met Will and John Staten, who were coming up on horseback. A shooting match was the result. Simultaneously at sight the two parties began firing at each other. The McCoye landed their boat, and like their antagonists sought cover behind trees. Calvin McCoy received a slight wound in the shoulder. The firing was kept up until the McCoys exhausted their ammunition, then ceased. The Statens quickly noted that their fire was not returned, but did not surmise the reason for it, hence feared to charge. After a time each party, apparently satisfied with the result, drew off. Thus a series of encounters began and were continued without serious result for several years.

several years.

Some time in 1878 the McCoys waylaid Staten and beat him near to death with clubs. Some time later, and at separate times, Staten met Sam and Parris McCoy, nephews of Randolph, the former of whom was a boy of sixteen or seventeen, and beat them mergiesely.

Blood Begins To Flow in Earnest. In May, 1880, William Staten again met Sam and Parris McCoy, this time on the West Virginia side, near Lang Bottom. Firing began at sight; Staten deliberately broke out the top of a small bush and resting his pistol in the fork of it continued firing as the McCoys advenced upon him. resting his pistol in the fork of it continued firing as the McCoys advanced upon him. Parris McCoy was shot in the hip and he in return shot Staten in the breast. Staten and Parris clinched and Staten bit Parris on the cheek. At this juncture the boy Sam McCoy ran up and shot Staten's brains out with an old "cap and ball" pistol. While this factional war had been soing on for several years and many persons had been more or less injured, Staten was the first man killed in it.

Parris McCoy surrendered and was acquitted in his examining trial before Esquires Valentine Hatfield and James Ivens. Sam fied to old Randolph McCoy's, in Pike county, but was afterwards arrested on the West Virginia side near the scene of

county, but was afterwards arrested on the West Virginia side near the scene of the killing, which was also near the scene of the tragedy of a few days ago. The arrest was made by Elias Hatfield, a brother of "Devil Anse" Hatfield and Hog Floyd, McCoy was tried before Judge McGinnis, at Logan courthouse, in 1881, and was

In August, 1882, Ellison and Elias Hatfield were attending the election at Pikeville, the county seat of Pike county. Talbot, Dick, Randolph, Jr., Sam and Floyd McCoy, sons of old Randolph, were incensed at Ellison

for his attempt to shoot McCoy, years be-fore, and attacked him, cutting and shoot-ing him twenty-six times. Talbot, Dick and Randolph, Jr., were arrested at once. A band of Hatfields took the McCoys from the officers and removed them to the West Virginia side to await the results of Ellison Hatfield's wounds. "Devil Anse" was the leader of the party, but "Cap," his son, then about eighteen, was not

afterwards), a band of the Hatfields, numarterwards), a band of the Hatfields, numbering a dozen or more, took the McCoys to the Kentucky side and brutally murdered them. In the party was "Devfl Anse," Valentine and Ellison Hatfield, Jr., Alex Messer, three Mayhon brothers, sonsin-law of Valentine Hatfield; Andy Varney, Charles Cornected Charles Carpenter, who was teacher of the school which "Cap" was attending, and several others of the Hatfield clan.

The McCoys were firmly bound and tied to pawpaw bushes, then certain ones of the clan deputed to kill the prisoners. Alex-Messer shot the top off Randolph, Jr.'s, head with a shotgun. Charles Carpenter shot Dick McCoy in the head and breast, killing

Either "Cap" or Ellison Hatfield, Jr., kill-d Talbot with a rifle shot. "Hog Floyd" Hatfield, who was the cause of all this trouble, was there, and did picket duty, but refused to take an active part in the

A number of the Hatfields were indicted in the Pike county circuit court for the dastardly crime, but they eluded the Kentucky officers, and despite the fact that the governor of Kentucky offered \$100 reward for each of them, they were not caught for years, and lived a comparatively peacable life, tilling their farms in the mountains of West Virginia until 1883. It was about this time, 1882, that "Cap" Hatfield became involved in a row at a dance near his father's home, and received a wound in the groin from which he has

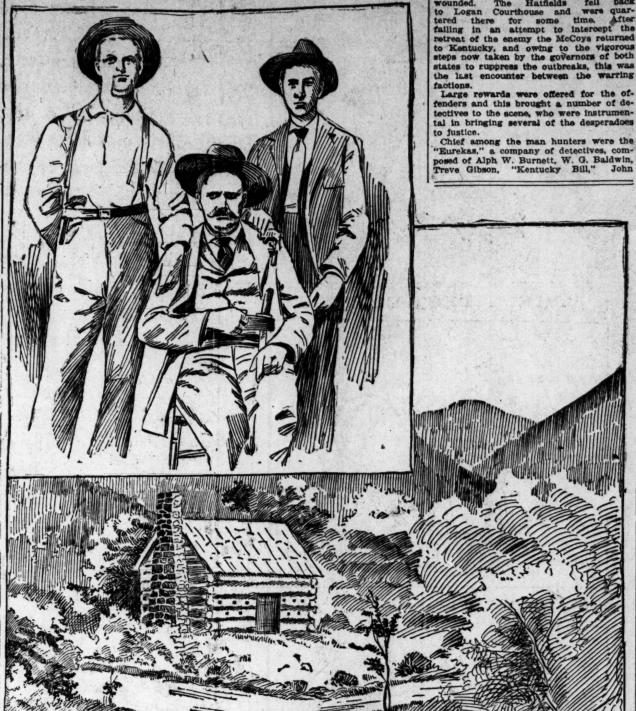
Feud Is Again Renewed.

the spring of 1886 Jeff McCoy killed Fred Wolford, a mail carrier in Pike county. For refuge he fied to West Virginia, and for a time made his home with Johnson Hatfield, who was his brother-in-law and who was also a son of "Devil Anse." During the time he lived here McCoy engaged in moonshining—that is, he illicit manufacturing and selling of whisky. "Cap" Hatfield, who had recently mar-

ried, lived near his brother John.

For a time the presence of a McCoy among the Hatfields did not occasion any trouble, but after a time bad feeling again arose. "Cap" had working for him a man niece of McCoy. Wallace and his mother-in-law had some trouble, which ultimately caused the separation of him and his wife. McCoy took the quarrel up for the women and sought an opportunity to do Wallace

On November 17, 1886, McCoy, accompanied by one Hurley, came upon Wallace chopping wood near "Cap's" house. Mc-Coy threw a pistol on Wallace, and al-though he himself was a fugitive from justice in that state, told Wallace that he intended to take him to Kentucky and hand him over to the authorities for some offense he was accused of having com-



LOG FORT TO WHICH THE HATFIELDS RESORTED WHEN HARD PRESSED. The Famous Band Had a Number of Forts in the Mountains of Logan County, Some of Them Built of Stone, but This Is the One to Which They Most Frequently Resorted. It Still Stands.

oistol ball, which lamed him considerably. With the aid of "Cap," who was in the when the shooting began, he then

The next morning 'Squire Valentine Hat-field issued warrants for the arrest of Mc-Coy and Hurley. The warrants were given to "Cap," and he, as special con-stable was commanded to make the ar-rest. "Cap" soon found them and getting the drea on them arrested them without the drop on them arrested them without trouble. He started to Logan courthouse with them, to place them in jail at that him as a guard. Just before leaving the river McCoy, though bound, managed in some way to get hold of a kuife that had been left in his pocket. With this he cut the cords which bound him and fied to the river. Since then "Cap" maintains that Wallace grabbed his ("Cap's") winchester from his hands and fired on McCoy as he swam the river, finally killing him as he emerged on the Kentucky side.

Other parties say, and it is generally believed, that "Cap" did the killing himself. For this killing the McCoys offered \$300 for the body of Wallace or the proof of his Governor Buckner, of Kentucky, offered

From this time the war was on in ear-nest, and at one time the feeling grew so intense that it looked as if the governors of the two states would declare war upon papers of the other, and each naturally sided with his own constituents.

Fort of One of the Factions.

For four years both factions scattered accompanying cut, is a wonderful piece of architecture. This one is built of large hewn logs, the ends of which are dovetailed together, the roof is made of the same material and the door of a solid piece of oak. The fort is about thirty-five feet in length and extends entirely across the in length and extends entirely across the mouth of a defile, with perpendicular walls. The fort is invulnerable to any kind of firearms, and the peculiar arrangement of the openings left for firing from the in-side, taken with the other arrangements, the location and the surroundings of the fort, make it a decidedly strong fortifica-tion. This was the fort most often resorted to by the Hatfields,

waged between the two clans they each the other, but had to keep an eye on the many detectives who now appeared upon the scene to win the rewards offered for the capture of various members of the bands of the now famous desperadoes.
The leader of the Hatfield band was
"Cap" Hatfield, and the acknowledged
head of the McCoy faction was for a time

Phillips and two other of the McCoys and taken to Pike county to answer the charge of killing the McCoy boys in 1882. Shot Down a Woman.

In retaliation, a band of the Hatfields on New Year's night, 1888, crossed over into Pike county, stole upon the house of Randolph McCoy, set fire to it and waited un-til the occupants came out that they might shoot them down. Calvin, a son of Ran-dolph McCoy, first ran out and he was badly riddled with bullets. The rest es-caped, except a daughter, Allifaro, who, when she appeared in the door, was bru-tally shot down by Ellison Hatfield, Jr., alias Ellison Mounts. Mounts was after-

when she appeared in the door, was but tally shot down by Ellison Hatfield, Jr., alias Ellison Mounta. Mounts was afterwards captured tried and hanged for this dastardly murder.

Warrants were issued and rewards were increased for the Hatfields and Frank Phillips and twenty-three others of the McCoy faction, empowered as officers, were sent across the line to arrest their old enemies. On January 6th the party came in sight of "Cap" Hatfield and James Vance on the top of Thacker Hill. The McCoys, headed by Phillips, charged directly up the hill on the two men, who, nothing daunted, rushed to meet them. A perfect fusiliade of bullets was kept up until the two parties came together in a hand to hand contest. Vance was killed and three of the McCoys wounded. Seeing the futility of fighting against such great odds, Hartfield fied, hotly pursued by his aniagonists. His fleetness of foot aided him in reaching the house of "Hog Floyd," some distance in advance of his pursuers, here he mouned a horse and without bridle or saddle rode six miles through the woods to the log fort, where a number of the band were in keeping and where the enemy dare not follow him.

Just two days after this, on January 8th, Phillips, with a party of twenty-eight, encountered a band of the Hatfields numbering ten men, under Valentine Hatfield, captured them and took them to Pikeville and placed them in jail. Of this party, Sam, Pilant and Dook Mayhorn, Alex Messer, Ellijah Mounts and Wall Hatfield were sent to the penitentiary for life.

On January 19th, a band of seventeen of the Hatfields, under the leadership of "Captain" Hatfield and "General" W. P.

bell and several others.

They arrested Ellison Hatfield, Sr., who was tried, convicted, and hanged in Pike Kept Busy Avoiding Officers.

Wall Hatfield was captured in 1891 by Cunningham and Gbson, and was hanged for the killing of the McCoys in 1882. "Ken-tucky Bill," Cunningham and Gibson cap-tured John Norman, Joe Frank Smith and tured John Norman, Joe Frank Smith John B. Dotson, of the McCoy gang. They were tried before Judge Harvey, in Logan county, in 1891, and acquitted. George McCoy was captured at Wellston, O., by Cumingham, in 1890, and brought to Huntington and placed in jail there but was afterwards released on a writ of habeas corpus. In this manner a number of both factions were run to earth and all were kept too busy keeping out of the hands of the reletless sleuth hounds to have much time to fight each other; in fact, Johnson and even "Captain" Hatfield himself were so closely pressed as to be compelled to flee the country to avoid being captured. They went west in 1899 and sought security in

went west in 1889 and sought security in the Snake river region, of what was then Washington territory.

Even here they were followed and John-son came near being captured on one oc-cassion. Gibson located him and secured a sheriff's party and surrounded him, but Johnson escaped by swimping a river when Johnson escaped by swimming a river when the weather was freezing cold. From Washington "Cap" went to Colorado and afterwards to a cousin in El Paso,

Tex.
He finally returned home after an absence of more than a year. "Johnse" re-turned some time afterwards and relates many narrow escapes from the Eurekas. After two or three years the factions were a living in comparative peace, the rewards were not renewed and the detectives gave up their work of capturing them. Since then there has been no trouble be-

Mason Evans, Once a Brilliant Young Man, Became a Recluse Because His Regard Was Repulsed by a Girl.

JILTED LOVER'S LIFE

His Sweetheart's Father Stayed Her Love by Giving Her a Farm if She Would Reject the Tennessean's Suit.

### THIS WAS A ROMANCE OF MANY YEARS AGO

age of civilization a human being of brilfriends, should sink so low in the scale of Mason K. Evans, the 'Hermit of the Chil howees," who is in a way the most remark-Still more incredible does it appear when It is known that this man was driven to For forty years he lived alone among the rugged cliffs and lonely glades of the and uncooked vegetables, until the light of his reason was extinguished.

der Panther cliff, a rugged precipice near bed of leaves, foraging in unseasonabl fleeing with the speed of a deer at the

yet his form of dementia has puzzled exshort time ago, so strong had the influence of association been upon him, that he was and only appeared to recognize with any degree of intelligence one thing-the name

During all those forty years of his semi the mountain lived in mortal dread of him While he was in one sense harmless, ye of ownership, and took everything he say that would satisfy his voracious appetite, chicken roost within forty miles of his

roe county, east Tennessee, in a little log cabin resting under the poetic shades Quaker extraction. In his growth to young manhood he was regarded as bright and studious. His advancem having an education far above the average man in those days.

When he was twenty-one, Cupid sent an arrow deep into his heart, and he formed an ardent attachment for a beautiful young lady living in Monroe county. His affect

day, a short time ago, the terrible story was rapidly fading from the memory of most people. Both factions seem to have had enough

Both factions seem to have had enough warring and an agreement has about been effected through the mediation of friends to stop prosecution and let the matter drop.

Since the fighting ceased a number of both factions have met with violent deaths, among them Bud McCoy, killed in 1890, by Pleasant McCoy and William Dyer; for this, Pleasant McCoy was imprisoned for life; William Dyer, killed in 1892, by Larkin McCoy, a brother of "Bub." Dave Stratton, killed in 1890 at Brownstown, W. Va. by a train. Va., by a train.

This story was told the writer by a near relative of Cap Hatfield, and this relationship doubtless caused the narrator to make his record fairer than it really is, for the salutary effect it might have on public opinion, which is now very bitter toward him for the killing at Matewam. ween them and until the fatal election wan.

ONE OF EVANS'S FAVORITE HAUNTS.

tion was reciprocated, but there was de-termined parental objection. Her father offered to give her a farm if she would not

In a few years after Mason fied to the mountains he was captured by a posse of citizens from Athens, but so forcibly did he resist being taken back to civilization, that he had to be chained. His long experience as an athlete in the wilds had developed Herculean strength and it took developed Herculean strength, and it took several men to overpower him. In Athens he was tried and committed to the insane asylum at Nashville. After remaining there He wore a slouch hat with holes in the top sometimes, but most often braved the elements with head bare. On his shoulder he carried his gripsack, which consisted of an old pair of trousers tied at the bottom with a string. In this he carried his "truck."

On one occasion one of the mountaineers came across the hermit et midnight on the

On one occasion one of the mountaineers came across the hermit at midnight on the eastern side of the mountain after one of his nightly forages, Evans at first ran from the stranger, but after being assured no harm would befall him, consented to be interviewed, during which he made some intelligible signs but seemed to have lost entirely the power of speech.

An examination of his gripsack disclosed

the following tempting menu:
Corn on the cob (six ears) raw.
Hind leg of a sheep with wool.

Mason was shy of people, and when he thought his haunt was discovered, he would move to another remote part of the moun-

lowed its predecessor, the rooster, leaving the old man a solltary mourner at the fu-neral. Mason subsisted almost entirely on raw meats, such as snakes, ligards and raw meats, such as snakes, lizards and chickens. His appetite was voracious, and he has often been seen to devour a whole chicken by tearing the fowl to pieces, which he swallowed raw. The guests of White Cliff Springs were astonished early one morning when they saw Mason in the chicken yard eagerly devouring a fat fowl which he had just killed.

I had the pleasure of visiting the retreat of Evans this last fall during a stay at White Cliff Springs. It is the wildest place imaginable, having received the appellation of Panther's cliff." as the natives call it,

imaginable, having received the appellation of Panther's cliff," as the natives call it because the case has been the lair of panthers and other wild beasts for generations. Evans's bed chamber is only accessible from the top of the bluff, which is almost perpendicular. After a descent of fifty yards, which is hardly practicable without the assistance of ropes, I stood on the threshold of the hermit's home where he lived for all those forty years.

Truly might the place be called the Switzerland of America. Way up among the clouds, 2,000 feet above the sea, with the valley of the Conasauga below stretching out in majestic beauty toward range after range of blue-tinted peaks in the dim distance, and the Hiawaesee winding like a silvery thread through the scene on its wild rush to the sea, is nature's panorama on which the hermit gazed for forty years from Panther's cliff.

The inside of the cave is not spacious. The ceiling is very low and the room at most is not more than ten feet square. There is a small hole leading into the bowels of the mountain, from which emerges a foul odor, probably from dead beasts. The mountaineers who visited this place during Evans's life state the cave was always littered with feathers and bones from his tea table.

In one corner was a small pile of stones.

ways littered with feathers and bones from his tea table.

In one corner was a small pile of stones, which he used for a chair. That was all the furniture At the opening tall tree tops from the ground below furnish a shade in summer and tended to turn the wind in winter. It is impossible for rain to enter, and with a good fire life might not be so disagreeable there after all.

It was a year or so before that I saw Evans in Madisonville, Tenn., one bitter cold day in the middle of January. He had just been caught in the mountains, and brought to town for the first time in many years.

There was naturally a good deal of ex-

There was naturally a good deal of excitement attendant on his arrival, and I was a member of the motley gang that followed him through the streets to the town jail. The snow was about six inches deep

His hair and beard were as white as the snow, long, shaggy and unkempt. He was haif nude, only a few rags being tied around his hardened form, bandage fashion. His club was held in his right hand with a death-like grip. A wild demonlacal expression was in his eyes. When questioned he would not answer. He had lost entirely the power of speech and comprehension. He gazed at the crowd around him as if utterly bewildered to know what it all meant.

meant. Everything possible was done for the old man in his old age, and he never escaped again, although he often pined for the rug ged cliffs of his mountain home.

LINTON TEDFORD,



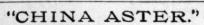
MASON EVANS, THE TENNESSEE MOUNTAIN HERMIT.

# YOU COULDN'T BLAME HER.



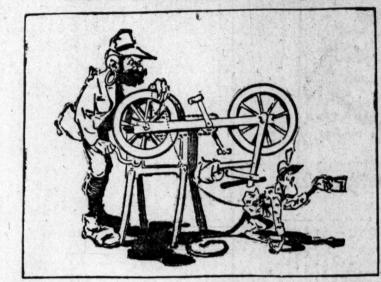
1—"An' how motch did thot annymale cost yez, now?"
"Three thousand dollars, mem."
"Purty dear, don't yez t'ink?"
"No 'em, this aint no deer; this is a giraffe."
"Er—ruther steep, Oi mane?"
"Above the shoulders, yes."
(Excitedly) "Oi mane, isn't it high?"
"O—oh, yes, all giraffes comes high, but we must







### THE LATEST BICYCLE.



i-It was an odd looking wheel, but then you know-



# HANDY.



Miss Citybred—Where is the milk maid?
Farmer Waterbury—Well, I don't mind tellin' ye, a good bit of it is made right here,
Miss Citybred.

OF COURSE.





STRANGERS

rwein-Oh, yes. all-That's what I thought.

#### KEEPING AN EYE ON IT.











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QUITE LIKELY.



Mr. Going—I saw Guzzlewee last night, and his cheeks Miss Coming—Brandied peaches, I suppose.

### AT THE CLUB.



Yorker—They say that Muggs over there never looks in the glass when he shaves himself.

Corker—I suppose he is afraid he would cut his throat if he did.

#### HE SWALLOWED THE RING.

A Young Italian Plays a Sharp Trick

From The New York Times.
A tall, smooth-shaven Italian, with a sallow complexion, walked into the pawnshop of Bernhard Gutter, at 140 Park Row, yesterday afternoon. He was well dressed, and, taking a ring set with a diamond and sapphire from his little finger, he handed it to Gutter, who was behind the counter,

ter. There was a man he knew standing near the door and Gutter told him to lock it. The man did so, and the pawnbroker made another effort to get his ring back. The Italian indignantity denied having it and stoutly persisted in his denial unit Gutter sent his friend for a policeman. "Now, give back the ring, and I'll let was go," said Gutter.

The Italian said coolly:
"Come back into the store and I will. Gutter walked to the rear of the store with the Italian, who opened his manh and stuck two fingers down his throat. Then he began to get very red in the face and his eyes bulged.
"Good heavens, you don't mean to say you've swallowed the ring?" exclaimed and store the policeman arrived and store in good heavens, in his mouth. It was a question of whether he could produce tring before the policeman arrived and store his liberty or whether he would be caused with the stolen ring in his possession, although he was the only one who could see positively whether he had it or not. Outse was nearly frantic and he shook the man and slapped him on the back with a will. The ring did not materialize, however, as soon Policeman Connolly, of the Oak stress station, came in with Gutter's friend. The Italian admitted having swallowed the ring but he said he had simply put it on his throat by accident. He was a real is mond or not and that it had slipped down his throat by accident. He was taken to the station house, where he said he was Tony Surru, twenty-four years old, a cast, of 335 Third avenue.

# THE CONSTITUTION, JR.

DEVOTED TO THE INSTRUCTION AND AMUSEMENT OF THE YOUNG READERS OF THE CONSTITUTION,

Supplement to

ATLANTA. GA., SUNDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1896.

# LIGHTNING FIEND

It Tried to Frighten a Plucky American Boy Who Caught the
Little Spirit and Is Working Him to Doubt

He was a good little boy, was Tom, a udet, thoughtrul, nice little fellow, who lever gave his parents any trouble, and lever got into mischlef; in fact, just such another boy as the lad who is reading this story. He lived a long time ago, in a small frame cottage with his father and mother, who had no other children. His father was a working man, and his mother had to work also, for they kept no servant.

One afternoon his mother went out to meet his father and she said she could not take Tom along with her because it look-

one afternoon his mother went out to meet his father and she said she could not take Tom along with her because it looked so much like rain. She knew that Tom would not be frightened at being left alone in the house, for he was a lonely little boy and not used to having companions. He was afraid of only one thing, and that was thunder. When the thunder rolled and crashed, Tom was apt to become rather pale and to be even more silent than usual. However, he was not in the least frightened of the lightning and loved to watch it from the window. If it were not for the curious coincidence that the thunder always accompanied the lightning he would have enjoyed the storm exceedingly. But as it was, the pleasure he had in looking at the lightning was almost counterbalanced by his fear of the thunder.

For some time after his mother left him. Tom gazed out of the window until he noticed it was growing dark. Then he heard the distant rumble of the thunder and he did not like it. He kept saying to himself, "Mamma, mamma," as if there were comfort in the reiteration of the word and he hoped she would hurry home when she saw the storm coming on. Suddenly the dark sky was lit by a vivid flash of lightning and the thunder rolled heavily and nearer. There was an interval of darkness, then the whole sky became a dome of flame, the thunder crashing quickly after it. Poor Tom turned away from the window and sat down in the middle of the room. He admitted to himself that he was very much frightened, but thought he was not crying, although he could not account to himself for the tears that steadily flowed down his cheeks. There self that he was very much frightened, but thought he was not crying, although he could not account to himself for the tears that steadily flowed down his cheeks. There was an ominous silence for a few minutes, then the room became filled with an intense quivering light, and the world seemed to split in two with the most awful crash Tom had ever heard. Tom would have shricked with fear had it not been for a strange thing that immediately happened, and which rivited his attention. All the bilinding light in the room concentrated in one spot, near to the place he was sitting. At first he thought it was a huge ball of fire, but as he looked closer he saw that it was a grotesque human shape, such as he had seen in fairy picture books, only in this case the shape seemed to be made of glowing melting fire. Sparks shot from its eyes like little lightning darts; it leered at Tom with a wide grin on its mouth, and then it shouted "Ha, ha, ha, yah;" and as it did so the thunder rolled along the celling of the room, and Tom thought this was rather an uncomfortable visitor, whose laughter caused thunder.

"You don't know me," said the goblin to Tom with a malicious glare.

"No, I don't," admitted Tom.

"Well, I'll tell you who I am; I'm the lightning fiend! What do you think of that?"

Oh, I like lightning," ious not to offend the goblin, "but I'm afraid of thunder."

afraid of thunder."

The fiend laughed at this, and again the thunder rolled through the room.

"That shows what a silly boy you are. I'm the one to fear. Thunder couldn't hurt you, but if I were to point my finger at you, you would drop dead."

"Oh, dear me!" said Tom, in alarm, "I didn't know that."

Then the lightness flend spread out his

"I didn't know that."

Then the lightning fiend spread out his hands, and from the ends of his glowing fingers sparks flew in every direction. The flend was floating midway between the floor and the ceiling; it reached up its right hand with the forefinger extended, and touched the ceiling; some plaster fell, and blue smoke curled out from where the finger rested. Then the flend reached down with his right foot until the toes touched the carpet; flame and smoke rose from the carpet: figme and smoke rose from the spot, and the room was filled with the smell of burning wool.

"Oh, don't do that," cried Tom. "Mother

wouldn't like it. She'll be very angry if the carpet is burned."

The fiend laughed again, and again the

The head augued again, and again the thunder rolled overhead.

"Much I care for your mother or your father either," he said. "I'm not afraid of them, but they're afraid of me."

Tom realized what a desperate goblin he had to deal with, who was afraid of neither his father nor his mother.

"I can do a million things your father."

ther his father nor his mother.

"I can do a million things your father cannot do," bragged the fiend with a malicious leer. "I can go a thousand miles while your father is taking a step."

The fiend saw that, frightened as Tom was, he did not believe this, for Tom knew his father to be the greatest man in all the world, and that nobody could do the things which he could; but he did not dare to contradict a fiend who was powerful enough to set fire to the house by mere-

dare to contradict a fiend who was powerful enopgh to set fire to the house by merely touching it with his toe, and so he was silent. The flend seemed to read Tom's thought, for he said:

"Oh, I see you don't believe that, so I'll show you what I can do. I'll go ten miles and be back here before you can wink," and with a shrick the flend shot out of the room. There was an instant's crackle as he

left and in anther instant he was back

grinning at Tom.
"There," he said, "I've been ten miles away; I touched a tree and it blazed up like a powder magazine. Coming back, my foot rested for the hundredth part of

a second on a barn and now look at it."

Tom gazed out of the windw and sure enough their neighbor's barn was in flames. He shuddered as he recognized the power the goblin possessed. Nevertheless, he was a brave little boy and he asked with

he was a brave little boy and he asked with some unconscious contempt in his voice: "Is that all that you can do? To go about burning people's things is not nice; at least I don't think so."
"Oh, no, that's not all I can do," said the fiend, again laughing his thundery laugh. "I frighten little boys sometimes. You are as frightened as you can be now."

a dream I had while I was falling to the

Young Tom pondered over this for awhile and at last said: "I would rather believe, father, that you

"Well, perhaps I did," said the father, thoughtfully; "in fact, I am never quite sure whether I saw it or not, so we will take it for granted that I did, if you like

And so young Tom went up to his room, thinking deeply of the gobin story. He wondered if he would be afraid if a gobin visited him. Young Tom had a much finer room than his father had had, for, as I have said, his father was rich, while his grandfatrer had been very poor; it had been years before his grandfather had recovered from the loss caused by the burning of his cottage. Tom felt glad that his grandfather was still alive to enjoy the comforts now provided for him.

There was an easy chair in Tom's room it better.'

There was an easy chair in Tom's room and he seated himself in it and thought over the goblin story until he felt a little bit frightened, for the room was growing dark. He then arose and pressed a button that rang a bell down stairs. In a little time a servant rapped lightly at the door. "Did you ring, Master Tom?" she asked. "Yes, Betty; it is getting dark and fath-

THE FIEND TOUCHED THE CEILING AND IT BURST INTO FLAMES.

"Yes, I know I am," said Tom, quaveringly, "but if I was as powerful as you are I wouldn't go about frightening little boys. Anybody can do that."

"Oh, ho!" shouted the flend, apparently not liking what Tom had said. "I haven't shown you yet what fright is. What I have done is nothing to what I can do, and since you dare to talk to me like that, I'll teach you a lesson," he shricked and with that the flend split into a thousand pieces with the most awful crash that anyone ever heard. The room seemed to fill with flame, and the yell of the flend was so terrible that Tom threw up his arm to cover his eyes and fell fainting to the floor.

His father and mother were hurrying home through the rain. They saw the light of the burning barn and it made them very anxious. At last, coming in sight of their own cottage, they were horrified to see flames breaking through the roof. The see flames breaking through the roof. The mother gave a cry of despair as they both pressed forward, realizing that their only son was locked up in the burning house. Without waiting for the key the father put his shoulder to the door and forced it open, for he was a very strong man. The house was filled with smoke and he had great difficulty in making his way to the small parlor, where by the light of the flames he saw his little boy lying on the carpet, his head resting on his arm.

The father quickly raised the insensible child in his arms and carried him from the burning house. There was no sheker for them and all they could do was to stand in the pouring rain and watch the destruction of their home. It was a terrible thing for the lightning fiend to have done, for in the cottage was everything the poor people

the cottage was everything the poor people

The mother took the boy and rocked him The mother took the boy and rocked him in her arms. The cold rain splashing on his face quickly revived him, and he was soon able to tell his parents what he had seen and what the fiend had sa d to him. They looked one at the other and the mother began to weep. She was afraid their boy had lost his mind, but that turned out not to be the case, for when Tom grew up he became one of the famous men of the not to be the case, for when Tom grew he became one of the famous men of day. His name traveled all over the He was a great electrician, invented many useful things, and the man who invents useful articles gathers wealth, so Tom was rich, rejoicing in having money, because he had a boy of his own to whom he could give advantages he had not himself pos-sessed when he was young.

when he was young.

III.

When Tom the second was the same age as Tom the first had been at the time of the lightning fiend's visit his father took him on h.s knee and told him the story that I have set down. Young Tom was greatly interested and watched his father with wide open eyes as he told the story of the lightning fiend.

"Why do you say father, that you

of the lightning fiend.

"Why do you say, father, that you thought you saw the goblin? Aren't you sure you saw it?"

"I was sure at the time, my boy, but I have thought since that it may have been

er doesn't like me to meddle with light."

er doesn't like me to meddle with the light."

The maid walked to a projection from the wall and giving it a slight turn the chardelier was instantly illuminated, the apartment blazing with light. Tom seated himself again before the fire and the servant went downstairs. All at once Tom noticed the electric lights of the chandelier growing dimmer and dimmer. He was surprised at this, but his surprise increased when, on looking up at the chandelier he saw, hanging from it by the hands, a curious object which glowed in the remidarkmess as if, it had been rubbed with phosphorus. Tom at once recognized it as the lightning fiend, although he felt sure it was much changed from what it had been when his father had seen it. It's long arms were thim and lean and in it's face was a look of fear. It seemed afraid to let go of the chandelier, but at last it did so and



IT SAT UP PRESENTLY.

fell upon the table. It sat up presently and drew its hand wearily across its brow. Seeing that Tom was looking it drew a

Seeing that Tom was looking it drew a deep sigh.
"You are the lightning fiend?" said Tom, by way of bringing a conversation.
"Alas, yes," said the goblin, again mopping its brow.
"Well, if you think to frighten me," said Tom, "you will find yourself disappointed. I know all about you; you are negative and positive, and if you go round a piece of soft iron by means of an insulated copper wire, you make that iron a magnet. You can be produced by a dynamo revolving

rapidly; it brings you up out of the ground, and we can also make yon by different chemical solutions. You see I do know all about you, and you can't frighten me as you did my father a long time ago. If I were to stand on a sheet of plate glass you couldn't touch me. You can't frighten him now," said Tom, who had the same confidence in his father that most little boys have in theirs.

"No," said the flend, dejectedly, "I don't want to frighten anybody. The frightening of your father was the greatest mistake of my life. I am very sorry I did it; ro one can be more sorry."

"I don't wonder at it," said Tom, "for you burned my grandfather's house, and he was very poor then."

"Oh, I don't know that I mind the burning of the house so much," said the fiend with some return of his old jauntiness. "I have burnt lots of houses, and will again. It's about the only fun I have left. It is the frightening of your father I regret, not on his account either, because, you see, I'm a selfish brute. It is because he has set me to work that I am sorry. You see I had nothing at all to do when your father was a boy, but now I am almost worked to death. Even when a little boy like you pressed the button I had to jump right down to the kitchen and tell the servant you wanted her, and that is not the worst of it."

"Well, what is the worst of it?" asked

"Well, what is the worst of it?" asked

of it."

"Well, what is the worst of it?" asked Tom.

"I have to do heavy work all day. Those street trams that run past your door with a wire above them I save to pull; I have to run them filled with people from morning until late at night—until all the people are home from the theaters, and it is very hard work. I tell you; but that isn't the worst of it," he added, as he drew his hand ugain across his anxious brow.

"Well, what is it?" asked Tom, growing very curious to know what might be the very worst of it."

"Long before the street cars stop I have to light the whole city, and keep it lighted until day break. Think of that! But that isn't the worst of it."

"I shouldn't think that anything could be worse than having to work day and night," said Tom. "Most people have to work only in the daytime.

"Ah, but there's no rest for me," said the Goblin, sighing. "All night long as well as all day I have to carry messages. Any little boy can call me up. I have to plungs under the sea and carry the news to all parts of the world. People used to be satisfied when a steamer brought the news across the ocean in eight or nine days, but if I am half a second carrying it to any part of the world they think I am slow. And then I have to look after the signals of all the railways in the world; but that ism't the worst of it."

"Dear me," said Tom, wonderingly. "Whatever is it then?"

"Well, I run motors that drive sewing machines, fans and all sorts of machinery, so that with lighting, message carrying and all that I have to do, what I fear is that your father will go on inventing more work for me, and that's the worst of it, said the flend, angily; "I've had enough of it. If I had never frightened your father I would never have daid all this work to do, and he perhaps would not be the greatest electrician in the world. Hark?" said the flend, after a pause, "that is your father's step, I must gp."

He caught hold of the chandelier, swung binself up and immediately the light. Well, I'm giad," said Tommy, "to know that you

his father as he entered the room and saw Tom blinking at him.

"Oh, no, father. I was just thinking over that goblin story, and, very strangely, while I was thinking the goblin came. He remembered you and was sorry he had frightened you, so you see, it was true, and you did see him."

"Really?" said the father, and he smiled at his son's earnestness.

"And how did he look, just the same as when I saw him?"

"No, father, he was tired out. He has to work night and day, and he doesn't like it."

"Well, Tom, then this is a secret between you and me; we've both seen the goblin in the two stages of his existence, and now," stroking Tom's curly head, "when little boys begin to see goblins it is time to go to bed."

And so Tom went to bed, and what he dreamed about that night you may easily guess.

Slight Hint.

"Tse been a lucky man all my days, Mr. Johnsing, sah," sald Pompey Babson, as he lingered for a few moments' conversation in the little shop belonging to the first-named individual. "I suttinly has, sah. Now jes' cast yo' eye ober de 'casion ob de decease of Caesar, Lawson's wife. Dat war a great 'scape for me, sah."

"How's dat?" inquired Mr. Johnson, turning a solemn ebony countenance moon his

a great 'scape for me, sah."

"How's dat?" inquired Mr. Johnson, turning a solemn ebony countenance upon his customer. "I unnerstood she died from de effects ob Caesar's extravagant uses ob de broom handle."

"An'so she dad, sah, so she did," returned Mr. Babson. "But she mought 'a' been my wife, an' dat broom handle mought 'a' been my wife, an' dat broom handle mought 'a' been my wife, san' dat broom handle mought 'a' been my wife, san' dat broom handle mought 'a' been my wife, sah."

"I started out wid de intentions ob axin' Moll Lincoln—dat's jes' deceased—or Fanny Celestine Williums—dat's my wife, sah—to accept ob my han' an' heart, sah. I drobe Mr. Flagg's hoss—dat I war workin' for at dat time—an' when I come to de cross-roads, says I, 'De right takes me to Mol, an' de lef to Fanny Celestine, an' de hoss shall decide.' Dem war my berry words, sah."

"An' you done lef sech impo'tant matters to dat triflin' hoss, Pompey Babson," aske dthe astonished shopkeeper, with some reproof in his tone.

"Yes, sah, I did so," asserted Mr. Babson, as he gathered up his armful of small paper parcels. 'But I'se willin' to allow, sah, he added, as he turned toward the door, "I'se willin' to allow dat I mought has pulled les' a little on de nigh rain, sah,"

of the dhis m

excla

# TRUE TO THE DUKE

How a Boy Saved the Great Monmouth.

By T. C. HARBAUGH-

The warm summer sunlight that sifted through the leaves of the sturdy English oaks, in Somerset Woods, one day, some years ago, fell upon a boy lying at full length on the mossy ground.

He was a stout, good-looking lad with fair features and chestnut-colored locks, in-clined to curl. Beside him lay a cross-bow, with a feathered shaft in the groove, and the boy's hand could have picked up the weapon at a moment's notice.

For some time he had been watching the gambols of two squirrels just beyond bowshot, and in hopes that they might come a trifle nearer and give him a chance to

bring one down.

The spot occupied by the young marksman, whose name was Perry Preston, was the summit of a gentle rise which commanded a fair view of the surrounding

While Master Preston lay there he thought of the great battle fought a few days previous at Sedgemoor, between King James's men and the rebellious duke of

days previous at Sedgemoor, between King James's men and the rebellious duke of Monmouth ther a fugitive with a kingly price upon his head.

The boy had heard of the battle; indeed, his uncle, a Mendippe miner had fought there for the lost cause, and at that very moment was hiding somewhere out of reach by the king's hunters.

No one seemed to know where Monmouth was, and the king's soldiers were scouring the countryside for him.

In a short time it would be night and the gleams of sunlight which lit up the forest would give way to shadows.

Presently the boy put out his hand and picked up the crossbow but all the time be kept looking at the squirrels.

One of the little animals had frisked to within bowshot and Master Preston did not want the game to escape.

The English boy quietly raised himself upon one knee and took deliberate aim at the squirrel, then liberated the bowstring and watched the arrow in its flight.

The shaft went true to its mark, for the scautrel tumbled from the low upon

The shaft went true to its mark, for the squirrel tumbled from the log upon which it had perched itself, and Master Presson, with an exclamation of triumph, ran forward.

The further side of the log was well banked up with leaves, and into these the game had fallen.

when the little marksman reached the log he looked over and then drew back.

To his astonishment, he was looking at a man half buried in the leaves—a man dressed in peasant costume, but with a kingly looking eye and a handsome face.

Perry stood dumfounded and could only that at the man, speechless and full of

"Do you want your squirrel, lad?" said he stranger, taking from the leaves the and game, which he held up before Mas-

bar Preston.

"Til take it, if you please," and the boy took the squirrel, but did not stir.

By this time the man in the leaves had then to his knees and was looking at the

"Tm a peasant who might be wanted by tose men who are after the unfortunate formouth," he said: but Perry laid one and on his dirty eleeve.
"You'll find me true," he answered "I now you. You are his grace the duke."
The man started violently and drew ack

"I the duke?" he cried. "Look at my gar-ments, boy. Surely no duke ever masque-aded in such."

raded in such."

"But you are his grace," persisted Perry,
"I was in Taunton when you entered the
city and I remember quite well how you
fifted your hat to the people and how your
voice sounded."

"Then I am lost," was the reply. "I have
come to this at last—to be betrayed into
the hands of my enemy by a Somerset
boy."

are in danger. They've been hunting along the hedges down yonder, for I saw a lot of rough riders beating the bush this morning."

Reating it for poor Monmouth? Oh, "Reating it for poor alphinouth? On, is
I had an army once more at my back...."
I he stopped suddenly and looked away,
while he seemed to tremble.

"They are quite near us," said Master
Freston. "There is a chance for you."

"What sort of chance, boy?"
"The old milkhouse,"

"Yes, it is an old affair, but it has a false floor, put down by its builder long ago. But you cannot go to it while it is

'Then back to my bed of leaves I must go," said Monmouth, with a smile. "If I escape boy, you may some day be a duke yourself."

yourself."

A few minutes later Master Preston trudged homeward with his squirrel and dressed it in the cramped front yard by the hemble home.

He said nothing to his mother, a widow, about his encounter with the hunted fugitive, and waited eagerly for dusk.

By and by he went to the old milkhouse, now rarely used, for the king's men some years before had taken the widow's last cow, and there he pried up a board and disclosed a commodious hiding place under neath.

"The last place they will look for the duke in," said the boy. "He will be safe

here."

Away he went to the wood, and like a keen trailer, found the log and the fugitive behind it.

Without a word the two hurried back to the milkhouse by a circultous route and Master Perry concealed the great duke under the old boards.

As Monmouth pressed the hours.

parting he looked up into the youthful face

and said:

"May you be duke some day, whether I become king or not," and the Perry put the boards over him and went away.

Hardly had the boy reached home when six men rode up to the house and called the widow out.

They were members of Feversham's army, the general who had defeated Monmouth's forces, and they were looking for the fugitive. Master Preston came out of the house with his mother and looked at the gaudy, but dirt-spattered regimentals and the rough faces of the cavallers.

and the rough faces of the cavaliers.

The moment one of the fellows spied Perry he pointed with his gloved hand.

"That's the boy," cied he. "Come, you little jackanapes. What were you doing in the wood today?"

"Hunting sir," said the widow's son. "I

are foot-prints in the mud in the old lane,"

him to
pawnbr
s ring b
d havin
denial

are foot-prints in the mud in the old lane, said the boy.

"But we can," was the answer. "You want to be convinced, do you? To the lane you shall be taken."

In a little while the boy was taken to the spot, and when it was reached one of the men dismounted and led his horse toward ertain spot.

A full moon was in the sky, and in some places the ground was plainly visible and the very blades of grass that covered it. They had entered the lane which Perry and the duke had crossed on their way to

the old milkhouse and presently all stood on the bare place, "Put the lad down here," said the man

"Put the lad down here," said the man who had gone forward afoot. "I want to show him what a dainty footprint the hunted for makes. Here it is, as plain as when we left it, and here beside it is the rougher boot-track of the widow's bairn." In compliance with the request the captain of the troop put Perry down, at the same time telling the trooper on the ground to take hold of his wrist and escort him to the proof-spot.

to the proof-spot.

Master Preston felt a hand at his wrist and he was led forward in a jiffy.

"There they are, your tracks and those of the arch-rebel's!" exclaimed the cavalier. "You crossed here. Why, everybody in England knows the print of Monmouth's foot, no matter if he wears a shepherd's boots."

At the same time Perry was pushed for ward and roughly held over the soft the soft



A RIDE FOR LIFE OR DEATH.

shot a gray squirrel in the forest, as mother here can testify, and we had it for supper and ——"

"Who crept across the lane with you after dark?"
Master Freeton did not quall. The crisis
had come and the ordeal was before him.
"Some one with me?" he exclaimed. "I

"Some one with me?" he exclaimed. I went into the forest quite alone and came home in like manner, sir."

"But there are tracks of two parties in the soft mud of the old lane down yonder. Come, boy. You can't deceive the riders of the king, and it is high treason to shelter this contumacious rebel, Monmouth."

At rention of the hunted man's name.

At mention of the hunted man's name, Mrs. Preston clasped her hands and turned pale while she looked at her son.

Perry remembered that the ground in the old lane they had crossed on their way to the milkhouse was quite soft and liable to leave there the impress of their shoes; but he did not immediately reply.

"A good many people cross the lane," said he at last. "I don't doubt that there be footbritted in the ground there."

footprints in the ground there."

"And one of the prints shows the ele-gant foot-track of the rebel whom we broke at Sedgemoor."

"My son is honest," at this juncture ex-claimed the widow. "I know him to be civil and kind, and he went to the wood today, not to hide Monmouth, but to get a squirrel with his bow."

a squirrel with his bow."

"Yes, and he brought down more important game," broke in the leader of the detachment. "Here, come up on the saddle, boy," and the man darted at Perry, who, before he could get beyond his reach, was seized and jerked off his feet.

In another moment the boy found himself on the saddle before the trooper who looked him sternly in the face as he continued:

"We want the rebel, boy. Don't deceive

"We want the rebel, boy, Don't deceive us. Where have you hid Monmouth?" In an instant fire seemed to light up the widow's eyes and she remembered the in-dignities she had suffered at the hands of troopers of King James, for she cried

"If you've made a promise, Perry, stick to it. Keep your word, boy, even if given to Monmouth!"

The troopers looked daggers at the wo-The troopers looked daggers at the woman and one thrust out his sword, but she sprang out of the way and laughed at him. "We'll wring the little ch'ck's neck but what we'll make him tell where the rebel' is," said the captain of the detachment. "The king will have no nonsense and, boy or man, the person who refuses to betray the hiding place of the arch-rebel, Monmouth, shall feel his majesty's displeasure."

wre."
With this the little troop wheeled, and Master Preston, held firmly to the saddle, was carried away.

A few yards from the house the men halted and all erowded around the man who held Perry prisoner.

"Where is he, boy?" they asked.

Perry looked into the rough faces and saw no leniency there; then he glanced at their broad swords, the very weapons that had wrought such ruln at Sedgemoor, and for a moment contemplated the general mien of the six.

"You haven't proved to me that there

"You haven't proved to me that there

He saw the tracks he and Monmouth had made; they seemed to accuse him of treason to the king, but he did not quall. "You see them, boy? Now, sirree, where is the fox?'

It was a lithe-limbed chestnut, such as he captain of the band who spoke and Perry straightened in the moonlight. At the same time the man who held his wrist seemed to give him a little freedom, for the grip relaxed as Master Preston looked at the trooper's horse.

It was a lithe-limbed chestnut, such as he captage the Mondayor Hills when

once rode among the Mendippe Hills when on a visit to his uncle, and an idea flashed through the boy's brain.
"I give you a minute, boy. We cannot wait here all night while you know where the rebel is. Stand aside, Goshen. He is safe here."

The trooper who had dismounted stood



THE DEAD SQUIRREL

aside, quite releasing Master Preston; but the next moment an event of startling im-

portance took place.

The Somerset boy sprang toward the horse and caught the rein as he left the ground.

His movement was as agile as the leap of a aguirrel, and before the astonished cavalrymen could interfere he was on the horse's back, tearing up the lane like one

mad.

Through the moonlight, like an arrow from his own cross-bow, went the boy, and in a little while five steeds were tearing after him, amid the clanking of heavy sabers and the shouting of vile epithets.

It was a race in favor of the boy, who knew every foot of the road, and at a certan spot he turned aside where some bars were down and galloped across a meadow.

Fatigued and in no good humor the five horsamen came back after a long chase,

compelled to admit that a boy had beaten

them, while several miles from the spot Master Preston, hidden in a safe retreat, congratulated himself upon his escape. All that night did the troopers watch the widow's house in hopes that the boy would ride back and fall into their clutches, but he did not oblige them, and at daylight they went away.

they went away.

All the next day the hunted man remained under the floor of the old milkhouse, and at night he was piloted away by his little rescuer, who, upon parting with nim, received as a keepsake the duke's ring.

It was Monmouth's last escape from the snares of his nersistent pursuers for the

snares of his persistent pursuers, for the following day he was taken and carried to

During his imprisonment there he did not forget the boy who had saved his life in the Somerset forest, for he was permitted to address Master Preston a letter, and there is little doubt that had Monmouth reached the throne he would have kept his promise and made Master Preston the youngest duke in England.

#### DANCING TURTLES.

Some Curiously-Trained Fish in the Far East.

The spectacle of an old bearded man, with The spectacle of an old bearded man, with long tangled locks, dressed in a fastastic costume, attracted the attention of passers by one day in one of the large seaports of Japan. Some said he was an Alno, pointing to his long hair and beard, and that he was a bear-worshiper from Magasaki.

The old man stood on the deck of a house boat, guite as disreputable as he himself

boat, quite as disreputable as he himself appeared, and gave an axhibition that was in every respect remrkable. He held an old brass drum, upon which he beat with several sticks, keeping time with his foot; and in obedience to this strange summons, a number of common high-backed river tortolises, of various sizes, crawled out of a a number of common high-backed river tortoises, of various sizes, crawled out of a
box and forming themselves in line began
to march, one after the other, to the slow,
discordant music. Around they went, in a
circle, the big ones ahead, the smaller
ones following on behind, and at the word
of command the larger ones took their places
between two boxes and formed a living
tortoise bridge, over which the small ones tortoise bridge, over which the small ones passed from box to box, the others then following suit, whereupon all the tortoises arranged themselves in groups, like plates about a table.

The Japanese have another tortoise which they train to perform simple tricks in the water. It is a little creature about three or four inches long, that from a life of inactivity has become covered with a long growth of green pond weed, which streams behind like hair as it swims along.

behind like hair as it swims along. These people are also famous for their strange fishes of the carp family, some are short and chubby, with eyes that protrude so far from the head that they look like telescopes, or the stalked eyes of some crabs, with which the little creatures can see in every direction. Others have a broad lace-like tail that hangs gracefully like a mass of lace and appears to be divided into three parts. Others have a perfect black cross marked upon the back, which against the deep red, which is the prevailing color, presents a magnificent appearance. Others

resents a magnificent appearance. Others are called the fist of the white cross, the latter being white against red.

These fanciful creatures are trained to perform a variety of tricks; they rise at the sound of a bell, ring a bell themselves, follow one another in a row at the signal, and then in many ways show their remarkable intelligence.

and then in many ways show their remarkable intelligence.

The Japanese also import the famous fighting fishes from India, which they keep in an aquarium and match in contests which are, it must be said, decided without bloodshed, though the little creatures show no little ferocity.

The tortoise and crane are both sacred extracts in Japan and the former is often

animals in Japan, and the former is often seen with the stork walking about villages, paying no attention to the people and as safe as is the sacred ox in India.

C. F. HOLDER.

Frightened by Indians. John Adams, of Johnstown, Penn., was a famous hunter of the olden time, but it was his boast that he never harmed a wolf, and his reason is given in the following story from his own lips:

"When I was a little shaver, ten years old or thereabouts, I was out with my older brother Sam, watching some cattle that were pastured near the river.

"The Indians were pretty peaceable round where we lived, and we supposed ourselves safe. But that day a war party came on

safe. But that day a war party came on us sudgenly. They fired and killed Sam.
"When I saw him fall I cut into the
brush and ran into a dense laurel thicket there I hid, nigh about frightened out of

my senses.
"I was full ten miles from home, and I w the Indians would watch for me ig the road. I lay still in the laurel knew

along the road. I lay still in the factor till dark and then set off across the mountains. I was bareheaded and barefooted, and soon my feet began to bleed.
"I had not gone more than a few miles when I heard the howling of wolves on my track. This added terror almost lent wings to my fact but the wolves gained on me.

to my feet, but the wolves gained on me.
"I did not dare to climb a tree. If I had done so, the wolves would have kept me treed till morning, and then the Indians would have discovered me; and I dreaded nothing so much as falling into their

"I ran panting on, but the wolves were better runners than I, and they were almost at my heels. There was one wolf, much larger than the rest, that came near me so close that when it shok its shaggy

larger than the rest, that came near meso close that when it shok its shaggy coat wet with dew, water spattered in my face. "This big wolf snapped at and fought with the others and kept them back, and finally the pack dropped behind. "For some reason or other the big wolf didn't seem to want to hurt me. It behaved more like a dog and trotted along beside me, not near enough for me to touch, but company-like, you know. "It kept along with me till daylight, and then I could see the clearing of the settlement about home. When the wolf finally left me, it would stop now and then and look back, as if a good mind to keep on. "I shall always think that wolf was sent to me by Providence; for I don't believe I ever should have kept up and found my way that dark night over the mountains without it. "And that's the reason I never hurt a wolf, but I've done them many a good turn let me tell you, and ain't even grudged them a sheep or two of my flocks."

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PUBLISHED EVERY SUNDAY.

FOR THE INSTRUCTION AND AMUSEMENT OF TH YOUNG READERS OF THE CONSTITUTION.

gent Free, as a Supplement, to the Readers of the Daily Constitution.

All Letters and Communications Intended for this Issue Must be Addressed to The Constitution. Jr.

ATLANTA, GA., December 13, 1896.

#### BLUES IN MACON.

#### Atlanta's Little Orack Eleven To Play

The Peachtree Blues left Atlanta on Sat-urday morning at 7 o'clock for Macon. Whether they won the game or not will be told in The Constitution, Sr. The Junior went to press before the news was re-

The Blues went to Macon feeling as if they were going to lose. They have not been together more than five times—that is the team that went to Macon. They are going down to play boys they don't know a thing about—whether they are overgrown kids or whether they are the regulation size and of somewhat of a match for the Blues. However the boys are going to play ball if the Macon boys play the whole Mar-oër team. They left with hope, but not with confidence.

Johnson, the captain of the Rues, took flown a strong team for their weight. They will not get beaten bad, and that is certain. As for individual playing the boys are as good as any team of their weight. Johnson did not give out the team when he left, but I think I can come very near telling what it will be. Wilkins will be at center, Hopkins left guard, Whitlock left tackle, Richardson left half, Beck left end, Nelson right guard, Haygood right tackle, Johnson right suard, Haygood right tackle, Johnson right half, Cox right end, Gains full and Morton quarter. Harris first sub; Morris second.

The majority of the boys will get back tomight. Bee Constitution, Sr., for report of the game. Next Sunday there will appear in The Junior a detailed report, written by special representatives, who go to Macon for that purpose. It will tell you how the game was lost, who lost it and all about it.

Moons Win.

The Ivy street Moons played the Peachtree Blues on Friday afternoon. The game was called at 3 o'clock. The Peachtree Blues had the bail first. At the first of the game the Blues were ahead 10 to 0. The touchdowns of the Moons were made as follows: First. Liscomb; second, Trippe; third, Glower. The Blues could not stand the terrible bucks of the Moons. Goldsmith ktoked off on the Peachtree Blues and Harris on the Moons. The game was very interesting. At the last the score was It of 10 in favor of the Moons. The positions of the Moons were as follows:

Liscomb, fullbark; Glower, quarterback; Harris, halfback; Furgasin, left end; Trippe, right end; Atkinson, left guard; larles, center rush; Cunningham, right tackle; Atkins, right guard; Almond, left tackle. Bubs-McCloud and Simmons.

The Blues were very weak. They must have left their playing clothes at home, but when they got there they were sorry they did not bring them with them. Allen Glower is captain of the Moons, while Neal Harris is manager. Moons Win.

#### Annie Thrower Lodge.

I. O. J. T. NO. 50. I. O. J. T. NO. 50.

The lodge met Sunday afternoon at 3 clook. The hall was full to overflowing.

Seven candidates were elected and initiated. Our lesson, led by Assistant Superintendent Miss Julia A. Withers, was very interesting. Our superintendent gave us a talk on a subject in which we were all interested and enjoyed very much.

After a pleasant meeting the temple adjourned to meet again December 13th, at 3 o'clook. All the cousins are invited to Join.

#### Answered.

A wealthy gentleman, somewhat hard of hearing, had on his parlor floor a fur rug of a little-known animal.

A guest, noticing it, said to his host:

"What kind of an animal does that skin

Belongs to me!" answered the wealthy man.

#### Figliuolo, the Student.

The Atlantic Monthly has a charming sketch of Figliuolo, a little boy living in Italy, who would not learn to read. He had been told all the most delightful stories belonging to child literature, and the consequence was that when he came to the alphabet and primer, he had for such elementary ponsense a prompt and rightcut. nse a prompt and righteous

contempt.
"Why should I care," he said, disdainfully, "whether the cat has the rat, or has
not the rat?"

here the subject lapsed; but for several days there was a great and general dearth of leisure at story-time and reading hour, until his appetite had whetted itself to its

the third is appetite had whetted itself to its keenest edge.

Then, one day, Madonna sauntered in from town and dropped a wide, flat package, without remark, on the nursery table. To strip off the paper was an understood privilege. From within appeared an abridged version of "Alice in Wonderland." The cover alone was a blaze of color. The illustrations were doplous and brilliant, the type of the largest, the words enticingly monosyllable. syllabic.

ly monosyllable.
"Oh, it's mine, isn't, Madonna?"
"No, indeed, Figliuolo, it is my own."
"Wby, you don't care for such a book
as the, To you, Madonna?"
"Yes, indeed; it is a very fine story, and

very funny besides."
"And will you read it aloud, so I can hear

21, too?"
"I don't think I shall have any time for During a pause that followed, the plo-

tures were appreciatively studied, and even the large, clear type received tolerant

"But, Madonna, this seems like a book that I should like a great deal more than

"It wouldn't be of any use to you, be-cause you can't read and you are never going to learn."
"Would it have been mine if I knew how

to read?"
"Well, yes, I think perhaps it might

"Well, yes, I think perhaps it might have been."

The next pause was a weighty one, and the following query quivered with suppressed excitement: "And—if I did learn to read it, Madonna, would you be willing to give it to me?"

"Well, yes, I think if you should really read it through, every word, you would deserve to own it."

So the struggle began anew, and even the cat, if not the rat, found her proper plere after all. The great fight was won. A few months later the trophy, itself sadly dimmed and worn in the struggle, cassed into the conqueror's unquestioned possession. Figliuolo is a reader.

#### W. H. Felton, Jr.

This is a photograph of the only grand-son of Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Felton, of Car-tersville. He bears the name of his distin-guished grandfather, and is the son of



Dr. Howard Felton, of Cartersville. He is nineteen months old, is a wonderfully pre-possessing child, and gives every promise of having inherited the brilliant attain-ments of his distinguished grandparents.

Young Actors Perform.

On Saturday, December 4th, the Northside Dramatic Club gave its semi-monthly entertainment at D. H. Dougherty's home, corner of Peachtree and Baker streets.

The curtain rose at 8 o'clook in the evening, and a large audience had gathered to greet the young actors as they appeared.

The programme was as follows:

Act 1.—"The Ghost," a negro play, in one act, by Earnest Brooks and Russell Mitchell.

Mitchell.

Act 2.—"Take It; Don't Take It." A negro sketch, in one act, by D. H. Dougherty, Jr., and R. C. Mitchell, Jr.

Act 2.—"The Rescue." A duel scene.

Act 4.—"The Fate of the Three Robbers," in three acts. Scene 1. the robbery; scene 2, the robbers at home; scene 3, prison scene and death of the robber. By Messrs. Brooks, Blount, Dougherty, Lewis, Leonard, Mitchell and Foster.

A continuous laugh was kept up all

Mitchell and Foster.

A continuous laugh was kept up all through the first and second acts, but suddenly the laughing hushed, the lights were turned out and all was dark with the exception of a candle, which was disnly burning on a table upon the stage. Two men were seen sitting at the table playing cards, when a fight took place. Pistol shots rang out, and a minute later a detective rushes in with a pistol in both hands pointed at the gambler, who is standing with a dagger raised over the dead body of his comrade. Then the red fire blazes up and the curtain falls.

falls.

Nearly every one in the audience wore pink and blue ribbon, as they are the colors of the club. After the show was over, the chairs were removed, and "Dropping the Handkerchief" and many other interesting games were played by the children. The audience went away pleased, and every one declares that they have never seen such good acting before by actors as young as the members of the Northside Dramatic Club.

#### Dogs and the North Pole.

The north pole will never be discovered unless dogs are used on the expedition. That is practically the statement that Nansen made when he returned from his recent voyage. Few people seem to have recog-nized how valuable the sledge dogs are to an arctic explorer. Nanson would probably have got much nearer to the pole than he an arctic explorer. Nansen would probably have got much nearer to the pole than he dd if he had taken more dogs with him. Again, it was due to the two dogs that he was able to make his way back to Franz Josef Land in safety, and Nansen's meeting with the Jackson-Harmsworth expedition would never have been brought about but for the barking of the dogs to the windward. These Eskimo dogs are a curious race. In appearance they are not unlike colles, but they carry cheir tails curled over their backs, and their bodies are more thick-set than that of the collie. The true Eskimo dog has a curious wild look about him, which is not seen in any other breed. Considering that the sledge dogs are generally badly used by their masters, they are very quiet and good tempered. They will eat almost anything, but their favorite diet is fish. They are extremely hardy, and frequently do as much work in one day as would last an ordinary dog for a week. One of the peculiarities of the Eskimo dog is his feet. He has no short hair between the toes. There is a reason for this. If the dog's feet were hairy the snow would "ball" on them, and thus lame the dog.

So far, Eskimo dogs are not often seen in this country, but there is no reason why they should not be, as they make excellent companions and are quite good-tempered when kindly trested.



Julia Cuthbertson, Wolfsville, N. C.—Dear Junior: Hallo! Here comes a little girl. Hope you will let me join your little band. My grandpa takes The Constitution, and likes it splendid. I always read the cousins' likes it splendid. I always read the cousins' letters and think them very interesting. And Aunt Susie writes such nice letters for us, they are always instructive. I think our column is improving. Let's try and make it more entertaining every week. Say, how many little girls know how to shoot? I am going to learn. I think all girls should learn to shoot and swim as well as the boys. I have a little colt and love to ride horseback very much, but mamma is ride horseback very much, but mamma is afraid I will fall off sometimes. This is my first letter to your paper and I know Aunt Susie is so sweet she will print it. I wish you all a merry Christmas and hope Old St. Nicholas will not forget any of you.

Annie L. Troutfetter, Berry, Ga.—Dear Aunt Susie: "Forgotten" is such a sad word and I must send you a gentle remind-er ere oblivion claims me for its own. I believ, Aunt Susie, you want us to write some particular subject, so I shall write about "Hidden Treasures." We all have some particular subject, so I shall write about "Hidden Treasures." We all have somewhere safely hidden a casket of memories. Rumage through our trunks and there you will find a tiny lace handker-chief, a broken fan, perhaps a rulned pair of gloves. What sweet memories they bring us of a summer spent at the seaside or some noted springs. Just look through my scrapbook, there you will find flowers gathered from nearly every state in the union. The prairie flowers tell of many a ride through the broad prairies of Texas. This little blue flower was gathered off of Mont Blanc, from the highest point a lady ever went. I also have rocks that came from different places in Colorado. Here is a bunch of faded violets, what sad memories they have for me. They were gathered for me by a dear and lovely friend, and ere they had lost their fragrance her body was laid to rest in a quiet country cemetery. I could write columns about my curiosities gathered from different places, but will not tire you too much this time. As I live in a quiet little town and sometimes get rather lonely I shall ask some of the older cousins to correspond with me.

Bessie and Bertie Livingston, Raleigh,

Bessle and Bertie Livingston, Raleigh. Bessie and Bertie Livingston, Raleigh, Ga.—Dear Junior: We are just twelve years old, our birthday was the 28th of October. We are not in school at present, as we suppose most of the cousins are, but will be truly glad when we can enter school and resume our studies, as school is the most appropriate place for every one that expects to accomplish anything in the near future. Our greatest desire is to make smart and intelligent women in after years, that we might be of some good, and not live this life without accomplishing something by which we can be remembered thing by which we can be remembered when we are no more. There are a great many that live this life and die without ever doing any noted thing, or rather seem not to care to do anything, when, if they would use their talents, they would become great and noble people. There are many great and noble people. There are many valuable talents buried and never put to any good use. Success to The Junior and its editress.

I belong to a music and literary class of boys; am a passionate lover of both, but like music the best. So the cousins cannot possibly reason that I am a very bad boy. For the cure of ill-temper and trouble, music has no equal. When I am worried and vexed a few minutes drawing the violin bow is a sure remedy; fact is, I and two of my sisters have a band of our own, consisting of small violincello, harp and cymbolet; intend to make additions before long. Let me urge all that write to this department to fill their home with home music for it will overcome the youth's ten-dency to wander and his sister's readiness to leave home; draws their hearts, ay! their very souls into closer bonds of friendship, sympathy and love.

Maggie and Seward Tool -Dear Junior: Since the election is over thepolitical thermometer has fallen from 110 to 70 degrees and is declining still Everybody is now giving more attention to their domestic affairs; some are digging and banking potatoes, while others are cutting and grinding cane, sowing winter grain, etc. The gospel expounders are coming forward with renewed energy and mak-ing the woods ring with their divine axes; they are rechipping the old blazes on the ing the woods and the state of the very are rechipping the old blazes on the road leading to the New Jerusalem and posting sign boards in such big letters that a fool can run and read. Memma is making her a new winter frock, while granding her a new busy parching corn to feed the chickens and gathering up the eggs for Christmas. In our imagination we fancy old Santa Claus greasing the wheel of his chariot and nailing the shoes on his snow white horses preparing for the distribution of his Christmas presents in the millions of homes throughout the land. Mamma-says that old Santa is partial to good children, so we are trying to see how re we can be. Many little stockings will hung before the fire place on the night of Christmas eve and many little hearts will go to bed beating happy with expectancy of the coming morn. Will there be any disappointments? Will any little stockings be found empty? We hope not and that every breast will throb with joy on Christ-

mas day.

Grandpa says that Christmas always
brings to his memory pleasant recollections,
especially one little event that happened some forty years ago, when he and grand-mamma stood before the marriage alter, joined right hands and together plighted their vows. May they one and all see many happy returns of Christmas day is

## IN THE SCHOOLS.

Boys' High School.

When the doors of the Boys' High school are closed on the 24th of December the pupils and patrons of the great institution will certainly be able to reflect upon the work of 1896 with a smile of satisfaction. Professor W. M. Slaton, with fils usual vim and energy, has certainly brought the work to a most brilliant conclusion, and it would be next to impossible to honor him enough for his glorious success. In fact, the school has never before in the annals of its history had such a prosperous term, and its many friends are rejoicing most heartly. But if the school has done well, it has, by no means, outstripped the immortal society. With the very kings of debaters and declaimers to conduct the closing exercises, it is now an assured fact that they never have been or never will be surpassed by any other exercises.

that they never have been or never will be surpassed by any other exercises.

As the Cuban question is now occupying the attention of the public, the debaters have selected it for the great discussion, and they are receiving many congratulations on the good judgment which they displayed. Every citizen, male or female, of the crty of Atlanta is cordially invited to attend, and we assure them that if they do they will never have reason to regret the decision.

"Resolved, That fear rather than the

do they will never have reason to regret the decision.

"Resolved, That fear rather than the love of peace caused Grain to compromise the Venezuelan question," was the sensational subject, and it was debated last week with a vim that did ample justice to its importance. President Gramming gave his decision in favor of the affirmative. Professor Brittain criticised the debaters in his usual excellent manner and received much applause. The society then proceded to elect a director to represent the interests of the school in the Atlanta Baseball Association.

Messrs. Albert Cox and Perdue Johnson were nominated, but as a motion to adjourn was made and overwhelmingly carried, the vote was not taken.

Jay Youngblood.

#### Ira Street School.

Last Sunday's Junior contained the roll of honor for our school, but through an unavoidable error the roll of honor for the first grade was not published in full. I give below the correct roll for that grade: give below the correct roll for that grade: Kittie Glover, 98.8; Hugh Hynds, 98.5; Jose-phine Garrett, 98.2; Mabel Carlyon, 98.1; Rosa Andrews, 97.6; Zellina Cheek, 97; Clyde Shrapshire, 97; Frank Graham, 96.8; Nellie Drake, 96.5; Levy Robertson, 96; Liz-zetta Ernest, 96; DuBose Wooten, 95.5; Minnie Couriner, 95

zetta Ernest, 96; DuBose Wooten, 95.5; Minnie Couriney, 95.

We were glad to welcome back this week one of our brightest pupils—Helen Leibman. She has been sick for some time, but she looks the same bright girl as before she was taken sick.

Miss Wood, the highly esteemed teacher of the eighth grade, has also been sick, but she was back at her post Friday.

We will soon stand our examinations for this month. I think we are well prepared, but we are still studying.

month. I think we are still studying.

Edna Brewer.

Fair Street School. The sixth grade had a spelling match last week between the girls and boys. The girls were victorious, having ten 'eft tanding with only three opponents. Some of the little scholars in first standing

A write quite well indeed to have attended school so short a time. Of course great credit is due the teacher, Miss Robinson, who is always so kind and patient with

Fourth grade B also had a spelling match last week and the following chil-dren remained standing: Kate Freeman, McDonald, Warren Langston,



PEARL DARNELL. Honor Pupil Third Grade Fair Street School

Joyce Wood, Lynette Agricola, Jee Harralson, Frank Ralls, Ozie Henry and Sybil Kendrick.

Last Wednesday, the day of the snow, the teacher of fourth class B requested the pupils to write a poem on the snow. One of the best of the poems was by John Carroll.

Myra Cheshire, a pupil of third grade B, made an average of 95 last month. She was quite disappointed at not seeing her name in the paper.

Pearl Dernell is one of the brightest

pupils of our school. She is only years old, yet she leads her class, grade A, all the time.

#### Fraser Street School.

As the rolls are so long this month, I shall As the rolls are so long this month, I shall not send in any other news.

The honor rolls for the month of November are as follows:

Eighth Grade—Azelea Chandler, 98.4; Inc.

Eighth Grade—Azelea Chandler, 98.4; Inex Moon, 96.5; Annie Tenenbaum, 96.3; Mary Farmer, 95.8; Ida Donehoo, 98.6. Seventh Grade—Herman Hogg, 98.8; Lena Clements, 98.6; Louis Sherman, 98; Willie Thurman, 97.4; Wilfred Knapp, 96.7; Miles Dennis, 96.2; John Sage, 96; Annie Turner, 95.9; Julia Land, 95.9; Benson Rook, 96.8;

SA COUNTY OF STREET WAS SALED OF STREET WAS SALED OF STREET SA

Rufus O'Farrell, 95.7; Dalsy Gilbert, 95.5; Ned King, 95.1; Hattie Levy, 95.

Sixth Grade—Anna Bel Morrell, 98.4; Sophis Latimer, 98.3; Jonnie Howell, 97.1; Louise Martin, 96; Charles Beach, 95.6; Patty Brown, 95.4; Hiles Hutson, 95.1.

Fifth Grade—Bessie McSweeney, 98.6; Petrina Cefalu, 98; Dan Sage, 97.6; Willie Hughes, 97.1; Alta Eldson, 97; Mollie Turner, 96.6; Tom Mell, 96.4; Judson Latimer, 96. Annie Hix, 95.7; Irene Miller, 95.5; Dalsy Jackson, 95.4; Harry Sherman, 95.4.

Fourth Grade—Florence Randall, 99.4; Eva Mims, 98.5; Herbert West, 97.5; Clare Hancock, 97.3; C. Kilpatrick, 97.2; Lura Rice and Erma Hogg, 96.5; Stephen West, 96.4; Estelle Cook, 96.2; Ernest Hogg and Harris Wheeler, 96; Ernest Brantley, 95.9; Roy Rivers, 96.2; Marion O'Farrell, 95.

Third Grade—Eugenia McSweeney, 98.2; Florette Butcher, 97.9; Lefia Brown, 97.8; Marie Camp, 96.9; Mattie Morgan, 96.5; Neille Catlette, 96.2; Harry Kilpatrick, 96.7; Cecil Persons, 95.3.

Second Grade—Maud Randall, 98.6; Nora Jordan, 98.5; Catherina Craig, 98.4; Georgia Butcher, 98.4; James Gryder, 98.3; Annie May Askew and Izora Askew, 98.2; Else Ret and Earl Martin, 97.9; Kirby Brown, 97.3; Dalsy Vaughn and Isabelle Hooker, 96.8; Edna Blackmon, 96.4; Murphey Rice, 96.3; Mattie Latimer, 96.1; Roy Roberts, 95.7; Irene Wingate,, 95.4; Howard Russell, 96.2; James Middleton, 96.

First Grade—Josephine Davis, 99.2; Ada Bell, 98.8; Cecil Cherry, 98.1; Willie Harmon, 98.1; Cleo Mims, 98.1; Willie Harmon, 98.1; Cleo Mims, 98.1; Willie Harmon, 98.1; Cleo Mims, 98.1; Willie Askew, 98; Perle Fuller, 98; Ira Dunsmore, 97.7; Robert Huffman, 96.2; Lots Farmer, 95.7; Walter Turner, 95.2; Pansy Hannah, 95.

Hunter's School.

#### Hunter's School.

On the 23d of December the school closes and the programme that has been arranged promises a treat to those who shall be pres-

ent.

The main feature of the programme will be the closing debate of the year.

A subject completely up to date has been chosen and reads as follows:

"Resolved, That intercollegiate games should be prohibited."

The affirmative will be protected by Gwin Lipes, Russell C. Mitchell and Logan Clarke, while the negative will be fortified by John Turner, J. W. Chesnut and Henry Leonard. The "Euphemian, Jr.," will also take part in the exercises.

The subject they will discuss is, "Resolved. That electricity is much more useful to humanity than steam." The subject will be well handled by several bright boys.

boys.

On Friday, December 11th, the Euphemian
Literary and Debating Society assembled
and held an interesting meeting.

The day was the exact counterpart of the night on which Troy was overpowered by the Greeks. As, while "the stars were glit-tering with the green of the emerald, the blue of the amethyst and the red of the topaz," and the Trojans were quietly sleeping the Greeks came in and overpowered them, so the affirmative side overpowered the

Thrice Mr. Howard, the intellectual Achil-

Thrice Mr. Howard, the Intellectual Achiles, drove Mr. Inman, the intellectual Hector, around the walls of arguments.

Mr. Cliff Jones, the intellectual Ulysses, threw a tremendous stone into the ranks of the negative.

The "Euphemian, Jr.," met also on the same day. The subject was "Resolved same day. The subject was "Resolved to th

same day. The subject was "Resolved, That the female of the bovine species is more useful to humanity than the equine." Master Wilfred Jacobs and Master Cald-

weil Thompson spoke well for the affirma-tive, and Master Sinclair Jacobs and Master Brockett Ingle defended the negative nobly. The president declared the nega-tive victorious. This society is prospering rapidly and a glorious day awaits it in the future. Gwin Lipes. Gwin Lipes.

#### Crew Street School.

The following are the honor pupils of the lower grades:

Fifth Grade, B-Marcella Kendrick, 98 Leola Spinks, 97.9; Alice Austin, 96.8; Edwin Gifford, 96.8; Olga Mitchell, 96.5; Blakely Logan, 95.8; Mary Howard, 95.7. Fourth Grade A-J. Rutherford Wilcox,

98.5; Howard Parker, 98.4; Helen Satzky, 98.4; Marie Thomas, 98.2; Robert Schwab, 96.8; Virginia Allen, 96.3; Carrie Rosborough, 96.2; Clifford Steinhauer, 95.4; Susle Goldsmith. 95.4; Marie Sciple, 95.2.

Goldsmith, 95.4; Marie Sciple, 95.2. Fourth Grade, B—Ida Hurtel, 98.3; Katle Harris, 98.1; Anita Stewart, 97.6; Rose Mo-ran, 97; William Rich, 96.9; Perry Bemer, 96.4; R.ta Abrams, 96.2; Woodham Hightow-er, 96.

Third Grade, A-Roland Royden, 95.5 Ian Thomas, 95.5; Mary Thomas, Aline Swift, 95.1. -Roland Royden, 95.5; Ju-

Anne Swift, 95.1.

Third Grade, B—Ora Blankenship, 98.4;
Mary Myers, 97.9; Rebecca Love, 97; Eva
Hattaway, 96.4; Minnie Jacobs, 96.2; Margaret Stokes, 96.2; Lena Clein, 95.6; Fannie
Simonhoff, 95.5.

Simonhoff, 95.5.

Second Grade A—Annie Steinbauer. 97.7;
Helen Isham, 96.9; Louise Jenkins, 96.6; McTyeire Lewis, 96.6; Ethel Daniel, 96.5; May
Belle Swift, 95.9; Ottilie Arnstein, 95.6;
Lewis Parker, 96.6; Alva Peavy, 95.5.

Second Grade B—Ida Kahanow, 97.1;
Nannie Kahanow, 97; Rosa Kleinburg, 96.8;

Natie Lycon 96.8; Fannie Cohen, 96.1; Mülle

Lizzie Lyon, 95.8; Fannie Cohen, 95.1; Millie

Goldberg, Second Grade C-Lois Blankenship, 97.4; Zelma Washington, 97.4; Mary Hill, 95.1; Margaret Stout, 95; Ethel Thomas, 95; Lota Wolfe, 95.

Professor Davis was greatly pleased with his visit to our school. All of the grades received high marks, the eight grade getting 98. Rucker. Calhoun Street School.

Friday last the second meeting of the R. Echols Literary Society of the eighth grade was held. The invited guests were the A. W. Calhoun Literary Society and one-half of the Lowry Literary So-clety, which was the fifth grade. The fifth grade was rewarded in this way for getting the highest mark in singing up-stairs.

Miss Brady, Miss Bayne, Miss Suller, Miss
Thompson and Miss Smith and quite a
number of guests were present, so that
our room was filled to its utmost capacity. Walter Echols, the president, presided with great dignity and made a splendid opening address.

opening address.

The first thing on the programme was a dobate, the subject of which was "Resolved, That corporeal punishment should be abolished in the public schools of Atlanta." Tom Cheshire led the negative and Robert Mitchell the affirmative.

The judges were Miss Brady, Miss Payne, Henry Atkinson and Minor Boyd. The decision of the judges resulted in favor of the affirmative. There were recitations



HATTIE MAY HIGH.
'upil and Popular Young Lady of
Calhoun Street School.

and dialogues from every grade in the school. The programme was highly enteraining.
On Christmas eve there will be quite a

number of different amusements up by the teachers. third and fourth grades will have a

Christmas tree.

A midday feast has been proposed for the eighth grade.

The fourth and fifth grades carry off the

The fourth and fifth grades carry off the attendance honors this week.

On Wednesday, the day of the snow, the four upstairs grades had a snow battle. The battle was confined to each grade. Howard Payne and Robert Mitchell chose sides in our room, which is the eighth.

Those who did not go out stood at the windows and watched the battle. The little people of the first grade came upstairs to the eighth grade and looked out of the windows at the folks in the snow. One little boy was heard remarking after One little boy was heard remarking after ng one of the big boys pitching a snow-: "Pshaw, I could beat him throwing wballs." Elle Goode. snowballs.

#### Davis Street School,

We were glad to have Major Slaton visit us last week, as we are always glad to see

Our attendance was very low on account of the snow. All the children were glad to see it, but the weather was so bad our teacher would not let us play in it.

We had a very interesting programme last Friday in general exercise. Those who entertained us with their recitations were: Theresa McDuffle, Blanche Harwell and

Theresa McDume, Blanche Harwell and Lucile Mills. Sixth Grade—Josie Miller, 98.3; Laura Ad-amson, 96.6; Myra Stubbs, 95.9; Pauline Ozburn, 95.4. Fifth Grade—Mary Brown, 97.5; Mary Mc-

Firth Grade—Mary Brown, 91.5; Mary Mc-Donald, 96.9; Myrtle Myers, 96.3; Anton Breitenbucher, 95.7; Nellie Sisson, 95. Fourth Grade—Hattie Somerville, 98.2; Laura Turner, 98.1; Nellie Scott, 98.1; Bes-sie Adamson, 97.3; Laura Milam, 96.7; Jesse Bishop, 96.6; Carrie Glore, 96.6; Ola Hill, 96.2; Clifford Dempsey, 95.2; Clyde Thur-

man, 95.
Third Grade—Mary Soyez, 96.9; Ward
Aenchbacker, 96.8; Bula Holland, 96.5; Annie Caraway, 96; Ethel Miller, 95.5; Noah Harris, 95.3; Annie Stewart, 95.

Harris, 36.3; Annie Stewart, 95.
Second Grade-Nellie Brown, 98.1; Minnie Turner, 97.5; Freddie Adamson, 96.8; Mary Brownly, 96.2; Floy Bishop, 95.1.
First Grade-Lura Allen 98.3, Cora Allen 98.3, Beuna Walker 98.3, Gussie Lawrence 98.3, Grady Glore 98, Annie Turner 98, Emet Tanksfev 97.7. Sydnay Thurnan 97.5 met Tankstey 97.7, Sydney Thurman 97.5, Willie Brown 97.1, Bessie Vawter 96.8, Stuart Milam 96.7, Tommie Seay 96.7, Ruth Carlsen 95.8, Ella May Williams 95.7, Augusta Martin 95.6, Nellie Stricklin 95.6, Williams 95.6. Elma Cawthern 95.3, Ernest Brown 95, Ruth Harben 95.

Myra Stubbs

#### Ivy Street School.

The honor rolls of Ivy street school for November are:

Eighth Grade-Fannie Turner, 98 4-11; Margaret Whiteside, 98 4-11; Maggie Driver, 97.9 6-11; Minnie Abel, 97 8-11; Sara Cobb, 97 8-11; Julia Traylor, 97 6-11; Bessie Hunter, 97 4-11; Rachel Alam, 96 8-11; Harold Wey, 96 5-11; Kate Guerard, 96 3-11; Estelle Moody, 96 2-11; May Bancker, 95 3-11; Fannie

Moody, 36 2-11; Any Bancker, 38-3-11, Fainte Lea Davis, 95 2-11; George Stowers, 95. Seventh Grade—Mae Andrews, 98.5; Ethel Burke, 97.3; Willie Hood, 97.2; Kathleen Wright, 96.7; Estelle Williams, 96.7; Mamie Campbeil, 96.3; Sallie Wofford, 96.2; Willie Thomas, 95.4; Willie Belle Hutchison, 95.3; Edith Lazarus, 95.1; Gertrude Varnell, 95.1; Charles D. Smith, 95. Sixth Grade—Ethel Morgan, 98.6; Janie

McMahan, 98.5; Isabel Stephens, 98.3; Zole Cannon, 98; Julia Paisley, 97.8; Philip Wey, 97.7; Esther Alexander, 96.7; Madge Ferguson, 95.9; Waldine Harris, 95.7; Julian Perdue, 95.1.

on, 95.9; Watum.
lue, 95.1.
Fifth Grade — Pauline Bridge,
Cooper, 96.6; Florence
Cornel Ney, 95.9;
Bessie Ney, 95.9;
Grim, 95.7; Clara Mamle Mamle Cooper, 96.6; Florence Trice, 96; Røssie Ney, 95.9; Isaac Ney, 95.9; Rosie Grim, 95.7; Clara Stowers, 95.5; Fred Morton, 95.3; Cornella Brantley, 95: Charles Ahles, 95. Fourth Grade—Nora Harmon, 98.1; Ro-bert Phillips, 97.6; Jeannette Wey, 97.2; Kit-tie Reld, 96.9; Claude Patterson, 96.4; How-

ard Almand, 96.3; Edith Hoyle, 96.1; Carrie Perdue, 95.6; Clara Erdman, 95.4.

ard Almand, 96.3; Edith Hoyle, 96.1; Carrie Perdue, 95.6; Clara Erdman, 95.4.
Third Grade—Allie Cannon, 98.6; Georgia May Taylor, 98.3; Anna Belle Hansen, 97.6; Ruth Blodgett, 97.4; Annie Wilkinson, 97.2; Archie Forsyth, 97.1; Foster Friend, 97; Earl Cates, 96.9; Emma Phillips, 96.6; Minnie Smith, 96.6; Harry Getrshonovalz, 96.3; Zemila Dooley, 95.8; Hortense Fuhrer, 95.7; Beula Brown, 95.4; Milton Elliott, 95.2; Alfred Holcomb, 95.2; Second Grade—Mary Brent Smith, 98; Florrie Hirsch, 97.5; Lillie De Vaney, 96.9; Ethel Gerry, 96.7; Eva Davis, 96.6; Bertie Harmon, 96.6; Claudia Bass, 96.5; Jeannette McLeod, 95.8; Homer Davis, 95.7; Marguerite Day, 95.5.

Day, 95.5. First Grade Day, 95.5.
First Grade—Edna Burgen, 96.7; Montford
Morrison, 96.5; Emma Driver, 96.2; Floyd
Albert, 96.1; Ernest Morgan, 95.9; Lucy
Howard, 95.6; Laura Wyatt, 95.5; John Varnell, 96.4; Marie Riley, 95.3; Lallah Pope,
95.1; Mary Bostrom, 95; Harris Glover, 95;
Morrow Portwood, 95; Virginia Portwood, 95.

#### Mrs. Prather's Home School.

Mrs. Prather's Home School.

Last week in our school, on the hill out on West Peachtree, we were glad to welcome the return of our principal from her visit to friends in Alabama, who complimented the Prather Home school by entering several new students for 1897.

These girls are all from fine families and will be quite an acquisition. We will try to give them a hearty welcome so they may not suffer from homesickness.

The snow was a beautiful and exhilarating surprise and a joy, but one thing we think not quite fair and that is that we did not receive an invitation to that chocolate party in the big room up stairs, where thirty-five girls were served with "hot chocolate," four teacupe, one dipper and the sugar dish top being the entire outfit! Janet and Elizabeth Tompkins, Constance Knowles and Juanita Tyler were the Ganymedes to the goddess-s assembled at this banquet—the chocolate was the nectar, and the crackers the ambrosia. However, we now have a stove, too, and our "nectar" will be distilled every day, whether it "snows or blows," and as Hera herself presides over vs, we think we shall share more sumptuously than with the wise and industrious Pallas-Athene who presides in that same big room up stairs—something likened to Olympus itself.

industrious Pallas-Athene who presides in that same big room up stairs—something likened to Olympus itself.

The girls in the advanced drawing class have been studying shadow in water colors this year, and during the last week of November, at Miss Emily's suggestion, we decided to paint each a Christmas present for our mothers. We make a busy but merry party in the afternoons with our easels, water glasses, brushes and color easels, water glasses, brushes and color boxes. Sarah Morris is painting an English scene with castle and grove and gentle stream. Nellie Nix, a pass in the snow-capped Alps; Beatrice Peck, a French bit in capped Alps; Beatrice Peck, a French bit in the Cevennes—a convent against a background of hazy mountains with some cattle, and a cross in the foreground; Annette Broughton, a Roman bridge with the Apennines behind it; Susie McCielland, the opening of Norwegian flord filled with great bowlders and purple rocks. Susie is far ahead of us all, although her picture is the most difficult.

The little girls have been promoted to the large class and are now drawing from the great white models as the large girls do. Some of them are succeeding wonderfully well and are sure to make nice little

do. Some of them are succeeding wonderfully well and are sure to make nice little artists in time—notably, Marie Angier,
Minnie Van Epps, Juliet Cabaniss and
Juanita Tyler.

Among the larger girls, Jennie Mobley
has done the best work in drawing yet seen
in the school. She entered in October and
has already made over forty drawing

has already made over forty drawings from the models and has now commenced the study of the objects about the school-rooms. She makes a fine record in all of her classes.

Our class in French translation is now reading the pathetic story of Cosette. The style of Victor Hugo is gradually becoming more familiar and we are learning to ap-preciate the wonderful clearness and beau-ty of this master of the French language.

The beginners class in Berlitz French seems to be the favorite with our learned professor. He always receives it with a smile of pleasure and has many pleasant things to say of the bright girls who com-

we send a programme of the exercises of our Zeta Cleithean Society's last meeting. Miss Ruth Holcomb is president, Miss Olivia Smith, vice president; Miss Byrnie Dugas, secretary, and Miss Nellie Nix, critic.

#### PROGRAMME.

ther.

Recitation—"The Christmas Camp on the
San Gabr'el," Miss Olivia Smith.

Recitation—"The Evening at the Farm,"

Miss Jennie Stewart.

Dance—"Comique," Miss Lottie Peck Wylie.

Recitation—"The Ballad of Splendid Si-ence," M:ss Marie Louise Harris: Recitation—"The Baby's First Tooth," Miss Lillian Barrow

Vocal solo-"Ah! Cupid," Mrs. William S. N. R. N.

#### Mrs. Crawley's School.

Instead of writing you long letters every week sometimes I will send you interest-ing original sketches of writers or stories by the different girls in my class, for I want you to know how bright they are and I want them to belong to our Consti-

and I want them to belong to our Constitution Junior family and write for all the
children who read the paper.

The big girls initiated Miss Saida Wyman, of Montgomery, Ala., into their
S. A. E. fraternity this week. She lives
in the school with her uncle and aunt,
Captain and Mrs. Armstrong, and takes
history, literature and higher mathematics
from Mrs. Crawley. The girls are very
proud of having her in their "frat," as
they call it. All of the girls were glad
that the legislature appropriated \$20,609 for
the Technological school. Some of them Technological school. Some of them had been chaperoned out to the Techno-logical school and liked not only the work and the shops out there, but the boys, too;

so they almost wanted to help Mr. Knowles make speeches to get the appropriation. Miss Florence McElwee said they ought by all means to have a department for electrical engineering, and Miss Lillie May Peacock said it was a shame for a boy to

have to go way off to Cornell to learn what should be taught here, while my sister Luie thought it was "awful" that they didn't have a beautiful dormitory for the boys so that the nice, good boys who come here strangers would be protected from the bad boys in town.

Rev. Malcolm McGregor talked to us on "The Traits of the Scots" and it was splendid. I liked it because my great-greatgrandfathers on both sides came from

grandfathers on both sides came from Scotland Dr. McGregor looks just like a Scotchman and talked the Highland and Lowland Scotch language for us. He told us about Scotch writers and characters. Our literary class wrote the life of Washington Irving, for we have been reading about him and his writings.

Our class recited in concert for the school "Poor Little Joe" at the opening exercises

yesterday. We ask each other in French for what we want at the table and it helps us to remember the French words we have learned.

Miss Annie Mapp, who teaches us free-hand drawing and designing, will spend Christmas at her home in Milledgeville. We will have only from Thursday till Tuesday holiday at Christmas time, but we can crowd a lot of fun in a few days.

The children of the American Revolution met at Mrs. Dickson's and little Edward King recited. He is such a bright boy to be so young. There are twenty-three numbers, Mrs. Dickson had delicious refreshments and made all of us very happy. Mr. Edward Inman is treasurer of the society.

#### With the Night School.

With the Night School.

The Atlanta Night School Literary and
Debating Society was called to order last
Friday night, December 4th, with Mr. I. F.
Nichols, the president, in the chair.
The regular programme, consisting of a
debate upon the subject, "Resolved, That
city life is more preferable than country
life," was rendered. Several other minor
exercises were postponed until next meeting night on account of the general eleption of officers.

ing night on account of the general election of officers.

There were several names placed before the society for president, but all declined except Mr. Volberg, who was selected. The other new officers are as follows: B. A. Brown, vice president; W. B. Reeves, secretary and treasurer; Dougherty, assistant secretary and ifbrarian; I. F. Nichols, ordic; W. B. Reeves, corresponding secretary, and Leslie Clark, chaplain.

The amendment offered by Mr. Clark at the last meeting, providing for a new officer, that of chaplain, was taken up for consideration and passed. The society will in the future be opened and closed with prayer.

prayer.

Much interest is being manifested in the Much interest is being manifested in the debate that is to take place on the closing might before Christmas, and no doubt all who attend will be afforded a rare entertainment. The debate is upon the subject, "Resolved, That the character of George Washington is more to be admired than that of Bismarck." The affirmative side will be argued by Messrs, Boyle, Twitty Cranshaw, Loudon and Pitt, while the negative will be champloned by Messrs. Voberg, Jones, Dougherty, Brown and Reeves. W. B. R.

#### Mrs. Hanna's School.

Mirs. Hanna's School.

Miss Hanna was a little late in getting out our reports this month, but you will find them below. The young ladies are soing to have another debate on the 22d of this month at Phillips & Crew's hall, on Peachtree street, at 8 o'clock. The subject of the debate is: "Resolved, That the judge

of the debate is: "Resolved, That the judge should have married Maud Muller."

The young ladles on the negative side will wear yellow ribbon and those on the affirmative, white. Those on the negative are Miss Mamie Miller, tollowed by Misses Ina Long and Nina Maner.

Those on the affirmative side are Miss.

Ina Long and Nina Maner.

Those on the affirmative side are Miss Octavia Maner, followed by Misses Ethel Eastin and Bertha Dewberry.

Our honor pupils are: Collegiate, Edith Gable, 99; Lee Morrall, 98; Helen Brown, 98; Kate Robinson, 97; Ina Long, 96; Ethel Eastin, 96; Kate Logan, 96; Mamle Miller, 96; Nina Maner, 95; Bertha Dewberry, 95.

Primary—Alex Smith, 98; Clayton Orr, 97; Donald Rayburn, 96; Hal Drake, 95; Fred Watt, 95.

#### Robert Fitzsimmons, Jr.

Robert Fitzsimmons, Jr., is happy. W. Levison has made for this precocious youngster the smallest pair of boxing gloves on record.

They are modele in the big contest between Sharkey Fitzsimmons, but each glove weighs but one ounce. They are red in color and are perfect specimens of the modern boxing



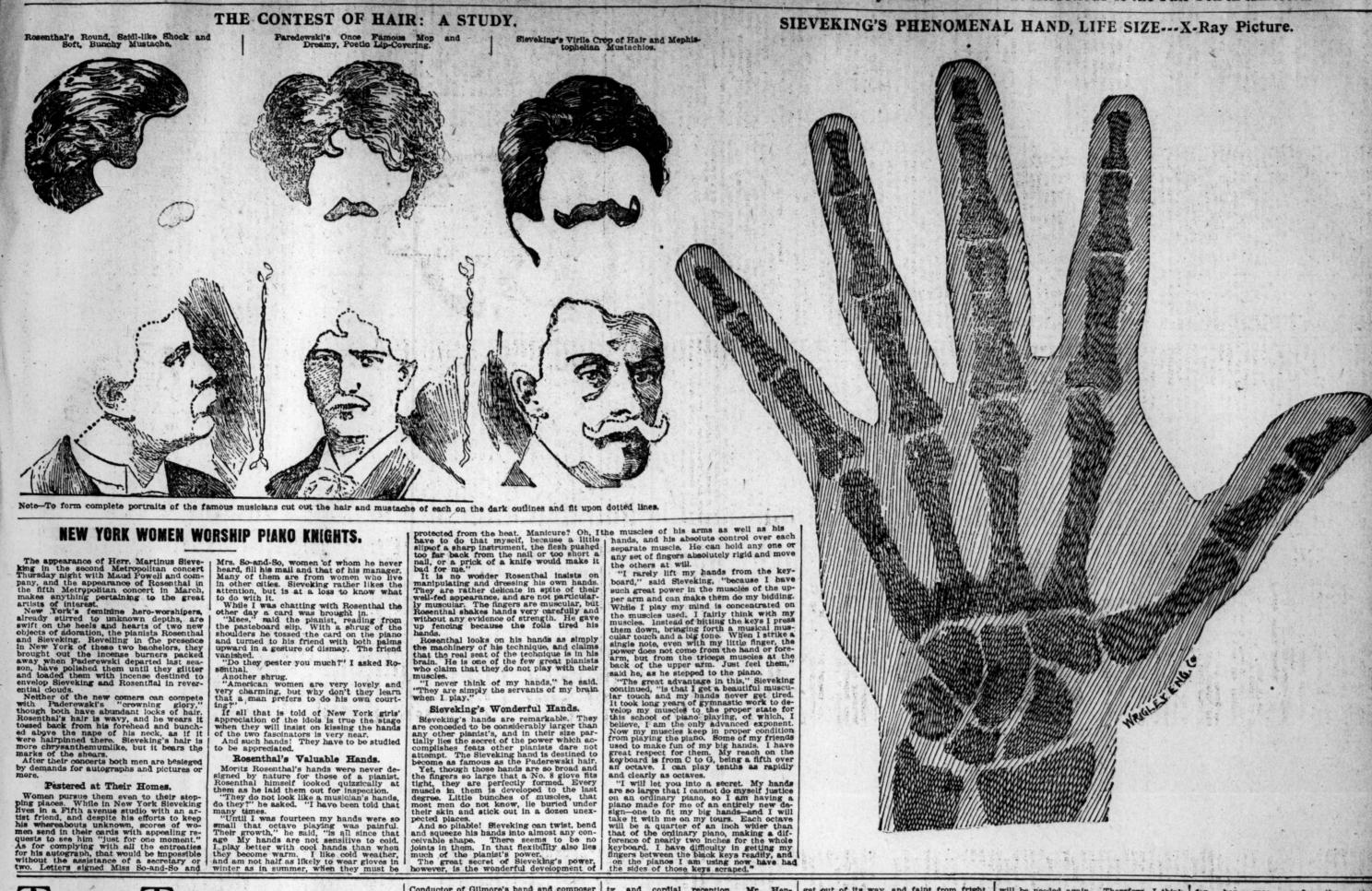
glove. Young Fitzsimmons donned the mittens to give his father the final try out. Bob found it rather difficult to swing on his youthful opponent owing to the difference in the size, and Robert Fitzsimmons, Jr., won his first contest. Mrs. Fitzsimmons cheered the youngster on and heartily applicated him when he licked his father. CONSTITUTION

ATLANTA

CONSTITUTION,

# RIVAL MUSICAL IDOLS OF THE LADIES

Close Contest Now Being Waged Between Pianists Rosenthal and Sieveking for the Place Once Held by Paderewski in the Affections of the Fair Sex in America.



at the Grand next Friday night. Unusual interest centers in the engagement of this popular organization, for their appearance is the chief event of the musical year. This year the organization is said to be considerably strengthened by the addition of erably strengthened by the addition of several new artists, and the list of prin-cipals includes such well-known favorites as Henry Clay Barnabee, William H. Mac-Donald, Jessie Bartlett Davis, Hilda Clarke, Eugene Cowles, Alice Nielson, George Frothingham, Josephine Bartlett, William E. Philip, T. Kelley Cole, Garcia Quive, C. E. Landie, Harry Brown, S. L. Studiey, L. Merrill May von Dresser and R. H. Burn-Merrill, May von Presser and R. H. Burn-

It has been decided to present here three operas, "Prince Ananias," "Robin Hood," and "In Mexico."

At the opening performance, Friday even-ing, "Prince Ananias" will be put on, "Prince Ananias" cost \$15,000 to produce, and is one of the most gorgeously mounted compositions on the stage. The work is by Victor Herbert, the accomplished director of Gilmore's band, and is described as sparkling and melodious, with a breezy atsparkling and melodious, with a breezy atmosphere, and full of pungent humor. The story of "Prince Ananias" is laid in the fifteenth century at the court of Navarre, and deals with the adventures at court of a vagabond poet and an outlaw, who begule a strolling player to try and amuse a grewsome king who has never been known to smile. Their mishaps, and the complications which follow, furnish many laughable incidents, "Prince Ananias" will be given with the same investiture that marked its production in New York. "Robin Hood" will be sung at the matinee Saturday and the new opera, "In Mexico,"

Saturday and the new opera, "In Mexico," Saturday night.

The fine the companies of the matter of the companies of the section of the fine property of

The engagement of the Bostonians begins | yet vengeful Mexican girl, Mrs. Davis's performance will prove a revelation to those who have never heard her in tragic roles. Her conception shows all the intensi-

This. Hoyt's most far ous comedy, replete with brilliant wit, over lowing with side-splitting comedy, and withal a strong and most interesting story of love and intrigue, ty and passionate love of the untutored peasant girl. In this powerful interpretation the whole gamut of the emotions is run. Of her home life it is enough to say that Mrs. Davis delights to spend her vacations at Willowdale farm, near Chicago, where the wall of the strongest play of its kind now before the public, and is drawing packaged between the public. tions at Willowdale farm, near Chicago, where she and her husband, William J. Davis, the manager of the Columbia theater, mingle pleasure and profit in diversified farming. Mrs. Davis is the proud as far as the scenic and musical effects are mother of a charming wounger who

their skin and steek out in a december skin and steek out in a december of the places.

And so pliable! Sieveking can twist, bend and squeeze his hands into almost any conceivable shape. There seems to be no joints in them. In that flexibility also lies much of the planist's power.

The great secret of Sieveking's power, however, is the wonderful development of Conductor of Glimore's band and composer of "The Wizard of the Nile," and other operas. The cast is an exceptionally fine one, headed by America's favorite comedian, Digby Bell, and his talented wife, Laura Joyce-Bell, the famous contralto, supported by a specially selected cast. The presentation will be under the personal management of Mr. Ducan B. Harrison.

This, Hoyt's most far us comedy, replete the presentation will be under the personal management of Mr. Ducan B. Harrison.

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This, Hoyt's most far us comedy, replete the presentation will be under the personal management of Mr. Ducan B. Harrison. touch with his large following in the southern and western states concluded to play a preliminary season in that section before opening in New York with his spectacular extravaganza, "Father Knicker-

The (New) Nabobs Company is of great strength, in that Mr. Henshaw in selecting his people had an eye to engaging only those whom he can use later on in his great New York city production of the "Father Knickerbocker." In this connection it is Knickerbocker." In this connection it is well to state that the new production of "Father Knickerbocker" will be unique and so original in plot, construction and grand spectacular display, that a long metropolitan run, at one of the best Broadway theaters is anticipated. Mr. Henshaw will play the role of Knickerbocker, Jr., a character which will give him full scope mother of a charming youngster, who she says is the sweetest boy on earth, and whose returne she is deeply interested in.

Jessie Bantlett Davis is, indeed, a great slinger with a famous past, and let us hope, of fairy girls, in dainty fabrics, fresh from

"That's what the biograph, now on exhibition at the Olympia music hall, does.
"At first you seem to be looking straight away down a railroad track. Suddenly the Empire State express looms in sight way off in the distance, and comes steaming toward you—right dead at you at full speed. "It makes even an unimaginative person kind of shiver and wish he could get off to one side, but women—it scares them to death.
"Two lad'es who were in a box last night screamed and fainted.
"And now the next thing you'll hear they've brought suit against Mr. Hammerstein for damages to their nerves."

The Buckler Stock Company, a superior

The Buckler Stock Company, a superior repertoire organization, will be seen all next week at the Columbia theater. This company comes direct from the Grand opera house, Washington, where the press of that city gives the performances splendid notices. Monday night, "The Wages of Sin" will

be presented, and on that evening ladies, accompanied by an escort with a paid 30-cent ticket, will be given complimentary admission.

Manager DeGive has made arrangements

whereby the latest New York success, "The Biograph" will be introduced at every per-The biograph is just now the talk of New York city, where it is drawing immense crowds at Koster & Bial's.

WHAT THE NEGRO IS DOING. Matters of Interest Among the Col-

ored People.

Dr. W. G. Alexander, pastor of Big Bethel church, and Rev. R. D. Stinson, presiding elder of the Atlanta district of the African Methodist Episcopal church, have returned from Washington, D. C., where they have been representing their church and people as delegates to the National Anti-Barroom Association.

Dr. Alexander will fill this pulpit this morning and tonight.

get out of its way, and faint from fright, it's about time to stop.

"That's what the biograph, now on exhibition at the Olympia music hall, does."

"The state should see to it that her colored troops are so prepared that should she ever call on them they will march their race and a pride to the state, but will be prepared to do valiant service for their country and good old Georgia, the Empire State of the South."

> Dr. Charles Kelly, pharmacist at the Douglas pharmacy, has enlisted in the volunteer service of the state as hospital steward to the Second Georgia battslion of colored volunteers. He is a graduate of Lincoln university, Pennsylvania, and of the pharmaceutical department of Meharry Medical college, Nashville, Tenn. and has passed a most successful examination before the state board of examiners,

Butler's Atlanta cornet band has also enlisted in the state's army by joining the Second Georgia battalion. The band is well organized and is one of the best in the state, considering its age. It is under the management of William Lewis. The following are the names of some of the members of the band: George Nuckles, Thomas Greene, James Jones, Henry Sloan, Ciliford Sloan, Dallas Huguley, William DeReef, Holley Machen, Edward Portergee, L. Wallace, James Gray and others. They are now preparing to furnish music for our celebration on January 1st. It is their intention and the intention of the second Georgia battalion and their friends to make this band one of the best in America. I wish them success and will do all in my power to help them in their effort to excel. organized and is one of the best in the

America. I wish them success and will use all in my power to help them in their effort to excel.

I hope the committee that has charge of the January celebration will leave no stone unturned to have the largest parade and gathering this January that they have ever had. Every society, secret organization, labor organization and military organization in Atlanta and vicinity, among our people, should be invited and urged to be present and take part in this great celebration that marks the close of the thirty-third year of our freedom. Every man, woman and child of our race should at once begin and help make that day the greatest Atlanta has ever seen so far as our people are concerned Colonel Blocker said that our people in Augusta are making efforts to have the largest January celebration they have had ni many years. Atlanta and her colored citizens cannot afford to fall behind any other city in this matter.

At Covington, Ga., is located an institu-

among the lowly.

The presence of this orphanage at Covington, the Carrie Steel Orphans' home and the Carter home for old people and boys here in Atlanta, the Old Folks' home at Norfolk, Va., the Old Folks' home at Philadelphia, the Orphans' home at St. Louis, and the Home for Working Girls at Washington, D. C., are only some of the evidences which show to what extent and with what earnestness the women of our race have entered upon this work.

ed upon this work.

The reception given by the members of Big Bethel church on Friday night in honor of their pastor, Rev. W. J. Alexander, whom the conference saw fit to return, to the deligh of the whole congregation, was an enjoyable occasion. Dr. Alexander has made many friends among all denominations since he has been at Bethel.

The friends of Bishop A. Grant will be glad to know that he is expected in Atlanta on the second Sunday in January.

Colonel Judson W. Lyons, of Augusta, was in Washington, D. C., this week on

business.

The Woman's Club held a call meeting last Wednesday at 4 p. m. at the residence of Mrs. Bishop W. J. Gaines, 360 Houston street. There was a large number of the members present. The president, Mrs. D. T. Howard, presided.

The next regular literary meeting will be held next Wednesday at 3:30 p. m. at the residence of Mrs. Mary Green, 271 Auburn avenue. All the members are requested to be present, as this will probably be the last meeting the club will hold this year.

Bishop W. J. Gaines is in the city this

Bishop and Mrs. H. M. Turner left the city Wednesday morning for Alabama. where the bishop will hold his conference.

city Wednesday morning for Alabama, where the bishop will hold his conference.

The rumor of the death of General Antonio Maceo has come to us. To say that it brought sadness to the hearts of the colored Americans and all other lovers of freedom and liberty is putting it lightly. We regret to hear this rumor, although we do not believe it.

But we can say one thing with truthfulness, and that is this: If he is dead, he died a leader, a brave hero, fighting for the freedom and liberty of his flative land; he died fighting for a cause and a principle which he believed to be just and worthy. That being true, if he be dead, in his death a victory is won, for those who fought with him will catch fresh inspiration and push forward to victory and avenge the death of their leader by winning free Cuba, for which he died.

There is one thing that history can safely record about the negro in times of war; he has always been found fighting on the side that was struggling for independence and for freedom. It was thus Tousasint L'Ouvrerture fought on the Haytien falands; it was on the side of independence and for freedom from British tyranny that the 3,000 negro soldiers fought in the revolutionary war with the colonists; and it is for these same principles that General Antonio Maceo and his followers are so bravely fighting in Cuba. I would ask our readers to refer to the work of William C. Nell, entitled, "Colored Patriots of the American Revolution," and there they will find that the negro was a powerful and indispensable factor in the revolutionary war.

H. R. BUTLER.

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ippled, Nervous, Neuralgic or prostrated
th diseases may suffer,

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INTERNALLY—A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps. Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Dierrhoea, Colic. Flatulency and all internal pains.

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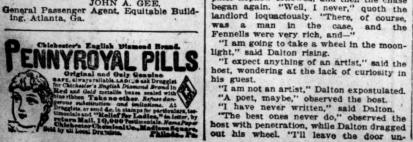
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General Passenger Agent, Equitable Build-ing, Atlanta, Ga.



### HERCULES OF SHINNECOCK

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 27.

yet human, which gave out a little dis-mayful cry, and drew nearer to the wooden block (Yet is it not more?) and

cried out:
"Don't hurt me, please."
"My dear young lady," sald our young gentleman, "I certainly have no such intention. I beg you a thousand pardons."
His voice may have reassured ner, for she now stepped out into the moonshine—a slight, girlish figure, in a costume the Greek ladies—not Sappho, nor her Pericles loved—ever would have dreamed of, though they indeed might approve of it, could they review this old earth, and if they know out of the gloomy realm of Hades. Ah, are they there who laughed so lightly on earth. Who so loved Pkasure's own dear self.

so loved Pleasure's own dear self.

In her hand, the supplicant of the roadside god, dragged a wheel; a slight girl,
with that indefinable air of distinction,
even in this startling and ludicrous mo-

"You have seen me," she said, quickly. "I am not sure," he observed lightly, and taking her appearance as a matter of

"Well, you have," she declared, gaining bravely at a curtain note of admiration in his voice, which declared at once a vic-tory in the first skirmish of acquaintance-

shtp.
"You will not, sir, tell a soul?"
"Not a soul," he declared. "Hercules
and I alone know."
"Ah," she cried in dismay, "there they

She pointed to the slope beyond the bridge; and Dalton, looking, saw a vehicle approaching rapidly, and already heard its distant creaking. "He will ask for me," said the supplicant

of Hercules, for so Dalton regarded her. "You must not let them know you've see

me."
"But,"— he began.
"I never shall forgive you."
"Well, that's a terrible threat," said he.
But she now was hidden by the shielding

Hercules, the wheel dragged into the shadow, while the wagon ever nearer now creaked on the bridge, and then crunched on the sand toward the Hercules. "Very well," said Dalton, apostrophizing Hercules, who seemed to answer with a smothered "Thank you." Back to the inn he went, while the two stout cobs and the buckboards drew up, and a gruff voice

"Have you seen her?" "Are you addressing me, sir?" our adenturer demanded The speaker was now down by the buck-

"A young lady, sir; on a wheel?"
"At this time?" said Dalton. "You don't

"Yes; I do mean alone," said the person, who seemed as irascible as the father Mr. Drew faces in "Rosemary"—fat, red-faced, even in that light; a man of seventy, who

"This is dreadful," the clerical young

man declared, in a precise cierical young
The other said: "It's ——ble," and to
Dalton, "Where's Morse?"

"The landlord, you ninny," the other cried, in the tone of a most exasperated

"I think be's gone to bed. Who, sir, is the young lady?" Dalton queried, wonder-ing at the part so suddenly thrust upon

"I thought so. And she has run away?"

"How did you know, sir?" cried the other

"You said so."
"Did 1? I'll catch her. She didn't dare

o take the train. That was watched-a

Shinnecock, at Easthampton. She must have come on her wheel."

"My dear uncle, I beg pardon," put in the

clerical young man.
"Beg pardon, sir, the 'osses ought to be watered," declared a voice with the su-

riority of a groom who condescends in

who don't endure-at the inn and its land-

lord, while the young man in the clerical coat timidly put in deprecatory clauses. But the master's rage was not to be as-

suaged even by the complacent host, who

suddenly appeared, lantern in hand. For-getting the dripping cobs, the angered father—as if he had stepped out of a play—

father—as if he had stepped out of a play—buttonholed the newcomer, whispering—as if he had not told Dalton at all—while the Hercules, who knew, watched across the way, saw Dalton standing by himself and the young man in the clerical coat addressing him, possibly with a sense that too much had been said.

"It's very aggravating of my cousin Amelia."

"I trust, sir, you'll say nothing. Oh, I beg your pardon, I know you won't."

Here the host's hearty voice rose above

Mr. Fennetts wasspers.
"Not a soul, sir: I know Miss Fennell."
"I'm going down the road—to Good
Ground station anyway. Keep your mouth

shut, Morse."

"Now, don't you need—"

"Your best rye and water, eh? Come,

Paul"-to the clerical person-"have some

Dalton tipped his chair back, and waited

and wondered how Amelia felt there be-hind the Hercules; but neither she nor the

Hercules said a word. He was surprised at himself, at his very extraordinary conduct. The host came out and talked to the groom. The rosy-faced gentleman and his

groom. The rosy-faced gentleman and his paler nephew followed, and then the chase

"I am going to take a wheel in the moon-light," said Dalton rising.
"I expect anything of an artist," said the

ost, wondering at the lack of curiosity in

"A poet, maybe," observed the host.

"I have never written," said Dalton.

"The best ones never do," observed the host with penetration, while Dalton dragged out his wheel. "Til leave the door un-

"Oh, Amelia," quoth Dalton.

"You know, sir, I don't-"
"But it's chilly-"

Mr. Fennell's whispers

whisky.'

"Don't know him."

"My daughter, sir."

HIS VOICE REASSURED HER.



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ebrated for its great leavening strength and purity. It makes your cakes, biscuit, bread, etc., healthful, it assures you against alum and all forms of adulteration that go with the cheap brands.



latched," said the host, watching his guest disappear toward the bridge. Then redisappear toward the bridge. Then reflecting on the peculiarities of people who have enough money for wheels and excursions, he went in sleepily; and the scene lay still, save for the Hercules. But at last was a footfall down the road, and Dalton returned. The Hercules stood irresponsive, while the inn windows which might have held so many eyes seemed to watch and the way was our scenetic returned. He ask why was our eccentric returned. He walked toward the figure and stopped.

"The coast is clear," he said. But there was no answer; and then he looked behind the statue, and started rubbing his eyes. Amelia had vanished, for so he had begun to call hen. He whistled and looked up to the statue, which seemed to smile derision. How could she have gone? And was this fair, after all that he had done? Then suddenly the figure seemed to give

"It was very good of you," she said, now tepping about. "I couldn't resist tantaliz-ng you. It was childish of me—wasn't it?"

quoth Dalton. "I am going to escort you back. We can't wait here. The inn has

eyes and the Hercules can't protect you."
"Was it he?" she said, looking up at the
great face. "But you are right."
She was on her wheel now and Dalton

following to the bridge, where he had left

"Of course," said he, "there is a man in the case."

"There usually is," said she.
"I don't think it a laughing matter.

"You are going back. When Mr. -

he has been on a wild goose chase."
"I believe I am," said she.

"I like your impertinence."

"When Mr. Fennell returns he will find

"Well, perhaps," said Dalton, firmly.

"But now that you have put the matter in my hands I intend to be obeyed."

"Why?" she said, putting a hand on his

You are too little a girl-not over six-

Well, I like that, sir. I'm nineteen."

"Hurry," he interrupted, "we must be go-ng\_"
"I like the idea—to show papa that he

was wrong. Fancy him returning and find-

ing me-"
Her words now led to action, for she fol-

lowed Dulton, who suddenly had gained a sense of responsibility. He felt bound to

get this entrancing little girl out of her scrape. He had not expected that she would obey so easily. Again and again he lcoked at her trudging up the first slope, "We will meet here," he said. "But—"

"You can't care so much for him."
"I was tired of monotony. Life is so

"Uh, ho," cried Dalton. "You have been

"Yes," she said quietly, "but I don't think adventure is so much fun. Now it's off iny hands."

"In whose?" said he, anxiously.
"In yours," she retorted. "You have taken it. You must bear the responsibil-

"If I were not a sort of guardian I be-

"Sir." she said, "you wouldn't dare. We'd better be wheeling."
"To avoid temptation," he said, mount-

Up and down those slopes they went

fleeting figures in the moonshine, that showed now a gabled roof, and always the far watery stretch. The descent of one Shinnecock hill slope carries your wheel half way up the next.

I was thinking, said she, "that we

"By Hercules," he said. "You ride very

"I do several things well. I ride a herse or a wheel. I don't golf so badly. Phil

"That's he, Phil. Is he worth while?"
"I don't know, said she. "He's very

"That I could be tempted."

Where is he?"
"In New York."

"I was going to him."

"Oh, and-

"Fennell."

"A what-

"Well?"

'What?"

ing you. It was childish of me-wasn't "Not so much as your appearance he

"Your father, and your cousin—"
"Od, Paul, isn't he horrid?"
"He impressed me as a very good young

"Too good."

"But Philip, I take it, isn't."

"How did you know. No, he's deliciously bad. That's why I like him, and papa
doesn't."

"They don't generally approve of delic-

lously bad young men for their daughters," quoth Dalton. "I think I know Philip—"
"Do you?"
"His like, I mean. He has a very good tailor, he knows the celebrities—the lady celebrities—at the concert halls."
"Yes, he does."
"He's an extend unprincipled young.

"He's an utterly unprincipled young

"So papa says."

"And he isn't worth your little finger—not Philip. But you are one of those dear, imaginative girls—" "I'm not little."

to be watched?" "If I were the watcher—"
"If I were the watcher—"
"Isn't the moonlight beautiful," she lingered over the adjective.
"What the moon shows is more so."
"Oh, you say those things better than

"I should hope I did-the cub."

"I should hope I did—the cub."
"It's very strange—and being together—
over these hills," Amelia said inconsequently, "It wasn't nearly so much fun before."
"That's remarkably naive—or crafty."
"I have lived nineteen years, I told

"And I forty; we're just of an age,

believe."
She made no answer to this; and now

board, followed with a thin young man out real laugnter, in the same feminine notes that had before surprised and attract-She gave him her hand, which he p I fear, for she pulled it away.
"I w'sh." said he, "that I were fasoinatingly wicked—like Philip."

'Amelia," he so'd, retreating.

"If you don't object to the ride." "It's that Philip," said he.
"Don't mind. I detest him. Don't come
nearer. There, good night." And she was

Near the Shinnecock reservation he passed the buckboard. He made sure of that; if he were rot noticed. He fancied their surprise when they had returned to find Amelia was there. The moon sent a last fading glow over the darkening landscape. Several times he dismounted, and sat on a height, and lit his pipe, and dreamed; and finally the sun sent its first ghostly warn-

dares to question—said that madmen, and poots and lovers were all the same. At sometime we are all mad, or rhyming, or loving, at some time we, too, have been in the mood to sit all night on a moor, awaiting the sun. Dalton came over the bridge, and under the sunlit Hercules.

The host said:

"They came back from Good Ground without finding her."

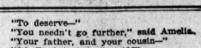
suddenly suspicious.
"Hum—I know Miss Amelia Fennell well;
yes, very well," said Dalton.
The Hercules—there against the meadow

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"Who have to be watched."
"Do you think it would be better for m

She made no answer to this; and now rather silently they wheeled on and on, and out of the hill country, and over the level to Southampton, and through that sleeping village, and beyond, and at last through a lodge gate leading to a far put red house with a glimmer of the sea beyond. They said some things I can wager you; but Dalton never repeated them to me.

"This is the pice," said she. "I can get in. I have a latch kept They never will know. It's been awfully good of you—Mr.—"
"Jack—Jack—Dalton, Amelia."

"Jack-Jack-Dalton, Amelia."

"You call me Amelia."
"So your cosin Paul had the privilege."
"And he never did so much for me as "I wish I might do it again, Amelia," said he then.

Tou needn't. said Amelia. "I like you etter—than Philip."

"Pay us a visit. I'll say I met you—at the Leightons." "May I tomorrow?"

running up the drive. For a moment he hesitated; and then he heard a door open-

ing, shutting.
Turning, he wheeled melancholy back. ing of the daybreak, which spread over the hill and sea, the promise of God and love. 'Twas a long time for a chap to sit, sentimentically, alone in the dark, you'll say, but, then, mighty Shakespeare—whom nobody but the clever Mr. Bernhard Shaw dares to question—said that madmen, and

"You made a night of it, eh? An artist—"
"Tim not an artist: I'm theoretically a
roker on Wall street, and practically—" He looked at the Hercules wi

"Of course, she was at Southampton."
"How do you know?" asked the host,

and bay, now sparkling under the sun-knew how well, for Great Hercules is a god, who, Paganism teaches, possesses his images; and a god, of course, knows a man's mind, and, what's more, his heart.

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# HOLIDAY HANDKERCHIEFS.

Just purchased a sample line of Swiss Handkerchiefs. Child's embroidered . . . . . 5c Ladies' and Misses'. . . . . 10c Handsome embroidered. . . . 20c Linen Perfection. . . . . . . 25c

SILK HANDKERCHIEFS. Hemstitched, white and colors, roc H. S. pure Japanese, large size, 200 H. S. embroidered .....25c

#### KEELY'S GIFT GLOVES.

This is the busy department Gloves fitted and warranted. Five distinct styles.

Narrow Embroidered, Wide Striped Pique, Patent Walking Gloves, The Evening Gloves, Correct Street Gloves,

MORE ABOUT GLOVES-Do you want Gloves?

Gloves for yourself, Gloves for your boys, Gloves for your maid, Gloves for your driver. Special Christmas sale of Perrin's Men's Gloves. These are the best known gentlemen's walking gloves,

Gentlemen's Dress Gloves. . . 2.00

#### Capes Our Special Offer. Silk Department. SPECIAL OFFER.

Christmas is only a few days away! We are

showing a very handsome assortment of Silks

and Wool Dress Goods, suitable for Holiday

Presents. You couldn't give your mother, sis-

that would be more appreciated than a Dress

of some of these Goods. We have them at

all prices to suit all purses.

89c yard Black Brocaded Silks

Black Brocaded Silks and Satins, really worth \$1.25 yard,

Black figured Satins and Silks

in very stylish patterns;

5 Pieces of Black Peau de Soie

and Satin Luxors, never sold

less than \$1.25 yd, for this

were \$1.75 yd, reduced yd... 98c

sale ..... 790

Colored Dress Goods.

42-inch all wool Boucle Novel-

44-inch Tufted Bourettes, pret-

38-inch Plaids in pretty, bright

46-inch all wool Serge, worth

46-inch black silk finish Hen-

75c quality Broadcloth, 53

44-inch Novelty Dress Goods

\$1.50 imported Sultings, spe-

75c eztra heavy Serge, all

in black, real value 75c,

ty combination of colors..... 590

ties in all the most popular

and Satins in new designs

Cloth Capes, trimmed with jet and braid, big value at.....\$1.50 Elegant fur-trimmed Cape .....\$2.98 Very heavy Beaver Cloth Cape reduced to.....\$3.87 \$6.75 Plush Cape for......\$5.00 Handsome Plush Cape, good

Gloves Don't buy till you get our Prices...

\$1 pair Kid Gloves in black \$1.25 pair Kid Gloves with clasps, in black and colors,

New lot of \$1 Kid Gloves for Monday..... 89c

44-inch wide wale Serge...... 500 Black Goods Dep'm' 50c yard, for ..... 35c rietta for ...... 50c inches wide, for..... 590 All wool Ladies' Cloth ...... 250 Monday ..... 590 cial price for ......\$1.00 Children's all-wool Hose, worth 35c pair, Now 250 wool, will be sold for ..... 500 Now 100

# Linen Department. BEST OF VALUES.

72-inch bleached Satin Damask in beautiful designs, really worth \$1.45 yard, we have marked them..... 900

2-yards wide Cream Table Linen, was 75c yard, now ..... 49c 64-inch bleached Loom Damask, would be cheap at 50c.. 39c

60-inch all linen cream Table Damask reduced to ...... 250 72-inch half bleached Table Linen for..... 500

50c quality red Table Linen for...... 34c Large all linen Huck Towels... 10c

20x24 inches all linen Damask Towels..... 150 3-4 size Doylies, all linen, doz-

en ..... 590

# Blankets.

Good-weight 10-4 Blankets .... 750 11-4 Blankets, California finish, very cheap at .....\$1.98 11-4 wool Blankets, \$6.50 pair was the price, now......\$4.25 Big line Comfortables at 46c, 60c, 75c, \$1.96 and.....\$2.00 See these before buying.

and all most popular shades 75c reduced, pair..... \$1.0 45c pair Cashmere Gloves ..... 25c

# Hosiery.

3 pairs for \$1.00 Reduced, 150 Men's all-wool Sox, in black, gray and tan; never sold less 40c pair.

# Handkerchiefs.

Big Value, 250

Gents' Extra Large Cambric Hander-50 dozen Men's Unlaundered all-linen undkerchiefs. At 15c each Ladies' pure Linen Handkerchiefs, real Special Price, 3 for 25c Ladies' Embroidered Handkerchiers in pretty designs, worth from 15c to 25c each. Choice for

# Men's Furnishings

Marked 20c of Underwear, slightly soiled. Per Pair, \$1.50 A Garment, soc Beautiful line of up-to-date Neckwear a sil the most popular shades and styles,

# DOUGHERTY & MURPHY,

74-76 Whitehall Street.

CAPTAIN STOKES, OF AUBURNS.

Football Team Elects Officers for

Next Year.

Auburn, Ala., December 12.—(Special.)—Cadet W. B. Stokes, '98, was elected captain and W. J. Nexon, '97, manager, of the Auburn football team for 1897.

"Varsty and scrubs were tendered a reception last evening by the faculty as an evidence of the high esteem of their work this season.

this season.

Dr. C. H. Ross presided, while Tichenot responded to "Auburn's '96 Team;" Williams to "King Heisman," and Holcombe

STOLE A RING AND A WATCH

Hotel's Guest Walks Away with Val-

uable Jewelry. Attala, Ala., December 12.—(Special.)—Attala was the scene of a smooth dia-

nond robbery a few days ago.

A man named Boylton, claiming to be

EDITOR MATHEWS PASSES AWAY

News-Dispatch Owner, at Oneonta, Ala., Dies of General Debility.

Oneonta, Ala., December 12.—(Special.)— Editor L. P. Mathews, of The News-Dis-patch, died here this afternoon at 3 o'clock of general debility. He leaves no relatives,

but had a host of friends. His burial will

MORRISON BROTHERS ACQUITTED

Counterfeiting Was Not Made Out

Against Two Prisoners.

cial.)—Aufus and Lil Morrison, brothers of the late Kim Morrison, noted desperado, were today acquitted in the United States court on a charge of counterfeiting.

GADSDEN SALOON BURGLARIZED.

Thief Conceals Himself in the House

Until Proprietor Leaves.

Gadsden, Ala., December 12.—(Special.)—
J. N. Cunningham's saloon was burglarized last night. The thief concealed himself
behind some barrels until Cunningham
closed up at 12 o'clock. When Cunningham

closed up at 12 o'clock. When Cumingham came down in the morning he found his back door open. The cash register had been rifled of its contents, the thief getting \$9.30 in change. Two fine watches

Long Raft Towed.

Gadsden, Ala., December 12.—(Spepial.)— The steamer Clifford Say, Captain Hard-wick, came up tonight, having in tow the longest raft of logs ever seen on this river. It was 900 feet long and eight logs wide. The raft was for the Kyle Lumber Company. It is estimated to contain over 100,000 feet of sawed lumber.

as you will find on entering our store, and we intend to reduce the stock and the way to do it is to make the prices low.

way to do it is to make the prices low. You will find by purchasing from us that you will save from 15 to 50 per cent on any article you buy. We mean business and you will miss a treat if you do not call to see us.

No book store in the city can show you the variety which we show you, and there is no better place in the city to select a present for a friend. You will find at our store books of all kinds and in any style of binding you want, viz. Standard Series, Novels. Classic Books, Scientific Books, Novels, Classic Books, Scientific Books, Ribles, Testaments, Devotional Books, all the latest copyright Books, Prayer Books and Hymnals, Children's Books from 2½ cents to \$2 per copy; Albums, Work Boxes, Manicure Sets, Toilet Cases, Necktic Cases, Handkerchief Cases, Necktic Cases, Handkerchief Cases, Smokers' Sets, Cigar Cases, Writing Desks, Picture Frames, Pictures, Christmas Cards, Celinders, Celluid Goods, Games, Pocketbooks, Purses, Gold Pens, Fountain Pens, Balls, Box Paper, Work Baskets, Office Waste Baskets, Traveling Cases, Magic Larterns, Jewel Cases, Photo Cases, Letter Holders, Mirrors and other things too numerous to mention. Store open from 7 a. m. to 10 p. m.

THE METHODIST BOOK AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, 81 and 83 and 115 Whitehall Street.

in the drawer were un

# THE NORTHEASTERN

Bill Authorizing the Governor To Sell It Comes Up Tomorrow.

MR. F. M. IRONS HAS AN OFFER

The Georgia and Alabama Has a Place for Him-Mr. R. G. Stone Is in Harness Again.

The bill to authorize the sale of the Northeastern railroad did not come up yesterday in the house, but it will be reached tomorrow. As it had the unanimous dation of the railroad committee behind it this time, given after a thorough investigation of the merits of the case. there does not seem to be any objection to

The only difference between the new bill and the original one which was passed and then recommitted are in the conditions for the bidding, the payment of the purchase money and the relinquishment of the

lease by the lessees.

Hon. Fletcher Johnson, of Hall, who was for the original bill, suggested that a certified check of \$10,000 be required of pros-pective bidders, and his provision was in-serted. He also proposed to make the first payment \$50,000 instead of \$35,000, as named the first bill. The time for making the remaining payments was reduced from

Mr. A. E. Richards, one of the lessees, said yesterday that he was perfectly satis-fled with the bill in its new shape. He would not say anything about the prospect of a settlement of the differences between himself and Mr. Harrison, his associate in the lease, but it was reported that some adjustment would be reached between them. If that is done the sale will hardly meet with any objection, and there may be two bidders for the property.

who are largely interested in the Memphis and Charleston have an eye on this little road of the state's and would assist in a project to build from Chattanooga to Au-gusta. One of the projects which has been discussed with interest in New York contemplates a consolidation of three large railroad interests, and the link from Chat-tanooga to Augusta would be essential to its success. Without it the project could not go through. With the link constructed a new trunk line from the west to the south Atlantic coast would be obtained.

RAILROAD CHANGES HANDS. COLUMBUS SOUTHERN TURNED OVER TO THE NEW OWNERS.

Stockholders Elect Directors and Directors Elect Officers-E. R. Williams, President.

Columbus, Ga., December 12 .- (Special.)-The Columbus and Southern railway, which was sold last Wednesday to J. R. Anderson and E. R. Williams, was reorganized in this city at noon today, the name of

the old road being retained. The incorporators were E. R. Williams, J. R. Anderson, Cecil Gabbett, J. D. Lit. tle, J. F. Flournoy, B. H. Hood, W. V. Davis W. W. Mackall and E. A. Hawkins. The directors elected were: E. R. Williams, of Richmond, Va.; J. R. Anderson, of Savannah; J. D. Little and J. F. Flours; B. H. Hood, of Dawson;

officers elected were: E. R. Williams, president; Cecil Gabbett, vice president, and W. V. Davis, secretary, of Sa-

its owners this afternoon by Receiver Blanchard. For the present there will be the operation of the road. On January 1st the road will be merged into the Georgia and Alabama. A double daily service from Columbus to Savannah and to Montgom-

Tonight President Wilkams issued a cir-cular instructing Vice President Gabbett to take charge of the road. Mr. Gabbett circular appointing the same fficials who have been serving all along.

AN OFFER TO F. M. IRONS. The Georgia and Alabama Wants Him

in a Good Place. nbus, Ga., December 12.—(Special.)ne of the general officers of the Georgia and Alahama railroad were here today looking into the affairs of the Columbus Southern, which the Georgia and Alabama ught this week.

They also had a conference with Mr. F. M. Irons, of Atlanta, and it is understood offered him the position of assistant general passenger agent. Whether he will ac-

Mr. Irons is chief clerk to the general passenger agent of the Atlanta and West Point in Atlanta. He is one of the brightyoung men in the railroad business in the country. He came south only six months ago, but he has made an excellent oputation in that time and he is highly poken of by all the passenger men. Before emoving to Atlanta, he was connected with the Southern railway in Washington. Prior to that he had been with a number of roads in the west, among them the Un-ion Pacific, on which he had a good record. He is thoroughly familiar with the business of the passenger department both in and

out of the office, having been through all the stages.

As stated a few weeks ago in The Constitution, the Georgia and Alabama's traffic has increased so rapidly that Major Pope, the general freight and passenger agent, is taxed to do justice to both departments. The system has just bought the Columbus Southern and thus added to its mileage and secured possibilities for new lines and new connections. The system's immigration business is a very important feature and requires close attention. It is thought that the freight and passenger departments that the freight and passenger departments will be divorced and that Major Pope will be appointed traffic manager with super-

vision of the passenger business.

Mr. R. G. Stone has been appointed general freight agent of the Macon and Birningham railroad. Mr. Stone was formerly general freight agent of the Georgia S ern and Florida, but resigned General Manager Lane, of the Macon and Birmingham, who is also general manager of the Georgia Southern and Florida, anthe appointment of Mr. Stone to

RATE CUTTING IS CHARGED. The Baltimore and Ohio's Increase in

Traffic Makes More Talk. Considerable gossip is heard about the future of the Joint Traffic Association. future of the Joint Traffic Association. Some of the roads are restless because the Baltimore and Ohio is getting so much business, and they intimate that Receiver Oscar Murray is not "toting" fair. Horace J. Hayden, second vice president of the New York Central and chairman of the board of managers of the Joint Traffic Association, is quoted as saying in this connection:

this connection:
"I do not apprehend that the association is in any danger. The terms of the agreement bind the parties to it for a period of five years, and I have not heard that any road desires to withdraw. We have clearly prescribed means of enforcing our rules, and as yet no order has been disregarded. Our rules provide for the imposition of penalties for offenses proved against any member, but as yet it has not been found necessary to fine any member. The Baltimore and Ohio happens to be the road most ently accused of rate cutting. A sudden and extraordinary increase in the east-bound tonnage of that line supplied the hasis for the report that the joint traffic rules were being violated. In spite of emphatic denials by Baltimore and Ohio officials, the report keeps floating."
Receiver Murray explains the increase of

business by showing that the facilities for handling traffic have been greatly increased by new methods and the purchase of a large number of new cars.

The state railroad commission announced yesterday the decision in the fertilizer case would not be made public until December

Mr. Cheatham, the Seaboard's agent, re turned yesterday from Columbia, where he went to appear before South Carolina's railroad commission. That body had up the question of rates on fertilizers this

President George C. Smith, of the Atlanta and West Point, has returned from a trip

Carolinas have had great trouble with their

The Kansas City, Pittsburg and Gulf has declined to join the Western Freight Association on the ground that its line has

DESERTED AT THE ALTAR.

A Bridegroom in New Jersey Wh Failed To Appear. From The New York Times.

From The New York Times.

For weeks pretty Ruth Hoffman, the acknowledged belle of Mamemuskia, N. J., had been making preparations for her wedding. George Berninger, a prosperous farmer's son, was to have wed Miss Hoffman at 8 o'clock Saturday night. At that hour the Hoffman home was brightly lighted and crowded with invited relatives

The bridegroom did not put in an appearance at 8 o'clock. At 8:30, when it was concluded that Berninger had met with an accluded cident, some one was about to go in search of him when his brother arrived, and, call-ing the bride aside, handed her a letter. Miss Hoffman with nervous fingers hurriedly tore open the envelope. Then as she scanned the lines her cheeks grew pale, she gave a little gasp, the missive fell from her fingers and she threw out her arms and fell fainting to the floor.

All was in confusion in a moment, but as sistance quickly reached the prostrate young woman, who was arrayed in all the elegance of her wedding attre. Mr. Hoff-man, after his daughter had been cared for, was in a great rage, and he picked up the

Berninger wrote that he feared the young woman did not love him enough to be mar-ried, and he thought that at even this ried, and he thought that at even this late hour it would be better to back out of his agreement than to take a step that the two of them would probably regret the remainder of their lives. He failed to explain, however, why he had delayed making known his intentions until the last minute, and great was the indignation of all present.

Miss Hoffman was carried to her rooms. Instead of recovering and forgetting her cruel lover her condition has grown steadily worse. It is now feared that she will be

a victim of brain fever.

At 9 o'clock the guests had all gone, the feast prepared for the wedding remained untouched and the Hoffman house was a place of sadness and darkness. Sunday Mr.
Hoffman went to Berninger's house for an
explanation, but fearing the wrath of his

MITCHELL WON'T SIGN WARRANT Mr. Hoffman, the young man had fled to Philadelphia.

Removal

GENERAL LOUIS VERDIER CLARK

State Troops. mel Louis Verdier Clark, just r Colonel Louis Verdier Clark, just hamed as brigadier general of Alabama state troops was the youngest of the colonels commanding the three fine infantry regi-ments, his being the Second, with head-

quarters at Birmingham.

Colonel Clark is a Mobilian by birth and rearing, and comes from one of the most noted families of the Guif City. His father, Francis B. Clark, was long a prominent and loved citizen of Mobile county, and his oldest brother, Gaylord B. Clark was prominent and certainly perhaps the most prominent and certainly the most beloved member of the Alabama



COLONEL LOUIS VERDIER CLARK.

state calamity, and wider and more sin-cerely regretful comment from the entire press than that of any man who had never held-but always refused-high public sta ion. Francis B. Clark, Jr., another noted brother and partner of Gaylord, has just died, leaving as monuments a digest and died, leaving as monuments a digest who other works in the hands of every lawyer in the south. Sheppard and Bennet L. are two other brothers, long conducting the Spanish-American paper, El Commercio, in New York, where the venerable father now esides. The next youngest brother, Le Clark, is surviving partner of the great Mo-bile law firm, and the subject of the pres-ent sketch is the youngest of the family,

Including one sister.

He comes from a military family, his father and uncle having been confederate officers and Gaylord having left the Virginia Military institute while still a boy to join the army, in which he made a bril-liant record. Francis B. Clark, Jr., was for a long time commandant and drill master of cadets at Mobile, both having been of-ficers of the famous Mobile Cadets, of the First regiment of that city. Louis Clark graduated from the Alabama

state university just eleven years ago, just after winning his spurs by taking with his cadet company the first prize in the great interstate drill and encampment, or-ganized in Mobile in 1885 by Colonels Price Williams and T. C. DeLeon, There, under the old magnolias of the shell road assem-bled the flower of national guard soldiery from some twenty states, many western and southern universities sending cadet teams. The young Alabama champion won high plaudits from the United States army board of judges, of which Lieutenant Charles B. Satterlee was a prominent member, and they forecasted his military

Next year young Clark moved to Birm-ingham, at once taking a prominent place and raising and commanding a zouave and raising and commanding a zouave company, and soon after being elected to the captaincy of the Jefferson Volunteers, Company G, of the Second regiment, Alabama state troops. In 1887 he was selected as aid-de-camp to Major General Angus, United States army, commandant of that gigantic national drill encampment which Mr. T. C. DeLeon managed at the capital. Captain Clark's efficiency there was recog-nized by Colonel H. M. Black, of the Twenty-fourth regular infantry, who invited him to a similar position at the Chicago inter-

In 1890 he was elected colonel of the Second Alabama, a position which he has since held with equal credit to himself and cretion and efficacy in suppressing riot and protecting property during miners' riots about Birmingham and elsewhere. General Clark's appointment is understood to have been made wholly on his military merits. Several prominent and veteran officers were named in connection with the appointment, which ex-Governor with the appointment, which ex-Governor Oates refused, for reasons of his own, to fill. To prevent all embarrassment to his successor, Clark positively refused either to make any application or to permit his friends to press his appointment in any way. But Governor Johnston knew what he wanted to do and what the soldiers want-

ed, so he promptly issued the young gen-eral his commission on Thursday and sent in his message of appointment to the sen-A strict disciplinarian, admirable tactician and drill master and a military enthusiast, General Louis V. Clark is socially the most urbane and genial of men. with high erected thoughts, seated in the heart of courtesy. He numbers his friends equally in his old and new homes, and is withal a sterling and successful business man. It is a good and popular appoint-

Atthems, Ga., December 12.—(Special.)—
The successful contestants for positions in
the Clyde Shropshire medal contest, which
takes place in the university on January
19th, were as follows: Phi Kappa, Messrs.
Shelby Myrick, J. S. Moore and W. J.
Roberts; Demosthemian, C. M. Walker,
Robin Adair and J. W. Hendrick. Mayor of Gadsden Refuses To Pay the Waterworks Bill. Gadsden, Ala., December 12.—(Special.)—At the last meeting of the city council the fight over the water works contract grew

ell threw defiance in the teeth of the council and absolutely refused to sign warrant for the city's water service. He scored the water works company, denouncing their service to the people and told them that nothing short of the supreme court could force him to sign the warrants.

The company has recently made extensive improvements in its plant and claim that the water is now pure.

Methodist Ministers Will Preach in the Yaldesta Churches Today.

CONFERENCE ABOUT THROUGH

Young Preachers Examined and Admitted—Reports of Committees
Received by the Body.

Valdosta, Ga., December 12.—(Special.)— The fourth day's session of the South Georgia conference was opened with devotiona ervices by Rev. Mr. Ainsworth. The reports of elders and the examination of their characters were taken up and consumed nearly all of the morning session The reports were all good.

The reports were all good.

Bishop Duncan is regarded as the statistical bishop and he has probed into the affairs of the church, bringing out every fact that would show just what progress is being made.

The following young preachers were received into full connection: Revs. W. M. Budd, Robert Keen, R. E. Balley, L. J. Ballard, I. P. Tison, T. J. Peck, Guyton Fisher and Homer Bush.

Bishop Duncan delivered an interesting and instructive address to the young men, outlining their ministerial duties and urging them to be diligent and heedless of appliause or criticism of men. The address

A man named Boylton, claiming to be from Columbus, O., put up at the Travelers' Rest, The morning after he left Harrison, the proprietor, missed a valuable diamond ring and a lady's watch.
Boylton came over to Gadsden on the dummy, only five miles from Attala, and sold the ring to C. F. Cross, a jeweler, with the understanding; that he was allowed to redeem it. He even told Cross he had just came from Attala and where he had stopped there. Harrison came in later ing them to be diligent and heedless of applause or criticism of men. The address took up an hour and a half time.

The joint board of finance rendered a report of collections for conference claimants. The report showed that 90 per cent of the assessment for worn-out preachers and for the widows and orphans of deceased preachers had been paid an almost unprecedented amount.

The report of the domestic mission board showed that 75 per cent of the assessment stopped there. Harrison came in later in the day and identified the stone. Cross is out the sum he advanced Boylton.

wed that 75 per cent of the assessment

had been paid.

Mr. Dowman read the educational report

Mr. Dowman read the educational report and adjournment of the morning session was called.

The devotional services were conducted in the evening by Rev. A. M. Williams, of Savannah, and tonight the missionary an-niversary is being held.

All of the pulpits of the city will be filled tomorrow by visiting ministers.

ENGLAND'S QUEER TOWN. One of the Strangest Municipal Freaks

On Earth. From The Philadelphia Telegraph.
Assuredly the nost curious town in England, and the most upside-down-looking place, is Northwich. As a stranger walks up one of the streets he wonders whether he is the victim of a disordered imagina-tiom or whether an earthquake has been visiting the locality. Here two houses are

eaning one against the other, as if for mutual support; there more are leaning from each other, as if in sullen anger; higher up are dwellings sunken in the con-ter or at the ends; the pavement on one side in certain places is higher than the other, while a little farther on it is lower. In short, everything has a general ap-pearance of topsy-turveydom in this town of what are described as "drunken houses." The cause of it all is not far to seek. Northwich, as every one knows, or ought to know, is the center of the salt industry, and it is the drawing of brine and rock sale and it is the drawing of brine and rock salt for the manufacture of this very necessary commodity that is the moving factor in the mischief. On nearly all sides of the town are big salt works, with their engines pumping hundreds of thousands of gallons of brine every week, while the extensive mines of rock salt are being cut into in all directions.

At a depth of some 200 or 300 feet are immense submarine lakes of brine, and as the contents of these are pumped and pumped away the upper crust of earth is correspondingly weakened and the result is an occasional subsidence. In some of the mines where the salt is blasted and cut away one can travel a mile in certain di-rections. As the glistening white or deep red rock is cut away great pillars of it, some eight feet square, with a large thick-On Monday morning, December 14th, we will inaugurate the grandest holiday bargain sale ever offered to the people of Atlanta or the state of Georgia. We are over-stocked in nearly every department, as you will find on entering our store and the carth falls in, with all on the state of Georgia. generally happens in spots where houses are not numerous, and for this reason no are not numerous, and for this reason no lives have been lost within recent years. One morning a few years ago a horse left in a stable overnight was found to be missing, and a hole filled with water occupying the place where the animal should have been. Near Wincham and Marston, suburbs of Northwich, lakes acres in extent are now seen where green fields used to be, and there is a spot where the highway takes the form of a railway embankment. On either side are big ponds where the earth had subsided and the road goes through like a bridge. This itself is bound to go at some future time, and it is to be

to go at some future time, and it is to be hoped at that time no one will be in the immediate neighborhood.

All these subsidences have a "pulling" effect on the nearest buildings, which are drawn "all ways." Such a state of things is amusing as well as interesting. "This des amusing as well as interesting. "This deneighborhood. A part of the path may have sunk 100 feet or more during the preceding hour and an involuntary drop into the water, which rises as fast as the earth falls, is a rapid way out of this world. In order to make all buildings last a

fairly decent length of time all new erec-tions are built in frames of wood, this style holding the bricks together a longer length of time than if the building was on the ordinary principles. Even under those con-ditions, and taking into consideration the fact that in the town itself the subsidences

Are Only \$3.00 and \$3.50

All the leading styles and our prices are lower than you are asked elsewhers. Buy your Shoes from Byck's, the up-to-date retailers, and he fitted properly. Your size and witdth always in stock, Our contomers' Shoes shined free.



Footcoverers to All Mankind, 27 and 29 Whitehall Street.

Holiday - Furniture



Having just opened a first-class stock of Furniture at No. N. Broad St., we beg to call your attention to some special ties in Bedroom Suits, Parlor Suits, Hall Racks, Sideboards, Desks, Book Cases and many styles of Rockers. Just the thing for a useful Xmas present.
Give us a call, see our prices and you will save

RHUDY & CO 5 N. BROAD ST.

are gradual and give some warning, liv-

ions of Northwich.

WHAT THE OFFICE COSTS. Only a Rich Man Can Be Archbishop

of Canterbury.

Only a rich man may become archbishop of Canterbury. The fees incident to the nomines's installation are described as something prodigious. Officials of all kinds, government, court and ecclesiastical, receive tidy sums for all manner of services. There is an item of \$200 for gloves to the members of the chapter of the cathedral of Canterbury; \$30 for the queen's gentlemenof-the-chair; \$30 for the queen's chief cook, and \$10 (so it is averred) to the queen's barber. Altogether the fees that go from him in these sums amount to about \$10,000; wherefore, if a poor man is appointed to the great place he must run somewhat in debt. But since the primate receives \$75,000 a year and the archbishop of York \$50,000 anxiety for the future is sweetly tempered by anticipation. At the same time, more or less vexation of spirit accompanies these petty demands upon one's purse. It is not astonishing, in view of these exactions, that the late Dr. Magee, when he was consecrated archbishop of York, took for the of Canterbury.



Concert Tonight

MCAFEE'S CELEBRATED

December 16th and 17th.

DIGBY BELL,

LAURA JOYCE BELL



Medal Contestants.

Last week never "phased" us. Every Express brings in a new supply, and on Monday morning we will fill your orders for Silver Novelties with as much ease as though we had a ten-story factory grinding them out. The great reduction in the price of these Goods foretold the demand, and for the accommodation of all we bought them by the bushel. All Goods engraved free of charge. We also invite your attention to the finest and most complete stock of Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Cut Glass and Sterling Silverware ever shown in Atlanta.

Prompt Attention to Mail Orders.=

Prompt Attention to Mail Order

HE BRO

SPRINTED Winner Smas

ero of the six-

Bouare Garden, to his credit. I 101 miles up or record by 210 m He set an excomplished by a thousands who in applauding t prompted the finish his task had given out. ending the race men who had since early mor One was the v Burns Pierce, lphia. Pierce slowly along, but Isle was bent of the crowd burst enthusiasm, whi ing when the n reached the hou The band atte were drowned. I when Hale wrap; flag, which was of the boxes. Th ing secured their

Little Rice, th ran into second to keep on. But enough to show made. When him any more s helped to his que ception accorded and sincerity was as Rice did. Poo

retired. Some of

than enough o

finished in third the best rememb of which every m worthy to rank a Every one of the the previous rec The latter with were each presentary gift on the After the race fer of a banque prominent Irish All of the con scarcely able to and careful hand the effects of d

the effects of dipart week.

Report

Final score, 14
1,900 miles, one is
Ed (Teddy) Ha
Prize, \$1,300, 1,910

J. S. Rice, Wilk
\$300, 1,835 miles, 6
Ned Reading, (\$500, 1,885 miles, 3
Fred Forster, 1,825 miles, 4 laps, 1,825 miles, 1,825 mile 1,529 miles, 4 laps.
Albert Schock, 1
miles, 2 laps.
Burns W. Pierc
1,758 miles, 1 lap.
E. C. Smith,
1,754 miles, 7 laps.
"Major" Taylor
1,722 miles, 2 laps.
C. W. Ashinger
1,672 miles, 2 laps. L. W. Ashinger E. C. Moore, I 1,651 miles, 7 laps H. H. Maddox enth prize, 1,644 m L. L. Cassidy, M J. R. Gannon,

FOOTBALL PL Anniston, Ala. In a football gan noon George Haz

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ONLY THREE ON TRACK AT THE END

Twelve Thousand People Saw Hale,

the Irishman, Win.

SPRINTED OUT HIS LAST LAP

Winner Smashed Everything from One

Hundred and One Miles Up.

Wilkesbarre Boy Received Almost Much of an Ovation as the Winner When He Went Off-A Banquet Was Tendered

New York, December 12.-Twelve thousand people saw Teddy Hale, the Irish hero of the six-day bicycle race at Madison Square Garden, cross the finish line tonight a winner with 1,910 miles and eight laps to his credit. Hale broke all records from 101 miles up and shattered the six-day record by 310 miles and seven laps.

He set an example of what can be ac complished by pure grit and determination that will long live in the memories of the thousands who roared themselves hourse in applauding the magnificent pluck which prompted the Irishman to stay on and finish his task even after nature herself had given out.

At ten minutes before the hour set for ending the race only three of the fifteen men who had literally plowed their way since early morning in a semi-unconscious state, were left on the track.

One was the winner and the others were Burns Pierce, the Canadian, who halls from Boston, and "Orry" Moore, of Philadelphia. Pierce and Moore were struggling slowly along, but the boy from the Emerald Isle was bent over his handle bars sprinting for all he was worth. Again and again the crowd burst forth into uncontrollable enthusiasm, which was absolutely deafening when the nands of the Garden clock reached the hour of ten, and the greates six-day bicycle race ever seen was ended.

The band attempted to play the Irish national airs, but the musicians' effort were drowned. The pandemonium increase when Hale wrapped himself in an American flag, which was thrown to him from one of the boxes. The rest of the division hav ing secured their places by 9:30 o'clock had retired. Some of them were physically unable to continue, while others had more than enough of strain, mentally and

Rice Made a Noble Ride.

Little Rice, the Wilkesbarre boy, who ran into second place, made a noble effort to keep on. But he had done more than enough to show of what metal he was When nature refused to give him any more support and he had to be helped to his quarters, there was a reception accorded him, which in volume and sincerity was but little behind the ovation accorded to Hale. Never did mortal as Rice did. Poorly handled and suffering from swollen and bruised knees, which he received before the start, he still kept on. Time after time mind and body gave way, but gameness came to the rescue and he resumed his torture.

His performance is even more worthy of praise than Hale's, because Rice had been struggling behind, while Hale was battling

Reading, the ex-soldier, who nobly lived up to his name of "forced marches" and finished in third place, will also be among the best remembered of the gallant band, of which every member was in some degree worthy to rank among the Spartan heroes. Every one of the eleven placed men beat the previous record as did also Cassidy The latter with Gannon, McLeod and Glick were each presented with \$100 as a volun-tary gift on the part of the management. After the race Hale was tendered an offer of a banquet by representatives of a prominent Irish society of this city. All of the contestants were weak and scarcely able to articulate, but with rest and careful handling will undoubtedly lose the effects of the terrible strain of the

Report of Final Score. Final score, 142 hours (previous record 1,600 miles, one lap, made by Schock) was: Ed (Teddy) Hale, Ireland, winner's first

prize, \$1,300, 1,910 miles, 8 laps. J. S. Rice, Wilkesbarre, Pa., second prize, \$600, 1,882 miles, 6 laps. Ned Reading, Omaha, Neb., third prize, \$500, 1,885 miles, 3 laps.
Fred Forster, New York, fourth prize, 1,829 miles, 4 laps. Albert Schock, New York, fifth prize, 1,766 Burns W. Pierce, Boston, sixth prize,

1,758 miles, 1 lap. E. C. Smith, Saratoga, seventh prize, 1,754 miles, 7 laps. "Major" Taylor, Brooklyn, eighth prize, 1,732 miles, 2 laps.

W. Ashinger, Upshur, O., ninth prize, 1,673 miles, 3 laps.
E. C. Moore, Philadelphia, tenth prize, 1,661 miles, 7 laps. H. H. Maddox, Asbury Park, N. J., elev-

enth prize, 1,644 miles, 3 laps.
L. L. Cassidy, Millville, N. J., 1,605 miles, J. R. Gannon, New York, 1,366 miles, 8 D. M. McLeod, Philadelphia, 1,350 miles,

J. H. Glick, Detroit, Mich., 1,096 miles,

FOOTBALL PLAYER BREAKS LEG

Captain George Hazzard Hurt in Game at Oxford.

Anniston, Ala., December 12.—(Special.)—In a football game at Oxford this afternoon George Hazzard, captain of one of the teams, had his left leg broken just above the knee in a scrimmage.

ATLANTA AND MACON PLAY TIE.

Peachtree Blues and Gresham High School Eleven Meet on Gridiron. Macon, Ga., December 12.-(Special.)-The Peachtree Bives, of Atlanta, came down today to play the Gresham High school boys a game of football at Central City boys a game of football at Central City bark. It was a tie game, the score stand-

in the first half the Blues made a touch-wn, and during the first part of the sec-

HE BROKE RECORDS

minutes of the game.

It was easily the Blue's game all the way, but the fierce bucks of Harris, of the High school, were effective. The touchdown made by Harris is protested by the Blues, who claim that time was called before he crossed the line. The Blues claim

The playing of the Blues was done by Gaines and Peck. Harris and Turner played the game for the High school.

DIAZ WILL SEE FOOTBALL GAME Missouri and Texas Universities Will Send Teams to Mexico.

Dallas, Tex., December 12.—Football to-day—University of Missouri, 28; Dallas foot-ball club, 0. Eighteen men of Missouri university clui made a contract today to tour Mexico under the management of G. A. Hill., They will also add thirty players from Texas iniversity and state clubs and will play Monterey and City of Mexico during Christmas week. At the City of Mexico President mas week. At the City of Mexico President Diaz has promised to preside, making the game quite a social event.

FOOTBALL AT BARNESVILLE Second Eleven from University De-

feats Gordon Institute 20 to 0. Barnesville, Ga., December 12.—(Special.) The football team of the Gordon Military institute played the second team of the University of Georgia an interesting game of football here yesterday, which resulted in a victory for the university boys by a versity was made up of those students who se the "scrub" eleven at that institution and no members of the 'Varsity team

The game was entirely free from unfair and unnecessary roughness. The were treated royally. The line-up was as follows: 

Wellborn. left guard. Trezevant
Pittman. right tackle. Weddingtom
Stetson. left tackle. Born
Johnson. right end. Mize
DuBignon. left end. Murray
Sullivan. right half. Power (capt.)
Stephens. left half. Clarke
Hunt. quarter back. Goldsmith
Murphy. full back. Pomeroy
Head coach, Joe Killarin.

FOOTBALL IN BARNESVILLE Gordon Institute Eleven Defeats the

R. E. Lee Institute Team. R. E. Lee institute football team playe here today against the Gordon institute second team. The result was a clean vic tory for the Gordon institute. The scor was 54 to 0. The teams lined up as fol-

	lows:
	Gordon Inst. Position. R. E. Lee Ins
	Cunningham centerBrow
	Stetson right guard Whit
	Hollisleft guard Nelso
	Turner right tackle Brow
	Whitfieldleft tackleMcDowe
	Hitch right end Smit
1	Monk left end Kin
1	Blount right half Bethe
1	Murpheyleft half Har
	Sullivanfull back Yate
	Huntquarter backThompso
- 1	

WILL DOUBLE SHOP CAPACITY LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE WILL PUT IN NEW BUILDINGS.

Committee of the Legislature Have Interesting Work Outlined for Them.

Montgomery, Ala., December 12.—(Special.)—A special from Decatur says the directors of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, at their recent meeting held in Louisville, Ky., decided to double the capacity of their shops located at New Decatur, Ala., the plans and specification of which have been approved, and prepa rations are making to begin work on the building immediately, according to a state ment made known yesterday, and Maste Mechanic A. Beckart, who has been working industriously to that end for some time will get the shop capacity he much needs

John Boston Comes Back Home. Mr. John M. Boston, a Georgia boy, wh for several years has been one of the clerks in the office of the Georgia and Alabama railroad company here and who is exceedingly popular in Montgomery, has resigned his position here and has accepted very much better one with the Atlanta Knoxville and Northern railroad, with headquarters in his old home town, Ma-

The report which gained credence in Nashville, Tenn., a few days ago to the effect that the Louisville and Nashville railroad system had absorbed the new Chesapeake and New Oreans road, now in process of construction, and which, it is said, will be completed to Decatur at once seems to be confirmed in the decision of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company to enlarge its shop capacity here.

Impotant Recess Committees. A special joint committee has been ap-pointed by the general assembly to visit and carefully inspect the mines state during the recess and to formulate a law that will properly regulate mining conditions. Mr. John Harkins, of Jefferso county, a practical mine worker, and a man of good intelligence, known honesty and sense of justice, is the chairman of the committee. The committee will make the rounds of the mines, starting proba-bly about the first of the year.

bly about the first of the year.

Another recess committee has been appointed to consider the convict question and reconcile, if possible, the two measures presented by Dr. Cunningham and Mr. Wiley. The provisions of the two proposed measures are widely at variance. The convict committee will visit all of the convict camps and prisons and will devote perhaps a month's diligent work to the preparation of a bill that will do justice to the state and to the convicts.

the preparation of a bill that will do justice to the state and to the convicts.

An excellent committee on ways and means has been appointed to serve during the recess. Mr. Morgan, of Marengo, who is one of the best informed and most practical financiers in the state, has been put at the head of the committee. The especial efforts of the committee will be directed to the proper assessment of property in the state. With a fair assessment, it is acknowledged that, at the existing tax rate, more than enough revenue will be raised to meet all of the obligations of the state. The committee on ways and means have an opportunity to do the state a great service and themselves great credit in the preparation of a good assessment system.

Ex-President Harrison's Decision. New York Tribune: General Harrison's declaration that he does not want and could not accept the seat in the United States senate which the Indiana legisla-States senate which the Indiana legisla-lature will soon be called upon to fill is perfectly explicit, and his decision is doubt-less irreversible. Of course the ex-presi-dent has never been considered a candidate in the ordinary serse, but a good many persons have naturally hoped that he might consent to accept an election which would be most honorable to his own state and most acceptable to the whole country. It was not surprising, however, that he It was not surprising, however, that he should be resolved to remain a private differ.

Chicago Inter Ocean: General Harrison Chicago Inter Ocean: General Harrison has acted with character.stic prudence in declining to become a candidate for senatorial honors. The senate is a proper place for a retired president, but a senator who has been a president should be the unanimous, or all but unanimous, choice of his party. General Harrison would have to contend for a seat against several candidates, each of whom has done good service as a private in the ranks. It is quite possible that the distinguished gentleman would be a winner; but his victory might leave scars upon those who have been and who now are his friends.

Russian Bear Is Keeping the Manger Against the Lion.

> CZAR PUSHING HIS CLAIMS British Prestige Is No Longer What

It Once Was.

ching Meeting of Parliamen Is Attracting Attention and Being Generally Discussed.

London, December 12.-A cable to Th New York Sun says: The increasing activity in diplomatic circles throughout Europe is sufficient indication that by the time parliament meets next month inter national politics will have acquired a highly interesting, if not genuinely acute, phase The present policy in official quarters in ondon is to minimize the importance of pending events as long as possible. There is no doubt that when the time for an official declaration does arrive every effort will be made to turn the prospective settle ment of the Turkish question into a tr umph for British diplomacy in order to offset the great advantages in the far east which Russia is on the point of acquiring It is doubtful if Lord Salisbury's gov

nment can produce this desired effect His organs in the press are doing their best to prepare the public mind for an authentic uncement that Russia has virtually gained possession of China's rich province Manchuria. A year ago, when this master stroke of

Russian diplomacy was first rumored, the tory journals, from The Times down, shout ed war and discussed its possibilities as nothing less than an inevitable call to arms.

Since then Mr. Arthur Balfour has de clared that he would welcome the news that Russia had acquired an ice-free port in the Pacific as a distinct advance to civilization There could be no snarper contrast that the attitude taken by The Times a year ago, when it first printed the report of the Russo-Chinese treaty, identical with tha revived this week, and the mild utterance of the same paper yesterday.

'The Change in The Times. Now it says: "It seems highly credible, and, indeed, probable that Russia, in her own way and at her own time, will seek to strengthen her hold over Manchurla and, perhaps, even to annex portions of that province. She very naturally desires the shortest and easiest route to the por she already possesses at Vladivostok, and also a more advantageous port, with equally good land communications, somewher on the Chinese coast. On that basis it is simple and easy to found successive statements of the kind we are now discussing with the comfortable conviction that some day or other one of them will be more or

less justified. "It is even conceivable that the Russia officials are willing to humor the propensity to set such rumors afloat. These things ccustom the public mind to the idea that something of the kind will happen, so that when the forward step is really taken it may seem mederate and reasonable in com parison with what has been apprehended.

"In the far east there is abundance of coom for a long time to come, both for Russia and ourselves. It is our busines to strengthen our own position, to extend our own markets, and to prepare with as much foresight as we can muster for changes evidently coming in the not distant "Russia is bent upon developing her vast

Askatic empire. In doing so she must inevitably push eastward to the ocean, and not less inevitably will she obey the secular law of human gravitation toward the south, with treaties or without, by one arrangement or by another. These great movements will go on from year to year and from generation to generation, and we may as well accept the fact, once for all. allowing the details to drop into their proper place and ceasing to fret unduly abou them. When our interests are directly assailed we must resist, if necessary, in arms."

English Are Losing Spirit. This, on the whole, pusillanimous lan guage fairly represents English public opinion and also the astonishing change which has taken place in British sentiment during the eventful year just closing.

It is the simple truth today that the aggressive policy of a rival nation, which year ago would have driven Great Britain to arms, is now accepted with a merely regretful sigh and that British prestige is no longer what it was. This is aside from the question of truth or faisity of the report that the extraordinary treaty outlined i few days ago has been virtually agree

upon between Russia and China. Oninion in all circles inclines to the be lief that this story is substantially correct Even Sir Charles Dilke, whose opinion on the far eastern situation and the outlook is more valuable than that of any member of the government, accepts the substance of the report. He pointed out in a speech on the subject Thursday night that the proposed treaty goes much farther than Mr. Balfour indicates would be acceptable to

England. Practically, he said, it placed porthers China at the feet of Russia. England had refused the invitation of France and Russia to take part in a general scheme with regard to the Chinese empire, and he thought had rightly refused, ecause such schemes meant in the long run partition, and partition was contrary to English interests, whatever might be said about it in one sense or another upon

grounds of public principle. If. however, British cabinets were to refuse to agree to the partitioning of China, t ought to be with the settled entention of not allowing virtual partition by other powers to take place, against England, in country where she had such considerable interests and which must exercise so enormous an influence on the future of the Pacific, in which she had other interests still more overwhelming. The present situation was vastly more important, Sir Charles pointed out, than the negotiations t the close of the Chinese-Japanese war which caused great excitement in England and yet the conservative press is almost

silent on the subject. To Discipline the Sultan. It is confidently believed in diplomatic circles that the process of disciplining the sultan will be completed before parliament assembles in the middle of January, and that the good effect of that wholesom piece of business will go far to reconcile all sections of the house of commons to

Few believe it to be necessary to do mo than make convincing demonstration of the joint determination of Russia, France and England to remedy the existing evils in the Ottoman empire in order to induce full compliance on the part of the occupants of the Yildiz klosk.

At all events, Europe is not going to submit to the humiliation of another

English Experiments With Gunners. Some interesting experiments have been carried out this week at Shoeburyness where is located the British army's school of gunnery and experimental ranges, the ENGLISH SEEM TO BE LOSING SPIRIT object being to test the efficacy of the baloon as an engine of war.

A balloon was sent up just 2,000 yards, though the height to which the captive palloon would be allowed to rise was not communicated to the artillerymen before

Then the gunners began to fire and the first shot showed they had got the range The balloon was hit at the fourth shot and mashed at the seventh. Two fifteen counders were used by the gunners. It has been suggested that he would be bold man who would go ballooning in war ime, when guns are about warranted to bring him down at one mile, but it must be borne in mind before hastily arriving at the conclusion that war ballooning is played out, that the balloon was captive and that nearly every condition on this occasion favored the gunners,

In fact, as a leading expert spectator of the experiments points out, they proved nothing more than already known, That it is possible to hit a balloon at comparatively low elevation where the range can be fairly approximated.

EX-SULTAN HAS ESCAPED PRISON Special Says That He Has Succe in Getting Away.

Berlin, December 12.—A special dispatch from Constantinople to The Tageblatt says that ex-Sultan Murad, brother of Sultan Abdul Hamid, has escaped from his place of confinement and his whereabouts is un known.

PROMINENT AUSTRIAN DEAD The President of the House of Lords Passes Away. Vienna, December 12.-Count Truattmans

dorf-Weinsberg, president of the Austrian house of lords, died today. PETER THE GREAT'S DREAM

His Ambition Was To Conquer All Europe.

The following is the will of Peter the Great, copied from "Germany and France," (vol. ii., a note on page 198), by Elihu Rich: "In the name of the holy, indivisible Trin ity, we, Peter, to all our successors, greeting, etc. The great God, who always enghtened us by his divine wisdom, allows me now to behold in the Russian nation the people chosen by Providence to govern the whole of Europe. Most of the European nations have already arrived at a state of extreme old age, and they must needs be re-generated by a new and youthful people, when the time for the latter shall come,"

Here follow the different maxims or items of the recipe to be observed: "1. The Russian nation is constantly to be

"I. The Russian nation is constantly to be kept in a state of war and the warlike spirit of the Russian nation kept up.

"2. Distinguished generals belonging to the most oxilized nations of Europe are to be called to Russia in time of war, and the very first artisans and men of letters in time of peace. of peace. Russia is on all possible occasions to

ntermeddle in European differences and affairs of all kinds, in particular, however, she is to do so in those which concern Germany, on account of the proximit more direct interest which is to be attached to that country.
"4. Poland is to be divided. The object in

view will be effected by encouraging in tha country party rivalries, and by constantly keeping up a state of internal discord. The most influential of the nobility are to be won over with gold. Their influence in the ntry and at the elections of the kings is to be maintained; and every opportunity is to be eagerly laid hold of which affords a pretext to march Russian troops into the kingdom of Poland. In the event of the neighboring powers raising difficulties, t country should be divided; and whatever share of the spoil it may be found necessary then to grant them may always be resur hereafter, whenever a proper opportunity

offers for the purpose.
"5. It is expedient to take as much territory as possible from Sweden; it must be separated from Denmark and a feeling of jealousy is constantly to be kept up be-tween these two countries.

"6. The consorts of the Russian princess are always to be chosen from am German princesses, in order to multiply

the family connections. "7. The alliance with England for com-mercial reasons is to be preferred to all other alliances. England requires our produce for its navy, and it might, moreover, be made subservient to aid in the develop-ment of the maritime strength of Russia. "8. It is necessary that the Russian em pire should be continually extended toward the north, along the Baltic, and toward south along the shores of the Black

"9. It is expedient to draw us near to Constantinople and to the East Indies. Whoever rules in these two countries is the true sovereign of the world. Wars are, in consequence, constantly to be waged or caused to be waged against Turkey and Persia; great colonies are to be established along the Euxine, in order to get in tim the whole Black sea into the Russian pow ers. The same policy is to be followed with regard to the shores of the Baltic-two ob ects indispensable for the success of the

above project. "10. The Greeks, united and schismatical who are spread over Hungary, Turkey and southern Poland, must be gained by favors to be bestowed on them, for it is expe to win their sympathies for Russia. They must look up to us as their central point and their chief support. A generally prepondering influence is to be created by oining the principle of autocracy to a sort of spiritual supremacy combined and united in the person of the czar. The Greeks will then be the friends of Russia, and our ene-

mies will be theirs.
"11. When Sweden is weakened, Persia vanquished, Poland subjugated, Turkey conquered and the Euxine and the Baltic guarded by Russian fleets, then secret proposals are first to be addressed to the French court, and thereafter to the court of Vienna, offering them to share with Russia the kingdom of the world. If one of the two powers consents, from vanity or from flattered ambition, to entertain the proposal, then it must be made use of to proposal, then it must be made use of to suppress the other, and to annihilate all other powers—an undertaking that cannot fail of success, for by that time Russia will already be in possession of the whole of the east and the major part of Europe.

"12. Should, however, the impossible become true, and both powers unite in resisting the offer thus made, then it is expedient to incite them to strife with one another. to incite them to strife with one another, and in this manner to expanst their strength. Then Russia will first inundate

Germany, then France, and in this way Europe will and must be conquered." One Thing Lacking.

From The Albany Herald.

A machine for milking cows has been invented. Now, if some one would invent a machine for bringing in wood and starting fires and another for balf-soling boys pants, the hard worked farmers wives might enjoy a little rest.

HE ACCEPTS VERDIC

Chairman Lane of National Bimetallist Committee Issues Address.

WANTS NO ACTIVE AGITATION

Hopes the Theories Advocated by Re publicans Will Bring Relief.

WILLING TO GIVE M'KINLEY A CHANCE Says It Is the Duty of Every One To Assist the President-Elect in

Every Way Possible.

San Francisco, December 12.-In an ad ress issued to the bimetallists of the United States, Chairman Charles D. Lane, of the national bimetallic committee, urges them to accept the verdict of the country and uphold Major McKinley as president.

He advises them to cease active agitation on the subject of free coinage in the hope that the theories advocated by the republi can party will bring relie; but says the struggle should be renewed until bimetallism is an accomplished fact if the re publicans break their pledges and resort to the issuing of bonds to maintain the country's credit. The address says:

"The contest of 1896, which for some nonths has engaged public attention, was letermined at the ballot box upon the 3rd ultimo in favor of the republican candi-

"While the supporters of Mr. Bryan and the great principles which he espoused, have no reason to regret the great effort made in his behalf and which we will renew when occasion requires it, it is only the part of wisdom to accept with the utmost good faith the decision of the Ameri can people upon this or any other question submitted to their deliberate judgment which is always sure in the end to be correctly decided by that tribunal.

"The cause of bimetallism, which was the watchword of the anti-republican forces, has not been abandoned by its friends and advocates, nor are we heartened or dismayed by this temporary defeat. We are as firmly convinced now of its ultimate triumph in the United States as that the American flag is the emblem of constitutional liberty and its principle may for a time be overshadow-ed by sophistry and truth obscured by the screen of deception or intrigue, they finally rise above the darkened horizon assume their rightful position as the guid-

ing stars of popular governments.
"Our position was met and antagonized by the combined wealth of the two continents. It was sought to be obscured by feigned issues, opprobrious epithets, dis-honest methods and partisan zeal and every intrigue wealth could inspire into re

Still Adheres to the Belief.

"While we, as bimetallists, still adhere to the conviction that there can be no perma-nent relief to the people based upon the single gold standard, we at the same time regard it as a duty enjoined upon every citizen to do everything in his power to as-sist the president-elect in every effort to promote the welfare of the people by any policy which he may consider will accom-plish that result.

"To this end we earnestly advise all ou friends and coadjutors throughout the United States to suspend active agitation of the subject of free coinage of silver any further than a simple mobilizing of the free silver clubs throughout the union and keeping up of the club rolls for future service. If it can be demonstrated by actua service that the theories advocated by the republican party in the recent election will bring to the people the promised relief, every bimetallist in the United States will be as free to acknowledge his error as he was candid in supporting his principles in

Will Not Tolerate Makeshifts, "But 4f, on the contrary, we are furnished only with broken pledges and the old make-shift of issuing bonds in the vain attempt er into debt is resorted to, we promise to renew the struggle until bimetallism shall become an accomplished fact in the United

party, I call upon all of its forces through-out the United States, regardless of past party affiliations, to accept the result with dignity and forbearance and to join in up-holding the hands of Major McKinley as president of the United States and to sur port him in all of his efforts to increase the prosperity and well-being of the citizens of this republic, but in no manner to coinage, so that when it shall again necessary to assert the principle we may be in better condition than was possible in the recent struggle. Yours sincerely, "CHARLES D. LANE,

"National Chairman of the Bim Party."

ENGLAND'S NEW GUN. One of the Latest Products of Military

From The Philadelphia Press.

A new idea in bg guns has just been developed by an inventor of Openshaw, England. His gun is called the Gledhill built up gun and takes its name partly from its inventor and partly from the manner of its construction. The invento Manassah Gledhill. He mades his gun by building up a series of steel tubes, so formed, fitted together and united as to insure great strength and durability while permitting the ready removal of any section without injury of the other sections, a formation valuable because it permits the replacement of an inner lining. This part often becomes worn by constant use, so as to affect the accuracy of the firing, says an

exchange.

The most important feature of the gun is the construction of the steel tubes, which are uniformly tapered throughout their are uniformly tapered infoughout their length. By this means the required diminution in the external diameter of the gun from the breech to the muzzle is obtained without shoulders or sudden changes of thickness, which are thought prejudicial to a gun's strength. The tapering tubes are made so that they closely fit, one over the other heavening with the inner lines and other, beginning with the inner lining and ending with the outer shell.

Another advantage is the comparative ease of manufacture. The builder can form the outside of one tube and bore out ly tapered at the same angle from end to nd, and the external diameter of the one is so nearly the same as the internal diam-eter of the other that the outer tube can be placed very nearly in its ultimate posi-tion upon the inner tube without pressure, while a slight hydraudic pressure forces the tube to its exact position. In this way one tube after another is added and the gun built up of four steel sections.

At the breech, the tapering tubes are secured by a series of screw boits. The breech plug is usually cylindrical, but some-times made taper, with continuous screw hreads to facilitate the opening closing The new gun is so perfectly fitted that

not only can its various parts be with-drawn and replaced readily, but in case of

a desire to remove the gun from one poin to another the sections can be easily separated, packed and transported. Why They Kept It Dark. From The Albany Herald.

It is pretty safe to assume that if it had been announced in advance of the election that McKinley would exclude liquor from he white house during his term he would not have carried Kentucky. MAN AND WOMAN ASPHYXIATED SAM'L P. PUTNAM AND MISS COL

LINS FOUND DEAD IN BED. Both Were Free Thinkers and Had Been Lecturing in Boston-The Gas Was on in Full Force.

Boston, Mass., December 2.-Samuel P. Putnam and Miss May L. Collins were found dead this morning in a flat which had been occupied for a week past by Miss

The deaths were due to asphyxiation and the police think were caused by accident. Both were found lying on the floor of the room and were fully dressed

From one of the gas burners the gas was escaping full force. Mr. Putnam was fiftysix years of age and Miss Collins twenty years of age. Both were "free thinkers' and have been traveling together on a lecturing tour. Mr. Putnam came from Chichester, N. H., and Miss Collins from Midway, Ky., where her parents reside.

about the case that are not consistent with

the accident theory. Miss May Louise Collins, who committed sucide in Boston last night, is the eldest daughter of Dr. T. C. Collins, a prominent practicing physician of Midway, Ky. She was in her twenty-first year. She graduated from Daughters college, Harrisburg, Ky., about three years ago, with high hor

About two years ago she began writing free thought articles to The Lexington Blue Grass Blade, of which the eccentric Charles Chilton Moore is editor. Her let-ters attracted wide attention, as they dealt with subjects not usually handled by one so young, and especially by a girl just out of college. She was a close friend of Mrs. Josephine K. Henry, the well-known free thought temperance woman of Ver sailles, Ky., and like Mrs. Henry, aspired to the lecture platform. Moore gave her to the lecture platform. Moore gave her every encouragement and on his advice she prepared herself for lecture work. She continued to write free thought papers and her articles having gained for her such widespread notoriety, the free thought maga-

zines recently published a long sketch of her, together with her portrait. She went to Ohicago to the free thought congress a few weeks ago and delivered a lecture before that body which attracted

Miss Collins was of medium height, rather slender, had dark hair and eyes and her features were finely cut and almost classi-cal. She had a clear, sweet voice, but it was not strong. Her father and mother, when notified by telegram of her death, were prostrated by the news. She has a brother, N. C. Collins, a hardware merchant, who with his parents will leave for Boston tonight to bring the remains to Kentucky for interment. She leaves a sis ter Julia, aged twelve, to whom she was

greatly devoted.

Miss Collins belonged to one of Kentucky's oldest and most highly respected families. All her relatives are devoted Christians and they were deeply grieved when she announced her disbeller in the Christian religion and her determination to speak and write against it.

MISS JEROSKI KILLS HERSELF

Grand Niece of General Pulaski Found Dead in Her Room. Brooklyn, N. Y., December 12.—Miss Jo-sephine Jeroski, the alleged Polish princess. and grand niece of General Pulaski, one of the military heroes of Poland, cor suicide in her dingy little room at No. 44 Smith street, this city, some time between

last Wednesday and this morning. Her demise was discovered through the arrival of a letter addressed to her, which the landlady, who had taken it from the postman, was unable to deliver, because repeated knocks on Miss Jeroski's room then recalling that she had not seen Miss Jeroski for some time, summoned the police. The door of the room was burst open and she was found dead in bed, fully dress ed, with an empty bottle at her side, which

had evidently contained laudanum. Miss Jeroski frequently asserted to those United States government had \$2,000,000 belonging to her, and which had been depos ited with it by the Russian government to satisfy a claim for damages made by the ki, and that the United States was trying to cheat her out of the money. She was thought to be mentally unbalanced. She

was fifty-five years of age. COMMITTEE IS HARD AT WORK.

Members of the Ways and Means in Washington, December 12.-Two hours were spent at the capitol today by the re-publican members of the ways and means

manner of giving hearings to form the basis of a new tariff bill and selecting the members who shall study different features so that they may report from time to time as experts. It was also decided that the bill shall be It was also decided that the bill shall be show that the average murderer makes far framed by the full committee and not built up from a series of reports made by is made by and third-rate artisan or even different sub-committees, as has been form- day laborer. day, the 29th instant. It was also decided that a resolution shall be reported to the

the 22d of December until the 5th of Janu-A full committee meeting, at which the democratic members will be present, has been called for Monday next at which time the purpose of the majority will be outlined and a definite understanding reached respecting the date when hearings

for a holiday adjournment, from

shall begin.
It is estimated that the bill shall be com pleted not later than the 1st day of March, in order that it may be reported to the house the day that the extra session be-

Surely a Peculiar Pair. Who says the Panama canal is impracti-cal and that the Pacific cannot be joined

to the Atlantic? Stuart Robson and Madame Janauschek, in the same company; Bertie, the Lamb and the redoubtable Meg Merrilies and Lady Macbeth join hands on the threshhold of simon pure farce—well! well! verily, verily the age of miracles is by no means a thing of the past. And yet when one considers that the humor evolved from real farce is only in proportion to the seriousness with which its absurdition are portrayed, one can well conceive how Madame Janauschek might easily convulse an audience with laughter. The idea is funny in itself and is worthy of no one more than Stuart Robson, the prince of genial good fellows, and a king among farceurs. One can almost see his pervading smile when the idea of making the great tragedienne such a unique proposition first entered his head. Local play-goers will soon have a chance to discuss this peculiar combination, for they are the Christmas attraction at the Lyceum. Even if the fun is not as fast and furious as the visitor floks for, it will not be any great disap-pointment to him, for the scheme will have made him chuckle to himself many a time and oft before their coming. Pleasantry aside, however, they are pre-eminently artists in the best sense of the word, and "Mrs. Pondertury's Pasi," in which they will appear and of which we have heard delightful accounts from Paris, London and New York, should prove a very genuine merry-maker and thoroughly in keeping with the joility of Christmastide.

# MOB IN A SALOON

Lively Scrap in Titlebaum's Place, on Forsyth Street, Last Night.

POLICE AND NEGROES FIGHT

Drunken Hoodlums Resist Arrest and Use Knives and Clubs.

ENTIRE RESERVE OF POLICE CALLED OUT

Officer Kilpatrick Struck Over Head and Seriously Hurt-Negroes Locked in Station House.

Titlebaum's saloon, near the corner of Forsyth and Mitchell streets, was the scene of a drumken row about 9 o'clock last night, which resulted seriously for several negroes and Officer Kilpatrick, one of the most efficient members of the local police force. The saloon was crowded with the usual Saturday night gang of negroes. Twothirds of the motley crew were enraged by booze and became engaged in a lively scrap, in which pistols and knives figured predominantly.

Policemen Sigman and Kilpatrick, whose beat is on Forsyth street, happened to pass near the saloon at the time, and started inside to arrest the offenders. But they encountered a tougher job than they had anticipated.

No sooner had the officers entered the door than the negroes attacked them fu-riously, and for a while a desperate encounter ensued. The policemen fought bravely with their sticks, but at first were unable quell the disturbance, on account of being greatly outnumbered

"Cop" Hit on the Head.

As quick as a flash one of the negroes struck Officer Kilpatrick a terrific blow over the head with some hard impliment, sup-posed to be brass knucks. He fell to the floor stunned and bleeding, and was struck over the head again while down by another negro, inflicting a large gash in the top of

his skull.

In an instant, however, the brave cop was on his feet again, and used his club more vigorously than ever. He smashed the dusky skulls right and left. Officer Sigman was in another corner of the room having just the same experience, only that he escaped being so seriously injured. It was only after the officers had pulled cheir pistols that comparative quiet was restored. Kilpatrick then stood in the door with his revolver in hand, holding the motley gang at bay, while Sigman ran across the street and telephoned for the reserve at the station house. Two mounted officers and five policemen went to the scene as

fast as horses could carry them.

The reserve arrived just in time, for another mutiny was brewing among the negroes inside the saloon and razors and pistols were already in evidence. The squad of policemen invaded the premises, how-ever, and in a short while had part of the

gang handcuffed and locked behind the bars at the station house. The negroes who attacked the policemen so victously were Julius. Cordia and Will Houseworth, all brothers, three of the most notorious characters in the city. All three were bleeding profusely on the head, where they were struck by the officers and plainly showed the effects of their desperate strug-

Kilpatrick Seriously Injured. Kilpatrick Seriously Injured,
On examination it was found officer Kilpatrick was seriously injured in the melee.
His head was completely covered with usty cuts and bruises, as well as his hands and arms. He was not able to resume his duties last night and went home in a hack.
After quiet had been restored the saloon looked as if a cyclone had struck it. The stove was turned over, lying in the middle of the floor; the furniture was knocked helter skelter and beer bottles and glasses were strewn all over the floor. It was the worst fight the police have had in many

worst fight the police have had in many The Houseworth negroes are the same ones who cut Officer Buck Avary in a Broad street saloon two weeks ago, but have never

SMALL PROFITS OF MURDERERS Only a Few of Them Have Acquired Anything From Their Crimes.

From The London Mail.

Much has been published in England about the assassins of Paris, writes our Paris correspondent, and in many cases fabulous gains have been attributed to them as a result of their crimes , but these exist more frequently in fiction than in fact. Statistics recently compiled by the prefect of Paris police throw a good deal of light on the assassin's trade as practiced in modern times. Especially interesting are they in view of the popular, but very erroneous, idea that the assassin's trade is a profitable one. That it is quite the reverse seems to be clearly proved by a record of the profits gained by notorious assassins during the last thirty years. committee in considering the time and Biographies of a large number of French murderers, some of whom paid the penalty of their crimes on the guillotine, while others are transported to New Caledonia

different sub-committees, as has been formerly the case. While no definite date was assigned, it was understood in a general way that the hearings will begin on Moncase: Sejournet committed one crime and his profit was £2 5 shillings; Rossell, one his profit was £2 5 shiftings; Rossell, one crime, £1 10 shillings; Ducret, one crime, £8 worth of jewelry; Cathelin one crime, about 5 shillings. These are not princely profits, but they are large compared with others. Three men, for example—Georgeos, Voty and Franck—committed a horrible crime and only made about sixpence aplece. Several others were less fortunate, for they gained nothing at all. Other knights of the road found to their dismay after dispatching their victims that they had no money on them, and they were conseque ly bound to be satisfied with such bo as they could obtain in the shape watches and other jewelry, which, or course, is less desirable than money,

it is not always easy to dispose of.
True, a few assailants have made a considerable sum of money. Three, Martin,
Begheim and Lapommeraye, were especially fortunate or unfortunate in this respect. Martin found £200 in his victim's purse. Reghelm got £1,400 worth of jewelry and Lapommeraye also acquired a large sum of money at one stroke. These men, however, did not live very long to enjoy their wealth, as justice overtook them and quick-ly dispatched them to another world. Such men are rare, however, so rare that a careful calculation shows that the average amount made by French assassins during the last thirty years does not exceed 9 or 10

shallings for every crime. Such being the case, the wonder is that there are so many murderers. And a great-er wonder is, why, if they are determined to kill for the sake of obtaining money, to kill for the sake of obtaining money, they do not arrange to kill persons who are known to be wealthy and do not seize an opportunity when their intended victims have their peckets stuffed with gold. A distinguished official of the police force in Paris says that the assassins act in their usual foolish manner simply because they are imbeciles.

Let Him Stay.

From The Albany Herald.

If Ambassador Bayard finds it so congenial in England as to want to stay on the other side of the briny divide after the expiration of his term, we are willing. And there are a few more over here who could be spared to John Bull after the 4th of March next if he should want them.

#### Republican Committee Will Frame a Bill for Bimetallism.

WILL BE WRITTEN BY GOLD MEN

Senators Appointed To Draft the Pa per Avowed Anti-Silverites.

Not Believed That Any Measure Look ing to Silver Will Meet with Republican Favor.

WOLCOTT'S RESOLUTION WON'T

Washington, December 11.-(Special.)-The Republicans, it would seem, are going to make the attempt to carry out their bluff in making the people believe that they are in favor of bimetallism by international agreement. The committee which Senator Sherman, as chairman of the republican caucus, appointed on Thursday last, will be authorized to frame a bill in the direction of bimetallism and will in all probability introduce the bill in the senate on Monday or Tuesday next. The whole affair bears the appearance of a trevasty on statesmanship. Senator Wolcott was a bimetallist, in other words, a friend to free silver, until the railway corporations, with which he is associated, issued their edict. During the last campaign the senator was the most prominent friend of the single gold standard between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. He obeyed the orders of the corporations to the dot and from all appearances he regretted that he dld not have more orders to execute.

Everyone who knows anything about Senator Hoar must of necessity know that he is as much an enemy of silver as Senator Sherman. Senator Hoar was placed upon the committee, perhaps, for the moral effect his presence may have. The appointment of Senator Chandler, in the light of recent utterances of that eccentric New Hampshire man, is at least sufficient to warrant the belief that free silver men have a fairly good friend at court. Senator Chandler is very changeable in his political opinions and no one knows exactly where he may be found. Indeed, it is doubtful if the senator himself knows just what his position fill be when the test comes.

Senator Gear, of Iowa, has never in his life been burdened in his public career with any great amount of opinions. To his associates in the senate he has been regarded as a goldbug. When he reaches home among the Iowa farmers he has the reputation of having created the impression that he is always willing to toy with sil-

Senator Carter, of Montana, was, until the day of the bolt at St. Louis, a profriend of silver. His inclinations were to follow Teller and his bolting companions upon that occasion. He made a nove to get into the silver camp. He hesstated, and he who hesitates has often been known to be lost. This was about the position of Senator Carter during the entire campaign

The whole scheme does not bear the apearance of sincerity. It seems more of an effort to hoodwink the public. When it is taken into consideration the speeches made by the republican leader in the last campaign that 99 per cent of them made issue fairly and squarely in favor of the single gold standard and at no time did they ever talk bimetallism, the attempt now, to create the impression that the party stands committed to bimetallism, or in any way manifests its friendship for silver, seems absurd on its face. It is not believed that 85 per cent of the senators upon the republican side of the senate will plated by Senator Wolcott's resolution introduced in the republican caucus on last Tuesday, which has for its purpose the starting point preparatory to entering into an international agreement for silver. It will be very convenient forthe republicans to say in the campaign two years hence that they made an effort to bring about an international agreement

The republican party will go before the country in 1898 making the same promises that they made in the last campaign, and will incorporate in their platform a plank in favor of an international agreement in behalf of the coinage of silver, and the republican spell-binders will sing the song of the single gold standard.

Representative Barrett, of Massachusetts, introduced a bill in the house on last Thursday, providing that in future a president must select his cabinet officers from members of the house and senate, who shall at the same time serve as members of the respective bodies from which they may be selected. This, of course, is after the English fashion of making cabinet ministers. Barrett has never been distinguished in his state for anything he ever did for the good of the public.

He is a fanatic upon all subjects. It will be remembered that in the last session he ! introduced a resolution severely censuring Ambassador Bayard for his utterances in England against the American system of protection. At that time Mr. Barrett, fairly foamed at the mouth so great was his indignation against England. In fact he found nothing good had ever come from England and he believed it would be a mark of disloyalty to this government for any man to admit that he had been in England. Now comes this same Massachusetts man with a bill proposing to force upon the United States the system which prevails in England, which has never been regarded here with any measure of popu-

to control the proceedings of parliament In the opinion of many this would be the case should his bill become a law in this country. It is safe to say that Mr. Barrett's measure will meet with little favor in the house of representatives. It is the opinion of many members that it would make every cabinet officer a lobbyist upon the floor of congress. He would ask, as cabinet minister, for additional appropriations for his department and come upon the floor of congress and lobby for his scheme. It would make the use of patronage a public scandal. It would, no doubt, pecessitate the divulging of secrets that might not be for the best interests of the government that the public should know.

When "Silver Dick" Bland comes int congress next session, he will be halled as silver's champion in the house. Mr and is one of the oldest members in congress in point of service. He was first ted to congress about a quarter of century ago and he has been before the he was one of the presidential candidates ore the Chicago convention and for a time it looked as if he was to be the nominee. The young democratic leader from Nebraska, however, appeared on the scene and then Mr. Bland's chances went on the toboggan. Mr. Bland's constituents returned him to congress, however, and he will b placed in charge of the silver forces. Mr. Bland is a very able man. When it comes to questions of parliamentary law he has few equals. He has studied the silver ques tion and knows it from "soup to nuts," as Frank Daniels would say. Congressmen McMillan and Richardson, of Tenness and Bailey, of Texas, will assist Mr. Bland in his fight for silver, and while they do not expect to accomplish much because the next house is averse to silver, they will keep the silver fires ablaze and have the fight good and hot for 1898, should republican prosperity not materialize. E. W. B.

#### SHOWING ELECTION FRAUDS. GRAND JURY IN NASHVILLE

FINDS SEVERAL TRUE BILLS.

Shivers Admits Issuing Twenty-Five Blank Poll Tax Receipts for Fifty Dollars.

Nashville, Tenn., December 12.-(Special.) The grand jury was recently instructed by Judge Anderson to investigate the charges of fraud in connection with the August election, and having as a basis for the investigation the testimony of the Moore-Sharpe contested election case, the members knew who to call.

As a result they today returned indictments against six or eight local politicians, but as those cognizant of the matter are very cautious about talking, only one of the names was given out. W. O. Shivers deputy trustee, was indicted in two cases for issuing blank poll tax receipts, he having testified that he had issued twentyfive blanks, for which he had been paid \$50 by Maney Schwab. Shivers gave bond for \$250.

#### WALLING MUST HANG, TOO. JACKSON AND HIS ACCOMPLICE

TO DIE ON SAME SCAFFOLD. Kentucky Court of Appeals Confirms

the Decision of the Campbell County Court. Frankfort, Ky., December 12.-Alonzo

Walling must die with Scott Jackson for the murder of Pearl Bryan, at Covingtor The court of appeals this morning refused to grant Walling a new trial, and the sentence of death of the Campbell county circuit court was affirmed.

The decision was handed down at 11 o'clock by Judge Hazelrigg, who also prepared the Jackson opinion. The decision is identically the same as that rendered in the Jackson case. If there should be no application for leave to file a petition for a rehearing, the mandate in the Walling case will follow that in the Jackson case to the governor, and he will probably fix the same date for the execution.

#### CLEVELAND VISITS CAROLINA President Will Shoot Duck on South

Island.

Charleston, S. C., December 12.—A special to The News and Courier from Georgetons, S. C., says it is currently reported to-day that President Cleveland will leave Washington tomorrow and come to Georgetown for a ducking trip. This news is evidently true as the United States steamer Wistaria steamed into port this afternoon and lies moored at the wharf.

It is supposed that President Cleveland will arrive here early Monday morning and go at once on board of the Wistaria and be taken to South island, where it reported he is to be the guest of General E. P. Alexander. To say that the president vill be heartily welcomed by the people of Georgetown is a foregone conclusion.

#### CONVICT MAKES HIS ESCAPE. Bloodhounds Chase a Negro Eighteen Miles-He Gets Away.

Gadsden, Ala., December 12 - (Special.) George Washington, a negro convict, made his escape from the county farm yesterday morning. The sheriff and a posse gave chase with bloodhounds. They ran the egro for eighteen miles, he being in sight

The last seen of the negro he was crossing a little knoll. When the officers reach Washington several months ago fired from ambush upon William Malone while the latter was at supper with his family. Washington confessed and swears he will yet kill Malone.

#### MILLER'S REPORT MADE PUBLIC Ex-Commissioner of Internal Revenue Shows His Figures.

Washington, December 12.-The very voluminous report of Hon. Joseph S. Miller, until recently commissioner of internal revenue, was made public today. The receipts for the year ended June 30 1896, were \$146.830,615, an increase of \$3,584 538 over the receipts for the precedin year. For the current fiscal year the com missioner estimates that the receipts will

aggregate \$150,000,000. pared with the receipts of the preceding year, the receipts of the bureau on the several objects of internal taxation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, were as

Spirits, \$80,670,070, increase \$807,445; tobac co, \$30,711,628, increase of \$1,006,721; fern ed liquors, \$33,784,235, increase of \$2,143,617; oleomargarine, \$1,219,432, decrease of \$189,-778; banks, bankers, etc., \$143—first assessment; miscellaneous, including penaltie opium for smoking and playing cards

#### BOY SHOT WHILE OUT HUNTING. Sutton's Gun Goes Off Accidentally,

Wounding Griffin. Gadsden, Ala., December 12.—(Special.)-While out hunting a few miles from town yesterday Douglass Setton accidentally sho Elmore Griffin contents of his gun entered Griffin's

The contents of his gun entered Grimn's left shoulder, lacerating it badly.

The gun was heavily charged with squirrel shot. The wound, while very painful, is not considered serious. Both are boys.

#### WANT BIG SUGAR BOUNTIES. Louisiana Bounties Were Over a Million Under McKinley Act.

Washington, December 12.—Representa-tive Meyer, democrat of Louisiana, has in-troduced a bill appropriating \$1,085,157 for the payment of the claims of sugar for bounties under the McKinley act.

One Hundred Thousand Surplus One Hundred Thousand Surplus.

Americus, Ga., December 12.—(Special.)—
In its report of the meeting of the directors of the American Guano Company announcing a ten per cent dividend, The Constitution's Americus special of Friday stated that in addition to the dividend declared on the capital stock of \$100,000, the company had a surplus of \$10,000. The error in transmission causes the company to be done an injustice to the extent of \$90,000, as, instead of having a \$10,000 surplus, the company under its excellent business management has \$100,000.

Administration Aldermanic Ticket Wen President of a Nashville Defunct Bank Brunswick Municipal Election Liable To Goes to the Pen.

Vote Was Light and Very Little Interest Was Manifested-A Negro Killed.

Macon, Ga., December 12.—(Special.)—The election passed off quietly today with a very light vote. election is generally regarded as one of the fairest ever held here, and no vote buying was heard of. At noon the anti-ad-ministration people conceded the election to the administration people and practi-

cally threw up the fight. The vote to abolish the fire and police commissions is much larger than was anticipated by the most ardent advocates

of this policy.

The official count gives Pearson 694, Mix 359, Gibson 1,036, Harris 283, Mayer 1,285, Winship 983, Bell 350, Williams 1,075, Huthnance 920, Taylor 437. For fire commissioners, 304, against fire

commissioners 999. For police commissioners 304, against poissioners 997. This makes the six aldermen elected: Pearson, Gibson, Mayer, Winship, Williams, Huthnance, each of whom was on the administration ticket. Mayer and Williams were on both tickets.

Cut His Throat. Charley Baldwin was killed by Will Jef-Charley Baldwin was killed by Will Jer-ferson at 1 o'clock today on Oglethorpe. Jefferson used a knife or razor and al-most cut Baldwin's head off, the gash ex-tending from ear to ear and severing the left jugular vein. Baldwin ran across the street to Brunner's drug store and feli dead on the sidewalk.

No one witnessed the difficulty, which was about a woman. Baldwin had a big stick in his hand when he fell. The verdict of the coroner's jury was that Baldwin came to death from knife wounds infleted by Will Jeffferson and that it was murdes, Chief Butner and posse chased Jefferson four miles in the country, but he got away.

Hotel Lanier Case. Judge Speer called the Hotel Lanier case United States court this morning, but after the answer of W. B. Strong to Mr. Sperry's petition for a receiver to charge of the assets of the partner ship be-tween them as lessees had been read, a motion to continue until Thursday was

#### COVINGTON HAS CONFLAGRATION One Two-Story and Two One-Story Houses Are Burned.

Covington, Ga., December 12 .- (Special. I wo buildings were destroyed by fire here this morning and Gilbert Henderson, a negro boy, to whom the fire was due, i The fire originated in the hallway or

the second floor of W. B. Lee's two-story building. Henderson either turned over a lamp accidentally or designedly knocked t over and in a few minutes the fire wa Before the flames could be controlled Mr.

Lee's two-story building and two one-story buildings were consumed. The two one-story buildings belonged to Thompson and Lee. Lee's building was valued at \$3,000 and was insured for \$1,000.

The other buildings were worth about \$1,000. The furniture was insured for \$1,250,

#### WOMAN EATS POISONED RICE. Mrs. Jowers Comes Very Near Dying in Americus.

Americus, Ga., December 12 .- (Special)-Mrs. Clebe Jowers, wife of D. Jowers, nar-rowly escaped death this morning by polson. She ate some rice left over from dinner and in a few minutes was deathly sick. By hard work her life was saved. Dr. Jowers says that arsenic was mixed with the rice, but by whom is a mystery.

A negro boy on the premises also ate of the rice and came near dying.

#### TAYLOR CUTS POUNDS MORTALLY Two Men Have a Fatal Quarrel and

Fight in Americus. Americus, Ga., December 12.-(Special.)-In a difficulty this afternoon between Isaac Pounds and Gip Taylor Pounds was badly cut in the back and will probably die. In a statement Pounds declares the assault was wholly unprovoked.

It is known that a woman figures in the

case. Taylor has not yet been arrested.

#### DEVANE'S FALL CAUSED DEATH. Young Man Appeared Improving Until He Got Out of Bed.

Valdosta, Ga., December 12.—(Special.)— Devane, the young man who jumped from the window of the Cameron house Wednes-day night, died of his injuries this morning.
Cameron go: out of bed and went after a drink of water and died a little while afterwards. He appeared to be improving up to the time of his getting out of bed.

#### MEN SHOT AT COUNTRY DANCE. Mattie Hester Helps Make a Row and Does Her Part.

Ga., December 12.-(Special.) Citizen Palmer gave a dance at his home near Martha Thursday night. Several of the men present were considerably under the influence of whisky and a row ensued. Mattie Hester went to the dance equipped with a supply of whisky which she sold freely. During the evening she became involved in a quarrel with Henry McLendon and shot him. Her brother joined her in the trouble and was fearfully beaten on the face and head with a pair of brass knucks and terribly accrated. Alfred Shell owner of a steam mill, was shot in the side and seriously injured. It is not known who shot him, as there was a fusillade a

#### MRS. CLEVELAND IN PRINCETON First Lady of the Land Inspects Her Future Home.

Princeton, N. J., December 12 .- (Special.) Mrs. Grover Cleveland was here today the guest of Mrs. Patton, the wife of the president of the university, for the purpose of examining the house recently purchased by President Cleveland for his residence by President Cle after March 4th.

#### JUMPS FROM MOVING TRAIN. An Unknown Man Found Dead with

\$3,000 in dis Pockets. Columbia, Mo., December 12.—An unown man jumped from a iMssouri, Ka sas and Texas Pacific passenger train going forty miles an hour yesterday and was instantly killed. He had \$3,000 in his possession, but m ing to lead to his identity except a ticket from Denison, Teg., to St. Louis.

# ELEVATED RAILWAY'S MANAGER

Colonel Hain's Former Private Sec tary Succeeds Him.

New York, December 12.—W. J. Franzioli, former private secretary to Cononel F. K. Hain, and who has been acting manager of the Mahattan Elevated railway since Colonel Hain's death, has been formally appointed expense manager of the ready

# BLECTION WAS QUIET SPURR GIVEN A TERM MASON GOT THE YOTES

NO COMMISSIONERS GIVEN TWO YEARS AND HALF Has Had Four Separate Trials in the

Same Court on Same Charge. TELLS THE JUDGE THAT HE IS INNOCENT

Thirty Days Are Allowed for Prepa ration of a Bill of Exceptions. Major Out on Bond.

Nashville, Tenn., December 12.-(Special.) Judge Henry F. Severens today sentenced Major M. A. Spurr, president of the defunct Commercial National bank to two years and six months in the United States prison at Albany, N. Y. Major' Spurr was convicted about six

months ago of falsely certifying the checks of Dobbins & Dazey as good when they had no money to their credit. Motion was made for a new trial and this was ar Judge Severens had previously announced

his intention to overrule the motion, and he formally did so today and passed sentence. Thirty days was allowed for preparation of a bill of exceptions, as the cas will be taken to the supreme court. When asked if he had anything to say why sentence should not be passed Major Spurr said: "Yes sir. I have appeared before this

court on four separate trials and made oath that I did not know the account of Dobbins & Dazey was overdrawn when I certified the checks on which I was indicted. I desire to say so again on the olemnity of an oath and to declare that am not guilty." Judge Severens said that this was the

most painful duty he had ever been called upon to perform, but the wrecking of the Commercial National bank was one of the gravest and most intolerable abuses he had ncountered. He made the penalty light because of the defendant's previous good character and the jury's recommendation

Major Spurr remains out on bond. HANSON'S CHANCES ARE GOOD.

GEORGIA WILL MOST LIKELY BE FOUND IN THE CABINET.

McKinley, Hanna and Thurston Are All Favorably Impressed with the Macon Citizen.

Washington, December 12.-(Special.)-Reeffect that Major McKinley has been spending the past few days in canvassing the situation relative to the selection of a

outhern man for the cabinet. The Maryland republicans have apparent ly gone mad in their demand on the presi-dent-elect to appoint J. M. Garey, of that state, postmaster general, but what effect it has had no one knows for certain. A close friend of Mr. Hanna said tonight that the Ohio chairman had led him to believe when here this week that who-ever was appointed from the south would be selected from a state much farther south than either Maryland, West Virginia or Kentucky. The same gentleman said Major McKinley was best acquainted with Major Hanson of all those mentioned from the south, and in addition to this Hanson was not only now, but had always been the most conspicuous champ protection in the south, and this fact alone has won the admiration of Mr. Mc-Kinley when the latter was a member of y when he framed the tariff bill bearing his name, having frequent consultations with Major Hanson relative to the measure. Garey's friends are making a campaign for him and a number of the Maryle crowd are apparently camping on the

torical front porch awaiting a positive an-Senator Thurston, of Nebraska, will be the spokesman for the new administration on the floor of the senate and whose opinion has been sought on the cabinet by Mr. McKinley, believes whoever is selected from the south he should be the strongest protectionist that could be found in section. Senator Thurston has a high regard for Major Hanson and looks upon him as fine cabinet timber, and goes enough to say that the president-elect will nake no mistake should he invite the

Georgian into his political household It can be stated as a fact that Mr. Evans of Tennessee, will not be selected. As matters appear here now, based upon the talks of those who are in position to know the trend of cabinet affairs, the selection rests between Hanson and Garey, with the chances in favor of the former.

#### USES HIS VICTIM FOR A PILLOW Johnson Kills Berry and Then Sleeps

with His Head on Corpse. Anniston, Ala., December 12.-(Special.)-Charley Johnson and Gil Berry, with several other Anniston negroes, went out into Alexandria valley to a big ball and supper last night, and after a quarrel over a game of craps about midnight, Johnson shot and killed Berry.

After killing Berry, Johnson spat in his face and then laid down with the corpse as a pillow and slept for two hours, the other negroes being afraid to interfere. Some white men finally heard of the tragedy and went to arrest Johnson, but he made his escape, although he was given a flesh wound in the leg by a shot from one of the posse.

### STATE PRESS PERSONALS.

The Jonesboro Enterprise says of Mr.

The Jonesboro Enterprise says of Mr. Bryan:

"The people of Atlanta will not fail to give Hon. William J. Bryan a royal reception when he comes there on the 23d instant, and all Georgia will join in with them. Mr. Bryan is one of America's foremost citizens and has just recently endeared himself to the democrats of the nation by the gallant and noble manner in which he led the recent great political fight. His appearance in Atlanta is for the purpose of opening a series of fitty lectures, which he has stranged to deliver in as many cities of the United States. He will meet with a cordial welcome in Georgia."

The Augusta Morning News pays this compliment to Professor Glenn:

"The reappointment of Professor G. R. Glenn as school commissioner will meet with hearty approval throughout the state. No man that has ever held the position has discharged the duties devolving upon him with better satisfaction to the public."

Says The Augusta Evening Herald: "Mr. Watson is confiding to a book what e thinks of Napoleon. The task will no oubt become painful when he reacher Vaterloo."

Bays The Augusta Chonicle:
"Hugh Middleton has organized Atlanta's
lyceum with an admirable set of officers."
Judge Norwood, of Savannah, is making

Result in a Contast.

CROVATT CLAIMS THE OFFICE

ndidate with Fewest Votes Says the Man Who Led Is Not Eligible for the Place.

Brunswick, Ga., December 12.-(Special.) 7. H. Mason got 320 majority over A. J. brovatt for mayor today, but tonight Crovatt claims he is mayor-elect, and has set the political street corner gatherers and citizens generally a hot pace discussing his

Mason is mayor pro tem., and Alderma Crovatt claims this makes him ineligible or mayor and insures himself being sus tained by the courts. He bases his opinion on an act found in Georgia laws of 1889, making an alderman ineligible to any other ipal office during their term. The Mason side say the Crovatt claim is

a bluff pure and simple. They claim to have legal advice and the city charter to prove that Mason is eligible. Crovatt has not yet definitely decided to oush his claim, but will consult his aldersanto board and follow their advice.

The entire Crovatt ticket was defeated and the Mason ticket, consisting of Alderman-elect D. D, Ackinson, Albert Fendig, J. M. Bloodworth and C. Morris, will be

aim with one or two exceptions, but the Mason side will fight Crovatt's claim to the office, should the contest be pushed and Crovatt endeavor to take the chair. An amendment to the act quoted, passed in 1895, changes it in form, but does not materially affect the point Crovatt makes

Legal opinion seems to sustain Crovatt's

#### COLUMBUS HAS QUIET ELECTION New Board of Aldermen Selected by

the Voters. Columbu, Ga., December 12.—(Speci The annual city aldermanic election occurred today, passing off very quietly. The following were elected aldermen: E. P. Dismukes, E. H. Roberts, P. T. Shutze, W. M. Moses, J. T. Cooper, C. J. Eifler,

Cooper, Eiffer and Marcrum were the only candidates who had opposition. Cooper was opposed by B. F. Wilson, in the fourth; Eifler by George O. Berry, in the fifth, and Marcrum by C. D. Willis, in the

W. E. Marcrum, W. C. Lawrence and C.

#### HOW SPAIN HAS DECLINED.

Her Reverses Began with the Defect of the Celebrated Armada.

From The Philadelphia Times.

It only needs the most transient glance at It only needs the most transient glace to the naval history of Spain to convince the timorous jingo that unless the statesmen of that country are entirely bereft of their senses, no war will be forced upon the United States over the Cuban question. Spain has been peculiarly unfortunate in the matter of warfare at sea, even when she was the most formidable power the world over. Now she ranks but eighth, while the United States is entitled to the fifth place and perhaps the fourth. If the offensive strength of the various powers could be accurately measured it might re-sult in showing that there are only two naval powers entitled to precedence over the United States—namely, Great Britain and France.

Russia, Germany and the United States under construction by the latter will definitely place this government above the others within twelve or eighteen months. Spain has not kept pace with the other at nations during the past five years in the matter of new warships. She has been too poor to attempt it. Her navy today is a small affair. She has one good battleship, the Pelayo, and six first-class cruisers. She has scores upon scores of other vessels, but they are worthless layo, the best of the entire fleet, is not a match for the battleship Indiana. The Texas, a second-class battleship, but a newer type than the Pelayo, would be an

even opponent for the latter. Spain's downfall as a naval power dates from the fatal third Sunday in July in the year 15%, when the wonderful Spanish Armada appeared in the English channel for the purpose of scooping up the whole of England, Scotland and Ireland in the Spanish net. There were 130 warships of the largest size in the fleet, and it was jus nposing in those days as a fleet of 130 first-class battleships and first-class cruisers would be today it mustered under

on the 130 Spanish ships were nearly 32,000 men, composed of over 19,000 soldiers, 8,000 marines, 2,000 oarsmen and 2,000 volunteers, representing the most distinguished families in Spain. The Spanish fleet came on in the shape of a great crescent seven miles from horn to horn, and the Duke de Me-dina, the commanding admiral, expected to sweep everything opposing it from the face

the rea. Philip II of Spain had made careful preparations for the onslaught of the Armada, too careful, in fact, for there were so many men in each one of the 130 ships that they were in each other's way, hindering effective service, and every time a shot from the enemy tore through a vessel, it killed and maimed dozens, sickening and sheartening the others.

Against the great Armada the English had thirty warships, all of them of inferior size to the big Spanish galleons. Volunteer craft of all kinds and sizes were hastily added to the Facility of the Facility added to the English fleet, so that by the time the action began Lord Howard, the commanding admiral, had 181 vessels, many of them not much bigger than rowboats, and 17 472 man.

and 17,472 men.
Respecting the enemy's strength and h Respecting the enemy's strength and his own weakness. Lord Howard decided that all he could do was to attack them in the rear, in the hope of disabling the stragglers. The rear division of the Armada was commanded by Juan Martines de Recalde, the best sallor in the whole fleet. His ship was the big galleon Santa Ana. The English warship Revenge, of forty guns, commanded by the historic Captain Drake, tingled out the Santa Ana and gave her such a drubbling that the Duke de Medina himself had to sall back with a large number of ships to rescue the Santa Ana from the Erglish.

The fighting on that Sunday afternoon

large number of ships to rescue the Santa Ana from the Erglish.

The fighting on that Sunday afternoon was only the initiatory round in Spain's downfall as a naval power. Monday morning the battle was resumed and many English successes were scored. The great Spanish fleet was too big to be effectively centrolled, and owing to the close range and the heavy clouds of smoke, they fired broadsides into each other as often as they fired into the English. Besides, the experience of Sunday afternoon had disheartened many, the gallant showing of the English being regarded as supernatural. Several of the gfileons were captured on Monday, and each prize ship meant a fortune. The Rosario was one of the first to be captured, the victor being Captain Drake, and when the prize was afterwards ransacked at Dartmouth 55,000 ducats in gold and 500 diamond-histed swords were distributed among the captors.

Tuesday's fight was the hottest of the series. First came a fierce brush early in the morning, when Drake and Lord Howard and the leaders of the English fleet, after a daring attempt to work in between the

Spanish ficet and the land, had at the last moment to tack, baffled for want of searoom, and were closed with by the enemy in the act of going about. Exultantly came on the galleons under full sail and the galleonsses with flashing rows of oars, shouting and cheering amid blare of trumpets and ruffle of drums, in full confidence to run down and sink the light-built English vessels. It was a moment of extreme peril—until the fortune of the fight of a sudden changed. As the Spaniards were in the act of closing on the Revenge and the ships with her, in a flash as it were, the England sails filled, ship by ship and all together, and then stretching out with bow-sprits pointing seaward, the Revenge, Victory, Ark Royal and the rest cleared the enemy, pouring in so fierce a fire as they passed that the Spanish ships had to sheer off.

This was the first action of the day. Later, the wind going round with the sun, shifted and gave Drake and Howard the veather gauge, on which came on th desperate encounter. Lord Howard in the Ark Royal, and Drake in the Revenge, with the ships nearest at hand, driving ahead before the wind, pushed into the thick of the Spanish main body, and attacked the enemy, gun muzzle to gun muzzle, in a ong and furious battle that lasted until the

Afternoon sun was nearing the horizon.

Thursday's fight was off the Isle of Wight astward in an effort of sullenly off to the eastward in an effort to stave off furthostilities until the coast of Finaders of hostilities until the coast of Finaders could be reached, where 30,000 soldiers were wait-ing to join them. But the English kept the fight going, also on Saturday and Sun-day and Sunday night Lord Howard sent the famous fleet of fireships among the Spaniards, causing untold disaster. Monday, July 29th, occurred the great battle off Gravelines, and it was a fatal day to Spain. The ships fought within pistol

to Spain. The ships fought within pistol shot range from 6 ir. the morning until 4 in the afternoon. Howard, Drake, Haw-kins and Frobisher led the English attack on the Spanihs rear, and when everything was in line with the Spanish vainly trying to work to the van, Seymour and Winter began their attack on the leading vessels of the squadron. By 2 o'clock in the afternoon the Spanish were so demoralized that the English were working rig through the fleet in all directions, sinki working right

through the fleet in all directions, sinking and capturing the enemy.

Then began the long chase up the coast of Scotland, the Spanish seeking to get home by rounding the north coast and then down the coast of Ireland. Here the great gale overtook them, smashing many warships on the rocks of Connemara and drowning 8,000 men.

This was Spain's end as a great naval power. Two centuries and a quarter later

power. Two centuries and a quarter later hase combined a great armada with one equipped by France, but Lord Nelson and the battle of Trafalgar terminated that ef-With many of her warships now engage in the Cuban struggle and the Philippine islands insurrection, it would seem that the Washington statesmen who have said that she will not attempt a war with this country are basing their opinions on Spain's

#### OLD TITLES OF MANY RULERS The Heads of Governments Once Had Other Names-Those Used Now.

From The New York Commercial-Adver-Servian kings were formerly all called

Eleazars or Lazars.

The president of Peru is General Nicola Plerola. He was elected in 1898.

The ancient monarchs of India were called Palibothri, from the name of their capital city.

For over 400 years every Parthian king bore the name of Arsaces in addition to

The Huns number in their annals great kings-Attila, Bleda, Ellac and Den-The Visigoths in Spain, from Alaric, in 382 A. D., to Roderic, in 709, had thirtyfour kings.

Salvador is a republic and its president is General Gutierrez, whose term of office began June 5, 1894. Some English geneologists pretend that there is a family line of union connecting Queen Victoria with Alfred the Great. Queen Victoria with Airred the Great.

The first king of the Vandals was Gunderic, who ascended the throne in 406 A. D.

Their last king was Gelimer, 531-534.

Kenneth became sole king of Scotland in 834. From his time to the accession of James VI Scotland had forty-four kings.

The name Agag, mentioned in Jewish history as that of an Amalekite king, was used in common by all sovereigns of that

used in common by all sovereigns of that The present reigning prince of Bulgaria is Prince Ferdinand, whose commission dates from 1887, and his term expires at the wish of the czar.

taken place in Chile the president is Admiral Jorge Montt, whose term of office began December 26, 1891. began December 26, 1891.
Until the past few months Madagascan had a queen, Ranavalona III. She began to reign in 1883 and was deposed upon the French occupation.

Unless a revolution has very re-

Liberia does not cut a very imp figure among the nations, neverthel has a president, Mr. J. J. Cheesen whose term of office began January 2, 1892 Prussia has had, including the present king, who is also a German emperor, seven kings. The royal house of Hohenzollern was established by Frederick William of Brandenburg in 1701 The present king of Norway and Sweden

Oscar II., ascended the throne September 12, 1872. Including the present king, Swe-den and Norway have enjoyed the rule of forty-seven sovereigns.

The present king of Italy is King Humbert, who ascended the throne January 9, 1878. Victor Emanuel, his father, ascended the throne of Sardinia in 1849 and became king of Italy March 7, 1861.

The present king of Corea is named Li
Chung, without any Chang attachment to
his cognomen. He ascended the throne in
1884, and will remain there until the Russians or Japanese drive him off.
From the time of Julius Caesar to that
of Conventing the Great the property name of Constantine the Great the popular name for a Roman emperor was Caesar; after the reign of Constantine the sobriquet in the eastern empire was Constantine.

The present head of the Swiss confed

tion is President Joseph Zemp, whose term began in 1894, December 15th. The Swiss confederation of August 1, 1291, is re-garded as the foundation of the Swiss re-The house of Bourbon furnished kings to France, Spain and Naples and sovereign dukes to Parma. At one time it was said that the humblest member of this royal family was more influential than a prince

of any other.

The present king of Greece is George I, who ascended the throne in 1863. Otho I, prince of Bavaria, was elected king by the Greek assembly May 7, 1832. From his accession to the present Greece has had

but two kings.

The present king of Servia, Alexander was elevated to the throne in the place his disreputable father, in 1889. He was born in 1876, and is now a sturdy youth who, it is said, gives promise of being as disreputable as ex-King Milan ever was. The present ameer of Afghanistan is Abdur Rahman Khan, who ascended the throne in 1880. It is a little known fact that Afghanistan once here. that Afghanistan once had a Greek em-peror, it being comprised within the limits of the territory conquered by Alexander

of the territory conquered by Alexander the Great.

The present king of Belgium is Leopold II, who ascended the throne December 10, 1885. The kings of Belgium are successors of the princes of Orange, the first being Philibert, who succeeded to the throne in 1802. For a long time they were known as Stadtholders.

Mrs. Lulu Latham, Fairburn, Ga. Fairburn, Ga., December 12.—(Spec al.)—The remains of Mrs. Lulu Latham were interred yesterday afternoon, the funeral exercises being conducted by the Rev. Thomas F. Pierce, of Austell, in the presence of a large gathering of friends.

# PISTOL AT HIS HEAD

Dairyman Tries to Take the Un of the German Consul.

ARRESTED AND COMMITTED

Ludwig Schuett Pushes His Way Inte Feigel's Office.

### ATTACHES OF THE OFFICE PROMPTLY FLED.

Several Men Gather the Intruder and a Hot Fight Follows Until the Police Reach the Place.

New York, December 12.-A man made futile attempt to kill the German con general, August Feigel, at the co No. 2 Bowling Green, at 11 o'clock today. The man appeared at the consulate 10:30, asked for the coasul general and when told that he could not see him, were away. He returned a half hour later and was again denied admittance. He thereupon pushed his may threen

winging door at the counter and atten to get into the private office of the const general. One of the clerks stopped him. Then the man pulled a revolver fully loaded from his overcoat pocket just as Consul General Feigel appeared at the

eled the pistol at the head of the considered. The majority of the clerks were panic stricken and seemed paralyzed will fear. Mr. Paul Falcke, the vice consi was the only one who seemed cap He jumped towards the man, grabbed him

about the shoulders and in the se the revolver fell to the floor. The ma fought like a madman to regain the plant and finally succeeded. Then everybody save the infuriated man fled to some refuge. The consul and vice consul dedged u the desk and Consul General Feigel back to his room and locked the door Three cierks meanwhile ran over to the

produce exchange and found Patro fcCormick. The bluecost lest no time in getting to the consulate, knocking evolver from the man's hand, and after freely using his club, succeeded in too Magistrate Flammer in the Center street police court. There he said his name was

udwig Schuett, a dairyman by occ and that he arrived in America from Ham burg on November 30th last Schuett then told a rambling story of naving been robbed of his mo alleged German official persecution, he thought, had followed him to this

try. This was his only reason for his co-deavor to kill the consul. He was committed until tomorrow for

OUR UNEXPLORED GLOBE There Are Still 20,000,000 Square Miles Yet To Be Covered.

From The Literary Digest.

We are apt to think that we are mode have very little to do in the way of exping the globe, and that the recent expitions in Africa have quite put the finish touch to geographical knowledge, so the he who wishes to set foot on virgin so must sigh, like Alexander, for another world. Those who entertain such ophics may calm themselves with the thought that no less a portion of the earth's surfacthan 20,000,000 square miles is yet a fit sal ject for the investigation, and on a less ject for the investigation, and on a part of this the foot of civilized man part of this the foot of civilized man not yet trod. We translate from Common (Paris, June 6th) an article that brings the "At the London geographical
Mr. Logan Lobley gave a very in
study of the present state of ex
of the globe. It appears that mode
raphers have an immense amount
before them to make us acquainted
parts of the earth. This conclus
astonish some pages for them. fact out very clearly. It runs as

astonish some people, for there is a people for there is a people for there is a people for the same for the earth are well explored.

"Mr. Lobley reminds us that in the first place, toward the middle of the sixtenial for the si century, all seas had been trave navigators and that if the maps of the thents were not yet very exact, at I their relative positions and their seconfiguration were known, Australia is appears on a French map in 1542, under appears on a Freich map in its, name of Great Java. In the course of sixty years included in the last decade the diffeenth century and the first half the sixteenth, a plead of navigators advanced geographic knowledge in a gree that has never been reached in gree that has never been reached in the pariod so short. Sebastian d'Estate pariod so short. Sebastian d'Estate pariod so short.

advanced geographic anowaces of in other period so short. Sebastian d'Eshad made his first voyage around the war Vasco da Gama had doubled the Case Good Hope; Christopher Columbus had at ed the two Americas to the map; the vages of Cabot and Magellan had complete this wonderful list of new discoveries. "Today, outside of the polar regions, must confess that all the seas have explored, but this is far from being the case with the land. An immense attentientirely unknown to us; another, still seconsiderable, has been only imperient explored; travelers have traversed it merce has exploited some of its product that the land only the least part is well known; read has covered it with a network of magles, and the maps of it are completed to the investigation of explored. "After Africa, Australia offers the mest field to the investigation of explored we must remember that even its second

we must remember that state was not fully explored till 1841. Since time, at the price of great suffering it been crossed from south to north, but the price of the state of t traveler has yet traversed it fi "In the two Americas, except the el northern and southern parts, the con is known; nevertheless, the whole t region of South America, though in

region of South America, thought part explored for commercial part (for mines, wood, caoutchouc, etc.), exactly mapped.

"To sum up, the yet unexplored part the globe cover an area of about square kilometers (about 20,000,000 imiles), approximately divided thus:

Total.
"Opportunity will not be wan
"Opportunity will not be wan
to a long time to the explorers
to undertake their part of the
task that must be achieved by before it knows its own world." Dr. M. E. Vason, Dublin, Dublin, Ga., December 12.—(Specier an illness of ten weeks Dr. M. lied at his residence on College

Three years ago Dr. Vason with his family from southwelle was a practitioner for over and had a large practice until his target and the was a practice to the way a practice with his target and the way are to be a proper to the way to be a proper to the

Spanish

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FEARLESS

Found the

Cincinnati. McRae League ville, Fla., win ent by the n etriota admit report that the C. M. Hust.

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in this city give

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entire staff, wi the, who we letter came fro field for the Huau, "that t within an hour if they knew wi chronicled in m "From the lett quis of Abumada meral of Cube

in the field, sent

inviting the Cub

treachery was 1

invitation came Spaniard as the mediately return he would be glad eral, and accomp the awful fate is They Sal soldiers there, ac ly saluted the rel

from every side. so suspicious that from a splendidly

and after reaching

ban lender was

" 'Never,' was t the words been u volley was poured patriots, who, alti-sides, outnumbers one, stuck spurs ories of 'Cuba libr trut fire with a reaking his jav.

bdomen. Either

fatal. Young Gom

and in a few mom corpses, shot aim were all that re "Only one memb the corpses were every precaution t

Spain's Hor Jacksorville. Fli Huan, the agent o has received a lett firms the report Maceo, but also in leader was the vict formed by his ov tucha, and the ma acts as captain g Weyler is absent which was written of Havana whose der that he may pleasure of the f

ression cause we general, A the Spaniards, a Major Cirujeda; horrible drama, seon, Dr. Maxim

"Convinced as Wanding his enorm ad so repeated generals in Pinar didea of appeasing cold-blooded murie of the secret rela tucha and the ma planned with the la Weyler took the lance Ahumada ph cha, a conference at a certain

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ORED GLOBE. 0.000,000 Square

Be Covered. of the earth's surface miles is yet a fit sub-ation, and on a large of civilized man has

# MACEO AND THIRTY-FOUR OF HIS STAFF LED INTO CIRUJEDA'S TRAP

Spanish Treachery Secures a Temporary Triumph Through the Faithlessness of the Trusted, Unworthy Zertucha. Gold Turned Him Traitor.

CUBANS WERE ADVANCING IN

Found the Promises of Ahumada Had Been Violated, and That They Were Helplessly Surrounded By Assassins-Fought Bravely to the Last, But All Saye the Betrayer Were Shot Down Without Mercy. Story of the Massacre.

McRae League correspondent at Jacksonville, Fla., wired The Post today as follows:

gave out the following to the correspondent

"A letter received by a prominent Cubar

in this city gives the detailed account of the tucha, who was Maceo's physician. The within an hour by the Spanish authorities one of the most horrible atrocities ever

"From the letter it appears that the marguis of Ahumada, who officiated as captain in the field, sent a letter to General Maceo nviting the Cuban leader to a conference Maceo, never for a moment thinking that treachery was intended, especially as the invitation dame from such a prominent Spaniard as the marguis of Ahumada, imhe would be glad to meet the Spanish general, and accompanied only by his staff he went to the rendezvous, little dreaming of

the awful fate in store for him.

They Saluted the Cubans. "On arriving at the trocha the Spanish oldiers there, acting under orders, actually saluted the rebel chieftain as he passed and after reaching the rendezvous the Cuban leader was surprised to see, instead

him cruelly trapped and his suspicions were

"'Never,' was the reply, and hardly had folley was poured into the little band of patriots, who, although hemmed in on all sides, outnumbered almost one hundred to one, stuck spurs to their horses and with cries of 'Cuba libre!' rode gallantly to their

"Maceo is reported to have fallen at the breaking his jaw. Another hit him in the abdomen. Either shot would have been fatal. Young Gomez was the next to fall and in a few moments a number of bloody corpses, shot almost beyond recognition were all that remained of the gallant

Cubans who trusted to Spanish honor. "Only one member of the staff escaped and that was Dr. Zertucha. The latter says the corpses were buried on the field and every precaution taken to keep the details

Spain's Horrible Treachery. Jacksonville. Fla., December 12.-J. A. Huau, the agent of the Cuban junta here, has received a letter from Havana which confirms the report of the death of Antonic Maceo, but also indicates that the Cuban leader was the victim of a treacherous plot formed by his own physician, Dr. Zerucha, and the marquis of Ahumada, who acts as captain general of Havana when Weyler is absent in the field. The letter, Which was written by a prominent citizen der that he may not fall under the displeasure of the Spanish authorities, is as

"Havana, December 9, 1896.—Dear Friends usto. We are at present under the sad mpression caused by the death of our ave general, Antonio Maceo, murdered, ogether with the greater part of his staff, the Spaniards, acting under the assassin, Major Cirujeda; and instrumental in this horrible drama, was Maceo's second sur-

seon, Dr. Maximo Zertucha. "Convinced as Weyler was that, notwithstanding his enormous army, he could do othing against our gallant leader, who had so repeatedly defeated the Spanish nerals in Pinar del Rio, he conceived the dea of appeasing his beastly instincts by cold-blooded murder, and, making the best of the secret relations between Dr. Zertucha and the marquis of Ahumada, he ned with the latter his hellish scheme. "Weyler took the field, and in his abence Ahumada proposed, through Zera conference with Maceo, to take place at a certain point in the province of

Cincinnati, O., December 12.—The Scripps- | Havana, with a view of arranging plans for the cessation of hostilities, on the basis of Cuba's independence and a monetar indexnity to Spain, with, moreover, certain advantages that would be agreed upon for Spanish commerce and Spanish capital here invested. To carry out the plans, orders would be given to the detachme troops stationed at the trocha, in the section between Mariel and Guanajay, to al-

> military line unmolested. Maceo Lured to His Death. "These combinations took time to mature and to give them all semblance of truth, Ahumada feigned that before acting he must make known his plans to Weyler for his previous approval; and this explains the sudden arrival of Weyler at Hayana and

his prompt return to Pinar del Rio. "Having arranged the conditions and place of the meeting, Maceo crossed the trocha over the road to Guanajay without being molested by the forts, but once ar rived at the place decided upon, he and his party were greeted by a tremendous volley from the forces under Major Cirujeda, lying conveniently in ambush. Most of the officers of his staff fell with General Maceo. Zertucha is alive, because he was aware of the scheme and remained in the rear. The Spaniards know where the bodies are, but are bent on feigning ignor-

city the firing on Guanabacoa.

"The Spaniards may treacherously murder some of our patriots, but there is no earthly power that could annihilate the spirit of liberty floating now as ever over the Cuban people,"

The death of no one man can crush the of Ahumada. Thirty-four members of his of the staff, with the exception of the

"The Spaniards say," added Mr. Huau "that they do not know where Ma ceo's body is. They know full well they have buried it to cover their treachery to a degree, and will exhume it soon and say:

"From today Cuba will fight harder than

"I do not know who will succeed Maceo,"

Insurgent Leader Was Betrayed by His Physician-A Heavy Re-

Key West, Fla., December 12.-(Special.)-Your correspondent is now enabled to state upon the most undoubted authority, that the death of General Maceo was a premeditated assassination, and that the failure to produce his body is because its : nutilated condition would shock even Spanish official

gent leader, and executed, while the greater

part of them found protection within Span-

ish lines. Although the enormity of their

convent school girls, the criminals were

Agents of Lawless Vengeance,

has spent hundreds of thousands of dol-

lars to attach to his cause, and through

killed Maceo could have the prize.

Dr. Zertucha's "Surrender."

victim to the trap into which he had walk-

ed. How singular it is, that Span'ards

who usually kill every one in sight, should

have been considerate enough to have al-

cha, to surrender. Instead of putting him

in chains and rushing him off to a dun-

geon, he is treated with distinction, is pa-

raded before newspaper correspondents

and has that freedom of speech which is a

Aroused to Desperation.

The depression into which the Cubans

were thrown upon the first announcemen

of Maceo's death, now that the fact of his

cowardly assassination is confirmed, has

and will make even more persistent their

fight for fredom. Maceo's assassination is

Spain is still a stranger to civilized meth-

ods, and the lesson drawn therefrom by

Cubans is that they might as well die with

their faces to the foe, as become the vic-

LIEVE HE HAS BEEN KILLED.

Zertucha's Story Is Conflicting in

Many Respects and the Ac-

counts Confusing.

Havana, December 12, via Key West, Fla.,

tims of assassination.

ted out as conclusive evidence that

lowed Maceo's physician, Maximo Zertu

These are the men whom General Weyler

otected from molestation and are today

crime was known, and their victims were

ance to blot out every vestige of the crime "Havana and all Spain are rejoicing beause in the midst of their stupidity they hope that the war may end with the death of this gallant leader. Far from this, the spirit of the Cubans has grown more ardent, and today the latter are resolved to make every sacrifice before laying down their arms to the relentless tyrants; and in this very province of Havana, where our army is less numerous and possessed of less means of defense, the Cubans are operating with greater activity than ever, and not a day passes that we do not hear in this

Twenty-Five Men Were Murdered. Speaking of the letter, Mr. Huan said: "Maceo is dead, but Cuba will live long. was not killed fairly or in honest battle, but through the murderous treachery of his physician, Dr. Zertucha, and the acting captain general of Cuba, the marquis staff were murdered with him-every man treacherous Zertucha.

" 'Ah, here is the body of Maceo.' ever before. This will be a sad day for

said Mr. Huau, "but I think it will be Ris Rovera, a brave and intelligent sol-MACEO WAS ASSASSINATED.

BODY SO HORRIBLY MUTTILATED IT WAS NOT RECOGNIZABLE.

ward for the General.



DR. MAXIMO ZERTUCHA.

His Diabolical Treachery Sent the Gallant Maceo to a Terrible Death.

them he has ordered the killing of foreign ers whom he dared not call up in court. To them he has made offers of reward for the assassination of insurgent leaders For added it was Maceo's intention to cross the three weeks it has been known in Havana trocha and organize the forces in Havana that a clever bribe was out for the surrenprovince similar to those in Pinar del Rio, der of General Maceo. It was to the effec now perfectly distributed, comprising 12,that he held the ticket which called for 000 men, well armed and provisioned, and the grand prize of \$50,000 in the Havana commanded by Rios Rivera. If this is true, lottery. He did not care to call for the t will destroy the rumors in circulation. cashing of this cleverly arranged bribe; and One story says Maceo was left alone in then it was, upon the departure of General the center of the staff, and another that Weyler for the hills several days ago, that Maceo fell, leading the charge. According it was bruited about that the man who to Zertucha's story, it would have been impossible for Gomez's son to write a pen cil note declaring Maceo had been killed. The story of Maceo's death, as told from It is surprising Zertucha is ignorant of

official sources, sustains fully the theory of assassination. General Maceo, instead On the whole, all stories of Macco's death of crossing the trochs directly with his are confusing. The evidence adduced so far men, was, through some covert influence, is not strong enough to convince people of induced to pass Mariel on boat, and to reach Maceo's death. Many believe he is still his forces on the east side of the death line. in Pinar del Rio. Others say his crossing of the marquis of Ahumada, a large body brave spirit of the patriots of Cuba who There everything was in readiness by the the trocha means defeat and gives reason for Weyler to boast he pi of the province and pacified same.

Others think it is only a scheme to create vert attention from the effect of Cleveland's message, with the possible view of making oncessions to the rebels at once, as the leader of the alleged negro movement has disappeared. This would not be possible if Maceo existed, on account of the Spaniards tremendous hatrod of Maceo's personality Many reasons are given for this version. Well informed persons say palace officials cember 7th. It is a notable coincidence that Maceo's death occurred on the same day also remarkable that the body is still unchanged to that of desperate determination,

Spanish sentiment is divided in Havana Many still doubt. Maceo's has been killed so often they cannot believe. There has been no popular demonstration in honor

of the alleged death of Maceo yet. Opinions are divided as to the honor of the event. Some give credit to Weyler and others to Cirujeda. A majority give credit o Weyler.

STILL DOUBT MACEO'S DEATH. The majority of Spaniards ridicule the tory of Maceo crossing the trocha in a boat and say it is told simply to maintain CUBANS IN HAVANA DON'T BEthe integrity of the trocha and prevent Arolas committing suicide, as he threatened if Maceo crossed.

TO LEARN OF MACEO'S DEATH.

Congress Will Ask Information Concerning Killing of the Leader.

Washington, December 12.-The news of December 12.-The Cubans here disbelieve the alleged assassination of Maceo under Maceo's death. The evidence is too weak. Zertucha's testimony offers many conthe cover of what was practically a flag radictions. He has made different stateof truce, is accepted as true at the Cuban

and make them intelligible.

It was regarded as incomprehensible that a rough and tumble fighter like Maceo should be found killed in silk underwear and with all his jewelry on his person. But if he was riding out for a parley, nothing would be more natural to a Cuban than to attire himself in his most gorgeous array. Resolutions of inquiry on the subject will probably be introduced in one or both houses of congress on Monday.

HONORS FOR THE ASSASSIN.

QUEEN REGENT SHOWERS ATTEN-TIONS ON CIRUJEDA'S WIFE. Promised To Undertake the Educa-

tion of His Son as One

Madrid, December 12.-The killing of Ma see is likely to result in promotion and other honors for Major Cirujeda, who commanded the Spanish force, in the engage ment in which the rebel leader lost his life. Queen Regent Christina today re-

The queen regent showed by her conversation that she appreciated fully the gain that Cleveland gave his message. It is death of Maceo, and spoke warmly in praise of Major Cirujeda's bravery in attacking a largely superior force of rebels. Spaniards were outhumbered nearly four

> She promised as a token of her appreciation of Major Cirujeda's action to undertake the expenses of the education of his

> MACEO'S DEATH NOT CELEBRATED Cubans Waited To See What the Spar

> ish Would Do. Tampa, Fla., December 12.-The Cubani assembled in Ybor City tonight to make an anti-Spanish demonstration.

It was reported the Spanish citizens of Tampa were making preparations to celebrate the death of Maceo and the Cubans determined it should not be done. Whether the Spanish intended such a thing or not, the fact remains it was not done.

ade by those who surrender. If known thrill of horror by congressmen who learned Marshal Jones massed the police force at that point, which probably prevented any hostile demonstration.

> MACEO'S DEATH CONFIRMED. SENOR PALMA SAYS THE ASSAS-

SINATION WAS NO SURPRISE.

Believes the Insurgent Leader Was Betrayed and Led Into Camp of Murderers.

New York, December 12.-The Cubas junta in this city received the following telegram from their Jacksonville agent, J. A. Huau, this afternoon:

"Received letter from Havana confirming death of Maceo and staff by a combina tion between Marquis Ahumada, second CAPTAIN GENERAL IS HAPPY in command to General Weyler, and Dr. Zentucha.

"They were murdered." Delegate Estrada Palma, after the re-

celpt of the above, dictated a statement for the press.

It was as follows:

"The news Toes not surprise me, because the first reports were so contradic tory that they read like a mystery. I was inclined to believe that the news was false at first, but that if General Maceo is dead it was through the assassin's knife, It seems now that he has been murdered.

"General Weyler, in addressing the crowd from the balcony of his palace, seeme anxious to shirk the credit for the respo sibility of Maceo's death when he said that the victory was clearly due to Ahumada. Perhaps his conscience begins to feel remorse. This very act of the Spanish ger eral proves the straits of the Spanish army. They must resort to treachery. "They did not face Maceo, They stabbe him in the back. Let me ask where is the

THREE SPANISH VICTORIES. REPORTS FROM HAVANA SHOW INSURGENTS ROUTED.

Spanish chivalry of which they boast so

Jeneral Bernal Drives Rebels Back Twice, While Other Fields Show Dead and Wounded.

Havana, December 12.—General Bernal, with the forces of the northern division of the Spanish army on December 10th, left the Perico Lopez camp, near Canabas, in the Pinar del Rio province, marching in the direction of Rosario. At 10 o'clock a. m. of that day the enemy, in an extensive line, opened fire upon the Spanish troops immediately upon the arrival of the vanguard of General Bernal's brigade. General Bernal ordered an attack upon the front and right of the enemy, and he himself initiated the attack under the protection of artillery.

hill, but were dislodged and the hill was captured by the troops. The enemy took new positions, but were again disl after a vigorous assault and retreated into the mountains. The Spanish losses were one lieutenant colonel badly bruised, a captain and five privates killed and two lieutenants and eighteen privates wounded. The enemy carried off a large number of dead and

The Spanish column continued march, carrying their wounded with them, and came upon another party of the enemy with whom they had a new engagement, resulted in the loss of one man kill-

ed and eleven wounded. The rebel losses The Talavera column had a combat of two hours' duration with a large party of insurgents, who were entrenched in a passage along the Maia river. The troops forced the passage and drow the enemy from their positions, from which they retreated

with heavy losses. The troops lost three killed and thirteen wounded. In an attack made by the rebels at Mayajigua, near Remerios, a dynamit ing it into a cannon, destroying the gun dilling two artillerymen, both of whom

Pope Requested To Feel Various Countries in Event of War.

publishes a dispatch from Rome saying it is stated that Spain has asked the pope to ascertain through the papal nuncias at the various capitals whether any of the powers would support her in the event of a war with the United States or interfere in Spain's behalf at the right mo-

The dispatch adds that Signor de Felice Juiffrida, the well-known socialist member of the chamber of deputies, has made an offer to the central Cuban com to take several hundred of his friends Cuba to join the insurgents.

BISBEE SUES FOR BIG DAMAGES. Owner of the Dauntless Wants Twenty Thousand Dollars.

Jacksonville, Fla., December 12.-W. Bisbee, owner of the tug Dauntless, has begun suit against C. R. Bisbee, collector of customs, and Captain W. F. Kilgore, mmander of the revenue cutter Boutwell for \$20,000 damages for illegal detention of the Dauntless as she was about to start to the assistance of the wrecked schooner Nathan F. Cobb, on December 6th. The suit is brought in the state court. Another suit against the same defendants will be commenced in the United States court on Monday for illegal seizure of the Dauntless on December 11th.

Regards the Insurrection as Now Past Resurrection.

**CENERAL WEYLER** 

Believes That Maceo Is Dead

Beyond Any Doubt

Disorganization Will Follow at Once, Says the Benevolent Butcher. Despite Fact That There Are

SAYS HE RAN MACEO FROM DEL RIO

Many Determined Men in Cuba. Havana, December 12.-The representative

of the Southern Associated Press in this city had an interview this evening with Captain General Weyler, who returned to Havana last night from the province of Pinar del Rio. The captain general received the press representative with much cordiality. When asked concerning his opinion of the campaign in general, he said that he was very well satisfied with the course of events and expressed the hope that in a short time there would be a change that would modify some aspects of the situation

He was asked concerning the result of his operations in Pinar del Rio and replied that he was pleased with the outcome, since the rebels in that province are now broken up into small bands and are rapidly losing ground in the hills, the Spanish forces dislodging them from their hiding

At Rangel there was one position occupied by the insurgents which the rebel leaders considered impregnable. This is now in the hands of the troops, the rebels having been driven out of it. The Spanish troops are now fortifying the place in order to prevent the rebels from making an attempt to re-

capture it. Continuing, General Weyler declared that the fact was known to all that owing to the active pursuit of the rebels by the Spanish columns Maceo had been obliged to abandon the province, proceeding by sea to

the province of Havana, where it was known he had met his death. Regarding the effects that would be produced in the rebel ranks and among rebel sympathizers by the death of Maceo, the captain general said it would be demoralizing, since Maceo's prestige among them

leaders of importance. The prestige of a leader was an important factor for the seized with demoralization and disorgan ization followed, a fact that would be

taken advantage of by the Spaniards General Weyler cited several examples of the effect produced in the ranks of the rebels by the death of some of their lead-

Talks of Rios Rivera. He said that since the death of Jose

Maceo, brother of Antonio Maceo, the insurgents in the province of Santiago de Cuba had not been able to recuperate from the blow. When Zayas died the rebel faccame disorganized. There was now no leader able to resist the Spanish. The most Speaking of Rios Rivera, who it is sup

posed will succeed Maceo in the command of the rebels in Pinar del Rio, General Weyler remarked that he was now at the head of the insurgent parties in that province He added that Rivera had no history as a to lead his forces. He had reason to be lieve that Rivera would not resist the Spanish troops very long.

In response to a question as to whether he would soon return to Pinar del Rio, General Weyler replied that as yet he war unable to fix any date for his return, but he would take about twenty days more to terminate the insurrection in Pinar del

General Weyler refused to say anything concerning President Cleveland's message beyond that as a ruler he was obliged to inow its text. Weyler's Spectacular Arrival.

Weyler's arrival was spectacular. All was prepared to create an impression and wipe out ill-feelings among the Spaniards of failure in Pinar del Rio. Although many people were in the streets, there was no real enthusiam. The crowd cheered mostly for Spain and the army, a few for Weyler and Cirujeda. At the palace there was some excitement when Weyler spoke from the balcony. Scon the crowd dissolved and It seems some fears were entertained of demonstration against the United States the building, but nothing happened. Com munication is difficult and no information are only rumors. It is said that Gomez is slowly advancing and is now near

The Cut ans are elated over Cleveland's message and the resolution presented to congress. All expect a prompt termination in their favor of the terrible war now de-

Matarzas province. It is also reported

that large masses of rebels are pouring

into Havana province. All wires are cut

TIMELY ILLUSTRATIVE SUGGESTIONS OF A WEEK'S DEVELOPMENTS IN THE CUBAN SITUATION.



#### PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY, WEEKLY.

The Daily (with Eunday) per year .. .. 33 00 The Daily (without Sunday) per year.. 600 The Sunday Edition (20 to 36 pages).... 2 00 The Weekly..... 100

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# **36 PAGES**

ATLANTA, GA., December 13, 1896.

Maceo and Liberty.

It seems to be certain that Maceo, the brilliant Cuban leader, is dead. His intrepidity led him into a position where he was an easy target for the Spanish assassins who are marching about the island committing murder, rapine and pillage. And the most painful feature of the sad end is the probability that he was betrayed.

The portrait of Maceo, recently printed in The Constitution, is from a recent photograph, and is, therefore, one of the few authentic portraits of the leader that have thus far found their way into print. The character of the man shows in his face. Courage, generosity, high intelligence and a strong will stand out in the portrait in the most unmistakable way, showing a strong and yet a gentle nature. If his soldiers had any appreciation

whatever for the man they were devoted to him by ties stronger than those that usually bind men to their leaders. ble of inspiring a strong affection for those who followed him. That he exerted this faculty unconsciously is beyond all question. This being so, his death, instead of proving a disastrous blow to the Cuban patriots, will lend fresh wings to their cause. Maceo's soldiers will now have an additional and an irresistible reason for facing and conquering the Spanish butchers. and the whole Cuban army will be inspired by the intrepidity which led Maceo to his death.

We predict, therefore, that from now on, the Cuban struggle will be carried on by the patriots more fiercely and more persistently than ever before. The memory of Maceo will arm them with fresh zeal, and the desire to avenge his death will give them fresh courage.

No higher tribute could be paid to the memory of this brilliant Cuban leader than the exhibition of fiendish delight made by the Spaniards over the news of his death. The joy they exhibit over the fall of Maceo is in exact proportion to the fear he inspired in their minds when alive.

Dead and dragged at the heels of horses, Maceo is infinitely a greater man even now than the contemptible Weyler, who has strutted back to Havana with the air of a man who would say, "Look at me! I did it! Behold how worthy I am of applause!" And so he goes about the streets, and flow ers are thrown at his feet.

Weyler seems to be a burlesque even on Spanish character, and his whole campaign is crowned by his return to Havana to receive applause for an event in which he had no hand, and of which he had to be informed.

We repeat, if the Cubans are worthy of the sacred cause in which they have enlisted, the death of the patroit leader, Antonio Maceo, will spur them on to more vigorous campaigns and to still greater sacrifices. They have the sympathy of all men everywhere who believe in human liberty and the institutions of free government. Armed with this and fired by their own patriotism. they should never cease the struggle until the last Spanish butcher is driven from their island.

Maceo and liberty! should henceforth has practically obliterated the market. be the cry.

"Southern War Songs."

Within the last few days a handsom little publication has made its appear ance, entitled "Southern War Songs."

The mission of this unpretentious lit tle volume is to erect headstones over the soldier boys who lie in the confederate cemetery at Marietta, Ga. Aside from the martial airs of the old south which it contains, the book should command a ready sale for the reason that its mission is in the highest degree pa-

Only a short distance from the inlosure in which the confederate soldlers are buried at Marietta, is the spaclous national cemetery, in which the ter place is richly canopied with forest port of the commission includes 652

expense, the southern soldiers, in pathetic contrast, sleep in humble graves with nothing but rude slabs to mark them. To partially overcome this inequality between the blue and gray this volume of war songs has been public and with the proceeds to be derived from its sale appropriate headstone

will be purchased for the soldier dead. The songs have been compiled by Mrs. R. T. Nesbitt, the wife of Georgia's commissioner of agriculture, and the volume is a labor of love on her part. The price of the little book is only 25 cents, and copies can be obtained from Commissioner Nesbitt, at the state department of agriculture. If any one desires to make a contribution to the fund aside from purchasing one of these souvenir books, subscriptions may be sent either to Mrs. R. T. Nesbitt, at Marietta, or to The Constitution. The justice of the cause is so manifest that hundreds will, no doubt, aid in the good work which Mrs. Nesbitt has inaugurated.

The Facts of the Situation. If the symptoms which go to show that the present uncertainty is to continue until the new administration is installed, should materialize, the present congress will be to blame for it, and the responsibility must rest on the republi-

The conditions that affect business and prevent prosperity are more in evidence now than they were before Mr. McKinley's election. No one regrets this more than The Constitution, but the conditions are of such a character that regrets do not affect them. Even ordinary cheerfulness must have a basis, and it is folly to cry out that prosperity has arrived when every reader of every newspaper and every intelligent man engaged in trade knows perfectly well that conditions have not changed for the better.

Are the commercial agencies engaged in lying about the situation? Is it to mark is, no doubt, intended to refer their interest to paint the business and trade situation in black, no matter how bright and hopeful the outlook may be? If so, the critics should turn their attention to these agencies and roundly denounce them as "calamity howlers."

If it were possible to restore prosperity by declaring that prosperity has returned, The Constitution would be foremost among those making the announcement. But it is supremely silly to suppose that the present conditions can be changed by pretending to believe that prosperity has been brought about by the mere announcement of republican success at the polls.

Such a game of make-believe will do very well for children. It enables them to develop their imagination. But when grown men engage in such a game it is the result of a deliberate attempt to deceive. And If there were any possibility that such an attempt could sucwhat profit would it be to the ceed. people or the country? How can a man better his condition or the condi-Maceo's face shows that he was capa- tion of his neighbor by pretending that all hands are prosperous when the very reverse is the fact?

It is the part of wisdom to recognize the evils that exist and try to remedy them. The facts show that business conditions are just where they have been for the past three years. The little spurt of speculation that occurred in response to McKinley's election has entirely died away, and prices of products are settling back to the old level that means poverty for the producer and hard times for business men.

These facts should be recognized by to the end that pres to bear on the republican party to bring about the changes to which it is pledged. The Constitution is in favor of a return of prosperity above all things, and it is in no way particular about the means or methods by which that end may be reached. If the republicans succeed in restoring prosperity, we shall not only give them credit for the performance, but approve the method by which the restoration has been brought about. And so will the people.

What we have been contending for and what we shall continue to contend for is the prosperity of the people, and it is the end and not the means of reaching that end in which the people are most Interested. The Constitution did not think that prosperity could be reached under the republican programme. The people thought otherwise, and, by a small majority, decreed that the republican plan should be given a trial.

The time has now arrived when the republicans have an opportunity to enter upon the reforms and to provide the remedies to which they are pledged. If they do not take advantage of this opportunity they must accept responsibility for the continued and constant ly growing depression. The democrats are not obstructionists. They will not stand in the way of legislation along the line of the republican platform.

It will be useless for their organs and their assistant organs to tell the people that those who insist upon the immediate application of legislative remedies are "calamity howlers." It will be useless for the republican organs to insist that prosperity has begun to show its effects. This declaration has already resulted in considerable damage and loss among those industries which, taking the words of the organs to mean something, have gone on piling up stocks in the face of the fact that the lack of money among purchasers

The republican party owes it to the whole people to put its programme in operation at the earliest moment prac ticable-and that moment has already arrived. Will the republicans act, or will they depend on their organs and assistant organs to tide them over four years by describing the demands and complaints of the people as calamity

Report of the Interstate Commission. The report of the interstate commerce commission, which has just made its appearance, contains a number of inter-

In spite of the adverse conditions which have prevailed during the year some of the railroads of the country northern soldiers repose. While the lat- have declared large dividends. The re-

track. The gross earnings of these various lines for the year ending June 30, 1896, aggregate the enormous sum of \$1,123,646,562. Of this amount \$323,-468,891 was derived from the passenger service and \$772,071,874 from the freight

service. Against this income the operating exenses of these several interstate lines for the same period of time is fixed at \$754,971,515, showing a net gain of \$368,675,047 divided between the 652

While this is a good showing in sideration of the hard times, it is but a slight advance upon the record for the preceding year. For the year ending June 30, 1895, the net gains were \$341,-298,047. As indicating the extent of our railway interests these figures are specially fateresting.

The Hon. Josiah Says Something. A correspondent sends us from Washington some very interesting particulars about the recent visit of the gifted Josiah Patterson to that city, and accompanies it with a report of the words that fell from the lips of the great defeated.

In response to a question as to how Mr. Cleveland feels toward the six million and more democrats who supported Bryan, the Hon. Josiah says he has never discussed that question with his patron saint in politics; but he has no hesitation in saying that, on that particular subject, the souls of Grover Cleveland and Josiah Patterson have but a single thought and their two hearts beat as one, to-wit and also viz: they very earnestly desire democrats to get together and to agree on party politics.

The Hon. Josiah also remarks: "We would all-by 'we all' I mean the sound money men-want to see our free silver friends accept the verdict of November 3rd as final," so far as the free and unlimited coinage of silver is concerned. The "we all" in this statesmanlike reto the party that succeeded in carrying one election precinct in the United States, namely, the township of Dudley, Haskell county, state of Kansas. This party that had a plurality of one in a vote of six in Dudley township, state of Kansas, would be glad to see six and a quarter millions of voters crawl over the fence and try to crowd into the same shuck pen with the Hon. Josiah and the republicans. That would, indeed, be an awful spectacle of harmony.

Whether by accident or design, the Hon. Josiah stumbles upon a bottom fact of the present situation. We hasten to give him credit therefor and to call attention to it. He declares that if the country should enter upon an era of prosperity, the "free silver propaganda" would certainly fail. On the contrary, he says, "if we should have adverse times, and dissatisfaction should follow and prevail throughout the country, I have no doubt it would become much more formidable as an issue in 1900 than it was in 1876."

We heartily indorse both branches of this statement. The silver question or the gold question is of no importance whatever to any voter or to any party except in so far as it will restore prosperity to the country. That is the sum and substance of the whole issue—the prosperity of the country. More than six millions of voters thought and still think that the shortest route to national and individual prosperity was the restoration of silver to its old place alongside of gold as a part of the primary money of the country. They cared no more for silver, or the silver question, except as a method for restoring pro perity, than they did for the deceased wife's sister's bill in the British parliament. But they believed that the restoration of silver would restore prosperity and they still believe it.

But they stand ready to be undeceived; they are not only willing, but anxious to be converted; but the price they ask for their conversion is-prosperity. Is it too much to ask? It is pre cisely what has been promised to the people on all sides by the Hon. Josiah Patterson and those who supported the gold standard. We say, therefore, that the more than six millions of voters who are willing to discard the policy of free coinage of silver if the gold standard will bring them prosperity, have a perfect right to expect prosperity under the conditions which the republicans propose to bring about.

Now, how about the gold democratsthe men represented by the Hon. Josiah Patterson? Are they as agreeable as the six millions and more democrats who voted for the democratic candidate? Are they willing to admit that they were wrong-sadly and disastrously wrongif the gold standard fails to restore general prosperity during the next four years? Should prosperity fail to materialize, are they willing to admit that the democratic contention in favor of an increase in the volume of our primary money stands proven?

In any event, we think that the present situation demands that republicans and those who sympathize with them should proceed without delay to inaugurate the period of prosperity of which Mr. McKinley was proclaimed as the advance agent.

The Christmas Season,

Without a rival in the calendar is the month of December. Though it drives the genial warmth from the landscape and obliterates the few remaining footprints of summer, its severity is tempered by a wealth of joys which no other season of the year brings. It is not only the month of ruddy firesides and social gatherings, but the month of that favorite and ever-welcome visitor-Christmas.

It is difficult for the mind to realize that another year has slipped by. With the surging stream of Christmas purchasers along our streets, however, and the rosy flush of expectation to be seen on almost every child's face, it is evident that another Christmas season is here. To every one, both young and old, it brings a message of good cheer, and there are few persons in Atlanta who are so immersed in the cares of business or so cramped by the hardships of poverty that Christmas is to them a day without special significance. oaks and beautified at the government's roads and represent 172,369 miles of which invest it with a hallowed mean-Aside from its divine associations,

ing, it should be a season of universal peace and good will, and joy should reign in every heart.

Our merchants are specially delighted with the increased business which has come to them within the last few days.

In many respects the year has been a hard one and until now there has been a dearth of activity in business circles. With the approach of Christmas, however, the stores are once more crowded with eager customers and trade resume its customary vigor. It is a rare treat to witness the shifting sights which our leading commercial establishments present at this time. While the lavish ssortment of Christmas wares, including every conceivable novelty, is a revelation within itself, the most engaging feature of the Christmas trade is the one which the purchasers themselves

furnish. With the approach of Christmas deeper and more serious thoughts should be stirred. If the season is to be enjoyed by the rich and poor alike the latter should be substantially remembered by those who are able to give. Every little child in the city should be made to feel that Chirstmas is a special holiday for the young. Into every humble home in Atlanta the light of this Christmas season should penetrate and wherever the heart of a little child beats there should be a wealth of joy and happiness.

Only a few more days intervene be tween now and Christmas. The odor of the pines is already upon the air and the noise of fire crackers will soon be heard. May it be an ideal Christmas for Atlanta.

Our Local Census.

Too much care and diligence cannot be enjoined upon the officers who are now engaged in taking our local census Atlanta covers a vast area of ground and the difficulties in the way of mak ing a correct enumeration are greater than in most southern cities. Aside from the extensive territory embraced within the chartered limits of the city the diagram of our streets is calculated to confuse the most experienced census taker. Unhappily for Atlanta her streets were not laid off in the beginning with mathematical regularity, and she has had reason to regret it ever since. On account of this serious disadvantage it will be necessary for the census enumerator to exercise the utmost caution.

Unless such care is taken the result is apt to do the city more harm than good. Atlanta enjoys a reputation which no other city of like size in the country possesses, and the variety of interests represented here are unusually large. If a hasty and incomplete census is taken at this time it will not only be in the nature of a grave disappointment, but will operate to the serious detriment of the city.

Without reflecting upon the officers who are now engaged in taking the census and who are doubtless competent men, it would be a good idea for the city authorities to follow the work closely and assist in every way in getting the best results. There is too much significance attaching to our local census for anything short of the most thorough supervision to be employed, and our city fathers should not lose sight of this fact in adopting the report of the enumerators. Atlanta cannot afford to be represented by a census which is not complete and thorough, and nothing should be left undone to make the census now being taken as perfect as possible.

It seems that Mr. Bayard had to be told from this side that to receive a British present would be out of keeping with the whatyoumaycallem of the

It seems that John Wanamaker's friends had money to burn in order to make him a United States senator.

The republicans cannot shut their eyes to the fact that, if an extra session is called, it will be expected to do precisely what the present congress could do if it would.

Mr. Hanna has taken the contract to elect republican senators to fill the vacancies that now exist in the various states.

Marion Butler will have to get into the democratic party to escape Mr. Wat-

Mr. Watterson is now making merry at anquets. A little later he'll be scratching his head and hunting for the woolly horse party.

The Washington Post has figured it out that 6,000,000 men can be crowded into one Washington herdic. A ve hicle as imposing as that is worth placing on exhibition.

Why doesn't somebody give Tom Reed banquet?

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

The King of Greece has issued orders de manding military exercises on a large scale and summoning 10,000 men from the reserves for the formation of a permanent camp. A new rifle for the army and other military extensions large description. military extensions long advocated by pub-lic and military opinion have been decided upon. As Greece has an area one-third smaller than the state of Maine and only 2,000,000 population, is it difficult to make out what the ruler of that little kingdom thinks of doing with his army.

The manifestations of joy which the supposed death of Antonio Maceo has pro-voked from the Spaniards could hardly en greater had the dispatches an nounced the successful ending of the Cuban uprising. In the opinion of the home gov-ernment Maceo has embodied the spirit of the revolution and for months it has been the revolution and for months it has been the object of General Weyler to put the brave insurgent leader beyond the power of doing harm to Spanish interests. It is not likely that the cause of freedom will be lost on account of the death of Maceo; but, as The Philadelphia Record puts it, "the crushing out of the present insurgebut, as The Philadelphia Record puts it, "the crushing out of the present insurrection would not solve the Cuban question. The towering Cuban debt and the fiscal mecessities of the Spanish government would preclude the institution of any really permanent reforms, and the withdrawal of the Spanish army from the Island would be the signal for another revolt. Sooner or later the problem of Cuba must be solved by the separation, peaceful or enforced, of the colony from the mother country; and the interests of civilization would be best conserved by the prompt application of this sole remedy." A SUNDAY SYMPHONY.

A Song of Dreams.
In dreams I dwell with theet
Give then the dream to me!
Fame and its glory-gleamAll for the dream, the dream!
Drift not, O night, to dawn—
Sweetheart, dream on—dream on! Darken, O day, thy light!

Speed from dim realms, O night!
Suns that in splendor stream—
All for the dream, the dream!
Never, dark night, be gone— Love's hands unfettered-free;

Love's lips to answer me! What do earth's glories seem Matched with the dream-the dream? Break not in light, O dawn! Sweetheart, dream on-dream on! All the world's gifts for thee,-

Only to live and seem Thine in a dream-a dream! Never, dark night, be gone-Sweetheart, dream on-dream on! -Frank L. Stanton. Will N. Harben is galloping gracefully in

e magazines now. In early youth Harben was fortunate enough to have a dozen stories accepted by a certain "leading magazine." He gave the writer of this note glimpse of the checks for these stories, while he exclaimed enthusiastically: "I feel like I could jump over six chairs! That was ten years ago, and his literary labors since then have sprinkled the graj plentifully over Harben's black locks, but alas! not one of those stories has ever appeared in print! Letter after letter to the editor who purchased them brought only the response: "We are crowded." as Harben had put his best work in the stories, and was naturally anxious to have them add to his reputation-he addresse this note to the editor: "Will my stories ever appear?"

The associate editor answered: "There is a conspiracy here to hold them until you are dead, as they would natu-rally have greater interest then. How is your health?" Harben tore the note to tatters and go

Wiles for the Unwary, I do not trust her kisses This season of the year; Such tenderness as this is: "A new silk dress, my dear!" A charming little woman-

But Love still hath a lure; We all are sadly human. (That kiss means diamonds-sure!) Not in my recollection So cooed the little dove

So crowned me with affection

(Here-take my purse, my lovel) It is thought that Hamlin Garland will purchase a farm at Fitzgeraid and undertake the cultivation of cotton on an extensive scale. Mr. Garland thinks he has discovered a way to make cotton romurerative to the farmer. At any rate, he has the courage of his convictions, and as soon as he completes his contract for the "Life of Grant" he will probably put his methods to the test. He would be very popular in Georgia, as he is an author who can split rails as well as spin sonnets.

Not Up on Literature. A tall specimen from the rural districts was being entertained by his city cousins -two lovely girls-in a West End par:or recently. Thinking that he would probably be interested in current literature one of the girls asked:

"Have you seen "Sister Jane," by Joel Chandler Harris?" The tall specimen mused a moment, then "No, I hain't. The last time I seen her

she wuz by Aunt Maria-a standin' on the platform an' a-wavin' of her handkerchief ter her feller on the railroad train!" In an ornate notice of a rural wedding

"The bride came to the altar, Soon to be made a wife; We saw the minister faiter. As he said: "She's yours for life."

The interence is that the minister was married himself, and was of a sympathetic

Kipling is causing the critics a world of trouble. They seem to feel that they ought to damn him for his daring, and they do so indefinitely; but the trouple about Kipling is-he won't stay damned; when they hound him for a "McAndrews' Hyant" he comes up smiling with a "Bell Isuoy," and hurls his lance along the lists with daredevil indifference. He's tantalizingly original, that Kipling.

Truth Crushed to Earth. A worthy colored deacon, who had early impressed upon his only son and heir the noral of the George Washington cherry tree story, was fortunate enough to find a fat 'possum recently. He bore it in triumph to his dwelling, and, assisted by his on, cooked it to a juicy brown. "Now," said he, "de bes' way ter eat

'possum is col'; so we'll jes' let him stay de pantry, en when mawnin' come he'll be mo' jucier den ever!" His son seemed sadly disappointed, bu he made the best of it, and both retired

for the night, The old man was up early next mor but the boy slept on. On opening the safe the astonished parent discovered nothing but bones in the dish

that had contained the 'possum. He brought the drowsy youngster to his feet with one vigorous jerk, and dragging him to the ne of the wreck, he said: "What does dat mean, ch?" The boy fell on his knees and cried: "Daddy, I can't tell a lie: f got up in

night en eat it wid my little mouf!" The old man said not a word, but dragging the boy to the front door he held him by the collar while he jerked a piece of reatherboarding from the side of the "Daddy!" cried the boy, "is you gwine

ick me fer tellin' de truth?"
"No! You kinky-headed debbil, you!" thundered the old man, "I gwine ter frail de hide off you fer eatin' de 'possum!" A rural obituary verse celebrating the departure of "Little Aaron," appears in a

orth Georgia exchange. The lines read:

"Aaron has crossed the river And climbed the stairs so high; He is warm, but we're left to shiver;-Goodby, little Aaron, goodby!" That word "warm" is most unfortunate is leaving a doubt in the reader's mind as which way little Aaron went.

An Augusta Opinion. From The Augusta Morning News. If Atlanta is not a place of 100,000 inhab tants it is a city of more vim and import-ance than many that have 200,000.

But They'll Still Be the Same Age. From The Augusta News.
The dear girls don't seem to a the fact that they will not have leap year chance till 1904.

ONE DAY'S EXPERIENCES OF A CENSUS TAKER.

In twelve hours the census enumerators of Atlanta, while on their rounds, have enough unusual experiences to fill a volume. shough unusual experiences to fill a volume. Some are amusing, some disgusting, some bordering on the tragic.

The amusing episodes are in the majority. Comic situations spring up unexpectedly on all sides. The tragic incidents are not numerous, but they are painfully serious to the enumerator who is unfortunate enough to become involved. One of the census takers, who was making great strides in his work in the second ward yesterday, happened to run into an unfortunate predicment that for a time made him wish had never seen a census blank.

The census man had been in unusually good luck all the morning. Not a single



'snag' had he encountered in the whole time he had been out. Feeling unusually chipper for a census taker, he rapped at No. — street.

An elderly maiden, perhaps thirty-eight years old-the exact age must forever remain a mystery-came to the door. "Well, sir, what do you want?" she asked

sharply, evidently not pleased with the looks of the visitor. The census man, too, was not prep with the appearance of the lady and her sharp manner of speaking caused him to

ask her, without going into details, the

questions he wanted answered.

"I came to get your name, madam," he said with dignity. "You did, did you? Well, you don't ge it, so there. What do you want it for, I'd

like to know." "I want it for the census." There was a lengthy argument over the necessity of the situation before the elderly maiden gave her name, "What is your age?" asked the flinty

census man, unabashed. An angry flush mounted the lady's cheeks 'Sir," she said, sternly, "that is a question I have never told anybody. I consider you impertinent, sir, and insulting, too, and I demand that you leave my house at once."

demand that you leave my house at once."

"It is necessary, madam, that I ask you this question, and if you do not give the information required I am authorized by law to call a policeman."

"Call a policeman!" she almost shricked. "You will, will you?" Without another word she ran back into the kitchen and came back on a trot. In her right hand she carried a rolling pin. She raised it on high with full determination to smash the census man's head for insulting her with a threat of arrest. There was no possible



doubt of her intention and the flerce gleam in her eyes told the story plainer than words to the enumerator. With agile step he bounded off of her porch and into the

"I'm afraid I'll have to guess at that age," he said, as he jotted down "thirty-

The census taker soon met another maid-en of different disposition, but about the same age. This young lady was one of the simpering, silly sort. She giggled almost convulsively when she learned the mission of the census men of the census man.

"Oh, it is too funny for any use. He wants to know my age. He! he! Isn't that a queer thing to ask. What has that

shat a queer thing to ask. What has that got to do with the census, I want to know?"

She walked up close to the census man and tried to win his good opinion by her twinkling eyes and winning ways.

"Oh, sir, do they all tell their ages. Let me see what Sally Twaddle said her age was. She lives in the next house, you know, the one you have just left."

was. She lives in the next house, you know, the one you have just left."

The enumerator refused to give any information concerning other people and brought the simpering lady to understand that he had other houses to canvass. When he insisted on her answering his questions without further delay she giggled again and told him that he might put it down at twenty-eight. He did so, but his conscience must have pained him, for she was at least thirty-eight.

Tom Watson

From The Augusta Chronicle. Ed Barrett says if Mr. Watson wants ar Ed Barrett says if Mr. Watson wants an opportunity to be heard on the floor of the house in his contest case it will probably be given him. If Mr. Watson should avail himself of the opportunity to speak his mind it will be a lively session. Scotty Briggs said of, his friend, Buck Fanshaw, that when there was any fighting to be done "it was just beautiful to see him peel off and go in." If Mr. Watson should take for his text "What I Know About Running for Congress and the Vice Presidenning for Congress and the Vice Presiden cy." his speech would make very interest ing reading.

Infallible Signs.

THE TANDEM LOVERS: TALE OF MODERN ATLANTA

The day was clear and warm. It was the season of cycling and the suburban roads were crowded with happy wheelmen. The dust had been stilled by a light shower and the roads were in just such condition as is liked by the cyclist.

A crowd of them had just gone by, ianguand and chatting gally. As they disappeared around a bend a young lady and a young man came in sight. They were riding a tandem and seemed to be enjoying the spin.

the spin.

The machine they were riding was of the reprotecting the model and had all the modern improvements. It was a machine that would catch the eye of any cyclist and in the catch the eye of any cyclist and in the catch the eye of any cyclist and in the catch the eye of any cyclist and in the catch the eye of any cyclist and in the catch th glistened as the last rays of

glistened as the last rays of a departure of struck it.

The couple rode on, talking of the beautiful day and the pleasure to be derived from bleyde riding. Presently a structure of the cow walked into the road. Instinctively the cow walked into the road. young man's hand pressed the bulb on his handle bar, but he did not hear the white he had expected. The cow turned out of the way in time to escape the fast approaching wheel, and the tandem passed on

Now it seemed that the pedals were hard to push; the machine didn't seem to be doing its work properly and beads of perpiration stood on the young man's forehead as he tried to keep up the fast speed. A man walked across the road, and again the young man pressed the bulb, but the whistle did not sound. It must be brokes he thought. He was beginning to get tired, the bicycle was harder and harder to operate and the exertion had caused him to grow red in the face. Surely his companion was not doing her part.

The couple were now puffing and blowing after climbing a rather steep hill. The conversation had ceased some minutes since. "Are you tired?" said the young man "You don't seem to be doing much work."

"I feel sure I am doing my best." was her quick reply. "I am doing most of the work." Now it seemed that the pedals were have

He was mad now and he sent the machine ahead at a rapid rate. He felt that she was making him push her and was not doing any work herself. He had been duped, and swore he would never take another young lady tandem riding.

When the steepest hill of the route located in sight the young man was completed exhausted. He continued his efforts, however, determining to push the wheel as far as he possibly could. The machine began to gradually go slower and slower. When the half-way point was reached it was moving at a snail's pace.

to gradually go slower and slower. When the half-way point was reached it was moving at a snall's pace.

Finally the tandam came to a dead sill. The young man looked the picture of dippair. He had pushed till he could not possibly make the heavy machine go another foot forward, and as if by common consections.

foot forward, and as if by common consent the couple dismounted.

They walked by the tandam, one or said side. Not a word was said and the silence remained unbroken for several minus.
The young man was playing with the but on the handle bar; the young lady was looking at the ground.

Finally he heaved a sigh and asked: "Hew did you break the whistle?"

She looked first at him and then at the build on the handle bar. She appeared

the built on the handle bar. She appeared surprised, and then a smile lit her count-nance and she said: "That's not a whi-tle, you silly, it's the air brake"

The wheel was released from the tight brake and they mounted and rode on in silence.

BREAD AND MILK FOR POOR LITTLE TOTS.

If there be any love for the beautiful and good in the heart of man, if there be any emotion which is tenderer than all the rest of his makeup, it is sure to be brought to the surface when he visits a school for little children, a kindergarden. There are several such places in Atlanta, where a man may forget the harry and bustle of life and lose thought of the baisy work while he watches the bright, animated faces of the little children as they half work and half play during their school hours; but the largest and principal essis at 215 Luckle street.

is at 215 Luckie street.

It is known as the kindergarten of Barclay mission, and is composed of fifty of the brightest and sweetest tots in the city. The school is entirely free and is conducted by several of the young ladies of the city, who are amil

young ladies of the city, who are amore repaid for their services by the prety scenes which are daily enacted at school, and by the thought of the services which are doing for the children. Friday was "bread and milk" day at school. But for fear that this statemay not be sufficiently lucid, it is perhaphest to enter into an explanation. Barclay mission has appointed a committee consisting of eight ladies, which is known as the bread and milk committee, and it the duty of these ladies to supply a libral amount of bread and milk to the little doubt. Several gallons of milk as many loaves of bread are given to the difference every Friday. When they sake for more, it is given them, and they evidently eajoy the lunch; but suffice it to say the no tap on the top of their heads is needs to enable them to swallow the potion, as solled that it is necessary to dry them eat the curly heads of the lot is three and the eldest is six. They are all the children of the poor, but this does not seem to went them in the least, and they smile as coventedly and as happily as if they lived in palaces and wore the garmants of royalty. About fifty of them, all told.

in palaces and wore the garments of royalty. About fifty of them, all told as pure and as innocent as when they first came from the hand of God, and they sallow their alloted portion of the lunch that is given them, and smile and nod their curly heads, while the bread and milk occurly heads, while the bread and milk occur. mittee looks on in silent appr

GEORGIA AND CUBA

cries aloud for a cessation of the wale butchery now going on in Cub Mr. Cleveland, president of the great public, should not falter in respondit the cries of thousands of mother daughters in that more than cursed isle where Weyler rules w of fron and laughs loudest when i ing women and babes shrick shrill

Savannah News: Maceo was a fighter of the tent and typewriter. He did not merely direct, but four the head of his forces. Twenty-three on his body, acquired in twelve in fighting against the Spaniards, marinumber of times he had given his the cause of his country. He was a of mixed blood; a mulatto, But he soldier, a strategist, a commander, a Savannah News: Maceo was soldier, a strategist, a commi Columbus Enquirer-Sun: The cathles nine lives, isn't in it with Macsageneral has been killed at least a

times, but will still live to see free from Spanish misrule. Augusta News: Cuban patriots good friends in Atlanta that kees supplied with medicines and other s

Savannah Press: Some fine Senator Call will walk over to C swoop the whole thing for Florids would make a great addition to Fl Albany Herald: The senate, or the senators at least, appear to be nest about having the Cuban patro ognized by the United States.

Not in His Class. To employ the language of the before the Spanish don thinks (Uncle Sam he had better whip get a reputation, Uncle Sam has "champeen heavy," Johnny Bullisn't in Uncle Sam's class.

WILL Hoore-Harsh

ARGEST AU

tremely Event i est to every ery 13th. The old Moo for so many entrance to E hands. Along piece of prope The land w will go to the will take place o'clock, sharp, interest by he In this sale and most valu

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The selling of will be the large than ta. The faction will be a

After the sale ion in the Moor made. The sale event of no little real estate circle decide what procity is worth. HE STR DEAL IN

Accepted an At Ago-Offe The enormous in lanta real estate agents who buy a eral public it will that in many cast property increases a very few years. Mr. W. T. Asni of the fortunate Mr. Ashford tells

forts to collect th Mr. Ashford made lect the money, in yesterday when he that he would have matter and called chant offered to g lot near the East ment of the debt. not get anything

ings.

He did not pay little lot until a fet tleman walked in about the lot, say Ashford acknowled sider such a propo "What will you would-be purchase "Oh, I don't knot to give?" answered "Oh, I don't kno to give?" answered "I will make you you will close the I will give you \$60 Mr. Ashford narr shock so great was too good a busines stead he decided to and when he did obtain \$800 for the All holders of A not been as lucky one who is acquas doubts that Atlant doubts that Atlant fing in value daily that of any other of

POLICEMAN SE Columbus, Ga. Crawford Brown, a by Officer J. P. I

force.

Brown was block:
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the officer doing th When finally brot eursed the officer, not be arrested, r the officer, who fire

THE LECT At Least Ten an tertainments 1

The Atlanta lectu in January, pro 5th. The commit with one of the be ca to open the courthe association to readings and lectured be large and comp

known people.

The series will vithe following, with captions:

Lx-Senator John.

Smith, in read

RN ATLANTA

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LITTLE TOTS.

for the beautiful and man, if there be any nderer than all the is sure to be brought he visits a school for dergarten. There are in Atlanta, where a hurry and bustle of t of the basy world he bright, animated hildren as they half during their school at and principal one t.

city, who are amply rvices by the pretty laily enacted at the thought of the work for the children and milk" day at as a that this statement thy lucid, it is perhaps an explanation. The appointed a committee addes, which is known k committee, and it is lies to supply a liberal and milk to the little ay.

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AND CUBAL

and typewriter in direct, but fought es. Twenty-three

Some fine morning alk over to Cuba and ing for Florida. Cuba addition to Florida.

News. guage of the don thinks

# WILL GO AT AUCTION

Moore-Marsh Building and Lot To Be Sold in January.

After Sale the Division of the Firm Is To Be Made,

JARGEST AUCTION SALE EVER HELD HERE

Property Is Centrally Located and Extremely Valuable—An Important Event in Real Estate Circles.

A real estate sale which will be of interest to every Atlantian, especially the real estate dealers, will occur in Atlanta Janu-

The old Moore-Marsh building, which has for so many years held guard over the entrance to Edgewood avenue, will change hands. Along with it will go the valuable piece of property on which it is located.

The land will be sold at auction and will go to the highest bidder. The auction will take place on the day mentioned at 12 o'clock, sharp, and will be watched with

interest by hundreds of people. In this sale one of the largest buildings and most valuable pieces of property in the city of Atlanta will change hands. It will be the largest real estate sale that Atlan-

ts has seen in recent years.

The property is to be sold at auction in ce with the will of the late W. A. Moore and by the consent of Mr. E. W. Marsh, who holds a one-half share in the

entire property.

The piece of land alone is of great value.
It is located in the central part of rapidly building Atlanta and its value is greatly enhanced by the great improvements that are going on at all sides of it. The property is located on the corner of Pryor street and Edgewood avenue, two

of the busiest streets in Atlanta. It is surrounded by large wholesale houses and magnificent buildings. It is in the center of a wholesale quarter.

The lot fronts 177 feet on North Pryor street, is 118 feet on the north line, 159 feet on the west line and 63 feet on Edgewood avenue. It is to be sold by the front foot on Pryor street.

The building, which will also go at auction on the same date, is one of the largest as well as one of the finest biuldings in Atlanta. It is a comparatively new buildof the busiest streets in Atlanta. It is

The building is six stories in height. It is modern in style and is so constructed that it can be used for almost any kind

The building was originally erected for the Moore-Marsh Company, but is now The selling of this building at auction will be the largest auction ever seen in Atlanta. The fact that it is to be sold at

Men.

After the sale of the property the division in the Moore-Marsh Company will be made. The sale of the property will be an event of no little importance in Atlanta real estate circles, since it will probably decide what property in that part of the

HE STRUCK IT RICH.

MR. W. T. ASHFORD'S FORTUNATE DEAL IN REAL ESTATE.

Accepted an Atlanta Lot in Payment of a Bad Debt of \$99 Two Years
Ago—Offered \$600 Now.

The enormous increase in the value of Atlanta real estate is well known to the agents who buy and sell it, but to the general public it will be surprising to know that in many cases the value of Atlanta property increases two and three fold in

Mr. W. T. Ashford, of this city, is one of the fortunate men who has reason to appreciate this fact in a very pleasant way Mr. Ashford tells the following story of a little deal which brought surprising results. Two years ago a merchant in another city owed Mr. Ashford's firm \$99. All ef-forts to collect the debt met with failure. Mr. Ashford made a personal effort to col-lect the money, but failed. He admitted yesterday when he was telling the story that he would have gladly comprom sed th matte and called it off for \$50. The mer-chant offered to give Mr. Ashford a small lot near the East Tennessee shops in pay-ment of the debt. Fearing that he might not get anything substantial Mr. Ashford

accepted the proposition with some misgiv He did not pay much attention to the little lot until a few days ago when a gen-tleman walked into his office and asked theman walked into his office and asked about the lot, saying he wished it. Mr. Ashford acknowledged that he would con-sider such a proposition. "What will you take for it?" asked the

would-be purchaser.
"Oh, I don't know, what are you willing to give?" answered Mr. Ashford.

"I will make you a cash payment and if you will close the contract without delay I will give you \$600."

Mr. Ashford narrowly escaped a nervous shock so great was bits automated. shock so great was his surprise, but he was too good a business man to show it. In-stead he decided to investigate the matter,

and when he did he found that he could obtain \$500 for the lot.

All holders of Atlanta real estate have not been as lucky as Mr. Ashford, but no one who is acquainted with the situation doubts that Atlanta's real estate is growing in value daily with more rapidity than that of any other city in the south.

POLICEMAN SHOOTS NEGRO DEAD Brown Resists Arrest and Is Killed

by Layfield. Columbus, Ga., December 12.—(Special.)—Crawford Brown, a negro, was killed today by Officer J. P. Layfield, of the police

Brown was blocking the sidewalk in front of a saloon and refused to get out of the way for some ladies. The officer started to arrest him. The negro drew a pistol, and the officer doing the same thing, the negro

fied.

When finally brought to a halt the negro cursed the officer, and declaring he would not be arrested, raised his pistol toward the officer, who fired, killing the negro in-

The coroner's jury exonerated the officer.

#### THE LECTURE COURSE.

At Least Ten and Probably More Entertainments During the Winter. The Atlanta lecture course will open ear-ly in January, probably on January 4th or 6th. The committee which is arranging the entertainments is corresponding with one of the best known men in America to open the course. It is the purpose of the association to give a brilliant series of readings and lectures. The audiences will

Louis Favour, on "Experimental Electricity;" Dr. Russell H. Conwell, in "Acres of Diamonds;" Henry Watterson, J J. Lewis on the "Passion Play," illustrated Alexander Black, in his novel picture play, "Miss Jerry;" Dr. Frank W. Gunsaulus, one of the greatest orators in America, on "Savanorols;" J. J. DeMotte, "Harp of the Senses;" Robert Nourse, "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde;" Geoge Kennan, on "Siberia."

FUNERAL OF MR. WACHENDORFF

His Remains Were Laid to Rest at Oakland Cemetery Yesterday. The funeral of Mr. Edward Wachendorff, who was killed by an engine at the Simpson street crossing last Thursday, occurred yesterday morning at 10:30 o'clock from the First Presbyterian church. The services were conducted by Rev. E. H. Barnett and were conducted by Rev. E. H. Barnett and were very impressive. The minister spoke of the tender, loving nature of the dead man and the many friends which he had made since the time that he had lived in this city.

He spoke of the sad and untimely end of Mr. Wachendorff and of the sadness of the blow to the many friends of the de-ceased. The floral offerings were many and very beautiful, and some of the flowers that Mr Wachendorff had himself grown and which he loved as tenderly as if they had been human beings, were laid on his casket and were placed on his grave at the

The funeral procession was a long one and bespoke as much as anything else the great popularity of the dead man. When



mony had been completed, the flowers were laid on the new made grave. It was completely covered by them and the whole resembled a vest mound of beautiful flowers. Mr. Wachendorff had lived for a number of years in this city, and he be missed from his gardens by his frends.

A GENEROUS GIFT.

Mr. George E. Johnson Will Give Candy to the Poor. Nearly everybody in Atlanta knows George Johnson. They know he has a heart in him as big as all out of doors. Every year he gives away thousands of pounds of candy to the deserving poor of this

On December 21st and 22d he will give to any father or mother who say they are not able to buy candy for their children-a pound for each child. They are required to call at his factory, 59 East Alabama street. Last year he gave away thousands of pounds to gladdening hearts of many and sells his goods almost every where.

CLOUDY WEATHER PREDICTED. Report of the Forecaster on General

Weather Conditions. With the exception of the shifting in the position of the areas of high and pressure there has been very little change

twenty-four hours. The wealther almost everywhere was generally clear yesterday and very little if any rain fell; no rain being reported

from any weather bureau station reporting to the Atlanta office.

The temperatures ranged from 28 degrees and below in the Dakotas to 60 degrees and above in the gulf states. The lowest barometer was over

The lowest barometer was over the great lakes and the highest was central off the south Atlantic coast.

It is likely that the barometric pressure will fall in this vicinity today, and as the high area will drift further off the coast, the winds will in all probability blow from an easterly or southerly quarter, causing more or less cloudiness, but no rain is expected in Atlanta and vicinity.

Yesterday's Local Report. Highest temperature.

Lowest temperature.

Total rainfall during 12 hours.

Deficiency of precipitation.

General Weather Report. daily report of the weather at selected stations as shown by observations taken at 8 o'clock last night:

Highest temperature. Station and State of Weather. Knoxville, cloudy... Cincinnati, pt. cl'dy Buffalo, clear.... Detroit, clear..... Chicago, pt. cloudy Mansas clear...
Huron, S. D. clear...
Rapid City, clear...
North Platte, pt. cl'dy
Dodge City, pt. ci'dy

J. B. MARBURY, Local Forecast Official. Forecast for Today.

North Carolina—Fair; warmer; southerly winds.
South Carolina and Georgia—Fair; warmer in the interior; easterly to southerly winds.
Eastern Florida—Generally fair; easterly readings and lectures. The audiences will be large and composed of Atlanta's best known people.

The series will very likely include all of the following, with possibly one or two exceptions:

Ex-Senator John J. Ingalls, F. Hopkin-son Smith, in readings from his stories;

The series will very likely include all of the following, with possibly one or two exceptions:

Ex-Senator John J. Ingalls, F. Hopkin-son Smith, in readings from his stories;

Heliday Crowds Throng the Principal Streets of Atlanta.

HUGE TRADE ANTICIPATED

Merchants Think That Holiday Business Will Be Unprecedented.

**OUEER SCENES ON THE THOROUGHFARES** 

People Came in from Other Towns To Do Their Christmas Shopping. How the Day Was Spent. The holiday season opened up with a

rush yesterday. The Christmas push appeared in force for the first time, and from the hour of the opening of stores until late in the night the streets of Atlanta seethed with the annual gift-buying, sight-seeing, restless, resistless throng.

During the last week there has been a

perceptible pick up in business of all lines, owing to the approach of Christmas, and the general result of the holiday trade; but yesterday there was a burst of business unprecedented so early in the season.

all directions. Atlantians were out in full force, but the usual local crowd was augmented by additions from all of the neighboring towns. During the day large shopping delega tions came in from towns within the radius



Christmas. It was a Santa Claus crowd gay, eager, expectant. All of the Whitehall stores, on which street the largest crowd was collected, were well filled, and the

some years. All business men are hopeful and in good spirits.
"I expect to see," said one of the largest
Whitehall street merchants yesterday, "the
largest holiday trade this year we have had for a number of years. Today marks the beginning of the rush, which I think of Atlanta's poor. Mr. Johnson is one of | will keep up during the entire season. It is rather early for the rush to start so soon

with us, and I look upon this as a good sign. My judgment is that our trade will be extensive from now until the last of

Where the Crowds Were. It was easily seen yesterday that the largest crowd of shoppers congregated in the novelty stores, but all business houses in every line were well filled. There was a different elements. Outside were the car riages of the fashionable set. Inside the poorer classes pushed along with the rich.
All were there upon the same mission.
Some of the merchants had not prepared for a rush so early, and it was rather diffi-cult to accommodate the crowd with their usual force. Before this, for the last one or two years the rush did not commence until the days immediately preceding Christmas day. From the appearance of things yesterday, however, the people seem

ed to have begun their shopping expeditions earlier in the season.

There were many of course who did not buy, those who came to see with the idea and promise of buying hereafter, but in the main the business houses all reported a

year," said a well-known jeweler late yes-terday afternoon. If this keeps up, we will do much better than we anticipated." This week the rush will continue.

Check at First National Bank.

son and made payable to the bearer. The prisoner claims the check was given him by Henry Johnson, his uncle. The officials are rather inclined to believe his story and he may not be prosecuted.

Was Committed by the Justice Yes-

Testerday in his defense Paul said that he had been entirely innocent of any wrong intention. He said that he had accepted the check from a railroad egineer and had supposed that it was perfectly good or he would never have tendered it in payment to the gas company. Downing was not in court, however, and he could not be located by Paul, so he was bound over and will have another chance to produce the man who caused him his trouble when the case is called in the city court. His bond was fixed at \$150, which he failed to make.

A boy who said that his name was Ballard, and who claimed to have ridden a bicycle all the way from Chicago, wheeled into the city from Marietta street yesterday afternoon and rode up to the Kimball

People swarmed out with a sudden that was almost startling. They came from

of a hundred miles. All were bent upon the purpose of purchasing presents for

ASTIR YESTERDAY.

merchants were kept busy all day.

It is the general opinion that the holiday trade will be the largest this season for

general push in the book stores. It was difficult to make way through the throng in several large department stores on Whitehall. Mixed in the crowd were many

good day's trade.
"It has been the best day with me this

FORGERY IS THE CHARGE.

Negro Boy Attempts To Cash a Bogus Yesterday morning about 10 o'clock a negro boy by the name of Lewis Varnet stepped into the First National bank, presenting for payment a check drawn on the same bank for \$65, signed by Henry John-

The bank officials at once refused to cash the paper, thinking it a forgery. City Detective Barrett was called in and the the station house on the charge of forgery

PAUL WAS BOUND OVER.

terday. B. L. Paul, who was arrested on December 5th and confined in the station house on the charge of being a common cheat and swindler, was bound over yesterday to the city criminal court by Justice Foute. The utor in the case was the Atlanta Gas-

light Company.

It was charged that he went into the of-It was charged that he went into the of-fice of the gas company December 2d and presented a check for \$15.60 to the cashier. The check was signed by A. D. Downing and was accepted by the gas company and several cents in change was returned to Paul. The check was deposited with the Lowry Banking Company, which sent it through the clearing house to the Fourth National bank, on which the check was drawn.

was drawn.

The officials at this latter bank knew nothing of A. D. Downing and no such person had a deposit there. The worthless check was returned to the gas company and they notified the police and instructed

Invitation to Mr. Bryan.

THE PASSING THRONG.

day afternoon and rode up to the kimball house, where he dismounted and went into the Southern's ticket office.

He was very poorly dressed. His rubber boots were worn through. Evidences of a beard were appearing on his chin. He had some scratches on his face. Over his shoulder was thrown a small bundle tied up securely with a strap.

He wanted a ticket for St. Petersburg, Fia.

He said that he started four weeks ago on his wheel from a town not far from Chicago. He had been riding every day, except two when it rained and one day when it snowed, and he walked and pushed his wheel. His cyclometer marked 889 miles. He said that he made every mile of

miles. He said that he made every mile of it since starting from home. Sometimes he followed the raifroad tracks and again he took the public roads. The snow caught him in Kentucky. "I only punctured my tire once," he stated. "I got zome bad falls and was bruised up badly, but did not break any bones."

Ballard said that he felt in good training for hard riding, but had lost several pounds on his trip. He carried a tin can, which contained his lunches. Evidently, he had roughed it, but he consoled himself with the thought that he had seen the country. The thought that he had seen the country. The boy had a good roll of money in his pockets, and when he bought his ticket, stated that he had s job waiting for him in Florida and had to get there by Tuesday. He would have made the full trip on his wheel, had time allowed, but he could not afford to lose the time, and completed his journey by rail. His wheel, which was in good condition, was checked to his destina-

Mr. E. F. Best, assistant commissioner of the general land office at Washington, passed through Atlanta on Friday on his way to Phoenix, Ariz. The national irrigation congress meets there on Tuesday, and will continue in session for three days. Among the questions to be considered is the disposition by the government of its arid-lands. They have no value to settlers in their present condition, and the general government will not undertake the expense of irrigating them. The lands belong to the federal government, while the water belongs to the states and territories through

which it runs. The national government has no control over the water. In view of this fact, Mr. Best advocates the ceding of these lands to the state and territorial governments within whose boun-daries they lie. Everything west of the 100th degree of latitude is placed in the arid belt. There are 500,000,000 acres of these dry lands, on which so little rain falls that no crops can be grown on them. Probably 100,000,000 acres are fertile, but 400,000,000 acres are beyond the hope of reclamation. Water is wasted now, says Mr. Best. Priority of use gives a right to as much water as is needed. This induces extraverage.

travagance.
"If our federal government were to undertake irrigation on the magnificent scale followed by the English in India and Egypt along the Nile, vast tracts of these ark lands could be brought under cultivation, but that is out of the question. It has been agitated with the suggestion that the persons who used the water should pay a tax for the privilege, but every one knows that if the irrigation should once be provided by congress, it would not be long before a clamor arose to make the water free. That has always been the course. Why, back about 1860, President Buchanan vetoed the agricultural college bill on the ground that it was unconstitutional. He did not believe that congress had the power to give away public lands. But in the very next administration a law was passed opening certain lands to American citizens. That

is ever the course in this country." Mr. C. C. Duncan, who holds a government appointment in the west, has returned for the holidays to his old home. He

was in Atlanta yesterday. Ex-Mayor W. O. Jones, of Elberton, spent

Dr. Warren Candler, president of Emory, came up yesterday. He says that football ought to be suppressed at colleges, as it elevates the physical side of college life at the expense of the intellectual. Mr. J. T. Colcord, a prominent lumberman of Amoskeag, Ga., came up yesterday.

Mr. L. W. Sanders, of Charlotte, a cotton merchant and large owner of real estate, is in the city. He was formerly the owner of the opera house at Charlotte, but has disposed of it.

President George C. Smith, of the Atlanta and West Point railroad, went down the road yesterday afternoon. SEALS STOLE THE SPECTACLES

And Justice Foute Bound Him Over Yesterday. Earnest Seals, a negro man, was bound over to the city criminal court by Justice Foute yesterday on the charge of larceny, the prosecutor in the case being Lula Campbell, a negro woman. It seems that Seals is a vender of cheap jewelry and called at the house of the Campbell woman for the purpose of disposing of a purt of his work.

of his ware.
She bought several articles and then stepped into another room to get the money. While she was gone Seals began to nose around the room and discovered a pair of gold-rimmed spectacles, which he promptly pocketed. She missed the spectacles after he had gone and reported the loss to the police, who succeeded in arresting Seals. His bond was fixed at \$100, which he failed to make.

WILL LOWE FALLS FROM GRACE. He Was Reared by the "Cops," but He Broke the Law.

Will Lowe, a small negro boy, was yesterday bound over to the city criminal court by Justice Foute on the charge of larceny. He was recognized in court and identified as a little negro boy who was picked up on the streets several years ago by some big-hearted policeman and who, for a long time, lived at the station house. It now appears that he has disregarded

the kind and proper advice which he re-ceived in his earlier days and has become a breaker of the law. The evidence which was introduced all the trial yesterday proved that he had stolen fifteen dozen eggs from N. Adams, who conducts a grocery business at 47 Marietta street. Lowe's bond was fixed at \$190, which he

BROKER'S SON BECOMES TRAMP.

Man Killed at Neland Junction Was

William R. Stone. Jacksonville, Fla., December 12.—William R. Stone, the white tramp run over by a train at Netand junction, died today.

He was the son of Eli Stone, a broker of Third avenue, near Nineteenth street, New York, and ran away from home because his father would not allow him to become an actor.

The body has been shipped to New York.

ADOPTED BY STANDING VOTE The Eloquent Nebraskan Telegraphs

The general assembly paid a handsome compliment yesterday to Hon. William Jennings Bryan, who is to visit Atlanta next week. The assembly will adjourn before he comes, but the body took occasion

stor C. C. Gray, of Houston county, offered a joint resolution extending to the eloquent velcome to Georgia. Mr. Charley Northen, the assistant secre

by a rising vote. Every senator rose and President Berner announced its adoption

thus:

"Whereas, The general assembly is advised that the distinguished citizen of the United States, the Hon. William Jennings Bryan, is shortly to visit Georgia; therefore, be it "Resolved, That the general assembly does hereby extend to the great Nebraskan a cordial invitation and hearty Georgia welcome to our state."

The resolution was transmitted to the

Mr. Bryan, was in the senate at the time the resolution was adopted and he ex-pressed his thanks to the members for the

Mr. Bryan telegraphed yesterday that he would speak in Atlanta on "The Ancient Landmarks." The subject permits great latitude. However, it is not to be a political speech, though it will probably treat

ical speech, though it will probably treat of governmental questions.

That Mr. Bryan will be eloquent and give one of his usual displays of wonderful oratory every one expects. Many of the delegates to the Chicago convention have signified their intention of being present when Mr. Bryan speaks. Mr. Hal T. Lewis, who nominated Mr. Bryan at Chicago, will introduce him here.

Hon. Pope Brown, one of the "big four" from Georgia in the convention, stated yesterday that he regretted very much that it

on that day and Mr. Brown could not get

Addresses the Saturday Night Club on University Extension. The Saturday Night Club held a large and enthusiastic meeting last evening. The hall was so crowded that many were obliged to stand. The problem of seating the attendants of the club is fast becoming

more spacious quarters.

The debate last night was on the subject: "Resolved, That our supreme court judges should be elected for life," After an interesting debate, in which nearly every member of the club who was present joined, the president gave his decision in favor of the negative. At the close of the debate Mrs. J. K. Ottley addressed the club on the subject of "University Extension." The club in the discussion and many club joined in the discussion, and man

The address of Professor E. E. West on the subject of "Illustrations" was very much enjoyed. It was pithy and to the point. The professor dealt with his subject in a splendid manner, and fully met the expectations of the club. The subject for next Saturday night is, "Resolved, That the new woman is responsible for the old bachelor, and more particularly for the alarming increase of the number of unmarried men." The affirmative will be championed by Messrs. J. R. Nutting and W. O. Wilson, and Messrs. C. L. Delbridge and W. A. Fuller, Jr., will uphold the negative. At the close of the debate Mr. Dar

Carey will deliver a humorous recitation.

DEATH OF MRS SEWELL -Mrs I P Sewell, after a long illness, died late Fri-day evening at her late residence, 80 Man-gum street. She had been in bad health for a number of years and her death was expected by her friends and relatives. The

funeral services occurred yesterday morn-ing from the residence and the interment was at Casey's cemetery.

ottage in the rear of 32 Forrest avenu was entered and robbed of several valuables in broad daylight yesterday morning.

The thief evidently had a key which he had secured in some inexplicable manner. Officers Hamilton and Jolly were detailed on the ase and yesterday afternoon arrested and locked in the station house John H. Williams, suspected of the crime. The evidence is against him and he will be prosecuted.

TERRIFIED REYNOLDSTOWN-Dave Smith, a negro, was arrested and looked in the station house last night by County Officers Mills and Turner on the charge of assault and battery. Yesterday afternoon he procured a shigun and terrified the whole settlement of Reynoidstown, drawing the weapon on an old negro woman. He would have killed her had he not pulled the trigger to the barrel which happened to be empty.

ONLY ONE MOONSHINER.—Only one moonshiner was tried before Commissioner Broyles yesterday and the evidence wes not sufficient to bind him over. His name was Madison Brown and he was the most overjoyed man in the world when he found that he had been turned loose and could spend his Christmas at home instead of in jail.

Senate and Heuse Extend a Cordial

That He Will Speak on "The Ancient Landmarks." EDWIN C. BURT & CO.'S The Finest Shoe Made FOR LADIES

At the morning session of the senate Sen-Nebraskan a cordial invitation and hearty

tary, read it, Senator Gray moved its adop-tion and Senator Kilpatrick, in seconding PRIATE AND QUITE ACCEPTABLE. the motion, suggested that it be adopted WE GIVE with every pu hase of \$5.00 or over from

now until Xmas a pair of ole Shoes or Moccasins FOR THE BABY.

welcome to our state."

The resolution was transmitted to the house, where it was concurred in by a unanimous vote. There was no suggestion of objection from any quarter. Scores of members of both branches remarked, as they voted, that they would always vote for Mr. Bryan. It was a very pleasant episode.

"The Ancient Landmarks."

terday that he regretted very much that it would be impossible for him to attend. He is a large planter in Pulaski county and the day before Christmas is "settlement day on the farms. The tenants, cropper and wage hands are all to be settled with

MRS. OTTLEY MAKES A TALK.

a knotty one. Several times of late the crowds have been too large for the build-ing, and it is probable that the club will soon find that it is in need of other and

speeches both for and against the proposed plan were made. boy was captured and brought back to Atlanta state that it was the only time the old man ever exhibited any deep emotion. For months after the killing of Sheriff

IN THE LOCAL FIELD.

MR. BOWDEN RECOVERING-Mr. M. O. Bowden, who has been quite ill at his home for some time, was able to be out yesterday for a short time. Mr. Bowden is still quite weak from his severe illness.

DAYLIGHT BURGLARY.-The negro

While racking your brain to think of a suitable Christmas present for friends and relatives at a distance, has it never occurred to you that a likeness of yourself is one of the most appropriate presents that you could give, and one that would be truly apprepiated and afford much pleasure at a very small cost to yourself. There are many photographers in the city, but of course you want the best, and there is none better than Mrs. L. Condon, the Whitehall street photographer. Truer likenesses and finer finished work is not turned out than from her studie. Mrs. Condon is an artist, and with her natural instinct of what is artistic and her well-equipped gallery, you can rest assured that you will receive the very best to be had in her line.

# ED. C. BROWN JNO. D. ALLEN J.M.BLOODWORTH STAMPED ON A SHOE IS A

GUARANTEE OF SATISFACTION

YOU

**DUGAN & HUDSON'S** FOR CHILDREN new pair if they do not wear

We are agents for Atlanta.

INSPECT OUR COMPLETE AND CAREFULLY SELECTED LINE OF

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN, SENSIBLE, APPRO

FOR MEN

FOR CASH ONLY AT LOW PRICES.

BLOODWORTH SHOE

14 Whitehall Street.

Gloomy Day Spent Yesterday in His Cell by Taylor Delk.

TOM WILL DIE ON FRIDAY Father Grieves for the Fate of His Doomed Son.

Feigns Indifference to What Comes. Story of the Capture of the Strange Pair.

Taylor Delk spent a miserable day in fail

HOW THE OLD MAN SPENDS HIS TIME

yesterday. The fact that he had been sentenced to hang seemed to impress itself upon him with more concern than it did the day before, and he showed signs of genuine re-His grief was increased by the approaching doom of Tom Delk, who will be executed in Zebulon next Friday. Yesterday

morning the old man rose early. He had slept little the night before. There was an attempt upon his part to appear jocular, but it was seen that this was forced. There has been the strongest attachment letween Taylor Delk and his son. They have operated together for years, and during the time when the old man affected a condition of gentility Tom was his pride and constant companion. Taylor Delk is a man with a countenance of singular ferocity. His face is covered with a rough beard, which accentuates this. Tom was the pride of his heart, and those who saw the scene between father and son when the

Guinn the men had lived in the woods, the ideal life of outlaws, subsisting upon what they could plunder and terrifying the whole neighborhood. The country stood in dread of them. In spite of the fact that there was a good price upon the head of both, no one for a long time undertook to capture Atlanta detectives set about to secure Tom and Taylor. Looney, of the local force, remained weeks in the locality where

they were supposed to have taken refuge. He prepared a trap Associates of the detectives were in hiding and Taylor and Tom were induced to come to a place prepared to meet with Tom Langford, who had been their companion in crime. As they came up the detectives jumped from their place of concealment, and began to fire. There was a pitched battle. Taylor was captured, but Tom took to the woods like a deer. He remained at large for weeks. There was no news concerning his whereabouts and many thought that he had gone to Alabama, where it was said that Langford

had gone. McWillims was a farmer in Pike county.

contest hand to hand. McWilliams got the drop on the young outlaw and the next morning he was brought to Atlanta. It was then that he faced his father. Tom related the method of his capture. Those who noticed the old man saw that he was crying. It was a strange scene.

Tom Delk will be hanged next Friday.

In four weeks more, if the sentence of the court is carried out, his father will face his doom.

The old prisoner spent a quiet day yes-terday in his cell at the jail. In the afternoon his wife called to see him, and the two held a long conference, each offering some word of comfort to the other concerning

word of comfort to the other concerning their sorrow.
Yesterday afternoon he talked freely about his trial and prospects.
"Yes, I wus kinder disappinted the way hit turned out," said he, "but then you know I never could git justice in Pike county. I am willin' to take that evidence before any other jury in the world and risk my chances, and I will do what they say even if I have to jump into a lake of fire.
"Talk to me 'bout justice, when one of the jurymen who swore he had no feelin's in the case, was a member of a party to lynch me the day after Guinn wus killed. We found it out on him, and impeached We found it out on him, and impeached

We found it out on him, and impeached him by one of the men who wus with him when he wus after us.

"Then they wus another man who I had refused to have on the jury, 'cause he wus an enemy of mine. He went to the hotel where my little girl was stoppin' an' told her they wus goin' ter hang me, and had her comin' cryin' ter see me the next day, and they even hed to take us out in the her comin' cryin' ter see me the next day.

And they even hed to take us out in the
swamp one night to prevent bein' lynched;
and havin' been in jall so long, I caught'
cold and han't got over it yit.

"How's Tom? Well, he seems to be hopeful, but then gits pretty blue sometimes.
He don't believe he will be strung up Friday,

United States Monday or Tuesday. Pore boy, he's mighty lonely down thar 'mongst enemies, but don't complain much. I know God won't let 'em hang me, fer I am innocent and I don't believe God will let an innocent man suffer." It is thought now that Tom will not hang next Friday, the date set for his execution.

though, neither do I, fer I am goin' to nave his case taken to the supreme court of the

His father's attorneys have entered a mo-tion for a new trial, which if refused by Judge Beck, will be taken to the supreme

CHRISTMAS DAY MAY BE FAIR. Weather Sharps Don't Know What Our Holiday Weather Is To Be. Taking the records for the past years into consideration the chance for good weather during the Christmas holidays is

about an even thing.

It is too far in advance of the time yet to make a prediction based on anything, but the weather in past years and that has been just about an equal thing between the good and bad weather. This is the nineteenth Christmas the records for the past eighteen years show that on ten of those Christmases we have had what is known as falling

The temperature ranges from 19 degrees which was the coldest in 1878, up to 72 degrees, which was the warmest in 1889.

As the falling weather seems to have a little the best of it, it is to be hoped that things will even up this year and that our holiday weather will be good.

weather. On the other eight it has been

Our Fine Selection Will Stand the Test

Our goods make the most lasting presents, are attractive, and have

intrinsic value. Come early. Our goods are on display, look at them, price them, it will cost you nothing. We cordially invite you to inspect DELKIN'S.

Fine Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Novelties

69 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

He was a stout man with much brawn, and went out to shoot squirrels one morn-ing. He stumbled on Tom Delk in his lair. There was a fight to the finish. It was a Dr. B. M. Woolley has moved his office to 104 North Pryor street. 'Phone 585, OPENING SALE

Holiday Goods.

240 Marietta street,

Sell Cheaper Than Any Other House.

# ~SPEGIAL

Extra Heavy All-wool Solid-color Eiderdowns, In Pink, Blue, Navy, Cream and Cardinal, At 256 Yard.

240 Marietta street,

Cars Take You to Our Door.

GLOSING SALE

Dress Goods. Ready-made Wear and Underwear.

Building Blocks, 10c. Monkeys, 25c. Whips, 5c.

Work Boxes, 15c.

Dolls, 10c, 25c, 50c, Planos, 25c, 50c.

DECEMBER OUR ANNUAL

One steadfast and abiding rule of this house is never to carry goods from one season to another. No matter what the sacrifice may be, every piece of season goods must move by the first of the New Year. We give our patrons the benefit of these reductions when the season is at its height and when other merchants are still asking full prices. Nearly every department has been supplemented with new purchases from jobbers' and manufacturers' clearance sales the past week. All of which will be found worthy of your attention.

Colored

Dress Goods.

Animals, 10c and 25c.

Lighthouse, 25c.

Dressers, 5c, 25c, 50c.

25 high-class Novelty Dress Patterns, in \$8.98 and \$12.00, Now \$5.98

12 pieces 38-inch all-wool Boucle Dress Goods, in green, navy, brown and black, former price 50c. Now 39c 15 pieces 36-inch all-wool fancy mixed il-

luminated Scotch Cheviots; will be closed At 25c 16 pieces 42-inch wide wale diagonal

Cheviots, in black, green and brown, for this sale 21c yard Velvets, Velveteens.

36-inch fine all-wool French and German At 25c yard

Broadcloths, Etc.

56-inch Black Kersey, \$1.00 yard. 56-inch Broadcloths, 98c yard. 54-inch Broadcloths, 75c yard. 50-inch all-wool Ladies Cloths, 50c yard. 56-inch Waterproof Cloths, 50c yard.

56-inch Waterproof Cloths, 39c yard,

Black Dress Goods.

10 pieces all-wool 36-inch Serges At 23c yard 25 high-class Novelty Dress Patterns, in 8 pieces 42-inch all-wool Serges and Cashall the leading colors, former prices \$7.50, mere, splendid value,

> At 33c yard Extra fine 45-inch black Serges and Hen-riettas, silk finish, At 50c yard

High novelty weaves in black diagonals, silk Mohairs and silk-warp Henriettas, At 75c yard 18 pieces 36-inch black Coating Serges will At 19c yard

Beautiful quality black and colored Silk Velvets, 18 inches, At 75c yard A special bargain in black velveteen and colored Silk Velvets, really worth 50c,

At 25c yard 10 pieces black brocaded Taffeta Silks, large, elegant designs, worth 75c,

At 59c Evening or opera shades in Surah and Childrens' Hoods.

Furs, Braids,

Passementeries. At 23c yard our line of Fur Trimmings, Braids, Jets, Colored Passementeries in Bands, Collars, Vests and Fronts, equals anything to be seen in the south, and at prices much below what other houses charge for like qualities. 7 pieces 38-inch imported black Figured Mohairs, worth 50c, A + 2.2c yards ings and Insertions

Magie Lanterns, 50c.

Feather Boas. A few 44-inch Real Ostrich Feather Boas, full and glossy; have been \$12.00,

At 3½c yard

At \$1.00

Now \$5.00 Corsets, Gloves, Ribbons. R. & G. Corsets, Thompson's Corsets, Warner's Corsets, W. B. Corsets, at

75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25 J. & C. Corsets, the best made, at 50c.
Try our Lacing or Button Real Kid Gloves,
every pair guaranteed,

A new lot of Ribbons in the light shades, for fancy work, 5c and 10c

Knit Goods, Fascinators. Boottees and Mittens, At 25c and 50c A new and complete line of Knit Goods at surprisingly low prices. Ladies' Suits, Waists and Skirts.

Ladies' ready-made Suits, in all the popular materials, black and colors, dressmaker made, best linings and workmanship, Mo-

At \$5, \$5.98 and \$7.50 Ladies' flannel, plaid, cloth and silk Waists, all styles, any color, all the latest designs;

white collar. 98c to \$5.00 Ladies' Dress Skirts in black, Serges, Mohairs, Diagonals, Figures, in colored Cheviots, Flannels and Mohairs; all full four

yards wide, lined and interlined with very 98c to \$4.98

Childrens' Dresses.

best materials,

Buy your children's Dresses here and save the cost of making; ages from 4 to 12 years, in solids, plaids and flannels, 98c to \$5.00

Infants' Cloaks.

Infants' colored Cashmere Cloaks, ages 1, 2 and 3 years; very cheap at 98c

Blankets. Comfortables, Bed Spreads.

Large 10-4 gray or white Cotton Blankets, 43c, 50c, 75c pair Half-wool Blankets, \$1.00 and \$1.50 pair.

Adl-wool Blankets, \$2.50 to \$5.00 pair.
Comfortables, 59c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25.
Extra value in large 10-4 white Marsellles
Bed Spread,

At 75c Flannels,

Cassimeres, Jeans. All-woof Red Flannel, 12½c, 20c, 25c, All-wool Navy Flannel, 12½c, 20c, White Flannels, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c, Gray Flannels, 15c, 20c, 25c. A special good thing in heavy mixed Cassimers, in gray, navy, brown and leather mixed,

At 25c yard All-wool 9-oz. Jeans, 25c yard. All-wool 7-oz. Jeans, 20c yard. Mixed filling Jeans, 121/2c yard.

Lace Curtains. Curtain Poles, Window Shades.

3-yard Nottingham Lace Curtains, 50c, 75c.
31/2-yard Nottingham Lace Curtains, \$1.00
and \$1.50.
Curtain Poles complete, 25c.

15c, 25c and 50c All-linen white Doyles at 5c and 10c

Silk Mufflers, Silk Handkerchiefs. Linen Handkerchiefs.

Silk Mufflers, all colors, 50c, 75c, \$1.00.
Silk Handkerchiefs, colored, 25c, 50c, 75c.
Silk Handkerchiefs, initial, 25c, 50c, 75c.
Silk Handkerchiefs, scolloped, 10c, 15c, 25c.
Embroidered H. S. Handkerchiefs, 5c, 10c.
Embroidered H. S. Handkerchiefs, with
scolloped borders and open drawn work,
would be cheap at 20c,

For 10c For 10c At 21/2c

Zephyrs, Crochet Silks, Crochet Cottons. Zephyrs in all colors, 4c. Crochet Silk, large ball, 5c. Crochet Cottons, all colors, 4c.

Art Work.

A complete line of Linen Stamped and Drawn Work Goods, also Silk and Cotton Fringes, Plush Balls, Art Picture Frames, etc., at very moderate prices.

Large Huck or Damask Towels, 10c. Extra values in Huck and Damask Lines 15c and 25c Special values in 64 and 68-inch all-liner Damasks, in bleached and half-bleached, At 50c yard

Underwear, Neckwear. Suspenders, Umbrellas. Special values in gents' white Merino Undershirts at 25c. Great values in gents' gray or white Shirts and Drawers, 60 per cent wool,

At 50c

We are offering some special values in gents fine all-wood Underwear to close out broken sizes. Bows and Tecks at

15c and 25c

Special sale of Holiday Umbrellas, in all the latest things, both ladier and gents; prices from 59c in \$2.00 59c to \$3.00

Jewelry. A new lot of those plain gold-plated Rings that are warranted three years, 25C and 50C

Evening Shades. We have just received a fresh let of thembeautiful Crepons, in opera colors,
At 7%c 7ard

Mail Orders

Our Regular Customers Should Not Miss This Opportunity to Secure Some of the Best Bargains We Have Ever Offered.

# LOR & GALPHIN, 240 MARIETTH

In Twelve Years Mr. Cleveland Has Accumulated a Fortune.

He Retires from the Presidential Office with a Bigger Pile Than Any of His Predecessors.

From The New York Journal. Cleveland's income for twelve years end-ing March 4, 1897: Eight years as president, at \$50,000....\$400,000 Four years' law partnership in New ..... 20,000

Total.. .. \$200,000 Saved during twelve years .. .. \$300,000

nt value of Woodley.... 

The Cleveland fortune..... office on the 4th of next March will be the richest president that ever left the execu-tive mansion. He will carry an ample for-tune with him into private life, all of which he has accumulated during the past twelve

years.

Mr. Cleveland has made the office of presdent "pay" in a way that would open the eyes of most of his predecessors. Although many presidents have lived much more simply and inexpensively than Mr. Cleve-land, they had practically little or nothing when they retired to private life. The reason for this is that up to the second term of General Grant the salary of the president was only \$25,000 a year, and the president was obliged to pay many expenses of the white house that are now charged to the cost of its maintenance by the government. When congress raised the president's salary to \$50,000 it for the first time became

possible for a president to save a respectable sum during his term of office, if not, indeed, to take away with him a snug litthe fortune for his old age. General Grant spent all of his salary during his first term of office. He had a large and expensive family and entertained freely, and when the end came around there was nothing left of the \$25,000 a year paid him by the government. During his second term nowever, he enjoyed a salary of \$50,000.

The president's pay has been raised as part of the salary grab, and this brought into Washington life an era of extravace that affected the Grants like most ashington families, and the expenses of the white house were raised to the limit. General Grant d'd not carry \$100,000 with him into private life, and he endeavored to self by going into the business that ruined him.

President Hayes is supposed to have sav-

d more from his salary than any president previous to Mr. Cleveland. He lived with previous to Mr. Cleveland. He lived with great economy and entertained sparingly, furnish ? no wine to his guests, and yet is not reliable do have saved much over \$125,00. during his four years of office.

Arthur squandered his salary as fast as he got it, and with lavish entertainments, expensive wines, choice flowers, rare dishes and other elements of high living, set a

old residents of Washington. Arthur had saved little or nothing from his salary when is term of office ended.

General Harrison was much more economical. He lived with much of the simplicity of a successful Indiana lawyer, but vas more liberal in his views of entertainng than General Hayes. The necessities of his position as president, with a considerable number of relatives always about him, obliged him to spend at least half of his salary. When General Harrison retired he is believed to have saved about \$100,000, and this he added to property which he possessed before entering the white house making a snug little fortune.

But all of these accumulations of recent

presidents fade into insignificance beside the fortune which Mr. Cleveland will take with him into private life next March. He is generally regarded as a millionaire by those having a close knowledge of his af

This money has been accumulated by conomical living and by judicious invest-

When, twelve years asp next March, Mr Cleveland took office as president, he did not have \$20,000. His salary as president for eight years amounts to \$400,000. During the four years he was out of office practicing law in this city he earned an other \$100,000, of which \$80,000 was derived from his interest in the firm of Bangs, Tracy, Stetson & Macveigh, and the other \$20,000 from refereeships and other out-

That makes a total of half a million dollars which he received during twelve years, or an average of nearly \$42,000 per year Mr. Cleveland has lived economically. Everybody who has watched the scale of his expense at Washington knows he does not spend \$20,000 a year. During four years in this city he lived at the rate of about \$10,000 per year. That would make a total of \$160,000 spent for eight years' living expenses in the white house and of \$40,000 for living expenses during four years in New

This would leave a clear saving of \$300,000 cumulation and judicious investment this sum under the careful management of Mr. Cleveland now amounts to over half a mil-lion dollars, making him the richest president who ever left the white house, not even excepting Washington, who was land poor to the day of his death. Mr. Cleveland's real estate holdings at

the present time are estimated to be worth more than \$400,000. Of this \$250,000 is repre-sented at Gray Gables. There are over 100 acres of valuable land in the property, and on the house and grounds the Tudor family, of Boston, spent over \$250,000 be-fore it was sold to Mr. Cleveland. He bought the place cheap, and has done much to improve it by the building of a sea wall, the clearing of ponds and the opening of roads.

all the land in the vicinity has risen in value since the Clevelands went there to live. The furniture in the house is esti-mated to be worth \$5,000, and the yachts and boats \$3,000, while the horses, carriages and live stock are put down at

Woodley, the winter home of the Clevelands, is easily worth \$150,000. It is a part of the district where the value of property has been rising rapidly. Red Top, which is not far away, was pur-chased by Mr. Cleveland some years ago and sold at a large profit, and Woodley has been even a better investment, for Mr. Cleveland got it at a bargain and could sell a small part of the land now for more than

Gray Gables to Washington when the Clevelands return to the white house for the winter.

Gray Gables and Woodley with all they contain represent \$428,000 of actual value, possessed by the man who went into office twelve years ago with almost nothing. It

the whole place stands him in. The furni

ture at Woodley is worth at least \$5,000, and cost a good deal more than that. The horses and carriages are transferred from

been accumulated. Outside of savings from salary and profits from real estate deals, however, it is generally believed the president has made large sums of money by following the advice of friends upon whose judgment he could rely in stock transactions. Thus the rise in Chicago Gas, which made the fortune of his intimate friend, E. C. Benedict, is believed to have netted the president nany hundreds of thousands of dollars. and some say millions. He has much respect for the opinion of Mr. Benedict, and the latter acvised all his friends to get in on the ground floor when Chicago Gas

land's holdings in this kind of property, but Wall street is of the opinion that they are large, ranging at present from half a million to \$1,500,000. A conservative estimate puts his holdings of stocks and bonds at \$600,000. This, with his real estate, furniture, horses, carriages, etc., makes Mr. Cleveland a millionarie. Even after he loses his salary of \$50,000 per year he will, it is believed, be in re-ceipt of as much, if not more, from his earnings and the income of his invest-ments. The \$428,000 represented by Gray Gables and Woodley is a dead loss so far as producing any revenue is concerned, but oth these properties are advancing in

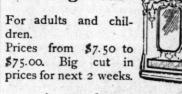
BARGAINS.

1/4 off regular prices next week. Must reduce stock by Jan. 1st. 7 R. S. CRUTCHER.



boards, Dining Tables and Dining Chairs at ¼ off regular prices at R. S. CRUTCHER'S. boards, Dining Tables and Dining Chairs at 1/4 off

Folding Beds For adults and children.



This elegant Cobbler Rocker

In Oak and Mahogany, only \$2.50. The best child's Fancy Rocker in the city for \$1.00.

Our entire stock of Furniture and Baby Carriages will be retailed at wholesale prices from now until January 1st.

R. S. CRUTCHER, 53 Peachtree St.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE ART CALE



In compliance with the will of W. A. Moore, deceased, and the consent of E. M. Marsh, who holds a one-half interest, we ceed to sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, on the premises, January 13th, next, at 12 o'clock, lot and house on the corner of Edgewood avenue and Pryor street, in the city of Atlanta, Ga., known as the Moore & Marsh building, the lot being 177 feet on Pryor street, 118 feet on the north line, 159 feet on the west line, and 63 feet on Edgewood avenue. The house is of red brick trimmed in stone, six stories high above ground, with

basement full size. It has unusually strong

foundations and walls. It will be sold by the front foot on the Pryor street front. Terms of sale onethird cash, balance one, two and three years in equal amounts, bearing 7 per cent interest, with bond for title, or all cash, if preferred. This house has all the modern improvements for a first-class business house, two freight and one passenger elevators, large vault, good and attractive of-fices and a magnificent double stairway, etc. It is situated in the heart of the wholesale trade, for which it has been used by Moore, Marsh & Co. during the existence of their business, and by Inman, Smith & Co. until very recently. It is now vacant. It is well adapted for a big departmen business, such as exists in many of our large cities, or to be converted into a firstclass office building. It has alleys on back and inside lines which cannot be closed, and peing on the corner of two of our best streets, it will always have light and ven tilation. It is just opposite the finest office building in this city, and probably the south (the Equitable), which is of lightcolored brick and marble, eight stories high and has the most modern conveniences, fireproof interior, etc., and cost about one million dollars. It is constantly filled by the best of tenants. The house to be sold, by putting in steel

frames, can be carried three to five stories higher, making it a fireproof office buildclous as the best in this country. It is located within two blocks of the union depot, one block from the Kimball house and two blocks from the Hotel Aragon (the two best hotels in the city). It is near the public buildings-federal, state, county and cityhas electric car lines on both fronts, which reach all parts of the city. It is a rare opportunity for those want

ing to buy central, enhancing, profit-paying property. It is being sold for a division with E. W. Marsh and the distribution between the heirs of W. A. Moore, deceased. It will be open for inspection to all par-ties wishing to look it over.

E. W. MARSH.
E. W. MARSH. Executor.
W. W. DRAPER, Executor.
W. L. MOORE, Executor.

The Calendar SPECIAL FOR THE WEEK 25 lbs. consists of GRANULATED SUGAR Six Leaves of \$1.00. Beautiful If accompanied by a paid order Lithographed for \$1.00 worth of Tea, Coffee, Figures, Extracts or Spices.

Walter Baker's Breakfast Cocoa 220 Heavy Plate Runkel Bros.' Cocoa ......220 COURTENAY'S GENUINE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE Paper . 6½xII Inches each, Our Christmas assortment of fine all tied imported wares for

> TEA AND COFFEE TICKETS Is complete, and we will be pleased to have you bring your tickets and inspect our stock.

Presented to

Purchasers of Teas, Coffees, Baking Powder, Spices, Extracts,

Corn Starch and Sauce Customers during

Christmas and New Year

→ COMMENCING → ting which would be as attractive and spa-clous as the best in this country. It is lo-

And Continuing Until Saturday, January 2d.

THE GREAT Tea Company.

together

by a

Kibbon.

75 Whitehall St.

116 Peachtree Street, ATLANTA, GA.

PIERRE M. BEALER, Mana

WHAT

It is the

Finest Piece

Turned Out

can only

Give You a

Faint

Conception

what it is

Like.

TO T An Interesting Tucker, One

Spacious Offices

FACTS NOT 6

A human being Did you ever stop diseases that you know that the m in this world wer or other? Just danger becomes or other? Just danger becomes conversation with this city, an it this win upon this "Yee," said Dr. little as you real suffer from some hardly believe me out of every five from rectal troub while others are fact." "Dector." he we

"Why, piles an though there are n tainly the mest co "Now doctor, is or fistely without having to subject experiments and p "Ohl yes; take, ment. I have at from as many stilecal ones. I guar disease, especially disease, especially
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# SALE )Ods, lear ierwear.

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5c and 50c

9c to \$3.00

7%c yard

It is the inest Piece ithography

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can only ive You a Faint onception

of what it is Like.

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2d.

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GA.



# EIGHTEEN NINETY-SIX CHRISTMAS GIVING.

# A Suitable Gift

For every giver, whether it be for a cottage home or a more palatial one.

# Every Dollar

Spent with us returns a thousand fold to the donor in gentle and kindly remembrance as each receding year passes into the retrospect, leaving a fragrant memory.

For the next ten days and nights our

# TRADE PALACE

Will be resplendent with a rare and costly exhibition of artistic Furniture and Bric-a-Brac. Nothing approaching this display has ever been shown in the south.

OUR OFFERINGS, BEGINNING ON

EVERY DEPARTMENT-

Furniture and Art Goods Carpets and Draperies Mantels and Brass Pieces

Is filled with the best productions of this and other countries. Every Atlantian, and visitor to Atlanta, is cordially invited to visit our Warerooms during this great exhibition.

I'ts Worth Your While to Pass Through Our Big Store. Five Thousand Men's, Women's and Children's Chairs and Rockers,

In Rattan, in Oak, in Mahogany, in Birch, in Polished Wood, in Cobbler and Cane, in Silk and Corduroy. Turkish Couches and Rockers in Leather.

Solid Oak Suits for \$13.50. Elegant Manogany Suits for \$500. All Intermediate Prices.

PICTURE GALLERY 1000 IVORYTYPES-NEW-NOVEL-ARTISTIC.

500 ETCHINGS AND OIL PAINTINGS 100 STEEL ENGRAVINGS—Handsomely matted and framed—a dainty gift.

# -:-:-SEE OUR-:-:-

Desks from \$5 and up.

Chiffoniers from \$6 and up Wardrobes from \$7 and up Hatracks from \$3.50 and up Book Cases from \$6 and up Cheval Glasses \$10 and up

Turkish Rockers, leather, \$30 and up Parlor Suits from \$18 and up Tables from \$1.50 and up

> Shaving Stands \$4 and up Children's Rockers 50c and up

See our \$25,000 Stock of Carpets, Rugs, Draperies, Lace Curtains and Mattings.

See our Elegant odd Pieces in Dresden, Delft and Gold Leaf. Vernis Martini Cabinets. Chairs and Tables, Divans

and Taborettes.



# Rhodes, Snook & Haverty Furniture Co.

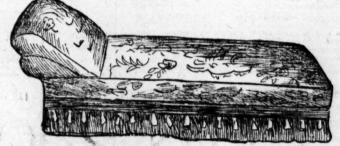


TO BE ERECTED BY THE POPE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

We present herewith the plan and ex-terior view of the new Columbia building, which the Columbia bicycle agents, Mesers.

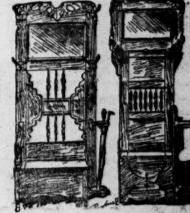
Company for their southern headquarters. In recognition of the success of their agents here, Messrs. Copeland & Bishop, and realizing that their increasing business and realizing that their increasing business required more room, the Pope company decided to erect a building exclusively for their own use. The entire front on Pryor street will be devoted to a spacious salesroom and renting department. Here will be displayed the latest models of the world-famed Columbia and Hartford bicycles. Opening from this room will be a large and well lighted riding school, where thorough-

Deadly if Concentrated. One of the curious and little-known facts brought to light by recent investigations is that in almost every kind of food some small amount of poison is to be found. Often the quantity is so small that chemical analysis does not reveal it, and it is system under certain condit Small as these quantities of poison are, however, in comparison with the other constituents of any one food, they do exist, and are polsons of a deadly sort. Concen trated, the amount of poison that is taken into the system during an average lifetim would be sufficient to kill an army instantly. Yet the extremely minute fragments absorbed during each meal not only do no harm, but seem almost health-giving. At least, it is certain that many of the most









A Prominent Physician Interviewed in the Cause of Humanity.

FACTS NOT GENERALLY KNOWN TO THE PUBLIC.

An Interesting Talk with Dr. W. J. Tucker, One of Atlanta's Prominent Specialists.

Spacious Offices at 16 1-2 North Broad

A human being is a very queer being. Did you ever stop a moment and think of diseases that you are heir to? Did you know that the majority of human beings in this world were subject to some disease or other? Just stop and think and the danger becomes appalling. In a short conversation with Dr W. J. Tucker, of

this city, an interesting sidelight was thrown upon this subject.
"Yes," said Dr. Tucker, "It is a fact, as little as you realize it, that most of ussuffer from some aliment, and you would hardly believe me when I tell you that two out of every five people you meet suffer from rectal trouble; some not knowing it, while others are painfully aware of the "Doctor," he was asked, "which do you think the most common of the rectal dis-

think the most common of the rectal diseases?"

"Why, plies and fistula, of course—although there are many others, they are egrainty the most common."

"Now, doctor, is there a cure for the piles or fistula without being operated upon, or having to subject yourself to all kinds of experiments and pain?"

"Oh! yes; take, for instance, my treatment. I have at present several patients from as many states, and a great many local ones. I guarantee to cure any restal disease, especially piles and fispila, widnout the use of knife and absolutely void of pain. If I don't do this, then it does not cost a cent."

"Have you ever failed in curing a case, a chronic one, for instance?"

"No; the worse the case, the better pleased I am. I will take the most obstinate case and cure it without any inconvenience or loss of time on the part of my patient. I have been practicing in Atlanta for eighteen years and have yet to meet my first failure to cure."

"What closs of people do you treat, doctor?" he was asked.

"All chasses; the rich and the poor alite all ome to me for relief, and I can number among my patients some of the most prominent men in this city and state who will at any time bear me out in all I say."

"How are your charges, expensive or

"How are your charges, expensive or "They are in reach of every one. No me who is suffering should hesitate to come to me. They need not be afraid that I im exhorbitant in my fees, for really," he aid, laughing. "that is the smallest part if my business."

said, laughing. "that is the smallest of my business."
The doctor then turned his attention to several patients who were sitting in his spacious reception room, waiting for him, which, by the way, is as elegant as any in the city. As I walked down the steps from Dr. Tucker's office, 16% North Broad, I thought to myself, "What would suffering humanity do without these broad-minded, big-hearted doctors?"

artistic design. With the convenient location and enterprising occupants the Coumbia building will not only be a credit to the Pope Manufacturing Company, but to the city. In former years a boat load of northern hay going up the Augusta canal to supply the farmers was not an infrequent sight. Now, however, the order of things is reversed. Boat loads of hay, neatly baled, are frequently shipped from the up country of the Savannah and consigned to merchants. They are now cutting, curing and calling what they used to kill at home and buy abroad. The Savannah valley will become a great grass producing section.

#### THE COLUMBIA BUILDING

On the Corner of Pryor and Housto Streets, To Be Occupied Solely

Copeland and Bishop, will occupy about the 1st of January, 1897.

This will be distinctively a "bicycle" building, built by the Pope Manufacturing

ly competent instructors will initiate the

novice in the fascinating pastime, and where the experienced riders will be able to defy the elements and find a good floor,

good wheels and comfortable dressing

good wheels and comfortable diseases rooms always at heir disposal. This is an institution which the Columbia people have successfully introduced in all the large cities in the United States, and Atlanta will be equal to any of them in the equip-

ment of its bicycle academy.

Back of the riding room, and occupying the entire end of the building, will be the most complete and extensive bicycle repair

most complete and extensive bicycle repair shops in the south.

Here anything from repairing a puncture to building a special wheel can be accomplished as readily as the same operation could be performed in the Columbia shops at Hartford. This department will be under the charge of an experienced workman from the Hartford factory and will prove a great convenience to the thousands of wheelmen in the city.

thousands of wheelmen in the city.

The building is to be erected from drawing made by Bleckley & Tyler, architects,

Building a New Depot.

Fairburn, Ga., December 12.—(Special.)— TW Atlanta and West Point Railroad Com

pany is having erected a handsome new passenger depot

POISONS IN EVERY-DAY FOOD. Although Small in Amount They Are

dangerous and destructive substances known exist in tangible quantities in some

of the most valued foods, according to The New York Tribure. Foods that contain the worst poisons in these tiny quantities may be eaten con-stantly without any unfortunate results. There is no more popular and widely used food than the potato. In Ireland, in certain listricts, little else is eaten, and the peas-

Sketch of Columbia Bicycle Academy, Now Being Erected Corner Houston and North Pryor Streets.

ants thrive wonderfully on it. Yet the

potato belongs to the same botanical class as the deadly nightshade, and has in it

the same poisonous element.

Many other vegetables have the same

Many other vegetables have the same curious quality. In nearly every vegetable and fruit that grows above the ground, except the cabbage class, what are known as vegetable acids exist. There is a different one in each vegetable and variety of fruit, and all are deadly poisons. Nevertheless, it would be impossible to get a sufficient quantity into the stomach at a single meal to do even the slighest injury.

single meal to do even the slighest injury, and the gastric juice absorbs and renders harmless these poisons unfailingly.

harmless these poisons unfallingly.

Taploca is another food substance that contains poison. This has long been known. The fact was again called to the attention of scientists by Henry M. Stanley, who carried in his kit on one of his journeys in the "dark continent" a large quantity of taploca, and had the opportunity to detect the danger in its use when not properly prepared. Under proper conditions taploca is not harmful, but poison is present in it in such a large quantity that many precautions should be taken.

Even beer has it portion of poison, a sub-

Even beer has it portion of poison, a substance known as pioro-toxin. Lemon juice contains a virulent and dangerous element—citric acid—and in many of the lemon drops and bottles of lemon juice commercially prepared this substance is made up in the laboratory and mixed with a disregard of the way natures does it. The natural juice of the lemon is not in the least poisonous, even taken in large quantities.

but lémon juice chemically made, as it fre-quently is for the trade, needs to be looked

such a perceptible extent that actual cases of poisoning are on record. Strawberries and rhubarb contain oxalic acid. This, an almost everybody knows, is one of the mos deadly and rapid poisons, when used in any appreciable quantity. Certain people are affected quickly by even a few strawberries. Lobsters, shellfish and crabs posses an irritant poison which produces nauses vomiting and general depression to additimes to be found tyrotoxicon, and clam chowder, made under the best conditions

Cases have gone on record in France of diseases caused by the eating of rye bread. In these instances the grain became musty on the stalk, and was made into flou without its mustiness having been noticed From this mustiness, which is not at al perceptible in the bread, the pov poison ergot arises, causing eventually, if sufficient of this bread is taken into the system, paralysis of the extremities.

In Augusta the other day a young man was fined \$25 for firing off his pistel in the street. But more than that, he was bound

ELKINC

For your Wife, Daugh-

ter or Sweetheart....

Rings, Pins, Ear Drops,

Mounted in the very

...LATEST STYLES...

at prices to make them

....A SAFE INVESTMENT.....

60 Whitehall St.

. . Fine . .

IAMOND C

# Valuable Books

#### Christmas Presents.

Encyclopædia Britannica, English edition, 25 vols., embossed sheep binding, \$75.00 Century Dictionary, 6 vols., cloth bind-Sir Walter Scott's Novels, 24 vols., half English calf binding, a beautiful set, \$24.00 Thackeray's Works, 13 vols. half Levant Morocco, English Edi ion. . . . \$13.00 Tennyson's Poems, one large volume, full America, 10 vols., full Morocco, embossed, out of print and scarce, \$160.00 Library of the British Poets, large vols. Shakespeare's Works, edited by Mary Cowden Clarke, 2 large vols., steel engravings, half English calf. . . \$6.00 Sharp's History of Confederate States' Navy, full Turkey Morocco, . . . \$2.50 Mark Twain's Pudd'nhead Wilson, half

### James F. Meegan, No. 23 Marietta Street.

green Morocco, published at \$5.00, \$2.50

I have also a large stock of queer, quaint and curious books, suitable as gifts for the



BRIDGE WORK Is the Artiste's Recompense.

In the Art of Dentistry. Our Work Is Guaranteed.

The Philadelphia Dentists, 36 Whitehall.

stock of Millinery for the next two weeks at EX-

Everything is new and select, but I am determined to lessen my fall

# ....A HAIR-RAISING TALE....



# A Money-Raising Sale

OUR GREAT CLOSING-OUT SALE of Furniture continues with unabated enthusiasm. The bargains we are offering cannot be paralleled, simply for the reason that we are selling out every piece of Furniture in our store at EXACT COST-OUR COST. You can't make a mistake in buying here if you want anything in the Furniture line. Of course, this is a SPOT CASH SALE. We can't afford to charge goods sold at cost. But, we'll give you best value for your money that was ever offered in Atlanta. Remember, this sale closes January 1. DON'T GET LEFT.

Christmas One thousand Rockers of the sort denominated "Christmas Rockers." Every sort, al-300 Cobbler-seat Rockers at.....(\$2.00 everywhere else.) .....\$2,00, 2.50 ...... 3.00 ..... 4.00 Suits.

Our suit stock is barely broken by the immense trade of last week. Various woods, and

price. Cane Easels, Easels. Easels. Our special Easel.....(Worth 75 cents) Book Not many left, but very, very cheap. Elegant goods, too.

Side-Boards. We have the very best selection of Sideboards in Atlanta. Prices are of all kinds except the high sort. No high prices, no profit. Everything 

Hat Racks, Ladies' Desks, Parlor Cabinets, Music Cabinets, Couches in Leather and Gordurey, Rugs, Book Stands; everything in fact AT COST.

WOOD & BEAUMONT STOVE AND FURNITURE CO.

85-87 WHITEHALL, 70-72 S. BROAD. SPECIAL CHRISTMAS GREETING—In our Stove Department we offer a large and assorted stock of Velocipedes, Tricycles, Wagons, Toy Furniture, Desks and 500 Dellages from 25 cents to \$10.

various colors, red, white and antique. -Piece Oak Suits....(Were \$12.50) PRICE ....\$10,50 I am offering my entire

and winter stock.

We are Past Masters over to the city court to answer to the charge of carrying concealed weapons. The man who gets into Judge Ewe's court upon such a charge is apt to suffer. The fine is \$100 or six months' experience on the fine gravel roads of Richmond county. The city court of Augusta has become such a terror to pistol carriers that men going to that city deposit their guns in the wagonyards or hide them under the bridge. When a man is arrested in Augusta and searched by the police he suffers if a pistol is found on his person. This has been the rule for years. Thousands are satisfied with it. YOU WILL BE, TOO.

ACTLY half price.

MISS MARY RYAN,

45 WHITEHALL.

OPENING SALE

Holiday Goods.

240 Marietta street,

Sell Cheaper Than Any Other House.

# SPEGIAL

Extra Heavy All-Wool Solid-color Eiderdowns, In Pink, Blue, Navy, Cream and Cardinal, At 256 Yard.

240 Marietta street,

Cars Take You to Our Door.

GLOSING SALE

Dress Goods. Ready-made Wear and Underwear.

Building Blocks, 10c.

Monkeys, 25c. Whips, 5c.

Work Boxes, 15c.

#### DECEMBER OUR ANNUAL

One steadfast and abiding rule of this house is never to carry goods from one season to another. No matter what the sacrifice may be, every piece of season goods must move by the first of the New Year. We give our patrons the benefit of these reductions when the season is at its height and when other merchants are still asking full prices. Nearly every department has been supplemented with new purchases from jobbers' and manufacturers' clearance sales the past week. All of which will be found worthy of your attention.

Colored

Dress Goods.

Animals, 10c and 25c.

Lighthouse, 25c.

25 high-class Novelty Dress Patterns, in \$8.98 and \$12.00,

Now \$5.98 12 pieces 38-inch all-wool Boucle Dress Goods, in green, navy, brown and black, former price 50c.

Now 39c 15 pieces 36-inch all-wool fancy mixed illuminated Scotch Cheviots; will be closed

At 25c 16 pieces 42-inch wide wale diagonal Cheviots, in black, green and brown, for

36-inch fine all-wool French and German

Serges and Cashmeres, in all colors, At 25c yard

Broadcloths, Etc.

56-inch Black Kersey, \$1.00 yard. 56-inch Broadcloths, 98c yard. 54-inch Broadcloths, 75c yard. 50-inch all-wool Ladies Cloths, 50c yard. 56-inch Waterproof Cloths, 50c yard. 56-inch Waterproof Cloths, 39c yard.

Black Dress Goods.

10 pieces all-wool 36-inch Serges At 23c yard 25 high-class Novelty Dress Patterns, in spieces 42-inch all-wool Serges and Cashall the leading colors, former prices \$7.50, mere, splendid value,

7 pieces 38-inch imported black Figured Mohairs, worth 50c, gualities. SPECIAL—1,000 yards Black Beaded Edgings and Insertions At 33c yard Extra fine 45-inch black Serges and Henriettas, silk finish,

High novelty weaves in black diagonals, silk Mohairs and silk-warp Henriettas, At 75c yard 18 pleces 36-inch black Coating Serges will be sold

21c yard Velvets, Velveteens. Beautiful quality black and colored Silk J. & C. Corsets, the best made, at 50c. Velvets, 18 Inches, At 75c yard

A special bargain in black velveteen and colored Silk Velvets, really worth 50c, At 25c yard

10 pieces black brocaded Taffeta Silks, large, elegant designs, worth 75c. At 59c Evening or opera shades in Surah and Childrens' Hoods.

Furs, Braids,

Passementeries. At 23c yard ool Serges and Cash-At 29c yard Adapt Figured Mack Figured Wash Provided Mack Figured Colored Passementeries in Bands, Collars, Vests and Fronts, equals anything to be seen in the south, and at prices much below what other houses charge for like qualities.

At 50c yard Feather Boas.

At 3½c yard

Now \$5.00

Corsets, Gloves, Ribbons. At 19c yard R. & G. Corsets, Thompson's Corsets, Warner's Corsets, W. B. Corsets, at 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25

Try our Lacing or Button Real Kid Gloves

every pair guaranteed, At \$1.00 A new lot of Ribbons in the light shades, for fancy work, 5c and 10c

Knit Goods, Fascinators, Boottees and Mittens, At 25c and 50c A new and complete line of Knit Goods at surprisingly low prices, Ladies' Suits, Waists and Skirts.

Ladies' ready-made Suits, in all the popular materials, black and colors, dressmaker made, best linings and workmanship, Mo

At \$5, \$5.98 and \$7.50 Ladies' flannel, plaid, cloth and silk Waists, all styles, any color, all the latest designs; some ruffle collars, others to be worn with

white collar, 98c to \$5.00 Ladies' Dress Skirts in black, Serges, Mohairs, Diagonals, Figures, in colored Cheviots, Flannels and Mohairs; all full four

yards wide, lined and interlined with very 98c to \$4.98

Childrens' Dresses.

best materials,

Buy your children's Dresses here and save the cost of making; ages from 4 to 12 years, in solids, plaids and flannels,

98c to \$5.00 Infants' Cloaks. Infants' colored Cashmere Cloaks, ages 1, Z and 3 years; very cheap at

Blankets, Comfortables, Bed Spreads.

Large 10-4 gray or white Cotton Blankets 43c, 50c, 75c pair Half-wool Blankets, \$1.00 and \$1.50 pair.
All-wool Blankets, \$2.50 to \$5.00 pair.
Comfortables, 59c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25.
Extra value in large 10-4 white Marsellles
Bed Spread,
At 7.5C

Flannels, Cassimeres, Jeans.

All-wool Red Flannel, 121/2c, 20c, 25c. All-wool Navy Flannel, 121/2c, 20c. White Flannels, 124c, 15c, 20c, 25c. Gray Flannels, 15o, 20c, 25c. A special good thing in heavy mixed Cassimers, in gray, navy, brown and leather mixed,

At 25c vard

All-wool 9-oz. Jeans, 25c yard. All-wool 7-oz. Jeans, 20c yard. Mixed filling Jeans, 121/2c yard.

Lace Curtains, Curtain Poles, Window Shades.

3-yard Nottingham Lace Curtains, 50c, 75c. 3½-yard Nottingham Lace Curtains, \$1.00 and \$1.50. Curtain Poles complete, 23c. Window Rollers, all colors, at

Silk Mufflers, Silk Handkerchiefs, Linen Handkerchiefs.

Silk Mufflers, all colors, 50c, 75c, \$1.00.
Silk Handkerchiefs, colored, 25c, 50c, 75c.
Silk Handkerchiefs, intital, 25c, 50c, 75c.
Silk Handkerchiefs, scolloped, 10c, 15c, 25c.
Embroidered H. S. Handkerchiefs, 5c, 10c.
Embroidered H. S. Handkerchiefs, with scolloped borders and open drawn would be cheap at 20c, For For 10c

Zephyrs, Crochet Silks, Crochet Cottons.

Zephyrs in all colors, 4c. Crochet Silk, large ball, 5c. Crochet Cottons, all colors, 4c.

Art Work. A complete line of Linen Stamped and Drawn Work Goods, also Silk and Cotton Fringes, Plush Balls, Art Picture Frames, etc., at very moderate prices.

Large Huck or Damask Towels, 10c.
Extra values in Huck and Damask Lines
Towels at 15c and 25c 15c and 25c Special values in 64 and 68-inch all-lines Damasks, in bleached and half-bleached,

plete, 23c.
Il colors, at

15c, 25c and 50c

All-linen white Doyles at 5c and 10c

Underwear, Neckwear. Suspenders, Umbrellas. Special values in gents' white Merino Undershirts at 25c.

Great values in gents gray and Drawers, 60 per cent wool.

At 50c We are offering some special values in gents fine all-wool Underwear to close out broken sizes. All the latest things in gents' Imperial Bows and Tecks at

25c and 50c

Special sale of Holiday Umbrellas, in all the latest things, both ladies' and gentr: 59c to \$3.00

Jewelry. A new lot of those plain gold-plated Rings that are warranted three years, 25C and 50c

Evening Shades. We have just received a fresh let of these

Mail Orders

Our Regular Customers Should Not Miss This Opportunity to Secure Some of the Best Bargains We Have Ever Offered.

TAYLOR & GALPHIN, 240 MARIETTHS

In Twelve Years Mr. Cleveland Has Accumulated a Fortune.

ASSETS He Retires from the Presidential Office with a Bigger Pile Than Any of His Predecessors.

From The New York Journal. Cleveland's income for twelve years end-ing March 4, 1897: Eight years as president, at \$50,000....\$400.000 years' law partnership in New 

eight years, at \$20,000......\$160,000 Expenses in New York for four years, at \$10,000 a year..........40,000

Baved during twelve years.. .. . \$300,000 Present value of Gray Gables. . . . \$250,000 ent value of Woodley .. ..

The Cleveland fortune..... \$1,028,000

President Cleveland when he retires from fice on the 4th of next March will be the richest president that ever left the executive mansion. He will carry an ample for-tune with him into private life, all of which he has accumulated during the past twelve Mr. Cleveland has made the office of pres-

ident "pay" in a way that would open the eyes of most of his predecessors. Although many presidents have lived much more simply and inexpensively than Mr. Cleve-land, they had practically little or nothing when they retired to private life. The reason for this is that up to the second term of General Grant the salary of the president was only \$25,000 a year, and the president was obliged to pay many expenses of the white house that are now charged to the cost of its maintenance by the government.
When congress raised the president's salary to \$50,000 it for the first time became possible for a president to save a respect-able sum during his term of office, if not, indeed, to take away with him a snug lit-

the fortune for his old age. General Grant spent all of his salary during his first term of office. He had a large and expensive family and entertained freely, and when the end came around there was nothing left of the \$25,000 a year paid him by the government. During his second term however, he enjoyed a salary of \$50,000. The president's pay has been raised as nto Washington life an era of extravagance that affected the Grants like most Washington families, and the expenses o the white house were raised to the limit.

General Grant d'd not carry \$100,000 with him into private life, and he endeavored to enrich himself by going into the business that ruined him.

President Haves is supposed to have sav-President Hayes is supposed to have saved more from his salary than any president previous to Mr. Cleveland. He lived with great economy and entertained sparingly, furnish the owine to his guests, and yet is not tellared to have saved much over \$125,00. durang his four years of office.

Arthur squandered his salary as fast as he got it, and with lavish entertainments, expensive wines, choice flowers, rare dishes and other elements of high living, set a

old residents of Washington. Arthur had saved little or nothing from his salary when his term of office ended.

General Harrison was much more economical. He lived with much of the sim-plicity of a successful Indiana lawyer, but was more liberal in his views of entertaining than General Hayes. The necessities of his position as president, with a considerable number of relatives always about him, obliged him to spend at least half of his salary. When General Harrison retired he is believed to have saved about \$100,000, and this he added to property which he pos sessed before entering the white house, making a snug little fortune.

But all of these accumulations of recent presidents fade into insignificance beside the fortune which Mr. Cleveland will take with him into private life next March. He is generally regarded as a millionaire by those having a close knowledge of his affairs

This money has been accumulated by economical living and by judicious invest-When, twelve years asp next March, Mi

Cleveland took office as president, he did not have \$20,000. His salary as president for eight years amounts to \$400,000. During the four years he was out of office practicing law in this city he earned another \$100,000, of which \$80,000 was derived from his interest in the firm of Bangs Tracy, Stetson & Macveigh, and the other \$20,000 from refereeships and other out-

That makes a total of half a million dollars which he received during twelve years, or an average of nearly \$42,000 per year. Mr. Cleveland has lived economically Everybody who has watched the scale of his expense at Washington knows he doe not spend \$20,000 a year. During four years in this city he lived at the rate of about \$10,000 per year. That would make a total of \$160,000 spent for eight years' living ex-penses in the white house and of \$40,000 for living expenses during four years in New

This would leave a clear saving of \$300,000 during these twelve years. By natural accumulation and judicious investment this sum under the careful management of Mr. Cleveland now amounts to over half a mil-lion dollars, making him the richest president who ever left the white house, not even excepting Washington, who was land poor to the day of his death.

Mr. Cleveland's real estate holdings at

the present time are estimated to be worth more than \$400,000. Of this \$250,000 is represented at Gray Gables. There are over 100 acres of valuable land in the property, and on the house and grounds the Tudo family, of Boston, spent over \$250,000 before it was sold to Mr. Cleveland. He bought the place cheap, and has done much to improve it by the building of a sea wall, the clearing of ponds and the opening of roads.

Gray Gables is now in fine condition, and all the land in the vicinity has risen in value since the Clevelands went there to live. The furniture in the house is esti-mated to be worth \$5,000, and the yachts and boats \$3,000, while the horses, carriages and live stock are put down at

Woodley, the winter home of the Cleve lands, is easily worth \$150,000. It is a part of the district where the value of property has been rising rapidly. Red Top, which is not far away, was pur

chased by Mr. Cleveland some years ago and sold at a large profit, and Woodley has been even a better investment, for Mr Cleveland got it at a bargain and could sell a small part of the land now for more than the whole place stands him in. The furniture at Woodley is worth at least \$5,000, and cost a good deal more than that. The horses and carriages are transferred from Gray Gables to Washington when the Clevelands return to the white house for

the winter.

Gray Gables and Woodley with all they contain represent \$428,000 of actual value, possessed by the man who went into office twelve years ago with almost nothing. It

been accumulated. Outside of savings from salary and profits from real estate deals, however, it is generally believed the president has made large sums of money by following the advice of friends upon whose judgment he could rely in stock transactions. Thus the rise in Chicago Gas, which made the for tune of his intimate friend, E. C. Benedict. is believed to have netted the president many hundreds of thousands of dollars, and some say millions. He has much respect for the opinion of Mr. Benedict, and in on the ground floor when Chicago Gas

land's holdings in this kind of property, but Wall street is of the opinion that they are large, ranging at present from half a million to \$1,500,000. A conserva-tive estimate puts his holdings of stocks and bonds at \$600,000. This, with his real and bonds at \$600,000. This, with his real estate, furniture, horses, carriages, etc., makes Mr. Cleveland a millionarie.

Even after he loses his salary of \$50,000 per year he will, it is believed, be in receipt of as much, if not more, from his earnings and the income of his investments. The \$428,000 represented by Gray Gables and Woodley is a dead lose so far Gables and Woodley is a dead loss so far as producing any revenue is concerned, but both these properties are advancing in

Nobody knows the extent of Mr. Cleve

BARGAINS.

1/4 off regular prices next week. Must reduce stock by Jan. 1st. R. S. CRUTCHER.



Dining Chairs at 1/4 off regular prices at

R. S. CRUTCHER'S.

Folding Beds

For adults and chil-Prices from \$7.50 to \$75.00. Big cut in



This elegant Cobbler Rocker In Oak and Ma-

hogany, only \$2.50. The best child's Fancy Rocker in the city for \$1.00.

Our entire stock of Furniture and Baby Carriages with be retailed at wholesale prices from now until

R. S. CRUTCHER, 53 Peachtree St.

# VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE ART CALEN

98c



Moore, deceased, and the consent of E. M. Marsh, who holds a one-half interest, we will proceed to sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, on the premises, January 13th, next, at 12 o'clock, lot and house on the corner of Edgewood avenue and Pryor street, in the city of Atlanta, Ga., known as the Moore & Marsh building, the lot being 177 feet on Pryor street, 118 feet on north line, 159 feet on the west line, and 63 feet on Edgewood avenue.

The house is of red brick trimmed in stone, six stories high above ground, with basement full size. It has unusually strong tions and walls. It will be sold by the front foot on the

Pryor street front. Terms of sale onethird cash, balance one, two and three years in equal amounts, bearing 7 per cent nterest, with bond for title, or all cash, if preferred. This house has all the modern improvements for a first-class business house, two freight and one passenger elevators, large vault, good and attractive offices and a magnificent double stairway, etc. It is situated in the heart of the whole sale trade, for which it has been used by Moore, Marsh & Co. during the existence of their business, and by Inman, Smith & Co. until very recently. It is now vacant. It is well adapted for a big department pusiness, such as exists in many of our large cities, or to be converted into a first-

class office building. It has alleys on back and inside lines which cannot be closed, and being on the corner of two of our best streets, it will always have light and venillation. It is just opposite the finest office building in this city, and probably the south (the Equitable), which is of lightcolored brick and marble, eight stories high and has the most modern conveniences, fireproof interior, etc., and cost about one million dollars. It is constantly filled by the best of tenants. The house to be sold, by putting in steel

rames, can be carried three to five storie higher, making it a fireproof office building which would be as attractive and spacious as the best in this country. It is lo cated within two blocks of the union depot, one block from the Kimball house and two blocks from the Hotel Aragon (the two best hotels in the city). It is near the public buildings-federal, state, county and cityhas electric car lines on both fronts, which reach all parts of the city.

It is a rare opportunity for those wanting to buy central, enhancing, profit-paying property. It is being sold for a division with E. W. Marsh and the distribution be ween the heirs of W. A. Moore, deceased. It will be open for inspection to all parties wishing to look it over.

E. W. MARSH.
E. W. MARSH.
E. W. MARSH. Executor.
W. W. DRAPER, Executor.
W. L. MOORE, Executor.

6½xII Inches

each,

all tied

bya

Kibbon.

The Calendar SPECIAL FOR THE WEEK : consists of 25 lbs. GRANULATED SUGAR Six Leaves of \$1.00. Beautiful If accompanied by a paid order Lithographed for \$1.00 worth of Tea, Coffee, Figures, Extracts or Spices. on Walter Baker's Breakfast Cocoa 220 Heavy Plate Runkel Bros.' Cocoa ......220 COURTENAY'S GENUINE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE Paper 

inspect our stock.

ı quart..... Our Christmas assortment of fine imported wares for TEA AND COFFEE TICKETS Is complete, and we will be pleased

Lithography Turned Out Words can only Give You a Conception

what it is

It is the

Finest Piece

# Presented to

to have you bring your tickets and

Purchasers of Teas, Coffees, Baking Powder, Spices, Extracts, Corn Starch and Sauce Customers during

Christmas and New Year

→ COMMENCING → SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19,

And Continuing Until Saturday, January 2d.

THE GREAT Tea Company.

75 Whitehall St. 116 Peachtree Street,

ATLANTA, GA

PIERRE M. BEALER, Manag

A Prominent ed in the C FACTS NOT

WHAT

An Interesting Tucker, One Spacious Officer

A human being Did you ever stor diseases that you know that the n in this world wer or other? Just danger becomes conversation with this city, and this city, and this wife, said Dr. little as you rea suffer from some hardly believe me out of every five out of every five from rectal troub while others are fact."

"My, piles an month of the control of the case and the case and the case and control of the case and case and control of the case and c

SALE

00**0**S. derwear

e of season chants are veek. All

eckwear. Imbrellas.

59c to \$3.00

25c and 50c

At 75c yard

It is the Finest Piece

Lithography

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can only Give You a Faint

Conception of what it is

Like.

ices, Extracts,

Year

BER 19.

ree Street,

TA, GA.

Manager

"How are your charges, expensive or nuary 2d.

"How are your charges, expensive or moderate?"

"They are in reach of every one. No one who is suffering should hestate to come to me. They need not be afraid that I am exhorbitant in my fees, for really," he said, laughing. "that is the smallest part of my business."

The doctor then turned his attention to several patients who were sitting in his spacious reception room, waiting for him, which, by the way, is as elegant as any in the city. As I walked down the steps from Dr. Tucker's office, 16% North Broad, I thought to myself, "What would suffering humanity do without these broad-minded, big-hearted doctors?"

A Prominent Physician Interview-

ed in the Cause of Humanity.

FACTS NOT GENERALLY KNOWN

TO THE PUBLIC.

An Interesting Talk with Dr. W. J.

Tucker, One of Atlanta's Prom-

inent Specialists.

Spacious Offices at 16 1-2 North Broad

Street.

A human being is a very queer being. Did you ever stop a moment and think of diseases that you are heir to? Did you know that the majority of human beings

in this world were subject to some disease or other? Just stop and think and the danger becomes appalling. In a short conversation with Dr W. J. Tucker, of

this city, an interesting sidelight was thrown upon this subject.

"Yes," said Dr. Tucker, "it is a fact, as little as you realize it, that most of us suifer from some allment, and you would hardly believe me when I tell you that two

out of every five people you meet suffer from rectal trouble; some not knowing it, while others are painfully aware of the

"Doctor," he was asked, "which do you think the most common of the rectal dis-

In former years a boat load of northern hay going up the Augusta canal to supply the farmers was not an infrequent sight. Now, however, the order of things is reversed. Boat loads of hay, neatly baled, are frequently shipped from the up country of the Savannah and consigned to merchants. They are now cutting, curing and selling what they used to kill at home and buy abroad. The Savannah valley, will become a great grass producing section.



OF GLITTERING MERCHANDISE, RADIANT WITH THE SPIRIT AND SENTIMENT OF

# EIGHTEEN NINETY-SIX CHRISTMAS GIVING.

# A Suitable Gift

For every giver, whether it be for a cottage home or a more palatial one.

# Every Dollar

Spent with us returns a thousand fold to the donor in gentle and kindly remembrance as each receding year passes into the retrospect, leaving a fragrant memory.

For the next ten days and nights our

# TRADE PALACE

Will be resplendent with a rare and costly exhibition of artistic Furniture and Bric-a-Brac. Nothing approaching this display has ever been shown in the south.

EVERY DEPARTMENT-

Furniture and Art Goods Carpets and Draperies Mantels and Brass Pieces

Is filled with the best productions of this and other countries. Every Atlantian, and visitor to Atlanta, is cordially invited to visit our Warerooms during this great exhibition.

I'ts Worth Your While to Pass Through Our Big Store. Five Thousand Men's, Women's and Children's Chairs and Rockers,

In Rattan, in Oak, in Mahogany, in Birch, in Polished Wood, in Cobbler and Cane, in Silk and Corduroy. Turkish Couches and Rockers in Leather.

Solid Oak Suits for \$13.50. Elegant Manogany Suits for \$500. All Intermediate Prices.

1000 IVORYTYPES-NEW-NOVEL-ARTISTIC.

500 ETCHINGS AND OIL PAINTINGS 100 STEEL ENGRAVINGS—Handsomely matted and framed—a dainty gift.

# -:-: SEE OUR -: -: -

Desks from \$5 and up. Book Cases from \$6 and up

Chiffoniers from \$6 and up Wardrobes from \$7 and up Hatracks from \$3.50 and up Cheval Glasses \$10 and up

Turkish Rockers, leather, \$30 and up Parlor Suits from \$18 and up Tables from \$1.50 and up

> Shaving Stands \$4 and up Children's Rockers 50c and up

See our \$25,000 Stock of Carpets, Rugs, Draperies, Lace Curtains and Mattings.

See our Elegant odd Pieces in Dresden, Delft and Gold Leaf. Vernis Martini Cabinets. Chairs and Tables, Divans

and Taborettes.





# OUR OFFERINGS, BEGINNING ON MONDAY, DECEMBER 14th,

Will be the Sensation of the Christmas Tide. Upen day and night.

# Rhodes, Snook & Haverty Furniture Co.



THE COLUMBIA BUILDING

TO BE ERECTED BY THE POPE

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

On the Corner of Pryor and Houston

Streets, To Be Occupied Solely

We present herewith the plan and ex-terior view of the new Columbia building, which the Columbia bicycle agents, Messrs. Copeland and Bishop, will occupy about the

Ist of January, 1897.

This will be distinctively a "blcycle" building, built by the Pope Manufacturing

Company for their southern headquarters.

In recognition of the success of their agents here, Messrs. Copeland & Bishop, and realizing that their increasing business

and realizing that their increasing useriess required more room, the Pope company decided to erect a building exclusively for their own use. The entire front on Pryor street will be devoted to a spacious salestroom and renting department. Here will be displayed the latest models of the world-formed Columbia and Hartford beyeles.

famed Columbia and Hartford bicycles. Opening from this room will be a large and well lighted riding school, where thorough-



POISONS IN EVERY-DAY FOOD.

Although Small in Amount They Ar

Deadly if Concentrated.

One of the curious and little-known facts brought to light by recent investigations is

that in almost every kind of food some small amount of poison is to be found. Often the quantity is so small that chem-

ical analysis does not reveal it, and it is

only discovered by certain effects upon the

Small as these quantities of poison are,

however, in comparison with the other constituents of any one food, they do exist, and are poisons of a deadly sort. Concen-

trated, the amount of poison that is taken

into the system during an average lifetime would be sufficient to kill an army instant-

ly. Yet the extremely minute fragments absorbed during each meal not only do no harm, but seem almost health-giving. At least, it is certain that many of the most

dangerous and destructive substances known exist in tangible quantities in some

of the most valued foods, according to The New York Tribune.
Foods that contain the worst poisons in

these tiny quantities may be eaten con stantly without any unfortunate results. There is no more popular and widely used

food than the potato. In Ireland, in certain districts, little else is eaten, and the peas-



Bitter almonds have poison in them to

such a perceptible extent that actual cases of poisoning are on record. Strawberries and rhubarb contain oxalic acid. This, an almost everybody knows, is one of the most

deadly and rapid poisons, when used in any

appreciable quantity. Certain people are affected quickly by even a few strawber-

ries, Lobsters, shellfish and crabs possess an irritant poison which produces nausea,

vomiting and general depression, in addi

tion to skin eruptions. In ice cream is some-

times to be found tyrotoxicon, and clam chowder, made under the best conditions,

often has ptomaines of a virulent and dan

Cases have gone on record in France of diseases caused by the eating of rye bread. In these instances the grain became musty

on the stalk, and was made into flour without its mustiness having been noticed. From this mustiness, which is not at all

perceptible in the bread, the powerful

In Augusta the other day a young man

was fined \$25 for firing off his pistol in the street. But more than that, he was bound

system, paralysis of the extremities

warily at.





Valuable Books

### Christmas Presents.

Encyclopædia Britannica, English edition, 25 vols., embossed sheep binding, \$75.00 Century Dictionary, 6 vols., cloth bind-English calf binding, a beautiful set, \$24.00 Thackeray's Works, 13 vols. half Levant Morocco, English Edition. . . . \$13.00 Tennyson's Poems, one large volume, full American Literature, II vols., half Tur-

Bulwer's Novels, 26 vols., cloth binding, America, 10 vols., full Morocco, em-bossed, out of print and scarce, \$160.00 Library of the British Poets, large vols. half Morocco . . . . . . . \$10.00 Shakespeare's Works, edited by Mary Cowden Clarke, 2 large vols., steel engravings, half English calf. . . \$6.00 Sharp's History of Confederate States' Navy, full Turkey Morocco, . . . \$2.50 Mark Twain's Pudd'nhead Wilson, half green Morocco, published at \$5.00, \$2.50 I have also a large stock of queer, quaint and curious books, suitable as gifts for the

#### James F. Meegan, No. 23 Marietta Street. Send for Catalogue.



Is the Artiste's Recompense. We are Past Masters

In the Art of Dentistry. Our Work Is Guaranteed. Thousands are satisfied with it. YOU WILL BE, TOO.

The Philadelphia Dentists, 36 Whitehall.

# PRICE

I am offering my entire stock of Millinery for the next two weeks at EX-ACTLY half price.

Everything is new and select, but I am determined to lessen my fall and winter stock.

45 WHITEHALL.

# ...A HAIR-RAISING TALE...



# A Money-Raising Sale

OUR GREAT CLOSING-OUT SALE of Furniture continues with unabated enthusiasm. The bargains we are offering cannot be paralleled, simply for the reason that we are selling out every piece of Furniture in our store at EXACT COST-OUR COST. You can't make a mistake in buying here if you want anything in the Furniture ine. Of course, this is a SPOT CASH SALE. We can't afford to charge goods sold at cost. But, we'll give you best value for your money that was ever offered in Atlanta. Remember, this sale closes January I. DON'T GET LEFT.

Christmas
Rockers.

One thousand Rockers of the sort denominated "Christmas Rockers."

Pictures

Three or four hundred Easels and Pictures. Pictures at any price.

Cane Easels, Wood . \$1.55 ...\$2,00, 2.50 ..... 3.00 4.00 (Worth \$7.50) Suits.

Our suit stock is barely broken by the immense trade of last week. Various woods, and various colors, red, white and antique.

8-Piece Oak Suits.....\$10.50 (Were \$12.50)

and Pictures. Pictures at any price. Cane Easels, Wood Easels. Easels. Our special Easel.....(Worth 75 cents)

Book Not many left, but very, very cheap. Elegant goods, too. Side- We have the very best selection of Sideboards in Atlanta. Prices are of all kinds except the high

sort. No high prices, no profit. Everything Sideboards at ... Special \$30.00 Sideboard at.....

Hat Racks, Ladies' Desks, Parior Cabinets, Music Cabinets, Couches in Leather and Cordurey, Rugs, Book Stands; everything in fact AT COST.

WOOD & BEAUMONT STOVE AND FURNITURE CO. 85-87 WHITEHALL, 70-72 S. BROAD.

SPECIAL CHRISTMAS GREETING—In our Stove Department we offer a large and assorted stock of Velocipedes, Tricycles, Wagons, Toy Furniture, Desks and 500 Dell ages from 25 cents to \$10.



Sketch of Columbia Bicycle Academy, Now Being Erected Corner Houston and North Pryor Streets.

think the most common of the rectal diseases."

"Why, piles and fistula, of course—although there are many others, they are egrtainly the most common."

"Now, doctor, is there a cure for the piles or fistula without being operated upon, or having to subject yourself to all kinds of experiments and pain?"

"Oh! yes; take, for instance, my treatment. I have at present several patients from as many states, and a great many local ones. I guarantee to cure any rectal disease, especially piles and fispile, without the use of knife and absolutely void of pain. If I don't do this, then it does not cost a cent." pain. If I don't do this, then it does not cost a cent."

"Have you ever failed in curing a case, a chronic one, for instance?"

"No; the worse the case, the better pleased I am. I will take the most obsilinate case and cure it without any inconvenience or loss of time on the part of my patient. I have been practicing in Atlanta for eighteen years and have yet to meet my first failure to cure."

"What class of people do you treat, doctor?" he was asked.

"All classes; the rich and the poor alike all come to me for relief, and I can number among my putients some of the most prominent men in this city and state who will at any time bear me out in all I say."

"How are your charges, expensive or ly competent instructors will initiate the novice in the fascinating pastime, and where the experignced riders will be able to defy the elements and find a good floor, good wheels and comfortable dressing rooms always at their disposal. This is an institution which the Columbia people have successfully introduced in all the large cities in the United States, and Atlanta will be equal to any of them in the equipment of its bicycle academy.

Back of the riding room, and occupying the entire end of the building, will be the most complete and extensive bloycle repair shops in the south.

shops in the south.

Here anything from repairing a puncture to building a special wheel can be accomplished as readily as the same operation could be performed in the Columbia shops at Hartford. This department will be under the charge of an experienced workman from the Hartford factory and will prove a great convenience to the thousands of wheelmen in the city.

The building is to be erected from drawing made by Bleckley & Tyler, architects,

ing made by Bleckley & Tyler, archives, and will be a substantial brick structure of artistic design. With the convenient location and enterprising occupants the Columbia building will not only be a credit to the Pope Manufacturing Company, but to

Building a New Depot. Fairburn, Ga., December 12.—(Special.)—
TW. Atlanta and West Point Raliroad Company is having erected a handsome new passenger depot.

ants thrive wonderfully on it. Yet the potato belongs to the same botanical class as the deadly nightshade, and has in it the same poisonous element.

Many other vegetables have the same curious quality. In nearly every vegetable and fruit that grows above the ground, except the cabbage class, what are known as vegetable acids exist. There is a different one in each vegetable and variety of

ent one in each vegetable and variety of fruit, and all are deadly poisons. Never-theless, it would be impossible to get a sufficient quantity into the stomach at a single meal to do even the slighest injury, and the gastric juice absorbs and renders harmless these poisons unfailingly.

harmless these poisons unfailingly.

Taploca is another food substance that contains poison. This has long been known. The fact was again called to the attention of scientists by Henry M. Stanley, who carried in his kit on one of his journeys in the "dark continent" a large quantity of taploca, and had the opportunity to detect the danger in its use when not properly prepared. Under proper conditions taploca is not harmful, but poison is present in it in such a large quantity that many precautions should be taken.

Even beer has it portion of poison, a substance known as piero-toxin. Lemon juice

Even beer has it portion of poison, a substance known as piero-toxin. Lemon juice contains a virulent and dangerous element—citric acid—and in many of the lemon drops and bottles of lemon juice commercially prepared this substance is made up in the laboratory and mixed with a disregard of the way natures does it. The natural juice of the lemon is not in the least poisonous, even taken in large quantities.

over to the city court to answer to the over to the city court to answer to the charge of carrying concealed weapons. The man who gets into Judge Eve's court upon such a charge is apt to suffer. The fine is \$100 or six months' experience on the fine gravel roads of Kichmond county. The city court of Augusta has become such a terror to pistol carriers that men going to that city deposit their guns in the wagonyards or hide them under the bridge. When a man is arrested in Augusta and searched by the police he suffers if a pistol is found on his person. This has been the rule for years.

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For your Wife, Daughter or Sweetheart.... Rings, Pins, Ear Drops, Mounted in the very

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Sense, up-to-date. It is as perfect brains and experience, can devise. had elsewhere for less money, but when the best can be had for \$35.



as human ingenuity, coupled with

An inferior business course can be

it is dear at any price--doubly so

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# Diamond

Talk The time has arrived to buy that llamonds, and we want to sell it. We keep as good as the best and sell as cheap as anybody for the same class of goods. We tell you all about the stones and stake our reputation on what we tell you. Will you come to see us?

JULIUS R. WATTS & CO., Jewelers and Opticians, 57 Whitehall Cash Paid for Old Gold & Silver

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FOR SALE-Machinery.

# PRINTING MACHINERY, cylinder, hand and Job presses; paper cutters; body and Job type; hangers, pulleys and shafting; printers' roller cast every day. Thomas F. Seltzsinger, 291 Marietta street.

MATRIMONIAL. A YOUNG man with good salary and a member of the Rock Springs Club would like to correspond with a young lady; will exchange photographs. Object matrimony. Charles A. Williams, 13 Decatur street. Charles A. Williams, 13 Decatur street.

TO A SOUTHERN LADY—I am a business man, 35 years old, and a widower, with one little girl. I desire the acquaintance of a lady not over 30 years old (no objection to widows); must be of good family and some means; object, matrimony. Address John Smith, 617 Atkin street, Knoxville, Tenn.

ATTRACTIVE young maiden owning mer-cantile business would marry Catholic. Box 144, Constitution office. FOR MATRIMONIAL COLUMN CONSTI-TUTION DECEMBER 13 SUNDY

A MAIDEN, 24, worth few thousand, would marry. Box Z, Constitution Office. CHRISTIAN widow, 44, means \$30,000, would appreciate good husband. Box 100, Constitution office.

WIDOWER, 60, worth \$500,000, would wed lady under 45. Box R, Constitution office.

A WIDOWER, 35, ample means, would marry a true woman who would give a mother's care to his two children. Box A, Constitution office. For Rent by D. P. Morris & Sons, 48

North Broad Street, Corner Walton. 

### FOR RENT

For Rent by J. Covington, 19 South Forsyth Street.

h., Mangum street.. For Rent by D. Morrison.

HE HAS A LARGE number of nice 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7-room houses, also a few large 6 and 7-room liouses, also a few large boarding houses, for rent. Before you rent a house, it will pay you to call at his office, 47 East Hunter street, and see his list.

For Rent by J. Henly Smith & Tomlinson, No. 12 W. Alabama Street, Hillyer Building-Telephone 225. 8-room, corner, large shady lot, south side; choice location; fine condition; \$30. 10-room brick, very near capitol; \$35. Beautiful new 5-room cottage, West End;

\$17.

New nice 7-room cottage, near Grant park.
Beautiful furnished house, N. side, \$50.
Elegant furnished cottage, West End; \$30.
6-room Whitehall house; \$22.50.
10-room house, stable, 6 acres, near West
End. 7-room house, stable, 10 acres, West End. Two 8-room houses and one 10-room, north

Choice store, Decatur street.

Large store, Marietta street.

Store and three rooms, at city limits.

FOR SALE-Chickens, Eggs, Etc. PURE BRED TOULOUSE GEESE for sale cheap. Write for terms, etc. Mrs. J. J. Comer, Cartersville, Ga.

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5 TO 8 per cent loans made on real estate, bonds and stocks. Purchase money and other good notes, building and loan stock (especially delinquent stock) wanted, W. A. Foster. No. 2 N. Broad. WEYMAN & CONNORS negotiate loans on Money city property at 6 and 7 per cent. Money ready for parties wanting quick loans. Call in person. No. 825 Equitable building. PARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate loans on Atlanta real estate and Georgia farm on Atlanta real estate and Geo lands. Gould building, Atlanta.

LOANS made on real estate at low rates of interest, without commission, and repaya-ble in monthly installments. Purchase money notes bought. Edward S. McCan-dless, cashier Southern Loan and Banking Co., No. 9 E. Alabama street. sep 13-tf. Co., No. 9 E. Alabama street. sep 13-tf.

T. W. BAXTER & CO., 210 Norcross building, Atlanta, Ga., negotiate loans on choice improved Georgia farm at exceedingly low rate of interest. If security is suffisient rate will be made satisfactory.

SAMUEL BARNETT, No. 537 Equitable building, negotiates real estate mortgages, loans on property in or near Atlanta. Borrower can pay back any way he pleases.

WE CAN place loans on choice real estate at low rates of interest. Call on us at No. 14 South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. J. M. Carson & Co.

7 AND 8 per cent loans promptly made

No. 14 South L. J. M. Carson & Co. Hove-1...

6, 7, AND 8 per cent loans promptly made by the Scottish American Mortgage Co., Limited, on improved Atlanta real estate; 2 to 5 years, interest semi-annually: no commissions. E. S. McCndless, 9 East decil-3n Alabama street. decil-ijn 1,250 IN GOLD to loan for client on Atlan-ta realty; money here. Chandler & Chan-dler, 704 Temple Court. dec9—wed-fri-sun

FARM LOANS in Georgia and Alabama negotiated by W. P. Davis, attorney, 613 Temple Court. dec5-tf-eod WITHOUT real estate you can borrow what money you want from Atlanta Discount Company, Office fifth floor Temple Court. Joseph N. Moody, president. oct-11-1y-sun-tues-thur

WE LOAN from \$25 up at 8 per cent interest per annum, on any good servirity; no commissions or delay. Fulton Savings Bank, 710 Gould building. octil—tf-sun MONEY TO LOAN—On real estate or col-laterals, in any amount. F. H. Cathcart & Co., 19 South Broad street. decl3-3t sun tues thur MONEY LOANED \$5 to \$50, or more, to reliable persons, without real estate security. Room 35 Grant building.

A FEW hundred dollars to lend on diamonds or other good security. Address Box 547. MONEY TO LOAN-We have money to loan at very reasonable rates on good city real estate security, in amounts of \$500 and upwards. Ansley Bros., i2 E. Alabama street.

MONEY TO LOAN-On diamonds, watches bicycles, typewriters or any good security. Lowest rates; long time. A. O. Harris & Co., Room 24 Inman building. IF YOU WANT a loan of from \$500 to \$10,000 and have Atlanta real estate, call at 47 East Hunter street and make application, and D. Morrison will do the rest for a small commission; \$500, \$1,000, \$2,000 and \$5,000. MONEY TO LEND at 7 per cent, to be secured by mortgage on Atlanta real estate. Call on Aaron Haas, Kiser building, 37 S. Pryor street.

MONEY TO LOAN-\$5 to \$500 on diamonds watches, jewelry or any good collateral.

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EXCELSIOR STEAM LAUNDRY. LADIES' KID GLOVES cleaned by new process from 15 to 25 cents per pair; also white slippers cleaned for 25 cents per pair. Branch office, 178 Peachtree, opposite Aragon hotel. Excelsior Steam Laundry and Dye Works, 53 Decatur street. Telephone No. 41

LADIES' DRESSES of all kinds cleaned and dyed by new chemical process Branch office 178 Peachtree, opposite Ara gon hotel. 53 Decatur street. Telephone 41 GENTS' SUITS cleaned and pressed by new chemical process for \$1.50 per suit. Excelsior Steam Laundry and Dye Works, 53 Decatur street. Telephone 41. Week to pass to other happy hunting grounds of usefulness. Garments of every description. Excelsior Steam Laundry and Dye Works, & Decatur street. Telephone 41. HER HUSBAND ON a strike wants a new dress, take old one to the Excelsior Steam Laundry and Dye Works, 53 Decatur

ORR STATIONERY COMPANY.

ORR STATIONERY COMPANY.

104 Whitehall, corner Mitchell st., is head-quarters for holiday goods and toys.

HERE are a few sample prices:
1,000 handsome cloth bound books at 15c each, worth everywhere 50c.
500 Board back story books, \$00 pages, profusely illustrated, only 25c.
Shakespeare's complete works in one volume; good, clear type, 75c.
50 dozen kid body dolls, 15 inches high; reduced from 50c. to close out at 25c.
5,000 all-china dolls to close out this week at 1c. each, or 10c. dozen.
We offer for this week only five dezen Parcheesti boards at 75c. each.
A genuine Oxford Bible, large, clear type, for \$1.25.

Remember we have everything in dolls, for \$1.25.

Remember we have everything in dolls, toys, games, velocipedes, doll carriages, hobby horses. Shoo Fly horses, etc. We will save you money. You can't afford to miss seeing our stock.

ORR STATIONERY CO.,

Corner Whitehall and Mitchell sts.

LOST.

DOG LOST-A female hound, black and tan; answers to the name of Keener; a reward will be paid for her return to Dr. Donald Wilson, 162 West Peachtree st. YOU will lose money if you do not buy your toys and fireworks from McClure's red front 5 and 10c store.

LOST—An appetite by not buying the nicest and fraches! (received to the property for the and freshest (received daily) systems, fish, game and celery, from Walter Dopson, 126 Whitehall street. 'Phone 568. LOST-A St. Bernard Dog, tan color, with white breast, feet and on dip of tall; answers to the name of Max; liberal reward will be paid for his return. J. E. Carlton, 90 Whitshall

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES. WILLIAMS' TYPEWRITER, many improvements for 1897 now ready. See it:
Edwin Hardin, 16 N. Pryor, Kimball douse dec 13 3t sun wed sun

WANTED \$1,000 on central improved property, three to five years, 6 per cent. Address this office. G. Weyman, Constitution

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FOR SALE-Established business paying \$100 and over per month; \$800 buys it. Address R. J. R., care Constitution. NEW MODE of quartersawing oak lumber, double amount of perfect lumber produced from each log; correspondence solicited. Address J. J. Philbrick, Marietta, Ga. \$300 BUYS family grocery, if taken at once; well worth \$400. Investigation solicited. Southern Business Bureau, 70½ Peachtree.

THE CLEANEST strictly cash business in the city for sale; only place of the kind in Atlanta; small capital required; if you want something good investigate this. Address Good Thing, care Constitution. A BUSINESS FOR SALE—Not a car load of money, but a good living for a small family; small capital required. For full particulars call on C. A. Ashby, No. 2 Hemphill avenue.

WANTED-A partner with good references and some money. Address Wholesale Grocery and Produce, Constitution. YOUR SAVINGS, be they large or small, can safely earn you exceptionally large profits. Send for free booklet containing full information. New York Co-operative Investment Co., No. 8 Wall st., New York. WANTED, BUSINESS—A middle aged gentleman with a few hundred dollars, with best of references, energetic and trustworthy, wishes active interest in some manufacturing or mechanical business, Address, with particulars, G., Constitution. FOR SALE—Retail grocery store, good stock and trade established. Also paying cigar, tobacco and billiard room complete. Also half interest in a saloon. Also half interest in a drug store. Above in Atlanta. For reliable man with \$50 to \$2,000 fine business in Gainesville, Ga. Seldom such a chance. Call 10 o'clock Monday. H. H. Jackson, 41 N. Broad.

Jackson, 41 N. Broad.

\$420 REALIZED in one week on a \$100 investment; a perpetual income within the reach of large and small investors. Last year's average more than \$1,200 per month. Write for particulars. Conden & Co., Clinton building, Covington, Ky.

BSTABLISHED clothing, shoe and gents' furnishing goods business for sale. Parties are going to retire. P. O. Box 52, Newnab 3a.

MONEY—If you want to learn how you can make money in Wall street on \$20 and upward, send for my plan of speculation, free. E. Mortimer Pine, banker and broker, 44 Broadway, New York. \$1,000 TO \$2,000 to invest in an established business in Atlanta or other town in the south. P. E. N., 18 Duffy street, Savan-

SPECULATORS, ATTENTION! Trade in SPECULATORS, ATTENTION! Trade in commodities dealt in upon the Chicago Board of Trade. Send your orders through responsible house. Our offices nearest pits. Wheat, provisions, etc., now offer exceptional opportunities for big profits. We have made money in speculation for our customers. Send for booklet on margin trading and statistics. Also daily market letter. Both free. Write H. H. Baumann & Co., Chicago Board of Trade building, Chicago.

WANTED capital to operate new enterprise on extensive and remunerative plan. Only men of means and business experience wanted. Address with references Certainty,

497 Whitehall street.

WANTED—Three experienced teachers desire to locate in some southern town or city where a first-class co-education school, on the plan of McCabe's, in Virginia, may be established. Parties have means. Address T. A. Binford, Amherst, Va.

A RARE CHANCE-Wishing to devote our entire time and attention to our growing wholesale and manufacturing business, we offer for sale our retail bakery and confectionery, the best stand in town; established fourteen years; for particulars wrie direct to us. A. M. Antognoli & Co., Rome, Ga. FOR SALE-Saloon; good stand; nice fix-tures; price low. Apply at 43 Peachtree. FOR SALE—Restaurant, first-class in all appointments, and new, central location, and fair business; good reason for selling. If you mean business, call or address H, 198 Edgewood avenue.

DO YOU SPECULATE? "Guide to Successful Speculation," mailed free. Wheat, ful Speculation," mailed free. Wheat, provision, cotton and stock speculation on limited margin thoroughly explained; correspondence solicited. Warren, Ford & Co., 11 Wall street, New York.

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### BUSINESS COLLEGES

THE ATLANTA BUSINESS COLLEGE, Whitehall street, near Trinity avenue. Business or shorthand course, \$50; both courses combined, \$75. OLD TIN roofs made new and leaks stopped at once with Aetna roof paints. Sold by McNeal Paint and Glass Co., Atlanta, Ga.

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OLD LEAKY roofs made as good as new with one coat of Aetna roof paint. Sold by McNeal Paint and Glass Co., Atlanta, Ga.

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PURE GASOLINE and headlight oil from Standard Oil Company in five-gallon quantities delivered free in any part of the city on short notice; drop a postal or telephone 1503. H. D. Harris, 95 North Boulevard.

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LADIES-Chichester's English Pennyroya
Pills (Diamond Brand), are the best. Safe
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for particulars. "Relief for Ladies" in let
ter by return mail. At druggiats. Chichester Chenical Company, Philadelphia, Pajune21-156t sun tues thur BOARD WANTED.

BOARD AND ROOM WANTED-A gen-tleman wishes room and board in a tleman wishes room and board in a modern house; private family; out on the hills; at moderate price. Address, with price and particulars. B. Constitution office. YOUNG MAN wishes room, board and fires in private family; terms must be reason-able: references. Address "Board," care Carrier No. 3.

BUSINESS PERSONALS. M. M. MAUCK, 42 Peachtree, corner Wal-ton, paints, wall paper, glass, brushes, molding, paper hanging, painting, prompt-ly done. LASTING and pretty Chrstmas presents are the little girls' and boys' saddles, goat harness and riding whips selling so low at D. Morgan, 30 and 22 W. Mitchell street.

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adjustable in size so that it can be made
to fit any shoe or boot. Address E. O.
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FOR SALE—Non-refillable bottle; can be sealed initially and afterwards opened and contents removed, but cannot be refilled without detection. Patent pending. Address A. Kindley, care John Wedderburn & Co., patent attorneys, Washington, D. C.

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rington, D. C.

FOR SALE—Thill coupling; is an improvement on those now in use and adapted for either straight or bent shafts; patent applied for. Address Ernest Weston, care John Wedderburn & Co., patent attorneys, Washington, D. C.

FOR SALE—Hook and eye; patent issued July 21, 1896; simple and cheap; constructed so they cannot become accidentally unhooked. Address the inventor, F. J. Rappold, care John Wedderburn & Co., patent attorneys, Washington, D. C. patent attorneys, Washington, D. C.
HARDWARE—A splendid business chance.
Wanted—A party with capital to take
stook in a well established hardware business in Atlanta. Address Hardware, care
Constitution Pub. Co., Atlanta, Ga.
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THE E. S. DEAN CO., New York, Capital one million dollars. Six years', record without having lost a dollar for any one. Through their safe system of speculation, a great many people have been quietly getting rich for several years. Dividends are paid the 1st and 15th of each month and amount to about \$25 a month on every \$100 invested. If allowed to compound for one year amounts to over \$500. For further particulars and references call on or address Dr. Joseph Brannon, 98 North Pryor street, Atlanta, who has had a year's experience with their system.

MONEY IN WHEAT—Price advanced over

with their system.

MONEY IN WHEAT—Price advanced over 20 cents in 3 months; higher prices anticipated; market active; now the time to invest; margins from \$20 up; booklet with full particulars and daily market letter free, Address Frederick Wiggins & Co., 135 Van Buren street, Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE—Three bonds in the Georgia Bond and Investment Company; all dues are paid up to date; will sell for 50 per cent of money invested. Address box 4, Norcross, Ga. CRIPPLE CREEK GOLD MINES Sen THOMAS W. JACKSON, private banker— Loans en real estate, purchase money notes, bonds and stocks—any good paper, Room 2, 70½ Peachtree street. nov 17 lm

#### FOR SALE-Dogs.

FOR SALE—Dogs.

FOX HOUND, Bloodhound, Newfoundland, Pug, Black and Tan, Bull Terriers, and other dogs and puppies, for sale cheap as Christmas presents. They are the thing to please your boy or girl. If you want to buy, any of the above, address at once Gate City Kennel Club, Atlanta, Ga.

ST. BERNARD PUPPIES—A choice litter of finest pedigreed stock; Sir Bedivere Watch, and Jack McAuliffe, at stud. Southern St. Bernard Kennel Co., 119 Courtland street.

# FROHSIN'S

43 WHITEHALL.

An elegant Hankerchief Basket with every purchase of Hankerchiefs amounting to \$1.50 or over.

This offer is for Holidays only, and is not an inducement to draw custom, but a method of presenting a neat trifle in a holiday spirit

\$75 TO \$150 a m

BOUTHERN BU
Peachtree, place
positions. Atlant
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WANTED—Capal
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street, Chicago.

WANTED—Rella county to prepare ply agents; big m selling agents ev tive Remedies Co

WANTED—A young position—8000 a Z.—. Constitute WANTED—First—Co., Columbus,

WANTED—Energy agency for best alarm for bollers; address, with refestreet, Philadelph WANTED—Intellighthe examination soon to be held in way." For "point Civil Service Insti

SALESMEN to sell Rolling Pins to 6 tition; experience and expenses or Chicago Baking Pave., Chicago.

SIX good house to joining states; to tract worth at leas vance railroad fare good bond for \$100 man Co., 404 Gould

CATHOLIC men ucation, willing employment with land & Co., 223 De

WANTED—Capable tor southern by ness; must travel lee Traveling Libr

;WANTED—An a can keep books erally useful. Ad Constitution.

WANTED—A good farm on shares V. E. Lambert, II WANTED—Alen wice examination lanta for postoffic write for valuable Bureau of Inform

WANTED-A ho cook, five white er, for hotel near hotel Thursday, D

WANTED Men wy vice examination lants for postofic write for valuable S\_Bureau of Info CANVASSERS—In live men can clease alls in three out sive territory. The following the country of the

FIFTY DOLLARS
ness college, Wilbuy a business or

WANTED-5,000 po buy goods from and 100 store. WANTED-Man to

WANTED Man machine at on Hotel Normandie

WANTED—Experie vertising solicitor Electric building A FINE CHANCE

WANTED Travelli chewing gum as of putting money 10 cents to 100 in it a ready seller. Co., Electric building

WANTED—Men to month and expense experience unnecessarch street, Phila.
MEN to sell cando steady employments.

steady employme ary; \$75 monthly ommission. If off

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DON'T BE POOR.
Co., Columbus, O
plating knives, for i
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WANTED—Men and day or evening of work; no canvassi sary; we pay sala particulars. Standa

VE MANUFACTO

nd we can supply pecialties. Ask

PER 1,000 casi are; inclose 6 c. in, Chicago.

Our Store is Not Jammed

If it were we could not serve you properly. But you will find a constant stream of judicious, careful shoppers visiting our premises after having priced and investigated the stocks of other dealers, and who eventually COME HERE TO BLY Our advertisements appeal to the COMMON SENSE of the masses, and the same careful method is followed in the sale of our stock as in its purchase. NO ONE LEAVES FROHSIN'S EMPTY-HANDED.

## Monday's Melange of Magnificent Merchandise.

Handkerchiefs est effort to keep the excellent handkerchief trade we have built up, and we keep it. The season has inspired our buyer with better ideas, better judgment still, and now we have lent quality, 25c and 5oc. for your inspection a charming lot of assorted values from 3c for Ladies and Children, hemstitched, white or in fast colors, along the line 5c, 10c and up to 25c-where we stop for a moment. At that price the popular demand requires an HONEST PIECE OF WORK. Silk We have it. Hand embroidered, pure linen, some scalloped, others daintily hemstitched in styles to suit the up-to-date taste. All are beautiful and-But examine them for yourselves. You will find them just about to your fancy, and at prices seventy-five per cent. lower than others.

Handkerchiefs In fine Linen Cambric, hand embroidered, trimmed beauty, and command prices far in advance of what we ask on Monday-from 50e to \$1.00.

For Gentlemen We have not forgotten you. We have substantial pieces for substantial use. Linen that will not come back from the laundry full of holes; but serviceable Handkerchiefs that are worth double the money at any other sale. We sell them Monday for 5c, 10c and 25c. Other times they fetch 10c,

One exceptionally Handkerchiefs tempting lot for ladies that we can ladies that we can not duplicate again; we place them have the latest idea in Parisian only.

Holiday . . . . We make an earn- in this sale for 15c. For Gentle- kids, recently imported, white with blandlershiefe est effort to keep men—we have the most elaborate black braid, black and seal brown assortment in Atlanta at prices ranging from 150 to 250, all linen. All are absolute snaps. For men, Silk Initial Handkerchiefs, excel-

> Real Lace 75e to \$5.00 in texture and assortment fit for Handkerchiefs. Sortment fit for a queen. Just the thing for a Christmas gift.
>
> For Men. hem.

Handkerchiefs. stitched Jap-

nese Silk, only 18e. Some for Ladies, too. Scalloped and embroidered only 6e. Silk Mufflers. In Brocaded Silk, cream, colors or black. On Monday we offer a special lot for Gentlemen, usually sold at 75c, this sale 35c.

They are worth a visit and a pur-

with real lace, perfect dreams of Umbrellas. Twilled Silk with wood handle, suitable for Gentle-

men and Ladies, Monday only \$1. All Silk Taffeta Umbrellas, new style in very close roll, sterling trimmed handles, an unequalled offer for Monday, \$2.50.

Gloves, Everyone knows we famous Centimeri Kid Gloves. Everyone knows we fit our Gloves to our customers and then guarantee them. We have o'erstepped our usual purchases for the Holidays, and therefore offer for Monday's sale the most attractive line of Kid Gloves

black braid, black and seal brown undressed kid quarter-cuff-a novelty and effective.

Children's With buttons or laced. Bring the Children to see them Monday. 500, 750 and \$1,00,

Aprons. Some pretty White dies, with tucks and trimmed with Lace, Monday 100, With Em-broidery Inserting or edging, also, large size Nurses' Aprons 250, worth 45c.

Children's We can please you in Children's Cloaks. We Cloaks. . . bought them right.
For 890 we can sell you an Elderdown with large fancy collar. They formerly sold for \$1.50. We won't describe Cloaks, for no pen can fill the bill. You will call to see th anyway. An all-wool Boucle, trim med with fur and braid, b \$1.59 in this sale, ordinarily \$3.00. Children's all-wool Crepe Elder down Cloaks, which it took \$3.00 to buy, will go for \$1.50 Monday. Gentlemen's Our Haberdashery Neckwear...

Department is up with the times, yet below in price. Our 256 and 506 Scarfs and Four-in-hands are revelations in style, taste and

assortment. Children's Lynx Hare Sets at 29, Fur Sets... And Andrew An

#### Pocketbooks and Card Leather Goods Cases combined; neat,

Useful at all times. Special Holiday price—250 and 500. Handbags-25c, 5oc, 75c and \$1.00-worth an advance of eighty per cent over this sale.....

43 WHITEHALL.

FAMBRO

Christmas At Cut Prices. Buy now; we deliver later.

Don't take it for granted that we can be undersold. WE WON'T. Always make it a rule to get our prices .....

# **FAMBRO**

Is in the ring for all legitimate FURNITURE transanctions. He CANNOT and WILL NOT be undersold. You know what that means when he says it. Look to your interest, and give him a chance to sell you at a discount from your lowest previous price.....



PARLOR FURNITURE LOUNGES COUCHES and **ODD PIECES** 

87-89 Peachtree St.

Gavan Book Co.-41 Peachtree Street. MISCELLANEOUS FLOOR AND WALL dampness stopped easily by use of Aetna paint. No water can go through out anti-dampness paint. Sold by McNeal Paint and Glass Co., Atlants Co. WE HAVE SOME medical books cheap. Gray's Anatomy, Dungleson's Dictiona-ries, guizes, compends, etc. Students will save money by calling on us. FULL AND COMPLETE LINE of picture and story books for the boys and girls. WANTED—Run down machinery to over-haul and sell on commission. H. N. Cra-mer & Co., 555 Marietta street, dealers in machinery. 500 WEBSTER'S Unabridged Dictionaries, \$2. We will buy, sell and exchange all kinds of schoolbooks. Largest stock second-hand schoolbooks in Atlanta. Call or write us.

Furniture On E-Z Terms.

Give something of value for Xmas presents. We have the greatest values for the least money on all kinds of



T. J.

# **FAMBRO**

Is in the ring, and making a reputation to selling FURNITURE, MATTING and RUGS cheaper by 20 per cent than any one.... Christmas Presents—Music Cabinets, Book Cases, Hat Racks, China Closets, Ladis Desks, Pictures, Easels, Child's Rockers, Gold

Leaf Chairs, Blacking Cases, White Chairs, Hall Chairs and Seats, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Parlor Tables. FAMBRO,

All at CUT PRICES.

87-89 Peachtree St.

AUCTION SALES. AUBURN AVE, house at auction a day, 14th, at 12 o'clock sharp. I day, 14th, at 12 o'clock sharp. 32 Aubu

AUBURN AVE, house at auction day, 14th, at 12 o'clock sharp. It to highest bidder the house, 32 Aucto be removed from lot by Jan parties owning vacant lots will dattend sale. U. W. Adair.

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. Bring the iren to , 750 and \$1.00. 11/4 yards long, Newest thing rice from 250,

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s Cloaks. We them right. you an Eidercy collar. They so. We won't no pen can fill call to see them braid, brings dinarily \$3.00. Crepe Eiderit took \$3.00 \$1.50 Monday. Haberdashery the times, ye

yle, taste and lare Sets at 290 y. Thibet Set Monday. An-\$2 for this sale

our 256 and 506 in-Hands are



...FURNITURE

RO NG and RUGS ny one..... Cabinets, Book Closets, Ladies'

WANTED—Men to sell cigars; \$75 per month and expenses; permanent position; experience unnecessary. Bailey Bros., 921 Arch street, Philadelphia. MEN to sell candy to the retail trade; steady employment, experience unnecessary; \$75 monthly salary and expenses or commission. If offer satisfactory address with particulars concerning yourself, Consolidated Candy Co., Chicago. s Rockers, Gold T. J. FAMBRO

DON'T BE POOR. I work for J. Gray & Co., Columbus, O., selling Royal Platers, plating knives, forks, spoons, etc., quickly plated by dipping in melted metal. Fine finish. Plate guaranteed 5 to 10 years. Made 42 last week, this week \$51; easy job; good pay. Write for a place. Everybody has 500ds to plate.

WANTED—Men and women to work for us day or evening at their homes; pleasant work; no canvassing; experience unneces-ary; we pay salary. Inclose stamp for particulars. Standard Mfg. Co., 142 W. 23d st. New York t., New York.

WE MANUFACTURE large line of new patented articles especially for canvassers and we can supply you with all first-class specialties. Ask for illustrated catalogue and particulars. George C. Vining, manager. 25 Randolph street, Chicago.

4.50 PER 1,000 cash for distributing circulars; inclose 6 c. U. S. Distributing Bureau, Chicago.

HELP WANTED-Male

WANTED-Ralesmen.

D-Several traveling salesmen and local, to represent us in the states. For particulars, address obsecto works, Greensboro, N. C

LESMAN—Want a few more hustler salary \$3 to \$5 a day. Only those wh can business need apply. Inclose 2-cen amp. Keller Mfg. Co., Davenport, Iowa.

ALESMAN calling on retail and lique trade to sell a holiday article; somethin sew and great; quick sales; big profits grite quick. Hol., 3941 Market street, Phi delphia, Pa.

stephia, Pa.

EXPERIENCED specialty salesmen to represent us; only men with unquestionable story will be considered. No side line sekers or boys need apply. A. E. Zishme, Co., Chicago.

A Co., Chicago.

SALESMEN to sell all kinds merchandise to consumers. Long credit. Address Love & Co., 154 Throop st., Chicago.

WANTED—Traveling salesmen to sell as side line, fine leather suspenders; large commission paid. Fred D. Havens, Plainwell, Mich.

well, Mich.

75 TO \$150 a month salary and expenses
paid salesmen for cigars. Permanent position. Experience unnecessary. Largest,
finest line. Elegant holiday offerings. V. L.
Kilne Co., St. Louis, Mo.

SALESMEN WANTED—To sell to dealers 1100 monthly and expenses; experience nnaccessary. Write for particulars. Acme Cigar Company, Chicago.

BALESMEN—\$50 to \$75 per month and expenses; permanent position; experience unnecessary. Chicago Sign Maker Co., 524 W. 83d street, Chicago.
WANTED—Salesmen to sell cigars to dealers; \$100 monthly and expenses; experience unnecessary. Clinton Cigar Co., Chicago.

cago.

SALESMEN wanted for new article which everybody buys. No experience necessary for success; territory given to men or women; sample 10 cents, Address W. Sherman, room 48 Inman building, Atlanta, Ga.

CIGAR SALESMEN—Commission \$10 per thousand; greatest inducements ever offerred. Falls City Introduction Co., Louisville, Karan 22 27 nov 22 27 sun 6.

SALESMEN—One in every state to sell our cigars on credit. Samples, good pay, expenses and exclusive territory to proper applicants. Address P. O. Box 1354, New York City.

HELP WANTED-Male.

placed last week. Established 1890.

WANTED—Capable man with \$1,000 to carry stock of goods and manage branch for Chicago house; salary \$125 per month and all expenses; also extra percentage; permanent position with good future prospects. Address James Barton, 125 Franklin street, Chicago.

WANTED—Reliable man or woman in each county to prepare our remedies and supply agents; big money; no canvasting; also selling agents everywhere. California Native Remedies Co., Chicago.

WANTED—Bright young men to prepare

WANTED—Bright young men to prepare for examination soon to be held at At-lanta postoffice for clerks and carriers. Thorough course of instruction by mail; particulars free of National Correspond-ence Institute, Dept, E, Washington, D. C.

WANTED—A young man for permanent position—\$900 a year; \$100 cash required. Z—, Constitution. nov 29-4t su thur. WANTED—First-class baker. Williams & Co., Columbus, Ga.

Kirkwood, Ga.

WANTED—Energetic party to handle state agency for best and cheapest low-water alarm for bollers; patent and introduced. Address, with references, C. C., 2020 Race street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—Intelligent young men to take the examination for the postal service, soon to be held in this city. "We light the way." For "pointers," address Columbian Civil Service Institute, Washington, D. C.

SALESMEN to sell Baking Powder in Glass Rolling Pins to Grocery Trade; no compe-tition; experience unnecessary; \$80 month and expenses or 25 per cent commission. Chicago Baking Powder Co., 66 Hamilton ave., Chicago.

HAVE YOU a few dollars? Then start a profitable mail order business; particulars for stamp. Business Guide Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

SIX good house to house canvassers in adjoining states; to "hustlers" will make contract worth at least \$55 per month and advance railroad fare to destination. Must gve good bond for \$100. Call or address Lindeman Co., 404 Gould building.

CATHOLIC men and women of fair ed-ucation, willing to work, can get steady employment with reliable firm. J. S. Hy-land & Co., 323 Dearborn st., Chicago.

WANTED—Capable manager and solicitor southern branch, established business; must travel alternate weeks. Parmelee Traveling Library Co., DesMoines, Ia.; WANTED—An active young man who can keep books and make himself generally useful. Address Bookkeeper, care Constitution.

FIFTY DOLLARS—At the Atlanta Business college, Whitehall street, \$50 will buy a business or a shorthand scholarship.

WANTED-5,000 people all this week to buy goods from McClure's red front 5 and 10c store.

WANTED—Man to repair Florence sewing machine at once. Mrs. H. H. Fetter, Hotel Normandie.

WANTED—Experienced, well-dressed advertising solicitor; salary; call room 25 Electric building.

A FINE CHANCE for boys and girls to make money for Christmas. Call at office of The Young Southron, 406 Norcross building, for particulars.

WANTED—Traveling salesman to carry chewing gum as a side line. Our method of putting money prizes in amounts from 10 cents to \$100 in 5-cent packages makes it a ready seller. Respess Chewing Gum Co., Electric building, Atlanta.

Dec13-2t-sun-wed

THE ARMITAGE MFG. CO., of Richmond Va., can give you employment that will pay you big wages. None but honest, sober and industrious men wanted, as this is legitimate business. Write at once for personal letter. HUSTLERS for sampling, distributing, sign tacking; both local and traveling. Inclose stamp, references. Advertising Bureau, 113 W. Elst St., New York. oct25-52t sun

WANTED—Experienced man to travel and appoint agents; \$75 per month and ex-penses. Address, Supt., Box 565, Chicago, nov 22 2t sun 2 GOOD barbers at once; job pays from \$14 to \$18 per week. N. A. Giannone, dee 12 2t sat sun

dee 12 2t sat sun

THREE REFOUCHERS and two assistant
printers at Mrs. Condon's studio, 23%
Whitehall street. Retevochers must be firstclass—no others need apply. sat sun

MEN AND WOMEN out of employment
and willing to work can learn of a permarent situation at good wages by writing
at once to P. V. H., Box 283, Augusta, Me.

dec3-17t-thu-sat-sun-tu

WANTED—An idea—Who can think of
some simple thing to patent? Protect
your ideas; they may bring you wealth.
Write John Wedderburn & Co., dept. A 12,
patent attorneys. Washington. D. C., for
their \$1,800 prize offer and list of inventions
wanted. may31-12m

HELP WANTED-Female.

WANTED-Ladies—\$150 in gold given away.

Cut this out and save it. It will not appear again. Who can form the greatest number of words in the letters in Industious? You can make twenty or more words we feel sure, and if you do you will receive a good reward. Do not use any letter more times than it appears in the word. Use no language except English. Words spelled alike but with different meaning can be used but once. Use any dictionary. Plurals, pronouns, nouns, werbs, adverbs, prefixes, suffixes, adjectives, proper nouns allowed. Anything that is a legitimate word will be allowed. Work it out in this manner: In, into, industrious, no, not, nut, nuts, dust, dusts, us, sit, sits, etc. Use these words in your list. The publisher of Woman's World and Jenness Miller Monthly will pay \$20 in gold to the person able to make the largest list of words from the letters in the word Industrious; \$12 for the second largest; \$10 for the third; \$8 for the fourth; \$5 for the ten rext largest, and \$2 cach for the twenty-five next largest lists. The above rewards are given free and without consideration to our handsome woman's magazine, twenty-four pages, ninety-six long columns, finely illustrated, and all original matter, long and short stories by the best authors; price \$1 per year. It is necessary for you, to enter the contest, to send 12 2-cent stamps for a three months' trial subscription with your list of words, and every person sending the 24 cents and a list of 90 words or more is guaranteed an extra present by returning mall (in addition to the magazine), of a 200-page book, "Doris's Fortune," by Florence Warden, a love story of intense interest. Satisfaction guaranteed in every case or your money refunded. Lists should be sent at once, and not later than January 20. The names and addresses of successful contestants will be printed in February issue, published in January. Our publication has been established nine years. We refer you to any mercantile agency for our standing. Make your list now. Address James H. Plummer Peachtree, places many applicants in good positions. Adanta's best firms call on us when they need reliable help. Send in your application while chances are good. Several placed last week. Established 1890.

DIXIE GROCERY STORE, Sam Schwam, Prop. Note prices: Pie peaches, 3-pound cans, at 7½c.; grated pine apples, 3 pounds, 7½c.; best Alaska salmons, 10c. or 3 for 25c.; Columbia river salmons, 102½c.; blackberries at 7½c.; potted ham, 4c.; potted tongue, 4c; butterbeans, 7½c. per quart; yankee beans, 7½c. per quart; good Georgia beans, 5c. per quart; black-eyed peas, 5c. per quart or 3 quarts for 10c.; loose raisins, 5c. per pound or 6 pounds for 25c.; citron, 15c. per pound; cocoanuts, 5c. a piece or 6 for 25c.; mixed nuts, 10c. per pound; extra fine nuts, 12½c. per pound; full cream cheese that will suit even for Mr. McKinley's table, only 10c. per pound; sauer kraut, 3 pounds for 10c.; bomemade sorgum sirup, 35c. per gallon; Georgia dried apples, 3 pounds for 10c.; evaporated dried apples, 7½c. per pound; Georgia peaches, 2 pounds for 5c. grits, 15 pounds for 25c.; Eagle brand milk, 15c per box; pure apple vintgar, 15c. per gallon; kerosene oil, 10c. per gallon; mince meat, 7½c. per pound; alkind of candy at 7½c. per pound or 4 pounds for 25c.; oyster crackers at 5c. per pound; alkind of candy at 7½c. per pound or 4 pounds for 25c.; lamp chimneys or all kinds; full stock of fireworks. Every order over 35 special 5 per cent discount. Out-of-town orders must be accompanied by money order or postage. Free delivery; no extra charge for packing. Dixle Grocery Store, 175 and 175 Walker street, corner Peters. S. Schwam, proprietor. DIXIE GROCERY STORE, Sam Schwam Co., Columbus, Ga.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, salesmen, druggists, teachers desiring positions in Texas are invited to address The Texas Business Bureau, J. W. Hudnall, proprietor, Dallas, Tex.

TWO 50-ACRE TRUCK and dairy farms, near in, for term of years; also farms in middle Georgia. George W. Howard, Kirkwood, Ga.

WANTED—Reliable, healthy wet nurse, white or colored, for fourteen-months baby; good wages. Address E., care Con-stitution.

LADIES TO DO darning at home. Send stamped envelope for particulars. Wilday & Hutton, 44 N. Fourth street, Philadelphia. WANTED—Two lady teachers. Madison public school; spring term; salaries \$40 and \$35; must pass examination held December 23, 1896. W. F. Martin, secretary.

dec 13 3t sun wed sun

WANTED—An experienced cook, none other need apply. Good wages. 671 Piedmont avenue. WANTED—Lady stenographer, thoroughly competent; speed, accuracy, neatness in work; experienced; no beginner or recent graduate. Give references and salary wanted. P. O. box 109, Atlanta. WANTED—By licensed pharmacist, a po-sition; long experience, good references. Address Storax, postoffice box 18, Fort Valley, Ga.

erally useful. Address Bookkeeper, care Constitution.

WANTED—A good, reliable man to run a farm on shares in southwest Georgia. V. E. Lambert, 17 Wood street.

WANTED—Men wishing to take civil service examinations soon to occur in Atlanta for postoffice clerks and carriers, to write for valuable information free. U. S. Bureau of Information. Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—A hotel clerk, first-class cook, five white lady waiters, housekeeper, for hotel near Atlanta; call at Marion hotel Thursday, December 17th. Reed.

WANTED—Men wishing to take civil service examinations, soon to occur in Atlanta for postoffice clerks and carriers to write for valuable information, free. U. S. Bureau of Information, Cincinnati, O.

CANVASSERS—In your own county, good, live men can clear at least \$50 per month. Sells in three out of five families. Exclusive territory. The H. G. Lindeman Co., 64 Gould building. WANTED—Cook, German woman prefer-red. Address T., care Constitution; give reference.

YOUNG MAN wants position as stenographer and bookkeeper. Employed at present but wish to make a change. Willing to work. Address "Willing," Constitution. SCHOOL WAINTED—By a competent, experienced teacher; higher mathematics, Latin and French; prefer a school in the country in north Georgia. J C, Thompson, Egypt, Ga.

Egypt, Ga.

WANTED—Position with a good wholesale grocery or produce firm; could lend employer some money. Address J. E. S., care Constitution.

WANTED—By young man with several years' experience in each, bank and mercantile agency business, a situation of any kind. References furnished. Address R. W., his office.

WANTED—Position by experienced teacher, graduate of a leading southern college; normal training; best references. "M," 321 Electric building. dec9—wed-1. A YOUNG MAN thoroughly familiar with banking desires situation after January lst. Address "Banker," care Constitution. decil 3-t fri sun tues

SITUATIONS WANTED-Female.

SITUATION WANTED—A refined educated lady of twenty-two desires a position as housekeeper or companion in one of the southern states. References. Address Editor Observer, Hillsboro, N. C. decl3-2t-sun,wal REFINED northern lady would like posi-tion as housekeeper for widower or doc-tor, D. Constitution.

tor, D. Constitution.

WANTED—Position by young lady who can assist in books and general office work. S. care Carrier 10.

WANTED—A position as teacher, by a lady, in public or private school; several years' experience. Can teach Latin and higher mathematics. References given. Address Miss G., care Constitution. WANTED—A position as governess; in-struction given in English and languages. Address M. C. B., P. O. Box 858, Charles-ton, S. C.

ton, S. C.

WANTED—Position as governess; best reference given. Address G., Box 634, city. A LADY GRADUATE of experience desires a position as teacher in a family, or assistant in a school; music and the usual branches taught; references exchanged. Address, stating terms and requirements, "Teacher," 725 West Main st., Durham, N. C. deci3 2t sun N. C.

WANTED—A young lady of experience desires a position as teacher of music in a school or college, or position as governess in family; excellent testimonials. Address Miss I., box Z., Athens, Ga. WANTED-Agents

A-AGENTS for our new gaslight burn makes kerosene lamps give a brill ras light; no chimney; no wick; no smo ightning seller; outfit free to active wo are; beware of finitators. National Brook, sole manufacturer, lock box No. Pittsburg, Pa.

Pittsburg, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED—Canvassing agents to sell our nickel-plated bread knife sets and hardware specialties; prices right; quick sales; good profits to energetic agents. Elbert E. Johnson, agent, Decatur, Ill.

THE STATE AGENT for old reliable Level Premium Insurance Company will offer great inducements to two successful and experienced specials to work only outside of Atlants. N. B. Browne, state sgent, 401 and 402 Norcross building, Atlanta, Ga.

AGENTS, M. a. day stying, "No. Burns" AGENTS—14 a day giving "No Burns away. Puriton & Co., Des Moines, Is.

away, Puriton & Co., Des Moines, Is.

AGENTS-Button-hole nantern; two kinds;
perfected; craze of the world; millions
sold. Write for circulars, Beck, 144 Centre
street, New York.

AGENTS to handle slot machine; blg
profits; all kinds of sporting goods; exclusive territory to right men. W. C. Souder,
24 Park Row, New York.

24 Park Row, New York.

AGENTS reap a big harvest selling the
Acme Gaslight Burner for kerosene
lamps; no chimneys to buy, no smoke or
dirt. Agents can make \$5 a day easy. No
experience necessary. Samples free. Address Acme Manufacturing Co., P. O. Box
\$7, Cincinnati, O.
AGENTS—In interior towns to sell by sample, pure whisky from Kentucky distillery
to private consumers. Licking Valley Co.,
Covington, Ky.
GENERAL, AGENTS for quick selling see-

to private consumers. Licking Valley Co., Covington, Ky.

GENERAL AGENTS for quick selling specialty to the trade; \$10 to \$15 daily profits; no canvassing; small capital; no experience required; particulars and samples prepaid 10 cents. Yombo M'f'g Co., 69 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS—Buttonhole Lantern; two kinds; perfected; craze of the world; millions sold; write for circulars. Beck, 144 Center street, New York.

\$1 STARTS A NEW, legitimate, paying business, suitable for either sex. Send stamped envelope. A. V. Taylor & Co., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—Agents, ladles or gents; sell

WANTED—Agents, ladies or gents; sell much-needed specialty; doctor only. Geo. W. Jones, 1218a Olive street, St. Louis, Mo. AGENTS WANTED \$25 weekly, no experience required; no collecting; valuable sample outfit free. Address Chalmers & Co., 356 Dearborn street, Chicago.

Co., 356 Dearborn street, Chicago.

GASLIGHT in every house, newest thing out; attaches to ordinary lamps; no chimneys; safe, economical, outfit free to active workers. Standard Brass Co., Manufacturers, Covington, Ky.

AGENTS WANTED—Lady or gent, to engage in the mail order business; \$500 per month; no capital; it's a winner; particulars, 2c stamp, Address No. 23, S. B. & N. Co., Delaware, O.

WE DO NOT WANT BOYS or loafers to write, but men of ability; \$200 to \$500 per month, salary or commission; state and general managers. Racine Fire Engine Co., Racine, Wis. nov 15 8t sun Co., Racine, Wis. nov is at sun

AGENTS WANTED—In every town to
introduce our new goods; great demand;
200 per cent profit; write today for full
information. Aluminum Novelty Co., 335

information. Aluminum Novels,
oct 18 10t sun

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE—
Wonder of the century, Magic Sponge;
exclusive sale; big pay; samples postpaid;
circulars free. Manufacturer, 564 Washington street, Room 19, Boston, Mass.
dec6-4t-sun

AGENTS—Economy gas burner saves 40 per cent of gas, makes a large beautiful light and gives 150 per cent profit to salesinen. General Agency Co., 225 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ill. AGENTS WANTED to sell the "Perfec-tion" Self-Heating Hair Curling Iron; at-tractive, durable, fast seller; good money; sample curler, 25 cents. Address Standard Specialties Co., 206 Brondway, New York.

WANTED—Active agents for the Equitable Benefit fraternity, pays sick, accident and death benefits. Liberal contract Apply 330 Equitable building, Atlanta, Ga. oc-18-60t

BOARDERS WANTED.

BOARDERS—Recently opened to boarders 71 Luckie street; pleasant, warm rooms; excellent fare; three furnished rooms to let; lowest rates; hot and cold water.

THE COLONIAL, 72 Marietta street—Large rooms, hot and cold bath on every floor; first-class board at reasonable rates. A. Rigutti, formerly steward and chief cook of the Kimball.

FIFTEEN DAY-BOARDERS wanted at 43 Walton; first-class fare; quick service special rates to business men; try us. COUPLE or two gentlemen can get nice rooms and board, private family, north side; all conveniences. Jerome, Constitu-tion.

street, third block from postoffice, one block of Peachtree street. Local and transient and table boarders; front rooms. THE WILLIAMS HOSE, 81/2 Marietta street, the most popular and convenient 25 and 50 cents rooming house in the south WANTED BOARDERS, at 41 Luckit street; good board and nice room for \$3.50 per week; close in; near Peachtree street.

ONE OR TWO COPLES distring board in private family, with no children, can be accommodated by addressing Reliable, care general delivery, Atlanta, Ga. ALBEMARLE, 98 IVY ST.—Large front room vacant; to couple, \$60; other rooms cheaper; references given and required. Special rates to parties or families. Try this house. Miss Wilkinson.

WANTED—Couple to board in private family. Address Methodist, care Constitution 43 WALTON-Elegant large and small rooms, excellent table and service; central location; table and transient boarders so-licated.

LARGE SUNNY FRONT ROOMS, dressing rooms with bot water; splendid table; furnace or grate heat. 64 Forrest avenue. WANTED—In a private home, central locality, two gentlemen and couple, or four gentlemen, to board; terms reasonable. 175 Ivy street. SELECT BOARDING at 99 Trinity avenue.

Table first-class; prices reasonable.

decl3-st

WANTED—Boarders at 124 E. Fair street, one door from Washington, two desirable rooms, excellent fare; references. WANTED BOARDERS—76 Walton street, beautifully furn shed rooms and first-class table board; references exchanged. NORTHERN FAMILY, no children, have two sunny front rooms to rent, with board; well furnished, nice location. "Northern," care Constitution.

LADIES' COLUMN.

WANTED—The ladies of Atlanta to call at 28 Cooper street and inspect a fine lot of fancy work, Suitable for Xmas gifts. FEATHER BOAS and tips cleaned, curled and dyed. Hats trimmed to order. Gate City Feather Works, 98 Spring street. PARIS KID GLOVE STORE, 71 Whitehall, is the best place to buy your Christmas gloves; finest goods; lowest prices. WE WANT all of you ladies for the com-ing week to buy your goods from Mc-Clure's red front 5 and 10c store. LADIES—Don't rent until you have seen our list. We make a specialty of nice houses. Moore, Park & Hodges, 303 Fitten building. OSTRICH BOAS, plumes and tips cleaned, curied and dyed like new at the Atlanta Feather Works, 69½ Whitehall street. I. Phillips.

Phillips.

LADIES! You can order your fish and oysters or game by telephone—568—and I will have them there for early breakfast, a lunch at noon or a midnight supper. Walter Dopson, 126 Whitehall street. PERSONS WISHING CAKES embossed, call at 191 South Pryor.

WANTED—Ladies to know that it pays to have dresses and every other article of wear cleaned and dyed at Southern Dye Works, 22 and 24 Walton street. Feathers cleaned, curled and dyed.

nov.29 6t sun

WANTED-Beal Estate.

WANTED—To purchase on or in immediate vicinity of Peachtree street residence lot, about fifty (50) feet front; price not to exceed \$5,000. Address H. A. S., Constitution

OPIUM, Morphine antidote; 2 weeks' trial; \$2.45 cures three-fourths cases, American Medical Dispensary, Atlanta, Ga. Dr. Roughton, manager.

WANTED—All my old friends to continue to buy their furniture from me at the old stand; Christmas is coming and I have got what you want for a nice present; come and see, me. M. H. Abbott, 150 and 152 Marietta street. WANTED To hire light delivery wagon or trade buggy for same. Address V., Box 634, city.

WANTED—A small second-hand metal fool lathe at 224 Whitehall. Phone 1945, 8 calls WANTED—Real estate owners that have bargains for sale to call on H. H. Jackson, 41 N. Broad.

WANTED—A double-barreled, breech-loading shotgun in first-class order. Address, stating where it can be seen and price, "Hunter," care Constitution. WANTED—Second-hand shelving, scales, counters, showcases, doors, for paints, paper. M. M. Mauck, 42 Peachtree. WANTED Desk room in a neat office; \$5 per month rent will be paid, Address Box 21, Atlanta postoffice.

WANTED-Lot of second-hand sash for hot-bed. Address Sash, Constitution of WANTED Someone to get money easy, \$50 for literary taste, and \$35 in prizes for a little reading. Fifteen prizes in all. For particulary send stamp to The Inquirer, Tallapoosa, Ga. WANTED—To rent a graphophone for thirty days. Address lock box 38, Senoia, Ga. WANTED BICYCLE—Will exchange breech-loading shot gum, two rifles, etc., for same. Gibson Bros., 146½ Peachtree.

for same. Gibson Bros., 146% Peachtree.

WANTED—To sell or let, for his feed, pony for lady or child; very gentle. 39 Trinity avenue.

WANTED—Everybody to know that they can buy a full commaye Rodger's razor at 31 each, warranted; also carving knives and forks, Rodger's, \$1.50 set; tea spoons, 25c, a set; table spoons, 60c, a set; pocket-knives, 25c, up, At the Atlanta Cutlery Works, il Marietta st.

WANTED—Everybody to know T-Berry Cream is a sure cure for dandruff, falling hair, all scalp diseases, tetter and eczema. Every jar guaranteed or money returned; 25 cents; sold by the Equitable pharmacy, nov 15-5t, su..

WANTED—A good high-grade bicycle cheap for cash, Address Bicycle, care Atlanta Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—One fire and burgiar proof safe.

WANTED—One fire and burglar proof safe.

J. F. & T. C. Holden, White Plains, Ga. WANTED—You to know that the best place to buy your furniture and stoves is where you get the best goods for the money; to find that place come and see M. H. Abbott, 150 and 152 Marietta street. WANTED—One small, second-hand soda fount; must be in good repair. Address Koger's Penny Palace, Madison, Ga. decil-3t-fri sun wed

FOR SALE-Miscellaneous

BARREL lots Aetha roof and fron paint comes cheap. Order direct from manufacturers. McNeal Paint and Glass Co., 118 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

BLACK SEED RYE—Georgia raised black seed rye; sow until February; a small shipment just received and for sale at New Seed Store, 23 South Broad street. ROSES, ROSES—If you want roses early in the spring plant out now (December). We have a large variety of strong, out-door grown rose bushes of our own growing; every one guaranteed true to name. Call at 23 South Broad street, new seed store. J. C. Bucher & Co.

FOR SALE—12-gauge hammerless shot gun at \$22.50; new. Apply at 11 Marietta st. FOR SALE—4-horse power Otto gas en-gine in first-class order. Apply at 11 Ma-

rietta st.

SHIPS, STEAMBOATS and all kinds of river craft need Aetna paint on them. Sold by McNeal Paint and Glass Co., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE-Georgia reports; volumes 1 to 76; highest offer gets them. Box 54, Macon, Ga.

con, Ga. dec 13 2t
con, Ga. dec 13 2t
SEND YOUR ORDERS for apples, Baldwins, Greenings, Spies, T. Sweets and
Spitz, \$1.50 a barrel. Remember, I did not
raise the price because it is Christmas, but
because they are perfectly sound. All orders must be accompanied by the cash.
Dixie Grocery Store, [13-175 Walker street,
corner Peters.

FOR SALEE—Full coneave Rodger's razors
at 31 each warranted: Rodger's carving at \$1 each. warranted; Rodger's razors at \$1 each. warranted; Rodger's carving knives and forks at \$1.50 per pair, and all kinds of outlery at low prices. Remember we are the only cutlery house in Atlanta. The new Atlanta Cutlery Works, 11 Marietta st.

etta st.

FOR SALE—Complete outfit for keeping
house, from kitchen to parlor, and pay
on very easy terms; come and see M. H.
Abbott, 150 and 152 Marietta street. AN ELEGANT line of wall paper and win-dow shades at C. J. Daniel's, 49 Marietta St., new designs, expert decorators, nov 22 4t sun

Elevator Works, 64 S. Forsyth st. Established 1890. oct25 tf sun

FURNITURE. FOR SALE—Household furniture reasonable; parties leaving city. Call 5 Castleberry street. WE PACK and ship household goods and office furniture. Upholstering and repairing neatly done. Gibson Bros., 146½ Peachtree. AN OAK folding bed with mirror \$15; one anthracite stove; a heater, \$2; writing desk, \$3, 105 Luckie.

CASH PAID for second-hand furniture, carpets, stoves, household and office goods. L. M. Ives, 58 South Broad street.

FURNITURE—New and second-hand car-pets, stoves, household and office goods; cheap for cash. Ives, 58 South Broad St. mar23-52t sun

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. FOR A GOOD, DURABLE PIANO, fully guaranteed, buy a Smith & Barnes.

FOR SALE—New upright oak piano; must sell; need money; big sacrifice. Address Piano No. 2, care Constitution. FOR SALE—A fine violin; full resonant tone; an excellent instrument, for solo or orchestra playing. Address "Orchestra," box 2f, Atlanta postoffice. FOR A GOOD, DURABLE PIANO, fully guaranteed, buy a Smith & Barnes.

FOR A GOOD, DURABLE PIANO, fully guaranteed, buy a Smith & Barnes. R. O., care Constitution.

FOR SALE—Lovely upright plane in splendid condition for the low sum of \$200, if taken at once; \$100 cash, balance on time.

Address Plane, care Constitution.

FOR SALE-Bicycles.

1897 MODEL KEATING bicycles, best on earth. Boys' and girls' wheels for Xmas. Edwin A. Hardin, 16 N. Pryor, Kimball house

BICYCLES—600 fine second-hand bicycles,
all makes; good as new; \$5 to \$15; new
high grade '96 models, guaranteed, \$18 to
\$25; must be closed out; agents wanted;
write for lists. F. N. Mead Cycle Co.,
Wabash avenue, Chicago. nov-22-4t-sun FOR RENT-Stores.

WE HAVE a large list of centrally located stores and offices. Examine it before rent-ing. Mallard & Stacy, Equitable. RENT REDUCED—If taken by January
1st I will rent the large store, 50x100 feet,
with basement 70x100 feet, for \$60 per month.
Recently rented for \$90. Apply Robt. F.
Maddox, Jr.
deci3 3t sun wed fri FOR RENT-Two small stores or offices, or one larger; second door from 42 Peachtree, on Walton. Mauck. FOR RENT-Two stories of one of the best-lighted buildings in Atlanta, with elevator service; located in conter of city; suitable for manufacturing business. Apply to Moncrief & Dowman, 28 and 40 Walton street.

street. dec9-7t
STORE—49 Whitehali; possession January
1st. E. C. Crichton, Kiser building.
dec6 to jan1
STORE 112 South Forsyth street, \$27.50.
C. H. Girardeau, 8 E. Wall street.
CENTRAL STORE, 25 West Mitchell street,
Call and see me. C. H. Girardeau, 8 E.
Wall street. Wall street.

FOR RENT-My two stores, 53 and 55 S.
Pryor st., and rooms in second story.
New buildings; good light; good location.
Stores can be thrown together; building
strong and substantial. Specially suited for
printing offices or manufacturing. Good
stand for business. Pryor is the coming
street. Great inducements to permanent
tenants. W. D. Ellis, 17 S. Broad st.
nov8 8t sun wed
nov 22 sun

FOR BENT-Houses, Cottages, Etc OR REINT—New seven-room house with all modern improvements. Just finished a Woodward avenue in seventy-five fee Capitol avenue. Ansley Bros., 12 Edabams street.

FOR RENT\_\$18, 7-room house, gas, water and stable. Apply No. 185 Forrest ave. E-room house on West Harris, with th and kitchen, \$25. Mallard & Stacy Equitable building. FOR RENT-Mrs. G. J. Foreacre's residence, 874 Peachtree street; possession January 1, 1897. Apply 251 West Peachtree at reachtree.

FOR RENT-First floor, 4 rooms, with all conveniences. 160 Courtland. FOR RENT-Nice 11-room house, 16 Peter street, very close to Forsyth street. Ap FOR RENT-Elegant new and modern 5-r. h., water, gas, bath, bells, cabinet man-tels. Best neighborhood, West End, near in. Owner, care Constitution.

FOR RENT—The largest and most select list of property now for rent in the city. If you want a house of any kind call and set our printed list, issued Monday morning. Mallard & Stacy, real estate and renting agents, 297 Equitable building. Telephone 1205. pHone 1209.

FOR RENT Modern 8-room residence
north side, near in. Large shaded yard
stable, etc. G. W. Adair, 14 Wall street.

4-R. H., 33 West Fair street, gas and water \$12.50. C. H. Girardeau, 8 E. Wall street FOR RENT-4-room house, papered, gas and water, good street, only house in city like it for \$12.50. J. B. Roberts, 45 Marietta street. FOR RENT-Two lovely 5 and 6-room mod-ern homes in West End. All conven-iences. Rent low. G. W. Adair, 14 Wall st. TEN-room house, brick, modern in con-struction, on Fair street, near Washing-ton, \$500. Mallard & Stacy, 207 Equitable building.

FOR RENT—One 8-room house, with all modern conveniences; could be used by two families. 158 Courtland.

FOR RENT-7-room house, 1 block of Whitehall, on good street, gas, water and bath; suitable for two families, only \$21.50. J. B. Roberts, 45 Marietta street. \$21.50. J. B. Roberts, 45 Marietta street.

ELEGANT mine-room brick, on South Pryor at Georgia avenue. Moore, Park & Hodges, 303 Fitten building.

NEATEST five-room cottage on Fair street, gas, water and bath. Splendid neighborhood. Only \$18.50. Mallard & Stacy, 207 Equitable building.

\$31.50-8PLENDID-2-story 8-r. brick house, bandsomely finished, all conveniences, best north side neighborhood. Mallard & Stacy, 207 Equitable building.

FOR RENT-5-room house 183 Gullatt, \$15

FOR RENT-5-room house 183 Gullatt, \$15 month. Homes for sale, easy terms; trade while weather is good; property low. H. Jackson, 41 N. Broad. H. Jackson, 41 N. Broad.

FOR RENT-10-r. house, No. 204 Cooper, corner Crumbly, water and gas, \$30; 8-r. house, No. 406 Fort street, near Forrest avenue, \$22.50; 8-r. house, No. 12 Park street, \$30. Fitzhugh Knok, 8½ W. Alalama street. \$500, \$700 and \$1,000 to loan on Atlanta imFOR SALE—North side, 8-room house, all Alabama street.

NICE house on Kimball street, just off Feachtree, servants' house, stable, etc., \$40.00. Mallard & Stacy, 207 Equitable building.

FOR RENT—A nice 7-room house on an elevated plot in a most beautiful grove; also a barn; located two miles from union depot with car transportation; reasonable price to a desirable party. Call about noontime, 401 Kiser building, nov 11-10t wed sun time, 401 Kiser building. nov 11-10t wed sun FOR RENT—11-room house, Peters street, \$35; 9-r. h., Trinity avenue, \$30; 9-r. h., South Pryor, \$42; 8-r. h., Brotherton, \$21,50; 8-r. h., Washington street, \$27,50; 8-r. h., Whitehall street, very nice, \$30; 7-r. h., Whitehall, \$25; 7-r. h., Pulliam street, \$20; 7-r. h., Fope street, \$10; 5-r. h., Edgewood, \$18; 5-r. h., Pulliam, \$12,50; 12-r. h., East Harris, \$35; 10-r. h., Church street, \$50; 10-r. h., Courtland; 10-r. h., Forrest avenue, \$35; 10-r. h., Merritts avenue, \$40; 9-r. h., Bell street, \$16; 8-r. h., Pledmont avenue, \$35; 50; 6-r. h., East Harris, \$25; 5-r. h., Johnson avenue, \$14; also several small houses. J. B. Roberts, 45 Marietta street.

FOR RENT-The top floor, 4 rooms, with all modern improvements. 25 Washing-ROOMS for rent; close in. 176 South Pryor. TWO CONNECTING furnished rooms for rent or four unfurnished rooms, two front rooms facing street. Inquire 31 E. Harris. ELEGANT front room in modern private house, close in, on north side; references required. Address Exceptional, P. O. B. 148.

FOR RENT\_Furnished Rooms FURNISHED ROOMS at 11 Luckie street, between Peachtree and Forsyth streets. FOR RENT-Two neatly furnished rooms in private family; best of attention; with modern conveniences. 37 Auburn avenue. ONE ELEGANT bedroom, nicely furnish-ed, for rent at reasonable price. Good location for business gentleman. 170 Ivy.

FOR RENT—One large nicely furnished front room to gentlemen or couple with out children. 84 Luckie street. en or couple with-ROOMS-Furnished or Unfurnished. LARGE FRONT ROOM furnished, or two connecting rooms for light housekeeping. 25 East Ellis. Aragon block.

TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS to rent. Apply at 154 Piedmont avenue.

FOR RENT-Furnished or unfurnished, front room; first floor; cheap to desirable applicant. 84 Crew street. ROMMS furnished or unfurnished at 97 S FOR RENT-Two or three nice unfurnished rooms, gas and bath. 129 Pulliam street. ROOMS TO RENT-Furnished or unfur-nished at 94 North Forsyth street. FOR RENT-Furnished and unfurnished, large connecting front rooms for light housekeeping, half block postoffice. 57

ROOMS-With or Without Board. FOR RENT-One neatly furnished front room with board in private family. 190

room with board in private family. 180 South Pryor street.

FOR RENT—Two connecting rooms, with or without board, within one block of the governor's mansion. Call or address 182 Ivy st. ELEGANT FRONT ROOM, also other rooms, and board, at new house. 70 Spring street.

FOR RENT-Miscellaneous. FOR RENT-25 Whitehall street for this month only. Best stand in city for holiday goods. G. W. Adair, 14 Wall Street. THREE furnished rooms for rent with or without board or suitable for light house-keeping, 61 Ellis street. FOR RENT-Office space to suit tenant, Apply No. 41 N. Broad st., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR RENT-Two nice vegetable and dairy farms, close in. J. E. Jackson, care Brady & Miller stable. FOR RENT-A good garden for growing truck, on electric car line, near Oakland cemetery. V. E. Lambert, 17 Wood street. THE BEST wood and coal yard in the city; large amount of good shed room. Geo. S. May, Temple Court.

FOR RENT—lst January, part of first floor little Bell corner, Marietta and Broad streets; can include second story. Apply 146 South Pryor. decl0-3t thur sat sun

FOR RENT-Boarding Houses. A 17-ROOM brick hotel with all modern improvements: good location for custom. Geo. S. May, 706 Temple Court.

ROOMS-WANTED-BOOMS. WANTED—Three or four rooms for light housekeeping; good neighborhood. Call or address C. E. Mack, Grant hotel. GENTLEMAN, single, fifty, wants furnished room, without board, in private family for the winter; must be cheap; state price. Address Charles, care Constitution.

WANTED—Two rooms for housekeeping, with wood stove; rent not over \$8; refer-ences exchanged. A. P. Rutherford, 122 Luckle street. Luckle street.

WANTED—By man and wife two unfurnished rooms on sunny side of street in private family where there are no other roomers or boarders. L., Constitution of-

FOR EXCHANGE TO EXCHANGE 4-room house on Pryor street; vacant lot on good street in part payment. K., 40% Peachtres. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

INMAN PARK—The handsomest 2-story and basement, state roof, granite and pressed brick residence of 10 rooms in this beautiful and select residence section. The design, construction and finish are the most perfect that money could procure. The interior is finished in solid quartered oak. The mantels are perfect gems of artistic beauty. House has every modern convenience, including laundry and furnace. The lot is 100x200 feet in size, with stables, poultry house, servants quarters, etc., in keeping with the residence. This property cost \$25,000. We offer it now for \$15,000 on reasonable terms and would consider a first-class and well located farm near Atlanta in part payment. Mailard & Stacy, 207 Equitable building.

FOR SALE—Modern 8-room home; all improvements and conveniences; best location. 211 Equitable. FOR SALE—Nice 5-room cottage and five acres of land, near car line, at South Ki k-wood. Will sell cheap or exchange for home in the city. Ansley Bros., 12 E. Alabama St.

acres of tand, near car line, at South Ki kwood. Will sell cheap or exchange for home
in the city. Ansley Bros., 12 E. Alabama St.

FOR SALE AND RENT—\$500 stock of groceries for cash if taken at once; will also
rent, in connection with my stock, that long
established corner store, with or without
wagon yard adjoining store. This wagon
yard has had an extensive patronage of
20 years' standing. J. C. Fuller, 218 West
Peters street, Atlanta, Ga.

\$5,000—One of the best 2-story 2-room modern residences on the north side. Finished in natural pine, with cabinet tile mantels, gas, water, bath, electric bells, etc.
Property in perfect condition having just
been overhauled and painted from garret
to cellar; corner lot; 65x190. If you want
a home you can't afford not to look at this.
Mailard & Stacy, 207 Equitable building.

FOR SALE—If you ever expect to buy a
suburban home, here is your chance. A
splendid two-story ten-room house with
bathroom. Large beautiful lot near Decatur car line. Fine neighborhood and just
barely outside of city limits. House alone
cost \$2,800 and is only about five years old.

Price \$2,750 on easy terms. Ansley Bros., 12
E. Alabama street.

\$3,300—PAYABLE \$600 cash, balance \$25 per
month, at 7 per cent interest, for wellbuilt and comfortable 6-room cottage on
lot 190x190, which is elevated and lies perfectly under good fence; has fruit trees and
nice shade; Al neighborhood; wide, paved
street; sidewalk, gas and water; one block
of electric car. Mailard & Stacy, 207 Equitable building.

FOR SALE—Elevated east front Boulevard lot 66x155, best part of the street for
\$50 a foot. Eight-room, two-story house,
all sonveniences, Pryor street, for \$3,500,
and will take vacant to part payment.
Lots in Inman Park, North Atlanta, on
which owners will build you a house and
sell on easy terms. Northen & Dunson, 409
Equitable building.

FOR SALE—Elevated east front Boulevard lot 66x155, best part of the street
for small payments and long time; a small
farm well situated and improved will

borhood, Address Wilson, care Constitution.

4,500—CAPITOL avenue home. Has two
stories and seven rooms; gas, water, bathetc. Lot 50x200. Best part of the avenue.
Tile walks will be put down on Capitol
avenue within the next 60 days and will
make this the most desirable residence
street on the south side. Mallard & Stacy,
207 Equitable building.

A %8 'xoux usnutilf 'Aledold peaold
modern conveniences; water, gas and
sewer; 100 cash, balance \$35 per month.
Fitzhugh Knox, 8½ W. Alabama street.

FOR SALE—A lovely home in Marietta,
Ga., eleven-room house; with linen closets, open and locked pantries, bathroom
with fireplace, large kitchen, splendid cellar, handsome halls on first and second
floor, barn, servant's house, etc.; hot and
cold water in kitchen sink, bathroom and
open pantry. Double floors, double walls
and built throughout with very best materials. Lot about two acres in size, handsome trees, blue grass lawn, etc. House
cost over \$8,000 and lot would sell for \$3,000
to \$4,000. without any house. Will sell at a
great sacrifice. Address box \$155, Marietta,
Ga.

NORTH ATLANTA—9-room house, built

Ga.

NORTH ATLANTA—9-room house, built by a northern man for a home, and is a model of convenience and comforts; has a large lot, stable and servant's house; choice neighborhood, close to electric cars, only \$5,200; might take a lot in part pay. Address North, care Constitution. 40 ACRES valuable farm land, 10 miles of Atlanta; wood and water. For sale cheap, or would exchange for smaller place on Georgia or Central railroad. H. A. Kuhns, box 400, Atlanta.

box 400, Atlanta.

AUBURN AVE. house at auction on Monwith the stock bought from me last week day, 14th, at 12 o'clock sharp. I will sell to highest bidder the house, 32 Auburn ave., to be removed from lot by January 1st; parties owning vacant lots will do well to attend sale, G. W. Adair.

Will call (or telephone 588) they will find a full line of oysters, fish and game at all times. Orders delivered for early breakfast. Walter Dopson, 126 Whitehall St.

RAIN AND SNOW mans house force and TWO HOUSES Alexander; store and dweling Decatur street; easy monthly payments or trade for Rome property. Owner, 33 Lovejoy street.

FOR SALE—Residence and seventeen acres of land adjoining same, in the city of Eatonton. For particulars and terms apply to Mrs. Julia H. Davis, Eatonton, Ga.

FOR SALE—6-room house, West End, \$2,000; 6-room, Georgia avenue, new, \$2,500; 6-room, near Pryor, \$1,800; 7-room, Kirkwood, lot 190x200, \$1,800. All on easy terms. Lots and house to suit purchasers, prices and terms; any section of city. Call or write H. H. Jackson, 41 N. Broad. NORTH SIDE, only \$3,500; easy terms; new house, 8 rooms, bath, gas, sewerage, ample closets, dressing rooms, speaking tubes, cabinet mantels and tile, large lot. No. 36 S. Charles avenue; take Boulevard car to house or call 39½ N. Broad, room 3. car to house or call 39% N. Sroad, room s.

FOR SALE—A beautiful home, Feachtree
street, on most prominent block, surrounded by the handscrest homes on the
street; large lot, running through to Courtlend avenue; handsome 12-room house;
special price is offered for cash. Fitzhugh
Knox, 8% W. Alabama street.

FOR SALE-Horses, Carriages, Etc. IF YOU WANT a wagon, buggy or harness come see how they are sold in removal sale. D. Morgan, 20 and 22 W. Mitchell

street.
FOR SALE—Stylish black mare, phaeton
and harness, cheap. Monday morning at
Cook & Cokes stables, Ivy street. LOT low-wheel wagon gears and farm wagons; best makes; our price to close out at once. D. Morgan, 20 and 22 W. Mitchell street. Mitchell street.

FOR SALE—A six-year-old mare and jump seat buggy, cheap; come quick or lose a bargain. Edwards & Co. photo gallery, Decatur and Loyd streets. A FINE COMBINATION horse, buggy and harness for sale cheap. Apply at 43 Peachtree. CLOSING out at once; bring cash and get bargains such as are seldom found.
D. Morgan, 20 and 22 W. Mitchell street. FOR SALE—A good horse for sale cheap. I have no use for him. V. E. Lambert, 17 Wood street.

REMOVAL SALE—Large lot Studebaker and Milburn wagons; come at once and get them at prices unheard of. D. Morgan, 5 and 22 W. Mitchell street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE o rexchange cor city property, a lovely country home, 9-room house; hot and cold water and gas; 45 acres; 25 under cultivation; fruits of all kinds. Address FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for ctiv property, 200 acres valuable lands at Manchester; also 200 acres on Air Line railruad, near city. W. J. Albert, 47 In-man building.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For saleable patent medicines, show cases, counters, prescription desk, cash registers, scales, weights, and, in fact, apparatus and fixtures of all kinds, suitable for opening 2 or more drug stores. All in good order and repair. Apply in person or by letter to Jacobs' Pharmacy Co.

E. H. KRUGER, teacher of piano, can take a few more pupils. Will accept organist position. B! Pledmont avenue.

PROFESSOR W. J. FAULKNER opens his dancing school, 117½ Whitehall st., Thursday afternoon and night. December 10th. All the latest dances taught, and also music and physical culture.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

Morrison, 47 East Hunter Stre 6-R. H., on a very large, high lot 80x400, in fact 4 city lots in one. There is choice shade and fruit trees, stable, barn, henhouse and servant's rooms on the place. This property is in a choice neighborhood, just east of Grant park and only a short distance from two electric car lines. Terms very easy—say \$200 cash, balance \$15 or \$20 per month. Price only \$2,100.

per month. Price only \$2,100.

CHOICE BUSINESS building lot. 50x110, on Lee street, near Gordon street. West End. Gas, water and sewer connections all down and paid for. Good stalls and sheds on the place. This property is easily worth \$60 to \$70 per front foot. The owner has moved to Florida and has instructed me to sacrifice this fine lot; therefore the price. Terms one-half cash, balance easy, £5.500.

4-R. H., on a nice, high lot; also the adjoining lot, which is on a corner of two good streets, in the southwest part of the city; just the place for a Southern railroad man, as it is within easy walking distance of the shops, \$100 cash, balance easy monthly payments. Price, if bought soon, only \$500.

61-ACRE DAIRY and truck farm, cornered. payments. Price, if bought soon, only \$906.

51-ACRE DAIRY and truck farm, cornered on two good roads and only about 54 miles from the center of this city, 2½ miles from Lakewood Park, and 1½ miles the side of Hapeville station, on the C. R. R. There is a nice orchard, a 5-r. h., tenement house and large barn, good pasture of ? of 8 acres, with spring branch running through it; about half in cultivation, balance original forest. I will take neat little cottage in the city as part payment, or will sell for one-fourth cash, balance easy, at \$3,660.

5-R. H., and store attached on a nice high for one-fourth cash, balance easy, at \$3,050.

5-R. H., and store attached, on a nice, high lot, 50x100, on Buena Vista avenue, one block from Pryor street, being near the Southern railway shops. This ought to be a good business stand. The owner has moved to Tennessee, and has instructed me to sell at a sacrifice. Can make terms easy or sell very low for cash. Price this week only \$1,350.

WHY WILL THE READER continue renting and moving about from house to

WHY WILL THE READER continue renting and moving about from house to house, when you can buy from me a home of most any size by paying a small amount of cash down and a monthly payment of only a little more than the rent would be? Call and see my large list of bargains of small homes, and get a Christmas present for yourself and family. D. Morrison, Real Estate, Renting and Loan Agent, 47 East Hunter street.

George Ware, 22 South Broad Street.

NEVER in the history of this country was there such a chance to make money as right now. A tidal wave of prosperity is on its way so "get in the game" or pay some one to "kick you" when it's too late. \$550; get it quick; corner lot 50x140; two car lines.

1,500; seize the opportunity; 5-r., gas and water; nice and new.

1,500; seize the opportunity; 5-r., gas and water; new and your broad that the same water and gas; on north lot; worth \$3,000.

2,750—Gold standard did it; 8-r., new two-story house; all street improvements; easy terms, like rent.

3,500—"Hold your breath;" 8-r., beiglum block, water, gas, etc.

4,750—"A paralyzer;" 10-r. mansion, east front, folding doors, elegant mantles, tile and grates, slate roof, electric wires and all the modern conveniences; worth \$7,500.

4,250—Fine corner Whitehall street 8-r. house, water, gas, etc.; 60 ft. front.

FIVE nice, new cottages for only 11,750, on very easy payments; cheap at \$3,000. George Ware, 22 South Broad Street

S. B. Turman, Real Estate and Loan

Agent.

\$3,000 TO LEND on long time; money on hand; no delay; city improved property. \$8,500 buys two 7-room, two-story houses, large and elevated lot, on first-class residence street, in half-mile circle; all modern improvements; cheap for homes or renting property.

\$3,250, the cheapest home in Atlanta; close in; nice lot; two-story; 8-room house; water, gas, sewer, etc.; \$500 cash and \$5 per month; will rent for \$55 per month; this is a bargaim.

\$850, Loyd street lot, east front, near Georgia avenue; worth \$1,000.

\$1,800 for new 6-room cottage, water and gas; near car line and close in; \$300 cash, balance casy.

\$1,850, lot \$0x180 feet to alley, Georgia avenue, between Washington and Pryor streets; all street improvements down.

\$1,600, 10-r. house inside % circle, north side; rented for \$21 per month; a snap.

\$1,700, 6-r. house, lot \$50x100, inside %-mile circle; rents \$15 per month.

\$1,300, 6-r. house, lot \$50x100 feet; good street.

\$1,700, 4 two-room houses, lot \$4x140 feet; all street improvements; rents for \$17 per month; corner of alley.

If you have anything cheap to sell call and list it with me.

S. B. TURMAN.

Real Estate and Loan Agent, 8 Kimball Agent.

Real Estate and Loan Agent, 8 Kimb House, Wall Street. Telephone 164.

PERSONAL fast. Walter Dopson, 126 Whitehall St.

RAIN AND SNOW rushs house tops and that calls for Aetna paint to stop leaks.

McNeal Paint and Glags Co. sells Aetna at 118 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

NUDE IN ART—Book of Nature, 129 Illustrations, with descriptive reading, \$5: 22 Spanish pictures, \$1: 32 French, \$1: 32 Italian, \$1: 19 Italian, \$5:: 16 French, \$75: 5 passion pictures, 50c; all strictly nude. French transparent playing cards, \$1:50 set. Sent only by express, prepaid. Hallman Co., 717 N. 8th st., Philadelphia, Pa.

MOTHERS—Your children cured of bed wetting or no pay. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

IF EVERYBODY will come next week and IF EVERYBODY will come next week and buy their goods from McClure, at the red front 5 and 10c store, they will save

READ AD. of Slenn Grocery Cp. on "want" page. Special prices on Christ-GET MARRIED or correspond with pretty girls and handsome men; many rich. Big list; addresses and photos free. S. P. Ma-son, 14 Fifth ave., New York city. son, 14 Fifth ave., New York city.

A HOME CURE—Cancer, tumor and malignant blood diseases, without knife, plaster or pain; 100-page book and advice free. Dept. 3, Abbott Myron Mason Med.cal Co., 557 Fifth avenue, New York.

NICE ROOMS with board, very reasonable rate at 122 East Fair street, two doors from Washington street. REMOVAL—Dr. Huntley has moved his dental office to 209 Peachtree street. ANY PERSON or firm to whom Myer Burstin is indebted may learn something of advantage by addressing P. W., care Constitution.

Constitution.

A PROFESSOR of music located here wishes to hear of a town near Atlanta where a class of piano or organ pupils can be had. Address Music, care Barnwell's Music House, Atlanta.

SAVE YOUR roof by using Aetna roof paint. It stops leaks. Sold by McNeal Paint and Glass Co., Atlanta, Ga.

MARRY—Send 10c for matrimonial paper published monthly; wealthy patrons; personal introductions, Mr. and Mrs. Drake, 156 E. Washington street, Chicago. PRESERVE your bridge and fence the with Aetna paint. Sold by McNeal F and Glass Co., Atlanta, Ga. LADIES, your bust enlarged six inches; failure impossible; results guaranteed; 1,000 testimonials; book and full particulars sealed for 4c. Aurum Medicine Company, department V, 55 State street, Chicago.

GET RICH—Mail order business; no inter-ference with other work; we tell you how and furnish everything; samples, etc., 12c. National Inst., A. T., 126, Chicago. dec6-13-20-27 PILES AND FISTULA treated; no knife used; no pain; no detention; no cure, pay. Dr. Tucker, 16 North Broad street. oct11-261-

BUSSEY, the old hat man, repairs hats o all kinds for both sexes. 3% Whitehal street, Atlanta, Ga.

FOUND-Pocketbook and some money, Owner call and prove property. Stilson, jeweler, 55 Whitehall street. jeweler, 55 Whitehall street.

FOUND-M. M. Mauck at 42 Peachtre corner Walton, with paints, wall pape glass, etc., paper hanging, painting.

WANTED-Houses.

WANTED-A boarding house for an experienced man and would like to boarders already there. J.

Here we offer suggestions for Christ-mas Presents a list that is only a trifling part of the great list of most useful Christmas Remembrances

Jewelry, Etc. Gold Scarf Pins Lace Pins Cuff Buttons Silver Hair Curlers Paper Cutters Silk Watch Guards Silver Bracelets

Silver Manicure Pieces Knives Nail Polishers Tweezers Button Hooks Pocket Knives Spoons Lemonade Spoons Garter Clasps Hat Brushes Baby Pins Baby Buttons Shirt Waist Sets

Silver Handle Tooth Book Marks Silver Manicure Sets Shoe Horns Shirt Studs Silver Back Combs Silver Scarf Holders Soap Boxes Silver or Gold Mounted Purses.

In the Dry Goods Line. Handsome Silk Dress Handsome Feather Handsome Silk Dress
Handsome Feather
Boa
Handsome Fur Boa
Handsome Fur Cape
Handsome Fur Cape
Handsome Jacket
Handsome Jacket
Handsome Juchesse
Lace Handkerchief
Velvet Cape
Cloth Cape
Silk Skirt
Silk Waist
Linen Table Set
Chenille Table Cover
Tapestry Table Cover
Tapestry Table Cover
Gents' Bath Robes
Bathing Set
Dozen Napkins
Gents' Gloves
Handsome Umbrella
Silk Hoslery
Silk Underwear
Fine Neckwear
Ladies' Lace Collars
Bets of Furs
Evening Gloves
Art Needle Work
Marseilles Spreads
Silk Comfort
Down Comforts
Saten Conforts
Saten Conforts
Saten Conforts

From Our 25c Table. Jewelry Boxes
Ladies' Garters
Pen Wipers
Silver Cups
Pepper Boxes
Eals Boxes
Calendars
Atomizers Atomizers
Waiters
Waiters
Dresden Boxes
Pocket Books
Pocket Books
Pothe of Perfume
Vases
Looking Glasses
Ink Stands
Pin Trays
Pin Boxes
Writing Pens with
Pearl Paper Cutter
Cups and Saucers
Pin Cushions
Nut Picks, half dozer
Nut Clackers
Ash Receiver
Box Perfumery
Box Thread

Thousands of Cloaks have been sold. The New Department is a great success, notwithstanding the warm weather. We will this week make some wonderful prices to close out a few lines of the many styles we have in stock. There is a bargain for you.

Gloaks. \$5.00 Special.

Worth \$12, \$10, \$9 and \$8, in Kersey, Beaver, Frieze and Meltons and Rough Materials; strictly all-wool, in black, navy, brown, green, tan, etc. Garments in this lot \$5 636h to suit anyone; all at . . \$5

Capes and Jackets. IMPORTED.

Out of this lot of 150 Garments we to \$1.75. have left only

15 GARMENTS,

\$100	Garments	at				. \$75.00
\$80	Garments	at				. \$55.00
\$75	Garments	at				 . \$50.00
\$65	Garments	at				. \$40.00
\$55	Garments	at				. \$37.50
\$50	Garments	at				. \$35.00
\$40	Garments	at				. \$25.00

Some \$12.50 fine English Kersey Melton and Beaver Jackets, shield fronts, new sleeves, correct cut an d finish, in popular colors; we offer at .....\$7.50

Our \$8 Plush Capes at \$5; Silk Seal Plush Capes, silk lined, full sweep, Thibet trimmed......\$5.00

Our \$18 Fine Cloth Capes \$12.50; fine Melton, Kersey and Broadcloth, silk lined, inlaid velvet collar, handsomely braided, full sweep; we offer at...........\$12.50

### Fur Collars and Collarettes.

Persian Lamb, Seal, Marten and Seal, Alaska Sable and Seal, Stone Marten and Mink, at ..... Cut Prices

Outing Flannel Wrappers, extra wide, well made, nicely trimmed 

Heavy \$2.25 Outing Flannel Wrappers, yoke trimmed, perfect style, fit, finish; choice patterns

.....\$1,50 each

Children's Jackets

At greatly reduced prices. All pretty, new styles and materials.

You will find the Only Great Holiday Display of Art Goods, Bric-a-Brac, Rich Cut Glass, Statuary in bronze and marble, Banquet Lamps, Piano Lamps in Dresden, Delft, onyx, brass, etc., in Atlanta.

SILKS.

SILKS.

As the year closes we close out our Silk stock. The counters are now literally strewn with great

BARGAINS IN SILKS.

Stripes, Figures, Brocades and Colored Taffetas.

DRESS LENGTHS.

AS WELL AS REMNANTS.

Black and White Fancy Silks, Black Brocaded Satins, in fact, everything at a great reduction. Not a piece worth less than \$1.00

Our Price 78c a Yard.

Along with a new line of Trimming Silks we have received the latest things in Embroidered Chiffon, Nets and Mousseline-de-Soie. See our line of Velvet Corduroys.

# DRESS GOODS.

HAVE BEEN GOING LIKE HOT CAKES AT A BAKERY.

THE CUT PRICES\_

For this Clearing Sale makes it a great success. This week Novelty Suits and Goods by yard go regardless of value.

'Tis with pleasure we state that our new stock of Gents' Neckwear brought out by us specially for the Holiday season surpasses any previous effort of ours. In selection it comprises all the newest and bes shadings, designs, styles, etc. Our prices are extremely low, and a look will convince you that we are headquarters for such goods.

500 dozen pure silk scarfs in flowing end.

Arot, Teck and four-in-hand. These goods puris, Derbys and flowing ends. Others ask are worth 50c regular, but we will offer them at them at 25 cents.

HOSIERY.

Every store has its pet department. Ours is the hosiery. We spare no pains in order to make it perfection, carrying nothing except the best known makes and buying so that competition wonders how we do it, but we do.

heel, toe and special selvage, 35c goods, We offer them at 25 cents. 100 dozen Gents' English Merino Socks; ish you.

Combination Desks and Book

China Closets at \$8.80 and up to

Corner Cabinets, \$11.25, \$15.20

Mahogany China Cabinets, \$36

Oak, with glass back, \$24.40 to

Wrought Iron Umbrella Stand,

Has also been given some very

handsome and useful presents.

See that Umbrella Stand. It is

made of wrought iron and very

with brass bowl, only \$1.50.

Cases from \$11.25 to \$19.50.

\$10; a fine assortment.

150 dozen 50c Hose; silk finish, double sole, heel, toe and special selvage, 35c goods, we offer them at 25 cents.

Pure Silk Hosery in all conceivable shades, from the best known English and French makers, at prices that will astonjust the thing for now; worth 50e per 70 dozen imported Stockings; goods worth pair. We offer them at 35c.

Store is in Holiday attire. Don't forget to walk through. Some present will suggest itself from our thousands of suitable and useful articles.

# ENTRANCE 54 AND 56

# **GLOVES FOR** CHRISTMAS.

KID GLOVES FOR ALL.

Ladies', Misses', Children's, Gents.

Just received a lovely new line of Piedmont Kid Gloves at 79c pr.

"Clara Meer" beats any Kid Glove at the price in the south, \$1

"Daisy," that is our \$1.25 Kid Glove, the best ever made, only \$1,25 a pair.

"Rosalind" is a beauty, unequaled south. See them. Only \$1.50 a pair.

All the new shades in other new lines at \$1.75 and \$2 a pair. Jewel Clasp Gloves at \$2.25 a

Evening Gloves, all late shades, \$32.25. These are cost prices and

this section. See 3-piece Oak Suits, \$11.75.

3-piece Oak Suits, \$13.20. 3-piece Oak Suits, \$15.60. 3-piece Oak Suits, \$20.70. 3-piece Oak Suits, \$25.60.

BEDROOM SUITS.

There is no equal in values in

3-piece Birch Suits, \$52.50. 3-piece Birch Suits, \$74.25. 3-piece Mahogany Suits, \$52.50. 3-piece Mahogany Suits, \$54. Bed Lounges covered in silk tapestry at \$6.

In Corduroy or Crushed Plush at \$13.10 and \$14.80. Box Lounges covered in cretonne

or linen at \$9, \$9.75 and \$12.75. Leather Couches at \$6.60, \$12.35, \$17.10, \$30, \$32.50, \$39 and \$42.50. Folding Beds, \$11.50, \$15 and \$20 each; a very pretty line.

Ladies' Toilet Tables at \$9.75

Hat Racks from \$6.65 to \$19.50;

and up. a very large assortment. Book Cases from \$0.10 up to durable; only \$1.50, Parlor Furniture.

Five plece mahogany finish suits at \$25. Odd Parlor Chairs \$5.25, \$6, \$6.75 and \$8. Handsome carved pieces, chairs for hall, etc., \$10, \$12.50 and \$15. Gold Chairs from \$2.65 to \$4.25. Gold-cornered chairs \$2.55 and \$9.50. Handsome Parlor Tables \$3, \$6 and up. Music cabinets, oak and mahogany, \$10.50, \$12 and \$13.50.

Ladles' Secretaries from \$6.40 to \$9.70. Chiffioniers with mirrors, all prices, from \$7.70 to \$36.40.

Oak Cabinets \$13.25, \$25.75, \$24.75. Gold and mahogany Cabinets \$48.75 to \$100. Japanese Screens at \$2.75 each.

Oak Screens \$1.90. Screens at \$2.75 each.

Diamond Merchants,

Silver and Goldsmiths,

Importers of Art Objects.

Jewelers.

Engravers,

### 1.000 ROCKERS AT CUT PRICES.

Elegantly finished cobbler seat

Rocker at \$1.75. Fine oak or mahogany finish upholstered Rockers; the price cut down to \$2.45.

The same Rocker with arms, cut down to \$3.35. Willow Rockers with cane seats and willow roll arms and back, at

Our \$6.50 willow Rocker with roll back and arms, cut down to

\$3.40. We have a great variety of bedroom Rockers at \$1, \$1.50 and \$1.85. Bedroom and dining room Chairs at 60c, 75c, 90c, \$1 and \$1.25. Leather Seat Dining room Chairs

at \$1.95 to \$3. An enormous line of Chairs of every description has just arrived for the Holiday trade.

### SIDEBOARDS.

# DOLLS. DOLLS.

Largest Stock in the City. Kid body Dolls, 14 inch to 20 inch

at 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.
French Bisque, 14 inch to 21 inch. at 25c, 85c and \$1.25, Doll Dresses. Indian, Esquimaux, Brownies, African, Scotch, American and many other costumes.

## RUGS

FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

From Turkey, Persla and India. Beautiful and lasting. They are genuine hand made goods, and all sizes from the smallest up to carpet size.

TWO GOOD PRESENTS:

Any of our \$10 Oriental Rugs at \$7.50. Any of our \$12.50 Oriental Rugs at \$9. Amongst which are the famous Da ghestan, Shervan, Shirez and Carabagh Rugs. MODERN RUGS.

The largest stock south. Read the prices: \$3.50 Smyrna Rugs, 30x69, cut to

\$5 Smyrna Rugs, 36x72, cut to \$3. \$3.50 Axminsters, 30x60, cut to \$2. \$5 Axminsters, 36x72, cut to \$3. 100 Smyrna Door Mats, 50c. Best Japan Rugs, 30x60, 75c. Best Japan Rugs, 36x72, \$1.

Heavy Brussels Carpet Rugs, 75c. 200 white and gray Fur Rugs. Double dyed black Fur Rugs,

\$1.75. All kinds of Animal Mounted

#### PORTIERES.

Chenille Portieres, worth \$3.50, Chenille Portieres, worth \$4.00,

at \$3.00. Chenille Portieres, worth \$5.00, at \$3.50.

Chenille Portieres, worth \$7.00; Tapestry Portieres, worth \$5.00,

at \$3.00. Tapestry Portieres, worth \$7.50,

We have 50 pairs at above prices and axious to close. LACE CURTAINS.

\$7.50 Real Irish Point Lace Curtains.....\$5.00 \$9.00 Real Irish Point Lace Curtains.....\$6.00 \$11.00 Real Irish Point Lace Curtains.....\$6.00 \$19.00 Fine Tambour Lace Curtains.....\$6.00 \$13.50 Fine Tambour Lace Curtains.....\$6.00 \$10.00 Dainty Brussels Net Lace Curtains....\$7.00 Fancy Good \$13.50 Dainty Brussels Net Lace Curtains

\$22.50 Dainty Brussels Net Lace Curtains All the new effects in Nottingham Lace Curtains at half price.

#### MATTINGS.

A late shipment of 1,000 rolls of the finest straw Matting ever received; new designs; now colorings. Our special prices are:

A big lot of Ottomans at .... 490 and 690 Pair Blan

# HANSON IN

The Play To Make the Macen Man a Cabinet Officer.

BUCK AND PLEDGER WORKING Claims That Georgia Is Entitled to

a Portfolio and That Hanson Is the Man To Have It. Colonel A. E. Buck and W. A. Pledger who have been in Washington for the purose of urging the appointment of Major

J. F. Hanson to McKinley's cabinet, will

return this afternoon to Atlanta. They were expected yesterday, but did not come. It is stated that the prospects of the Macon man to be made a member of the official family of the man from Canton are roseate. Colonel Buck has relinquished all claims that he might have had for a portfolio position and is throwing his full support to the appointment of Major Han-

Another encouraging fact to those who are pushing the naming of Major Hanson s the indifference shown the application of the friends of H. Clay Evans, of Tennessee. It was generally conceded that the place allotted by custom to the southern man would fall either to Evans or Buck. The fact that Evans was one of the most potent allies of republicanism in the south and his firm record for fighting for the party led many to believe that there would

be no doubt of his appointment.

On the other hand there were those who stated that the place belonged by all rights to Colonel Buck; that he had worked for McKinley when others were idle; that he had stuck to him while others were following false gods; that he was one of the first to launch McKinley's candidacy and that throughout the whole campaign his conduct had been thoroughly consistent.

conduct had been thoroughly consistent.

Colonel Buck states, however, that he does not desire the appointment and does not seek it. He states that he has never had any desire for the place and prefers to throw what influence he can bring to bear in favor of Major Hanson. It was for this purpose that he made the trip to Washington. With Colonel Buck went W. A. Pledger, the colored republican leader, who has the same mission to accomplish. It was the purpose of Pledger in going on to show that the appointment of Major Hanson would be acceptable to all factions of the party in this state; that it would be welcomed by the black as well as the white wing. It is known that after the nomination of McKinley there was a serious split in the republican ranks of Georgia due to the failure of the convention to name Hanson as a member of the national committee. Buck pulled for the Macon man, but Lyons, of Augusta, was hansed. con man, but Lyons, of Augusta, was

This caused rather a split in the ranks of the Georgia republicans, and there has been a spirit of dissention since. It is the purpose of Pledger in going on to make

it known that Major Hanson's appointment to the cabinet is desired by all factions. Mark Hanna is now in Washington. He will exercise supreme power, it is said, and the interview of Colonel Buck and Pledger has been held with him.

Later in the winter Hanna will come to his home in Thomasville. The friends of Major Hanson regard this as a good opportunity to lay forth his claims

SCHOOLS OPEN UNTIL DEC. 24TH.

Meeting of Board of Education Yesterday, Finally Decides Matter. The board of education held its special meeting yesterday afternoon at its room in the Boys' High school building. The meeting was for the purpose of considering the length of time the schools shall be kent open and was, therefore, short.

Only ten of the members were present

up was the length of time the schools stall be kept open. The decision of the board was to run the schools till 12 o'clock, December 24th. It was further decided that the teachers shall receive only three-fourths of their month's salary. It was at first thought that the teachers would object to this, but

and the business before the meeting was quickly finished. The first matter brought

they are too anxious to have the schools remain open the full time to make any obremain open the full time to make any objections.

The resolutions introduced by Colonel J C. Hendrix for the lecture course was brought up before the meeting and referred to a committee. The committee will proba-bly report favorably and the resolutions

will likely be adopted. Superintendent Slaton stated yesterday afternoon that the schools are at present in excellent condition and the teachers are doing fine work. The year's work will be completed and the fact that the schools are to remain open till the 24th will go a long way toward making the next year success-

and are anxious to finish the year's work, in order to begin the new year without being behind in anything. The decision of the board to keep the schools open for the full time has met with the approval of all the teachers and children. Removal

The children, he says, are working hard

Dr. B. M. Woolley has moved his office to 104 North Pryor street. 'Phone 585.

Comfort the Inner Man. Comfort the Inner Man.

I You often hear the question asfed:
"Where can I get a good meal?" Well,
I will answer that question now. At Vignaux's, Wall street, and furthermore, not
only a good meal, but the best, both in
variety and preparation, for they prepare
one to the "queen's taste," and their
merchants' lunches can't be equaled in
the city. Mr. Vignaux gives his personal
attention to all patrons and this assures
perfect service and polite attention. If
you are an "uptown man" and take a
hunch try Vignaux's and you will be
pleased.

After a sleepless night, use Dr. Siegert's ngostura Bitters to tone up your system. All druggists.

SOME SHARP PRICES ON KEEN KUTTERS

> This week we put our entire stock of Table and Pocket Cutlery on sale at prices never before given in the Sunny South. This includes Carvers, Knives and Forks, Ktitchen Knives, Paring Knives, Bread Knives, Ivory Handle Knives and all kinds of Kutters They are from the best and most reliable factories of England and America. See the display. The quality and style are superb. 60c knives and forks..... 39c 75c knives and forks..... .. ... ... ... ... ... ... 49c 90c knives and forks..... 59c \$1 knives and forks..... 65c \$1.25 knives and forks.... .... ... .. .. .. .. .. 75c

\$1.50 knives and forks..... 90c \$1.75 knives and forks..... \$1.10

somebody happy-it doesn't cost To go into the wholesale business, we must sell our retail stock. The prices have

OUT DEEP and we are rapidly closing it out.

Sets, Lamps and Housefurnishing Goods re all included. Don't let your neighbor underbuy you. .. Carver & Harper..

Our Toys, Dolls, Wagons, Games, Fancy Holiday Novelties, Dinner

79 Whitehall Street.

HORSES AT PIEDMONT PARK. They Are Stationed There Awaiting the Races of Christmas Week. Pledmont park will present unusual cenes all day today. A number of horses that take part in the races Wednesday and during Christmas week are stabled there and they will be exercised on the track today.

dec1-tues fri sun

Several new horses arrived yesterday and were at once stabled at the grounds A large number of entries were received during the day and the entries closed last night. Manager Dowling is meeting with a great amount of success in arranging the races and there is every reason to expect that a large crowd will go out to witness them. Low rates offered by the railroads during Christmas week will induce a great many persons to come here from a distance.

STRUCK BY A SWITCH ENGINE.—T. Segall, a white man who lives near the end of Marietta street, at the city limits, was struck by a switch engine at Fowler street crossing about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, sustaining a broken arm. He was taken to the hospital in the ambulance, where the member was set by the physicians. He is not fatally injured.

WILL MEET TOMORROW.-There will be a meeting of the Free Kindergarten Association at the residence of Mrs. Hugh

A Beautiful and Useful Christmas Present.



We carry the largest stock of Opera Glasses in the South. Are Sole Agents for Lemaire's New Patent Lorgnette Opera Glasses. Call and let us show you what a complete line we have.

DELKIN'S. 69 Whitehall Street.

Twelve Weeks Yet.

SUICIDE WITH ARSENIC. John M. Gleason Takes His Life Friday Afternoon at His Home. John M. Gleason, a young man about twenty-five years of age, and an ex-saloon keeper, committed suicide by taking arsenic at his home at the corner of Fraser and Richardson streets Friday afternoon. The cause for his rash deed was general despondency from failure to get work.

In the forenoon of the same day he had From The Americus Times-Recorder.
Grover Cleveland has still twelve full weeks in which to "electrify the country"—time enough if he is really the electrician that they say he is,

Silver and Goldsmiths, Engravers Importers of Art Objects.

Dlamond Merchants,

For Christmas Presents.

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Onyx Tables
Dresden Lamps
Delft Lamps
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